

63.9
AUSTRALIA
1907-1909

SEARLS

CATALOGUE AND GUIDE
• 1908-9 •

Sovereign • Seeds,
Plants,
Bulbs,
Flowers.



86 • KING • STREET,
SYDNEY.



**Seeds. Plants. Trees.
Beautiful Flowers.**

SEARLS'
Catalogue FOR **1908-9**

**Central Business Depot:
86 KING STREET, SYDNEY.**

Head Nursery :
BOTANY.

Cold Climate Nursery :
EXETER.

Rose Grounds :
BURWOOD.

Cable Address :
"MYOSOTIS."

Telegrams :
SEARLS', SYDNEY.

Telephone Nos. :
1117. 1450.

Searls' Catalogue and Gardeners' Guide.

TO OUR PATRONS.

THIS Earth of ours is always "on the go," around its orbit as well as round its axis. We are just now at the same point on that orbit that we reached twelve months ago, when we handed to our patrons our 1907 Catalogue, and have the pleasure of presenting them with a carefully-revised edition for the two years 1908 and 1909; and would inform our patrons that it is our intention, when April comes around again, to issue only a supplementary list, confined to a description of all the Latest Novelties in Roses, Carnations, Cactus Dahlias, Chrysanthemums, and other plants of special merit. We shall, therefore, feel obliged if our customers will kindly bear this new arrangement in mind, and make this GENERAL Catalogue serve their purposes for next as well as the present year; but, in case it should in some instances be mislaid, we are printing a sufficient number of extra copies to enable us to replace lost ones; and shall be happy to send another GENERAL Catalogue, as well as our 1909 Supplementary List, post free, to any of our friends asking for it. Our Bulb List will be issued during January, 1909. This also will be sent to anyone desiring a copy.

We would again call the attention of gardeners—practical and amateur—to the established excellence of SEARLS' SOVEREIGN SEEDS. Our long experience has necessarily told us that we know good seed from bad, and the fact that we use SEARLS' SOVEREIGN SEEDS only in our three nurseries (the most extensive in the Commonwealth) is some guarantee that their quality is beyond questioning. We must, however, remind our patrons that whilst they cannot possibly buy more reliable seeds elsewhere, the best of seeds require *careful sowing* and—*careful subsequent treatment*. See instructions in this Catalogue.

Courtesy and prompt despatch of goods mark our dealings with all who may, personally or by letter, favor us with their orders, which we always fill with the view of deserving a continuous patronage.

We heartily thank our friends for their long continued favors—especially those who have recommended us to others—and would express the hope that the current year will be as satisfactory to them in every way as their kind patronage has made the past one to us.

SEARL & SONS.

86 King Street,
April, 1908.

NOTE.—The recipient of this Catalogue, if he should have no use for it, will confer a kindness on us by handing it to any friend to whom it would be acceptable.—S. & S.

SEARLS'

Conditions of Business.

Ordering, Address, etc.

When giving orders, send address in full, with directions as to route and to whose care goods must be consigned. Use the Order Form in this Catalogue if you have one. If not, write the list of things you want on a separate sheet of paper, keeping Seed and Plant Orders separate. These rules followed will aid us materially in pleasing you.

We can select for you!

When the choice of varieties is left to us we select a suitable proportion of the most desirable colours and varieties, all correctly labelled, pack in the best manner, and forward by mail or express as directed. If you let us know any particular varieties you would like to have, or do not want, we will select as near as our stock will permit, and feel sure of giving satisfaction.

Plants Not Listed

In this Catalogue have been omitted in favour of more recent introductions. All orders received are subject to the possibility of some plants not being in stock at the time. All varieties cannot be had at all times of the year. If we have not the varieties required in stock, careful substitution will be made. When a customer does not desire this, he should add a few extra names for the purpose of enabling us to complete the number of plants ordered.

Our Packing

Receives the most careful attention. Clients of the past candidly admit the excellent condition in which plants have reached them, and the charges we make for goods going a rail or steamer journey are as low as possible, cases and material only being charged for.

Carriage of Goods.

We deliver all goods Free throughout City and Suburbs. Retail Orders for Seeds (except heavy goods, such as Peas and Beans, either in packets or in bulk) are sent Post Free to any part of the Commonwealth. The railage or freight on a rail or steamer journey (for Potatoes, Plants, Fruit Trees, or Implements—either alone or as part of a general order)—is charged to our client.

Postal Conveniences.

The Parcels Post System for Seeds, Plants and Cut Flowers is simple and economical, and we receive very flattering testimonials as to arrival of Flowers in good condition. (See Rates of Postage in another part of this Catalogue.)

Lost Orders.

Letters are sometimes lost in the mails. If you do not get our reply to your order within a reasonable time, please send us a duplicate order, stating when and in what form payment was sent, and sign the same name and address as in the first order, so that it may have immediate attention.

Complaints,

Unless made within seven days after receipt of goods, will not be entertained.

Errors.

We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer; yet, in our busy season, errors sometimes occur. On such occasions, if notified, we shall see that satisfactory correction is made.

Agents.

We do not send out Travellers, but our goods can be procured from storekeepers in many country towns. Look out, however, for our name on the goods—"Searl & Sons, 86 King Street, Sydney."

How to Remit.

By Crossed Cheque (on any bank) or Postal or Post Office Order, payable at Sydney. Small amounts may be remitted in stamps. No receipts sent for sums of 2/6 and under unless stamp is enclosed to cover postage. Do not send coin in a letter.

Credit.

The usual term of booking to our established customers is three months. Orders from unknown purchasers must be accompanied by a remittance, or a satisfactory reference.

SEARL & SONS.

TRADE MARK.

For the protection of our customers, our Trade Mark (Sovereign) appears on nearly everything we send out.

All Communications should be addressed to the firm, and not to individuals.

Please Note!

We post a copy of our Catalogue to all customers, and in case of its non-arrival another will be posted as soon as we are advised that the first one has not reached its destination. It is posted free to all applicants.

For the principles which govern our dealings with our patrons, we refer our readers to the extracts from letters which will be noticed amongst these pages.

NOVELTIES are not numerous this season, but our patrons will find some in our list which will afford them pleasure, and for which we are charging most reasonable prices.

ENGRAVINGS.—We would draw attention to three views in our Exeter Nursery, and one of Church Decoration, in this issue.

ENGAGING GARDENERS.—When asked by our patrons to give assistance in procuring Gardeners, etc., we will do our best to procure reliable men, without fee, but cannot accept responsibility.

SEARL & SONS.

GENERAL LIST OF

SEARLS' SOVEREIGN

Vegetable Seeds

SEARLS' SOVEREIGN PACKET SEEDS are stamped with the year of issue as a mark of newness, and with the SOVEREIGN TRADE MARK.

If you desire the Best Vegetables, BUY SEARLS' SOVEREIGN SEEDS.

NOTICE.—Though we know all Seeds we send out to be as good as it is possible to buy, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, &c., and our patrons will realise that it is not possible for a Seedsman to be held responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, we shall feel obliged if he will return them. Packet Seeds posted free.—SEARL & SONS.

Artichoke

6d. and 3d. per packet.

Large Purple Globe. A favourite French variety. (Plants, 9d. each, 6s. per doz.)

Large Green Globe. Large globular heads; of good flavour; the best for ordinary use. (Plants 9d. each, 6s. per doz.)

Jerusalem. Not produced from seed. For tubers see Culinary Plants.

A vegetable very much liked on the Continent. Sow in light beds of soil in March or September, and then transplant during the following autumn or spring into rows four to six feet apart, and four feet apart in the rows. The soil really ought to be trenched as deeply as that prepared for Asparagus. They should then produce flower-heads fit for use during the following season. It is the fleshy part at the base of the flower-heads only that is used. A very much sought-after vegetable in other countries, but not sufficiently grown here. The fleshy heads are boiled, and served with butter and salt.

*Good seeds give pleasure
To both buyer and seller.*

Asparagus (Culinary)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

Connover's Colossal.

Camden Park Strain.

Purple Dutch.

The Palmetta.

A delicious edible-stemmed garden vegetable. Plant can easily be obtained from seed, which, of course, takes longer than dividing the root. Sow the seed in July and August in a seed-bed, and transplant in autumn. The soil, which should be a deep sandy loam, well trenched, ought to be given a good dressing of stable manure and salt. In the autumn of the second year the plants should be lifted and re-planted. Seaweed (decayed) is used largely for manuring, but it is rather difficult to get in sufficient quantities by everyone. The vegetable is a native of Britain. (See another part of this Catalogue for roots.) For cutting Asparagus a special knife is sold for that purpose.

Asparagus Pea

(Lotus Tetragonolobus.)

9d. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Of great spreading habit. This addition is well worthy of a trial; the plant is dwarf and of trailing habit, which produces a quantity of crimson pea-shaped flowers. These are succeeded by strangely-shaped pods, borne in pairs, and when cooked possess a flavour very much similar to Asparagus. We recommend sowing in autumn months. Foliage resembles Clover.

Butter Beans

(STRINGLESS.)

1s. 6d. per quart; 6d. and 3d. per packet. Postage extra.
POST FREE PRICES—2s. quart; 1s. 3d. pint; 9d. per 6d. pkt.; 5d. per 3d. pkt.

This selection from the old French Bean is a great acquisition. The pods are perfectly stringless, and can therefore be cooked whole. The pods when cooked are tender and of a buttery, mellow taste and special flavour, which will be highly appreciated. Largely grown in America and on the Continent.

Searls' "Sovereign" Stringless (Golden Pods). A strong, bushy-growing dwarf variety. Very vigorous and productive; quite stringless, and of fine flavour. One of the best. Plants 15 inches high.

Mont d'Or, or Golden Butter (Tall). This Bean, known as "Wax Pod," grows about 6 feet; pods of great substance, remarkably tender, and of fine flavour. Pods need not be sliced before cooking.

The "Startler" (Golden Pods). Six inches long, perfectly stringless, delightful buttery flavour; plants about 12 to 18 inches high; abundantly prolific.

Yosemite Mammoth. Strong grower; pods golden colour; 10 inches long; tender, and very productive.

These Beans are much relished by our American friends. Sow from September to end of January in rows 2 feet apart, and 6 inches from plant to plant for the dwarf sorts, which only grow to the height of 18 to 24 inches. Mont d'Or is the tall-growing variety, which will assume a height of 6 feet (climbing). Searls' "Sovereign" is a very reliable kind, and one we are proud to put our reputation behind.

Broad Beans

Postage extra.

1s. per quart (post free 1s. 6d.); 6d. per pint (post free 9d.); 6d. and 3d. per packet (postage 3d. and 2d. extra).

(The varieties quoted here are the best in cultivation.)

Broad Windsor. Largest-seeded Broad Bean grown; bears immense crops.

Early Long Pod ("Hangdown") Favourite with market gardeners.

Searls' Giant Long Pod. An abundant bearer; excellent flavour.

Johnsons' Wonderful. Fine variety, with long pods.

A highly nutritious vegetable when the seeds are eaten young and fresh. Sow seed in March, April, May, June, and July, in drills 4 feet apart, and 12 inches from plant to plant. The soil should be a strong loam, and even of clayey substance. When they come into flower they require pinching to make the pods set.

SEARLS' STRONG SEEDLINGS

Are all grown at our Nurseries from
* SEARLS' SOVEREIGN SEEDS *
which can always be relied upon if carefully planted. Obtainable at 86 King Street.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

French Beans

1s. 6d. per quart; 9d. per pint; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

POST FREE PRICES—2s. quart; 1s. 3d. pint; 9d. per 6d. pkt.; 5d. per 3d. pkt.

DWARF VARIETIES.

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod. The pods are stringless, long, and nearly straight. A first-class Bean, very little labour being required in preparation for the table. Very early and prolific bearer; excellent quality; quite distinct. 2s. per quart (post free, 2s. 6d.)

Canadian Wonder. Very long pods; excellent flavour; wonderful bearer, very hardy; always grown by market gardeners. The best green-pod French Bean grown.

Dwarf Inexhaustible. This interesting novelty is of distinct habit, as it produces its pods, not only among the leaves, but above them in clusters. The plants are always in full flower, and bear pods right through the season.

Governor Denison. Excellent flavour, and productive; large pods.

Negro Long Pod. Very productive, and of fine quality.

Pale Dun. Old favourite; productive; medium pod.

NEW CLIMBING FRENCH BEAN.

1s. per packet.

"Sutton's Epicure" (only supplied in packets). We have grown it for the last two seasons, and must say that they are the finest we have ever grown. The way they bear is quite a surprise to everyone that has seen them growing. Last season we picked beans continuously, from the last week in November until the latter part of May. The plants are very strong growers, growing to a height of 8 feet. After the Canadian Wonder in appearance and flavour. The best we have yet sent out.

RUNNER VARIETIES.

Scarlet Runner. Suitable for the colder districts of the State; fine quality; tall grower.

White Dutch. Large and fine; tall grower.

Zebra or Napoleon. A good variety, not much grown.

Start to make successful sowings when all danger of frost is over of the dwarf sorts, up to the end of February, in a suitable climate. A good loamy soil that has been well enriched will produce satisfactory results. These Beans bear their pods in great profusion, and when carefully picked will continue to bear all through the summer. No kitchen garden is complete without them in their season. The varieties we offer are true to name, and are the best now in cultivation. June is too late to sow French Beans; even if they do grow, it does not follow that they will fruit, the ground gets altogether too cold.

Madagascar Beans

STOCK LIMITED.

True. A splendid Bean, much sought after by those who know it, grown not alone for the fruit it produces, but makes an excellent climber for shutting out unsightly places. Sow in the spring. 3d and 6d. per packet.

Black Seeded. A much smaller seed than the true species. A very useful vegetable. 3d. and 6d. per packet.

Snake Beans

(Chinese or Yard Long.)

3s. 6d. per lb., 6d. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Pods about 2 feet in length, in pairs. They are stringless and of good flavour, like French Beans, and used exactly in the same way. This is a tall variety. We cannot speak too highly of this excellent Bean, as all through the drought, when other sorts were burnt up, the Snake Bean continued to bear right on to the approach of winter, although the plants never had water given to them. There is no trouble in the preparation of the Snake Bean for the table; only requires to be cut into sections. Sow during spring and summer.

Lima Beans

2s. per quart (post free, 2s. 6d.); 1s. per pint (post free, 1s. 3d.); 6d. and 3d. per packet (post free, 9d. and 5d. respectively).

Burpee's Dwarf. The best dwarf type of this delicious vegetable. Plants from 18 to 20 inches high; they spread into some 3 feet in diameter.

Henderson's Dwarf. A bush variety (eighteen inches high) selected from the Tall Lima; keeps on bearing during the summer if the pods are kept well picked.

King of the Garden (Tall). The best of the tall-growing varieties; pods are large and well filled, and are produced in great abundance. The quality is all that can be desired.

This is a most valuable addition to our culinary vegetables, as the flavour is most delicious and quite distinct from any other vegetable. The Beans are shelled before cooking and served with butter. No garden is complete without Lima Beans. When ripe is used like the Haricot. Although not quite suitable to the very cold districts of our State, should be more largely grown.

Sow during October, November, and December; prefers a good loamy soil well enriched. Sandy soil will produce good results if liberally treated. The dwarf sorts should be sown in rows two feet apart and six inches from plant to plant. They are highly nutritious. A favourite in the United States.

Beet

1s. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Burpee's Improved Blood Turnip. Globular shape, bright blood red; flesh close and of excellent texture, tops small; a valuable introduction.

Searl's Early Turnip Rooted. A beautiful deep crimson, round variety. Grown largely by market gardeners.

Eclipse. A very early variety, dark red, perfectly round; excellent for domestic use. Close-grained and finest quality.

Egyptian Turnip Rooted. Very flat in shape, having blood-red flesh and being a very fast grower; very early.

All the Turnip Rooted Varieties are much earlier than the long-shaped sorts, and quite equal in quality.

Searl's Long Blood Red. One of the finest table Beets. Short and crisp in the grain; beautiful deep rich colour; tender, of fine flavour. Twelve inches long.

Sugar Beet. See Farm Seeds.

Nutting's Dwarf Long Red. An old favourite sort, of medium size, solid and fine coloured. Twelve inches long.

Although grown in the garden as a vegetable, it is sometimes grown in the flower garden on account of the colouring of the foliage, which is most effective, and worthy of a place. It likes a good open loam, not too rich. Sow the seed in rows, 24 inches apart, thinning out so as to leave a space of 12 inches between each plant. Can be stored through the winter in dry sand. From July to December, and again in February and March are the best months to sow. The aim of the cultivator is to get shapeliness of root, quality and colour; a deep loam will help the grower to do this. These are the chief points.

Spinach Beet

1s. per oz.; 6d. and 1s. per packet.

Giant Seakale Spinach Beet. An improvement on the Silver Beet, and has larger leaves and broader mid-ribs. Its pure white stalks, when cooked, are not unlike Seakale.

Silver Spinach Beet. The old favourite variety, which yields a continuous supply of Spinach Leaves during the Summer.

This is quite a distinct class, grown for the leaves only, the roots being worthless. The green leaves, if cooked like Spinach, are nearly equal to it, and the broad white stems, served with white sauce, are delicious when flavoured with celery seed. Comes to maturity in so short a space of time.

Borecole or Kale

9d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Dwarf Green Curled. Only suitable for the colder districts of the State. An excellent Winter vegetable, highly esteemed in England for Winter greens, as it is rendered more tender by the frost and snow lying upon it, which, of course, will cut it down if very severe.

Thousand Headed. See Farm Seeds.

First sow in seed beds and afterwards treat as cabbage. Sow during January and June, and transplant into rows two feet apart, eighteen inches in the rows. Likes a well-worked, rich soil, with liberal manuring.

Broccoli

1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Adams' Early White.

Knight's Protecting.

Elletson's Mammoth.

Waicheren.

A useful garden vegetable, the flower heads of which are edible. Sow for a main crop either in December, January or February, and again in June and July. Plant out the seedlings two feet apart each way, and to ensure good results the soil must be good, strong and well manured. It must be understood that they are decidedly more at home in the cooler parts. For Plants, see Culinary Plants.

Brussels Sprouts

1s. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Common. A large, fine growing variety.

Rosebery. Early, very fine and tender.

One of the most prolific, hardiest and useful members of the Brassica family; a favourite in England. Sow June, July, and August for use in the Summer months, and January and February for Winter use. Prick out of seed beds, finally placing the plants 2 feet apart in rows 3 feet apart. A good retentive is the best soil.

(For Plants see "Culinary Roots.")

One client writes:—"The best lot of seeds I ever had." Another writes:—"The plants you sent were not only beautiful and healthy, but the packing allowed them to reach me in the most perfect order."



Look at the description of the New Buddlea on another page.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

Cabbage

9d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Various sorts to suit various districts. The kinds we catalogue are the very best in cultivation. Cabbage-growing is profitable.

Autumn King or Worldbeater. Perhaps the finest late Cabbage in cultivation. It is recognised as such by market gardeners. It is quite distinct from all others, as its outer leaves are of a glaucous green colour, and are decidedly crimped. It produces enormous hearts and very few outside leaves, which enables the grower to plant it closer in the rows than other sorts of the same size; it goes all to head, and is fine, close-grained, and not coarse. Excellent for market or private use.



Cabbage.

Burpee's All-Head Early. A short stemmed variety, of good, compact growth, with but few spreading leaves. We recommend this for growing at all seasons, and place it next to the favourites "Succession" and "St. John's Day."

Chinese Cabbage

(See Pe-Tsai.)

Danish Roundhead. Something we can highly recommend (new). **Drumhead.** Large late Cabbage, immense size; a fine Winter Cabbage.

Early Dwarf York. Small but very early, good flavour, for private use.

Early Jersey Wakefield. Great favourite; early, medium size; fine table sort.

East Ham and West Ham. Excellent marketable varieties for Autumn and Winter crop; large, firm, and white-hearted.

Flat Dutch. Winter variety, late, flat and solid.

Improved St. John's Day, Early One of the finest Summer Cabbages; will heart during the hottest months, and produce large solid heads. It can be sown at any time of the year, although it is better and larger in Summer. It turns in quickly, and is all heart; leaves are dark green; short-stemmed.

Large Schweinfurt. Very large, fine white hearts, excellent quality.

Large White Brunswick. A splendid large Summer variety, not quite so subject to aphids as some varieties, and a favourite with market gardeners on that account.

Large York. Medium size, of fine quality, and very early.

London Market and Enfield Market. Splendid sorts for general crops, white firm hearts.

Marble Head Mammoth. Magnificent Cabbage, hardy and of immense size.

Red Dutch or Pickling Cabbage. The best pickler. A grand variety; large. Colour, intense blood-red; excellent strain. See special large growers' list for large quantities.

SUCCESSION (Henderson's). A very fine Cabbage of recent introduction, and one that we can recommend with the greatest confidence. 15s. per lb.; 7s. 6d. per half-pound; 4s. per quarter-pound; 1s. per oz.

Hundredweight Large. A Cabbage of great merit, producing enormous heads.

Sugarloaf. Most delicate flavour, excellent for private use.

Wheeler's Imperial. Very largely grown in the old country.

Winningstadt. Cone-shaped; good sort to market; very heavy, excellent keeper, resists aphids.

CULTURE.—In its wild state the Cabbage grew freely on the sea-shore cliffs in various parts of Great Britain, and it is from this plan the numerous garden varieties have originated. Amongst green vegetables the Cabbage has no superior for usefulness. The Red Cabbage is chiefly used, and is best, for pickling purposes. Strong loam produces the finest Cabbages. Two successive crops should not be planted in the same ground, or after any of the Brassica tribe. Sow in a bed and transplant into rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches between each plant. More room will be wanted proportionately when growing larger and stronger varieties.

Strong Plants, 1s. per 100, post extra.

The leading sorts can be supplied from January to December.

CABBAGE—Continued.

Savoy Cabbage

9d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Drum Head. Dwarf Green Curled.

An excellent Curled Cabbage; does remarkably well in the cooler parts of our State. Has a distinct flavour of its own; is at its best during cold frosty weather, when it revels in being covered with it. Not recommended too highly for suburban gardens.

Plants 1s. 6d. per 100, postage extra.

Carrot

Finest Rubbed Seed. 1s. per ¼ lb.; 9d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

(For Field Carrot and cultivation see "Farm Seeds.")

Improved Scarlet Intermediate. Of fine size and shape, with short top; early and excellent.

Early Short Shorn. Good colour and quality. Very early, and a favourite.

Long Blood Red. A splendid quality Carrot; skin purple-red, flesh deep orange-red, short green top; excellent variety.

Long Red Surry. Very long variety, grows to perfection on deep rich land.

Large Red Altringham. Long red; coarse for domestic use, but an excellent field carrot for horse feed.

St. Valery. A splendid scarlet carrot, longer and thinner than "Intermediate." A great favourite with the gardener, being of perfect shape.

Select for the carrot beds the sandiest, sunniest part of the garden. A good deep sandy loam, rich and light, is the best in which to grow the carrot successfully in—

The roots cannot thrive in a wet, heavy soil. Freshly-manured ground should be avoided, to prevent forking and bad shape. Sow the seed in drills 8 inches apart, in July, and for the main crop in September, thinning the plants out so as to leave six inches from plant to plant. Small intermediate sowing may be made in January and February.

Cape Gooseberry

6d. and 3d. per packet. For Plants see page —

Cape Gooseberry (*Physalis Edulis*). Can be used for dessert; makes a delicious jelly; suitable for jam making.

Sow in September.

Giant Cape Gooseberry (Japanese Winter Cherry)—(*Physalis Francheti*). A variety of Cape Gooseberry from Japan, of erect Francheti). Sometimes also called Chinese Lantern Plant. A variety of Cape Gooseberry from Japan, of erect habit, from 1½ to 2 feet high. The fruit is edible, and makes a choice preserve. It is first green, changing to yellow, orange, and bright crimson, and will ripen after it is cut.

Sow seed of these in September, and prick out in a row along a warm sheltered border in rich soil, say 2 feet apart. The plants can be stopped by pinching out the tops of the shoots occasionally, to induce a sturdy, bushy growth. These are comparatively little known. If they were once tried we feel sure they would be more sought after. Being of the simplest culture, they will surely appeal to most folks. We can also offer plants at 1s. per dozen, postage extra.

Cauliflower

Cauliflower Plants can be supplied during February, March and April. It is, of course, best to plant out in showery weather.

1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

We Specially Recommend **White Queen** Cauliflower.

Early London. A first-class early variety. Fine white heads, not liable to button; for private gardens one of the best; a very old favourite.

Large Asiatic. A large variety, of fine quality, for private use and for market; of excellent colour and very hardy.

Veitch's Autumn Giant. First-class variety, producing magnificent, very large, snow white, firm heads; plants are of vigorous growth, requiring plenty of room. Tons of this splendid variety are annually sold in the Sydney market, and no variety is more grown or better known in Europe. It is not early, however. Best months to sow are December, January and February.

Walcheren. Good reliable sort, and a favourite with some growers. Medium early; a vegetable much esteemed for its great delicacy of flavour.

White Queen. One of the earliest in cultivation. Very dwarf, luxuriant foliage. Note—3s. 6d. per oz. in bulk.

Sow in a light rich soil in December, January, February and March. The plants should not be allowed to cramp each other or become stunted. If possible, wait for dull, showery weather to plant out in rows 3 feet apart, 2 feet apart in the rows. Do not grow on the same ground two years in succession.

Strong plants, 1s. 6d. per 100; postage extra.

Celeriac

(Turnip-Rooted Celery) 9d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Much harder than ordinary Celery, and develops a base somewhat like that of a Kohl-Rabi. It is excellent for soups and stewing. Sow in September and October, and treat same as Kohl-Rabi. It is not necessary that trenches should be formed; it requires about 8 inches of space all ways.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

Celery

Celery Plants and other vegetable plants can be supplied* at the right season at our city premises, 86 King Street.

In its unblanched state, growing in its natural ditches in Britain, this plant is credited with poisonous properties, but has been so vastly improved by years of patient cultivation and selection that to-day it is hardly too much to say that it ranks in the first flight of garden esculents. Good culture should be accorded at every stage of its growth. Abundance of moisture and liberal supplies of food are necessary, for the Celery is a veritable glutton among vegetables. Sow for a main crop in September and October. Seed beds for this sowing should not be too rich. So as to furnish plants for putting out for several months, a later sowing (say in December or January) may be made. Open the trenches well, say eighteen inches wide and of a like depth; stack the soil on either side, to be ready for drawing back into the trenches as the plants progress. In the bottom of trenches place about six inches of stable manure, partially rotted, and fork it well into the soil. Cover this with a couple of inches of the good soil previously thrown out, and water copiously the night before planting. Then carefully raise the plants from the seed-bed, and plant along the centre of the trench, about nine inches or ten inches apart. Weed often, and draw in soil as the plants advance, taking care that the hearts of the plants are not buried; continue to do so until the plants are full grown, and the trench is nearly filled up. Keep plants going all the time with water, when in a young state, if necessary, and use liquid manure; with this treatment the Celery stalks will be well blanched and tender.

1s. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

WHITE VARIETIES.

Cole's Crystal White. Large and fine quality; crisp and well-flavoured.

Turner's Incomparable White. Old favourite; very fine quality; always reliable; fine flavour; tender when blanched.

White Plume. First-class variety, very tender. The stalks and the inner leaves and heart are white, which simplifies the blanching process.

White Solid Paschal. This fine Celery has remarkable breadth of stalk; fine flavour; a self-blanching variety.

Winter Queen. The ribs are solid, crisp, and of a nutty flavour, and when blanched are of a fine cream-white colour.

RED VARIETIES.

Cole's Red Solid. Fine; pink colour; large, solid stems, tender and crisp.

Pink Plume. A beautiful pink variety of the White Plume; stalks tender, but of a pale pink colour, and of a delicate flavour; self-blanching.

Rose Ribbed. A variety we strongly recommend.

Celery Plants (Red and White) can generally be supplied from February to July.

2s. per 100; postage extra.

Soup. Excellent for flavouring purposes, etc. 3d. per oz.; 1s. 6d. per lb. (Postage 9d. per lb. extra.)

Celery for Rheumatism (The Red). The Red Celery is a recognised cure for rheumatism, and, indeed, is highly recommended by the medical profession. A teaspoonful infused in boiling water in a cup, and allowed to settle for half an hour, can be taken freely. 3s. 6d. per lb. (postage extra).

Sweet or Table Corn

(The best sorts now in cultivation.)

1s. 6d. per lb. (post free, 2s.); 9d. per pint (post free, 1s.); 6d. and 3d. per packet (post free).

Early Mammoth. Very large cobs.

Triumph. One of the best.

This delicious vegetable, so largely grown in America, is not sufficiently appreciated here. The cobs should be cooked when they are quite soft and tender, like green peas. Plant in September and October, in rows three or four feet apart, and one foot in the rows. Sweet Corn will succeed in any moderately rich garden soil. It should be hoed and hilled when about a foot high.

How to Cook Sweet Corn.

BOILED IN THE COB.—Corn should be used as quickly as possible after it is gathered, and this should be when the cobs are soft. Before cooking remove the husks and every thread of silk, throw the corn into a pot of fresh boiled water, boil five minutes. Serve immediately, wrapped in a cloth on a dish, or like Asparagus.

ROASTED.—Husk the corn and remove the silk. Brush each cob with melted butter, and dust with salt and pepper; line a baking dish with paper, place the cobs in it, and put in a very quick oven ten or fifteen minutes to brown. Serve on a table napkin.

Pop Corn

1s. 6d. per lb. (post free, 2s.); 9d. per pint (post free, 1s.); 6d. and 3d. per packet.

This is a favourite sweet in America. Allow the cobs to ripen thoroughly, and then roast the grains in a close iron vessel until they "pop," shaking the vessel meantime. This is produced by the explosion of the gas in the grain generated by the heat. The "Pop Corn" is then taken out and slightly dusted with flour sugar, when it forms a delicious sweet.

CULTURE.—The same as Sweet Corn.

Cress

6d. and 3d. per packet. Price, 2s. 6d. per lb.

American or Land. A splendid variety during Winter.

Triple Curled. The old English favourite, largely grown with Mustard; making excellent salad.

Indian (or Nasturtium). 6d. per oz.

Watercress (Nasturtium Officinale). Sow in moist land, or on a creek bank. 1s. 6d. per oz.

Cress being slower growing than Mustard, it must be allowed three days longer if both are needed at the same time. Cress has a much more delicate flavour than Mustard. So hardy and free rooting is the Water Cress that anyone may grow it in a very moist or wet corner of the garden.

Triple Curled Cress may be sown every two or three weeks (with or without Mustard) the whole year round.

Cucumber

6d. and 3d. per packet. See also large growers' list of prices.

Apple-shaped. Singular variety, round in shape, fine white tender flesh; a profuse bearer.

Choice Long Green. Excellent variety; fruit 8 inches long, of fine flavour.

Commercial. Early, hardy; very productive; dark-green fruit, fine; six to eight inches long; does not run much to vine.

Crystal White. White skin, firm flesh, good keeper; early.

Fordhook Pickling. Considered by some growers the best pickling Cucumber; a strong vine, and fruits produced in enormous quantities. Thin skin and fine quality flesh; few seeds.

Green Gherkin. Very small fruit, used only for pickling.

Long Green Prickly. Fine size, deep green colour, crisp and delicious; a favourite.

Rollison's Telegraph. Beautiful long green variety, splendid fruit, excellent quality, dark green skin.

Short Green Prickly. A favourite with some growers; very hardy; good sort for small gardens.

Japanese White Climbing. Very good, similar in habit to the Japanese Green.

Japanese Green Climbing. Very early. It is a rampant climber. Worth growing for slicing or pickling.

There are a great many failures due to faulty sowing and bad cultivation. SOW CAREFULLY. Through not doing so, the seedman is blamed very often when it is not his fault.

Why not grow your own vegetables, and have them fresh and crisp? There's profit and pleasure in gardening—health too . . .

Egg Plant

6d. and 3d. per packet.

Improved New York Purple.

Improved White (Giant). Large egg-shaped fruit.

Long White China.

Sow in September and plant out in rows two feet apart, and the same distance from plant to plant. Shade and water until the plants are established. When the fruits are set, remove all but from eight to twelve on each plant—that is, allow only a single fruit to mature on each shoot. The young plants should be stopped to induce branching.

Endive

(Winter substitute for Lettuce.)

1s. per oz.; 6d. and 1s. per packet.

This salad plant, when well grown and blanched, is by some preferred to Lettuce.

Batavian.

Green Curled.

A hardy plant, chiefly cultivated for salad purposes, though the broad-leaved or Batavian Endive is sometimes cooked as a vegetable. Any garden soil, which has been deeply dug and made moderately rich by the addition of manure, is suitable. Sow in February and March, and plant out when fit in rows two feet apart, and one foot plant from plant; hoe, and, when the plants are well advanced, tie the leaves into a bunch, surrounding the hearts to blanch and keep them tender.

Eschalot

(RED JERSEY.)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

Seed can now be offered of this. For Bulbs see Culinary Herbs. Grows splendidly in the cooler parts.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

Gourds (Ornamental)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

This curious family, the fruit of which is most fantastic in shape, should be more largely grown. The foliage is handsome, and the plants are of rapid growth; highly ornamental climbers, and the Dish-Cloth Gourd bears a fruit which is most useful.

Dish Cloth Gourd (Loofa or Vegetable Sponge.) This Gourd has lovely dark green foliage, with large yellow blossoms; the fruit is about two feet in length, and the woody fibre lining of the inside of the fruit when ripe and properly dried is the Dish Cloth. They are also most useful in the bath as a flesh rubber, and are far superior to any other flesh glove.

Mixed Gourds. All the best sorts, including Orange, Pear, Port-manteau and Club.

Nest Egg. A very pretty climbing plant, for trellis or verandah, bearing very profusely; fruit the size, shape and colour of the ordinary hen's egg. Can also be used as a Vegetable Marrow.

Sowing can be made from September to November, and cultivate same as cucumbers or Marrows.

Herb Seeds (Culinary)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

Sweet, Pot, and also Medicinal Purposes. Their uses are also mentioned.

The culture is exceedingly simple. No garden is complete without a bed of herbs. Sow seed in Autumn and Spring; and for the most of them it is advisable to sow in pans or boxes, or in some place where attention and water can be given them, and where they can be gradually hardened off and planted out as soon as they are strong enough.

Plants of Sage, Thyme, Mint, Marjoram and others can be supplied postage extra.

Anise (*Pimpinella Anisum*).

Balm (*Melissa officinalis*). For making Balm tea; valuable in cases of fever, etc.

Basil, Sweet (*Ocimum basilicum*). For flavouring soups, stews, sauces, etc.

Borage (*Borago officinalis*). Used for salads; excellent for bees.

Carraway (*Carum carui*). Chiefly cultivated for the seed, which is used in confectionery and medicine; the under leaves are sometimes used for flavouring soups.

Chervil, Plain or Common (*Chaerophyllum Aromaticum*). For flavouring soups, salads, etc.

Coriander (*Coriandrum Sativum*).

Dill (*Anethum graveolens*). Used for flavouring soups, pickles, etc.

Fennel (*Anethum foeniculum*). Used in fish sauces, and for garnishing.

Horehound (*Murrubium Vulgare*). Very useful.

Hyssop (*Hyssopus officinalis*). The leaves and flowers are gathered and dried for making Hyssop tea, and other purposes.

Lavender (*Lavendula vera*). The true variety; cultivated for its flowers, which are very aromatic.

Marjoram, Sweet (*Origanum marjorana*). Used in soups and stuffings.

Marjoram, Pot (*Origanum onites*). Used in soups and stuffing.

Rosemary (*Rosmarinus officinalis*). An aromatic herb; leaves are used for making hair-wash.

Rue (*Ruta graveolens*). Used for medicinal purposes; also used as a remedy for roup in fowls.

Sage (*Salvia officinalis*). Used in stuffings and sauces.

Savory, Summer (*Satureja hortensis*). Greatly used for seasoning.

Savory, Winter (*Satureja montana*). Greatly used for seasoning.

Sorrel, Large-Leaved (*Rumex scutatus*). Used for salads, and imparting an acid flavour to soups.

Tansy (*Tanacetum vulgare*). An aromatic herb.

Thyme (*Thymus vulgaris*). For soups, sauces and stuffings.

Tarragon (*Artemisia dracunculus*). Used for flavouring.

Wormwood (*Artemisia Absinthium*).

Our Catalogue is posted free anywhere for the asking.

Kohl-Rabi

(TURNIP-ROOTED CABBAGE.)

Also known as Turnip-stemmed Cabbage.

Knol Kobe or Cape Cabbage.

1s. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

A delicious vegetable, but must be tasted in good condition to be appreciated.

Earliest White Vienna.

Large Green.

Large Purple.

Grows splendidly in the cooler parts,

Sow January to March in beds, and plant the seedlings when fit 9 inches apart in rows 18 inches asunder, the treatment throughout being precisely like that given to cabbages, any well manured and good garden soil will suit them. If cooked when young they make a delicious vegetable as a substitute for, or a change from, Turnips.

Lettuce

1s. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

CABBAGE VARIETIES.

Brittle Ice. Something good. We import this from Philadelphia. Choice.

Deacon. A variety of the famous Butter Lettuces, and one of the best; large heads; leaves pale green without, with beautiful rich cream yellow within; delicious buttery flavour, making a fine, fresh, crisp salad. Stands heat of summer without becoming bitter or running to seed.

Drumhead (or Malta). The most popular variety of Cabbage Lettuce amongst Sydney market gardeners, producing fine white solid hearts during winter and spring; crisp and of fine flavour. Drumhead is very similar to Neapolitan.

Iceberg. A quick grower, with hard, handsome heads of exquisite flavour. A variety that we can highly recommend. A decided advance on the old sorts.

New York. Of unusual size and solidity, with but little tendency to run to seed, often growing to 18 inches in diameter, and weighing 3 lbs.; perfectly solid, crisp, tender, and of excellent flavour.

Ohio. Early and hardy, beautifully crisp, and hearts freely when young; finely curved leaves, medium size.

Mammoth Salamander. An excellent variety of rather recent introduction, beautiful tender foliage (black seeded).

Mignonette. A very ornamental kind, the leaves being a pretty russet colour.

Tom Thumb. A small, compact variety, of good quality, and does not go to seed quickly.

Yellow-Seeded Butter. An American variety.

UPRIGHT OR COS VARIETIES.

Paris Green Cos.

Paris White Cos.

Favourite sorts, suitable for cold or warm districts, and will grow anywhere provided the soil is rich and moist. The leaves grow erect, and it is necessary to tie them in to produce crisp, compact, white hearts. A most valuable salad, as judicious cultivation will ensure a supply practically the whole year round. It is said to possess marked antiscorbutic properties. Sow seeds out of doors at almost any period. For main crop, however, March April and May. Some growers prefer sowing in a seed bed and transplanting; others sow in drills and thin out. Either method is advisable as may be convenient.

ASPARAGUS LETTUCE.

A new variety, resembling asparagus in flower. 1s. 6d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Leek

9d. per doz.; 6d and 3d. per packet.

London Flag. A favourite Leek, and largely grown; much cultivated by growers for market.

Muscelburgh. A very large variety; when transplanted grows to an immense size.

A valuable winter vegetable closely related to the Onion, but having a more delicate flavour. No culinary vegetable is of easier culture. Sow in prepared beds in April, May, or June at the latest, and plant out in rows eighteen inches apart and eight inches in the rows, if the soil is rich and a large Leek is desired. When the plants are six inches high they are fit for planting out.

Melons, Rock or Musk

1s. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Anne Arundel. A superb Melon, of great size and quality; flesh solid and of a beautiful green colour and delicious flavour. The netting is perfect, and, notwithstanding its size, the variety comes to maturity soon after the first earlies.

Early Hackensack. Early, delicious, thickly-netted green skin and green flesh, deeply ribbed and flattened; 4 to 10 lbs.

Emerald Gem. Delicious, early and prolific; a smooth-ribbed skin; emerald green colour; flesh salmon colour.

Golden Perfection. A green flesh variety, of excellent flavour, fine quality.

Improved Jenny Lind. A great improvement on the old and highly esteemed Jenny Lind; the fruit is larger and keeps better, while it retains all the fine flavour and high qualities of the parent stock.

Large Yellow Cantaloupe. A fine large Melon, and an old favourite; excellent flavour; very productive.

Large Persian. Standard sort, of superior quality and of large size.

Netted Gem. Light green flesh, melting and sweet; a hardy variety and a good cropper; very early.

Nutmeg. A medium-sized Melon, delicious flavour; a great favourite.

Pineapple. Highly flavoured, medium size, green flesh, and an abundant bearer.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

MELONS—Continued.

Skillman's Netted. Early sort, roundish oval; flesh deep green, sweet, richly perfumed.

The Banquet. Red fleshed, beautifully netted, medium size, handsome appearance, flesh being deep and granulated.

Rock Melon culture is somewhat like that of the Cucumber. Sow out of doors in September and October. The hills need not be so wide apart as for Water Melons, nor should the soil be so highly manured. Water during dry weather to bring on the young plants and bearing vines. When the fruit begins to show signs of ripening, a frame of calico or canvas covering should be provided to prevent any external moisture injuring the fruit, otherwise the most delicious varieties will prove insipid, watery, and worthless. Do not leave more than two of the strongest plants in each hole; but do not thin them out until they begin to run.

Melon, Mango (Egyptian)

Or VEGETABLE PEACH.

1s. per oz.; 6d and 3d. per packet.

Fruit about the size of an orange, and of a delicate flavour when baked or boiled like a Vegetable Marrow. A very productive plant.

Melons, Preserving

(Cucumis citrullus.)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

For large lots, see growers' list.

Citron. A round variety, with red seeds. It is excellent for jam making.

Long Green. Excellent for jam or pie making, but cannot be used without cooking.

Melons, Water

9d. per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

American Champion. Melon of great merit, thin rind, delicious flavour, same type of Melon as Cuban Queen.

Black Spanish. Useful variety for main crop, very juicy, good size and flavour.

Cattle Melon See Farm Seeds.

Cole's Early. Of great quality, and ranks beside the famous McIver Sugar Melon. Cole's Early is a selection from Cuban Queen; is very early, has bright red flesh, delicate flavour.

Cuban Queen. A very large, bright, crimson-fleshed Melon, of superb quality and delicious flavour. It crops enormously.

"Halbert Honey." One we can thoroughly recommend.

Ice Cream. White seeded, excellent, with a delicious flavour.

Kolb's Gem. Light green skin, nearly round in shape; 30 to 50 lbs. in weight; flesh bright red; rich and sweet.

Kleckley Sweets. An American variety.

Mammoth Ironclad. Beautiful Melon, oblong, with mottled green skin, an average weight of 50 lbs.; crisp, delicious, sugary flesh.

McIver Sugar. Fruit is uniformly large, often two feet in length; skin shows bands of white shading into green; quality is very superior; flesh is pale pink, crisp, juicy, and luscious; highly recommended.

Rattlesnake. Worthy of a trial.

Ruby Gold. Very fine flavoured and delicious Melon, with peculiar crimson markings; weighs some 40 to 50 lbs.

Sugar. Red seeded, very luscious. A favourite Melon, and one of the richest flavoured grown.

Sugar Stick. Recently discovered; very sweet.

The Dixie Very early variety; thin skin, flesh bright red, skin dark green, beautifully striped, fruit oblong.

Volga. Globe-shaped; flesh bright crimson; unsurpassed in flavour.

Sandy loam is the most suitable for this delicious fruit, but in fair seasons it will do well in any good garden soil. Sow five or six seeds in prepared hills 5 or 6 feet apart each way, eventually leaving only two of the best plants in each hill. The best time for sowing is September and October.

Mushroom Spawn

English. Procured from the most reliable source. 6d. per brick (post free. 1s. 3d.).

Hints on Mushroom Culture.—The first important step is to prepare the manure, which should be taken fresh from the stables every morning and spread in an open shed, continuing this until there is sufficient for making a bed of the desired size. Only the longest straw need be shaken out. Turn the manure over every other day in order to allow the rank steam to escape, and remember that if permitted to heat violently much of its virtue will be lost. Avoid using the manure from stables where the horses are receiving

medicines, or being fed on carrots, both having an injurious effect on the Mushroom crop. Having collected sufficient manure, and selected a position for the bed, commence by spreading out the manure evenly and beating or treading it quite firm, putting layer upon layer, and well treading each until the bed is twelve inches high; a bed made flat on the top is the best form for a cellar, cool-house, or shed.

Spawning and Temperature.—After the bed is made the heat will gradually rise until it reaches nearly 100 degrees; a testing stick, or what is better, a hotbed thermometer, should be inserted in the manure, and when the temperature, being on the decline, stands at 80 degrees, insert the spawn (which should be broken into pieces about the size of hen's eggs) in holes about three inches deep, made with the hand, eight inches apart; then cover the spawn and make the manure firm again, afterwards spreading over about two inches of sweet turfy loam and making the surface smooth and firm with the back of a clean spade. A layer of dry hay or straw will help to keep the moisture equable and prevent rapid evaporation.

Watering.—When the soil used is in a suitable condition no water will be needed until the Mushrooms appear, when the bed should (if at all dry) be well soaked with tepid water—a moist atmosphere can be maintained by lightly syringing the walls and floor. The culture of Mushrooms is a simple process and easily accomplished when every detail is strictly observed—primarily, in preparing the manure; using good spawn; inserting it when the heat is at the proper temperature; keeping the temperature uniform; paying proper attention to watering, and never allow the bed to become dry, at the same time avoiding anything approaching a sodden condition, and guarding against cold draughts.

Mustard (Finest White)

6d. and 3d. per packet. Price, 2s. 6d. per lb.

Can be sown (with or without Cress) all the year round.

Worth a trial. Grows faster than Cress.

Onion

Onion for a field crop, and its cultivation, see Farm Seeds.

9d per oz.; 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Brown Spanish. A splendid variety, large and firm, largely grown for market.

Brown Globe. Like above, with all its goods qualities; in shape more globular; a fine keeper, very solid.



Onion.

Extra Early Yellow Globe. Very early, mild flavour, keeps well, moderate size; good shipping sort.

Giant Rocco. A fine Onion, of Italian origin, mild flavour.

James' Keeping. One of the best; keeps well; resembles above.

Silver King. Similar to Brown Globe in shape, but larger in size, the diameter averaging about six inches, skin a beautiful silver white, mild and pleasant flavour.

Silver Queen. A good early white skinned, long-keeping Onion, rather flat in shape; an excellent variety.

Silver Skin. Pickling, excellent, clean silver skin; sow thick.

POTATO (or Underground).

Seed of this is now obtainable. 1s. per oz.

For garden culture, and to produce large bulbs, sow in rich, well-prepared soil in the months of March and April, transplanting during the following July and August into drills 2 feet apart and 10 inches in the drill. The young plants should be carefully raised from the beds, so that the fibrous roots may not be injured. The rows where the young Onions are to be planted should have the soil raised in small ridges about 3 or 4 inches above the rest of the bed. After the plants have taken firm hold of the ground the ridges should be drawn away from the plants, so as to leave the whole of the bulbs exposed to the air, nothing but the fibrous roots left underground. This rule is very generally neglected, the consequence being thick-necked and imperfect bad keeping bulbs.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

Okra

1s. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Improved Dwarf. Not so much grown in this country as its merits deserve. The pods, which are used while green and tender, form an excellent ingredient in soups, stews, and pickles, and are believed to be very nutritious. They can also be cut in slices and dried for winter use. For an early crop the plants may be raised in heat in July, like Tomatoes, and planted out; the ordinary crop may be sown in September and October for succession, in drills 2 feet apart, and the plants thinned to the same distance. The soil should be rich and well cultivated.

Parsley

6d. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Champion Moss. Beautiful Moss-like variety; pretty dwarf-growing sort.

Extra Triple Curled. Fine garnishing; one of the best; beautifully mossy.

Pern Leaved. Ornamental, and of strong flavour.

Verdant Beauty A variety of special merit; very early and ornamental.

This herb is in constant demand for flavouring and garnishing. Sow in March, and again in August or September and October. The soil should be finely worked, although Parsley will thrive in any ordinary fertile garden soil. Places that are generally selected are edges of the borders in the kitchen garden. Sow in drills, but very thinly.

Plants 1s. per dozen; postage extra.

Parsnip

6d. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Requires similar treatment to the Carrot. It is one of the most valuable tap-rooted vegetables. It must be boiled and served whole to ensure its true flavour and highest nutritive qualities being retained. Parsnip prefers rather stronger soil than the Carrot, but is otherwise grown exactly like it; however, the land must be well and deeply worked. Freshly-manured land is not suitable, as it will cause the roots to fork. The rows should be 2 feet apart, and the plants should be thinned to 8 or 10 inches. Parsnip seed, not being a good keeper, should be sown thickly, so as to ensure plenty of plants. There are various sorts, but we favour very much the old standard kind, Hollow Crown.

Peas

1s. per quart (post free, 1s. 6d.); 9d. per pint (post free, 1s.); 6d. and 3d. per packet (postage extra).

EARLY.

American Wonder. Height 1 foot. A very early and very dwarf Pea, and a wonderful bearer; pods well filled; of deep green colour, and of superb flavour.

McLean's Little Gem. 1½ feet. An excellent Pea, and one of the very best dwarfs; an abundant bearer, pods well filled; excellent flavour.

The Daisy. 12 to 18 inches. This dwarf wrinkled variety, covered with pods 5 inches in length, is one of the best of the latest introductions in this class of Pea.

Wm. Hurst. 1½ feet. One of the very best dwarf Marrow Peas grown; large pods.

MEDIUM.

Duke of Albany. Height 3½ to 4 feet. A Pea of unusual merit. Thrives well early or late, and withstands the frost remarkably well, even in the coldest climate.

Stratagem. Height 2½ to 3 feet. This fine dwarfed wrinkled Marrow has given most excellent results; crops wonderfully; pods large and fine. A deliciously-flavoured Pea.

The Queen. Of fine branching habit; grows 2½ feet; delicious flavour.

Veitch's Perfection. 2½ to 3 feet. A somewhat more delicately-flavoured Pea than the Yorkshire Hero, and a little taller; not quite so hardy, however.

Yorkshire Hero. 2½ to 3 feet. The most highly esteemed wrinkled Pea grown. A wonderful cropper, with abundant well-filled pods; delicious flavour and vigorous growth.

The Pea is generally considered the most nutritious vegetable grown, and perhaps is the most popular, with the exception of the Potato. It is richly nitrogenous, and this proves a disadvantage to some constitutions, to which Peas act almost as a poison. The best season for sowing for a large crop of Peas is May, June, and July, but an early sowing may be made in March, and successive planting during winter and spring. In fair seasons, by judicious selection of varieties, a constant succession may be kept for nine months in warm localities. Peas like a strong loamy soil—if somewhat sandy, the better. It is one of the grossest feeders amongst vegetables. If the situation be a dry one, crops sown later than July will not yield a return unless ample moisture be forthcoming, either from artificial or natural sources.

PEAS—Continued.**Sugar Peas (Edible Podded).**

2s. per quart (2s. 6d. post free); 1s. per pint (1s. 3d. post free); 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Tall and Dwarf. Do not require shelling if picked young. Culture same as the ordinary varieties.

Pepper or Capsicum

Plant in early summer. 1s. per doz. (post free, 1s. 3d.).

1s. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Bird's Eye**Celestial****Elephant's Trunk****Golden Dawn****Large Bell****Sweet Spanish, or Bull Nose****Long Red****Long Yellow****Red Cherry**

We offer only the best sorts now in cultivation. Sow in pots or boxes in a frame or bush-house in July and August, or in beds in the open border in September or October, and plant out when the plants are 3 inches high—2 to 3 feet apart; water and shade until they are established plants. The soil can hardly be too rich; but Chillies will thrive in any ordinary garden soil.

Pe Tsai (Chinese Cabbage)

Much esteemed by both Chinese and Europeans.

6d. and 3d. per packet; 1s. per oz.

Pumpkin

9d. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

PUMPKINS FOR TABLE USE.

Crown. Choice stock, medium size, thick flesh, fine quality; good keeper and dry.

Ironbark, True. Not large, but of fine quality; thick flesh; good flavour; excellent keeper.

Large Button. Fine, dry sort; good variety; fine keeper.

Gramma. A very useful sort, both for cooking in various ways and for cattle or pigs' feed.

Japanese. Flesh a rich salmon colour, fine-grained; very dry when cooked.

Turk's Cap. A fine table variety and a good keeper; red top.

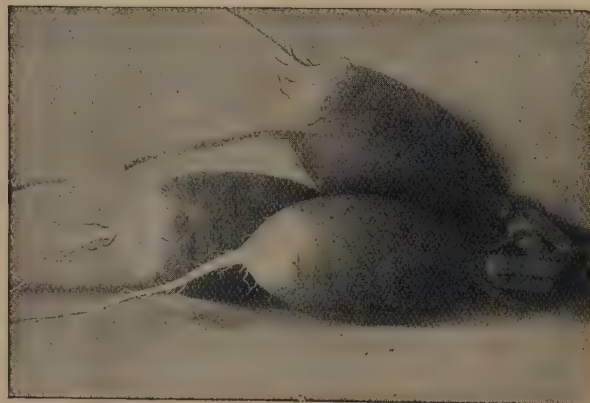
For garden culture, heavily manure the land all over and dig in deeply; give an extra dressing to the holes or hills where the seed is to be sown, and fork well in. The holes should be 6 to 8 feet apart, and only 2 plants should be allowed to remain in each hill. Sow 6 or 8 seeds in each hill, so as to guard against total loss of plants by insects. A good mulch of manure greatly increases the yield. Sow August to November.

PUMPKINS FOR CATTLE.**Mammoth** (See Farm Seeds).**Radish**

6d. per oz., 3d. per packet.

Black Spanish.

Celestial or White Chinese. Flesh firm, solid white; skin creamy-white.



Radish.

French Breakfast. Red, tipped white; favourite sort.

Long Scarlet. A splendid strain; bright-coloured, crisp, and tender; favourite market variety.

Ball Bouquets. SEARL & SONS Bridal Bouquets.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

RADISH Continued.

Mixed Turnip. A mixture of the red and white varieties in equal proportion.

Red Turnip. An old favourite, brilliant crimson skin, white flesh, tender, crisp.

Scarlet Olive-Shaped. A delicious variety; white flesh.

White Olive-Shaped. Similar to the above; fine.

White Turnip. Resembling the Red Turnip in habit of growth and high quality; skin and flesh pure white.

It is possible, by a little management, to have Radishes all the year round. Sow in light, rich, sandy soil every fortnight for succession. Use a shaded border during the summer months, and a mulching of manure on the surface, and water freely. Sow in drills or broadcast.

Rhubarb

For Plants, see Culinary Roots, page 16.

Giant. Crimson Winter.

Seed can now be supplied, from which a large proportion will come true.

Rhubarb is one of the most valuable vegetables grown, because it possesses such marked medicinal properties. The crop is often a neglected one, because growers appear to think that good Rhubarb can be obtained with the smallest amount of attention.

For roots, see Culinary Plants. Sow under shelter of a few dry leafless boughs, and a manure mulch in August or September. The young plants should be kept growing with frequent waterings if the weather is very dry. Let the plants remain in the seed beds until autumn, when they should be transferred to the permanent beds, made on the best soil, trenched 2 feet deep, and manured with half-decomposed stable manure. The plants should be 3 by 4 feet apart, and the whole bed dug and heavily manured every year.

Rosella (Queensland)

(Hibiscus Subdorifa.)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

The celebrated Queensland Rosella jam—said to be superior to the Black Currant—is made from the fleshy calyx of this handsome plant.

This plant requires a hot climate, and should be suitable for warm, sheltered situations near Sydney and on our coast. To get the plants early, so that they may have a long summer and flower freely, it should here be raised in artificial heat in June or July, and kept in pots until towards the end of September, when the plants may be planted out in rows 4 or 5 feet apart.

Salsafy or Salsify

(VEGETABLE OYSTER.)

1s. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

This delicate vegetable thrives well in our climate, and deserves more attention. The roots are used like Carrots or Parsnips, and they can be cultivated exactly in the same manner—that is, in drills at similar distances and similar soil. After boiling until tender, serve with melted butter.

Scorzonera

(BLACK OYSTER PLANT.)

1s per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

This vegetable is very similar to the Salsify, and requires the very same treatment in growing. If one blanches to tops, it is possible to use as Asparagus.

Improved Seakale

1s. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

An uncommon vegetable, should be raised in seed beds, and when yearlings transfer to prepared beds which have been trenched and manured to a depth of 2 feet, and plant from 2 to 2½ feet apart each way. It would be no exaggeration to say that forced Seakale is a greater delicacy than Asparagus, and all that is necessary to produce it is as follows:—Early in June place a 10-inch common drain-pipe, chimney-pot (no matter if cracked or damaged), box, or barrel over each plant, and stack a good heap of fresh stable manure around them to the height of 3 feet; cover the top of the pipes or boxes with a board or slate so as to keep the plants in the dark; the heat produced by the manure outside will cause the plants to grow, and owing to the darkness the shoots will be blanched pure white. The growth may be cut for four or five weeks, when it is not more than 5 to 6 inches long; then the pots should be removed, and the plants allowed to make their natural growth.

Spinach

6d. per oz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

Round (Summer) and Prickly (Winter). Two well-known varieties; the Round should be grown for summer use and the Prickly for winter use.

Monstrous Viroflay. A very fine large sort.

New Zealand (Tetragona Expansa). This is a very large-leaved and improved variety, well worthy of a trial.

In high favour in many gardens, its flavour being quite distinct from that of any other green vegetable. Sow in rows about 18 inches apart and thin out to about 9 inches. Good rich soil is necessary to produce a succulent growth. February and March are the best months for sowing, but where moisture is obtainable, Spinach may be grown six months in the year. In gathering the leaves for use, they are taken singly from the winter crops as they get of a large size; but in the case of the summer crop, the whole plant is generally cut off close to the ground.

Squash

(This is a name given to different varieties of edible Gourds.)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

Boston Marrow.

Crookneck (Bush). This sort is much sought after by small growers.

Delicata. One of the earliest of the running varieties, and very prolific; fruit small and solid, dry and rich.

Early White Custard. Wonderful, bearer, delicate flavour, compact growth.

Early Golden Bush. Delicate flavour, wonderful bearer, compact growth.

Fordhook (Bush). Like the running variety, this is a delicious sort for either summer or winter use. Store in a warm, dry place for winter.

Improved Hubbard. One of the most reliable.

White Pineapple (Runner). A variety well worth a trial; a favourite with some.

A favourite in the United States. They really require the same sort of treatment as the Cucumber. Sow in August, September, October, and November successively. Prepare the beds as for Pumpkins, including the manure and top-dressing. The seeds, however, should be planted about 2 feet apart and the rows about 4 feet apart for the bush kinds. Running kinds at the same distances as Pumpkins. They should always be boiled whole, and be well drained before being placed on the table. The above varieties are really the best sorts for cultivation here.

Tomato (or Love Apple)

(Lycopersicum Esculentum.)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

Burwood Prize. Second early. A most vigorous and hardy variety; an enormous cropper; smooth, oval-shaped fruit; a good carrier; an excellent market sort.

Combination. Strong grower and wonderfully productive; fruits are uniformly of large size and quite deep, though smooth, solid, and free from cracks; very meaty, with small seed-cells and few seeds; deep glossy scarlet; good keeper.

Crimson Cushion. Large-fruited; flesh very solid and of superb flavour; a very early and prolific variety.

Chalk's Early Jewel. A very early sort, and of recent introduction.

Dedham Favourite. One that is a decided favourite with some kitchen gardeners.

Duke of York. Rich scarlet, smooth, round in shape, flesh very firm, fine flavour; ripens uniformly; fruit in clusters of sometimes 8 and 10.

Dwarf Champion. A beautiful red Tomato; medium size, solid, prolific, excellent; a self-supporting variety, on strong, upright stems.

Dwarf Champion, Golden. In dwarf compact habit of growth and crumpled foliage, the plant is an exact counterpart of the well-known Dwarf Champion, but the large handsome fruits are of a beautiful lemon-yellow colour, very solid, and of unusually fine flavour, and more productive.

Early Red Ruby. Heavy bearer; very early; good form, colour, and solidity; the plant grows very openly.

Fordhook Fancy (or Potato-leaved). A beautiful red-skinned variety, of remarkably sturdy growth and foliage, quite distinct from all other varieties. Very similar to potato foliage; hence its name.

Golden Trophy. Golden colour; medium size; delicate flavour.

King Humbert. Smooth, glossy, scarlet, plum-shaped fruit; very early and productive.

Landreth's Earliest. A superb variety recently imported from U.S.A.; magnificent.

Large Red Smooth. An abundant bearer; large, smooth, solid, firm fruit; superior quality and fine colour; highly esteemed for market purposes.

Matchless. Very large, and of the brightest cardinal-red colour; flesh nearly solid, entirely without core, and not liable to crack.

Mikado. A red Tomato of immense size. single fruits sometimes weighing 1 lb. to 1½ lbs, solid; the fruit is of a purplish-red colour, produced in clusters.

New Peach. The skin of this very pretty Tomato is of a deep orange-rose colour, with a bloom like the Peach; rich flavour.

VEGETABLE SEEDS—Continued.

TOMATO—Continued.

- Optimus.** Fruit large, handsome, smooth, free from cracks, and borne in clusters of five; form excellent.
- Ponderosa.** A splendid large red variety, of immense size, solid and fine-flavoured fruits, smooth; a great bearer.
- Red Cherry.** A very useful variety; much sought after by a large number.
- Red Pear-Shaped.** Very ornamental sort.
- Trophy.** A grand old favourite; a fine hardy sort; fruit smooth, solid, and with few seeds; one of the best.
- Yellow Cherry.** Favourite ornamental variety; productive.
- Yellow Pear-Shaped.** Very useful and ornamental; of easy culture.
- Yellow Plum-Shaped.** Small-sized useful fruit; good grower.
- Sparks' Earliana.** In earliness this is said to excel all others, being 12 or 14 days in advance of the other sorts. Large size, handsome shape, colour good; contains less seed than most varieties.

This well-known and popular fruit is a member of the solanum or potato family. Sow under glass in July, when plants will be ready for putting out in September in suitable districts; and in open during September, October, and November, and plant out as soon as ready into good, strong, rich soil. Plenty of room and manure is all that is necessary to produce this favourite fruit-vegetable in abundance. We consider by far the best way to grow them is to plant in rows 4 feet apart each way, and grow them on poles or a trellis 5 feet high, regularly pinching back all the laterals to the second joint until the plants have reached the top of the stakes; then top the main stem, and continue to pinch back the laterals, and so remove all useless growth until the trellis or stakes are covered with fruit from top to bottom. To ensure a really good result during very dry weather, abundance of water is essential.

Plants (in season), 6d. per dozen (postage extra).
See Culinary Plants.

Tree Tomato (Edible)

(Cythomandra Betacea.)

6d. and 3d. per packet.

A sub-tropical shrub, the fruit of which somewhat resembles the Tomato; hence the reason it is called "Tree Tomato." The fruit makes a good jam.

Turnip

(Brassica Rapa.)

6d. per oz., 3d. per packet.

- Early Red American Stone.** Much like White Nepal, but with a purple top.
- Early Six Weeks.** A favourite with some growers; beautiful shape; extra early.
- Early Snowball.** This is a variety in constant demand; resembling the famous White Stone.
- Garden Swede (Laing's).** A favourite Turnip; suitable for autumn sowing.
- Green-Top Stone.** A most esteemed variety; fine.
- Orange Jelly.** A superior, globular, yellow-fleshed Turnip; flavour is rich and excellent.
- Searls' White Model.** An improvement on the White Stone; fine, clear, white colour; perfect in shape.
- White Nepal.** Early short-topped; delicate, tender, snow-white, flat-shaped.
- White Stone.** Pure-white flesh, oval-shaped; excellent for market.

To grow Turnips mild and tender, it is desirable to grow them without check in the matter of growth. Although not an indispensable vegetable, the Turnip is highly esteemed in many quarters. A good light soil suits Turnips best, but with fairly rich soil of any kind and favourable weather, very fine crops are obtainable. Sow in February and March, in drills 18 inches apart, and thin out to 6 or 8 inches. We offer only the best now in cultivation. Turnips may also be sown in November, and even earlier; but, if dry weather sets in, only poor crops can be expected.

SWEDES FOR CATTLE

Skirving's and Imperial Purple Top. See Farm Seeds.



Tomato.

Vegetable Marrow

(Curcubita Pepovifera.)

9d. per doz., 6d. and 3d. per packet.

- Custard-Shaped.** Fine flavour, and a most desirable variety for private use.
- Long-Fruited Bush (White).** Excellent, prolific, very early requires less space (3 feet apart each way), as plants do not run.
- Long-Fruited Bush (Green).** Of equal merit to the white-fruited variety.
- Long White (Early).** Large-fruited; good bearer.
- Moore's Vegetable Cream.** One of the oldest in cultivation; a much-esteemed variety.
- Rice Marrow.** Delicious when cooked; separating like grains of rice.
- Searls' Long White (Runner).** A beautiful white kind.

Sow from September to end of December in nice, rich, deep loam. The young plants are very tender, and will, perhaps, require shading if weather is very hot. They can also do with a liberal supply of water. Usually the fruits are eaten whilst young and tender. The Bush or Tree varieties are decidedly distinct from ordinary Marrow in habit of growth; they are quite compact, and take up, of course, far less room. Excellently adapted for limited garden spaces.



Are Noted for their Produce.

Searls' Vegetable Calendar

JANUARY.—Sow French Beans, (they will be ready for use in April or May), Sweet Corn, Beet (both Red and Silver), Early Horn Carrot, Lettuce, Onions, Radish, Spinach, Broccoli (sow a few for planting out early in February), Turnip, Mustard and Cress, Cabbage, Brussels Sprouts, Savoy, Kohl Rabi, Cauliflower is generally sown in large quantities this month; plants will be obtainable during February. All these should be sown in protected seed-beds. Shade and moisture must be afforded until seedlings are well up. Although the cutting of Asparagus is over for the season, the plants should not be neglected; they should be watered in dry weather, and a good mulching is essential to induce strong growths. Tomatoes are growing vigorously, and require frequent thinning and proper staking and tying; of course frequent waterings are necessary to produce fair-sized fruit, as we cannot trust to a regular rainfall during this month. Broad Beans—The time is drawing nigh when these should be considered; sow a few to ripen about May or June. Borecole (or Kale)—Sow a few to come in about end of June.

So long as a Cucumber remains in the shade of the foliage it retains its pleasant flavour; when, however, the rigidity of the leaves relaxes through great sun heat, and the latter offers but little shade, the fruit becomes bitter. The obvious means to employ are—shade for the fruit, good culture, and abundance of water.

Good plantings of Celery should now be made. We offer several of the best varieties grown. For the successful cultivation of this valuable vegetable, it is necessary that the ground should be deeply worked, heavily manured, and the crop never allowed to suffer from lack of moisture. The land should be trenched to a depth of 2 feet. Then throw out a trench about 18 inches deep, and about the same in width, the soil to be thrown well back on either side of the trench, so that it may not fall back in dry weather or be washed back with heavy rains. It is better that the sides slope out a little at the top; this has the advantage of receiving more rain, and there is less risk of the soil crumbling and falling to the bottom. When ready, a layer of good rotten farm-yard manure, 5 or 6 inches deep, should be placed in the trenches and dug in; unless the soil be fairly friable and good, it may be necessary to add 2 or 3 inches of prepared compost, in which the plants are to be set about 9 inches apart.

French Beans should now be bearing profusely. Careful picking will not damage the plant, and furthermore will repay a person for the small extra trouble. Chives can be had, and are worth a place; they are so much milder than the Eschalot.

FEBRUARY.—Unless there are ample facilities for watering, shading, and mulching, it is better to defer the sowing of seeds until next month, when the chances are that good rains will fall and cooler conditions prevail. In the meantime preparations may be made for winter cropping by digging and manuring vacant ground. If it is intended to break up new land, do it now, while there is not much routine work. It costs a trifle more to manipulate land in dry weather than it does when the soil is moist; but for various reasons the work is better done when the ground is rather dry than wet. It is also better to turn over the soil a month or two before it is cropped; the beneficial influences of the sun, rain, and air are considerable. The efficient draining of land is the first consideration, and should be done prior to digging. Many light, sandy soils do not require draining; but that lying very low, or adjoining swamps, or even high land with a clayey subsoil or of an impervious nature, should be thoroughly drained.

Vegetable Marrows are a good stand-by through the summer; for, if plenty of water be given (which is really necessary), the plants, plenty of manure as a mulch, and if the fruits are cut while quite small, there will be a continuance of fruit until the autumn. The bearing laterals may require to be stopped, and if the shoots are well pegged down to the ground, and a little soil or rotten manure placed over the joints here and there, fresh plants will be formed, and there will be a succession of young fruits. It is a very common occurrence to see Marrow attacked by mildew, and as a preventive we would urge using flowers of sulphur freely. Cucumber plants may be served the same as the Marrows. The ripening of Rock Melons is benefited by placing the fruits on a bit of wood or slate, or sometimes a fair-sized flower-pot that has been broken in halves comes in handy just here—anything to prevent the soil from imparting an earthy taste.

Celery must have plenty of water while the dry weather lasts; for if the plants are allowed to get dry at the roots, they may run to seed; besides, the growth should never be checked if first-class Celery is wanted.

Saladings are in great request now. With an abundance of water and manure it is possible to keep up a supply of Lettuces, Radishes, young Onions, Cress, Mustard, etc.

MARCH.—For Cauliflower a good rich soil is necessary, and, should the plants be allowed to become stunted from lack of moisture, they will develop worthless heads, and not large, handsome flowers. Strong plants can be purchased from our firm. For ordinary use the smaller-headed Cauliflowers are the more suitable, and these should be planted in rows 30 inches apart, and 20 inches apart in the rows. Broccoli requires similar treatment to the Cauliflower. The former is the more hardy plant, and when grown in very rich and moist soil will produce enormous heads. Young plants put out within the next month will succeed the first crop of Cauliflowers. Both these vegetables should be planted in a change of ground. Brussels Sprouts does best in a cool climate; but, with an abundance of moisture and a rich soil, excellent sprouts are grown. A strong loam suits the plant best, but any ordinary garden soil will suit if plenty of manure be added. Plant in rows 2 feet apart, and 18 inches apart in the row. Keep the soil well stirred, and free from weed as much as possible, so that when the rain does come it may sink in. Most soils are now thoroughly dry, and it is necessary that every drop of moisture should be conserved. With the first good rains make sowings of early Carrot, Beet, Endive, Lettuce, Leek, Onion, Parsnip, Parsley, Radish, Spinach, and a full crop of Turnip. In small seed-beds, for transplanting from, sow Cabbage, Cauliflower, Savoy, Brussels Sprouts, and Borecole. In warm soils

good crops of Peas may be produced during the winter; but in many localities they are often a failure when sown now, and in only few instances very satisfactory results are obtained.

APRIL.—If Aphids attack the young plants of Cabbage, Cauliflower, etc., spraying with tobacco-water and soapsuds is a good remedy. The suds alone, if strong and frequently applied, will destroy the pest; and there are numerous other effective insecticides, which we have always in stock.

Onions especially should be sown largely within the next week or two. This crop is such an important one that a few words are necessary on its cultivation. The common method of growing the Onion is to sow the seed where the plants are to remain; but others adopt the plan of sowing the seeds in a small bed, and then, when the plants are a fair size, to transplant them into their permanent positions. Transplanted bulbs are said to be less likely to take disease than the others, and there is the advantage of not having so much ground to keep clean. The Onion crop must be kept particularly free of weeds if fine bulbs are being sought after. Deepness and richness of soil are essential in Onion-growing.

Celery plants should be largely planted. Remember that this vegetable needs an abundance of manure. The earlier-raised plants will now require earthing up; this should not be done when the soil is wet or clammy. You can make good sowings of Peas in districts and soils where they thrive. In cold and wet districts Peas do not do well in the winter months. A first sowing of Broad Beans may be made—see and sow the Early Longpod (Handgown); they are the best. If these be attacked by black aphids, a spraying of hot water and soapsuds has been known to check them readily when they make their first appearance. Also sow lightly of Red and Silver Beet, if needed; Early Horn, Carrot, Lettuce, Endive, Leek, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Radish, Spinach, and Turnip. In localities not subject to frost, a planting of early kinds of Potatoes should be made. It is good enough not to overlook this remark. Eschalots, Potato Onions, Tree Onions, and Garlic may also be planted, if bulbs are obtainable.

MAY.—The Potato Onion is of easy culture, and will furnish mild, well-flavoured bulbs many months before the ordinary Onion crop is fit to be harvested. It has the advantage over the annual kinds of always producing good-sized bulbs. A fairly rich loam suits it best, and if dressings of wood ashes can be given, so much the better. The plant seldom perfects its seeds, and is propagated each year by planting the bulbs, although of late years we have been able to offer such in quantity. These may be planted now or in the spring. Plant in rows 2 feet apart, and 1 foot apart in the row, covering the crown of the bulb with about 2 inches of soil.

Eschalots require very similar treatment; the bulbs may be planted at almost any time; they should be planted closer than the Potato Onion. The plant is very hardy, and the bulbs can be used at almost any season. Many persons prefer the Eschalot to the Onion for frying with steak, etc., and for flavouring soups, sauces, etc. They are excellent when pickled. The Tree Onion is very prolific and hardy. Instead of producing seed at the top of the stalk, small bulbs are produced—beautiful for pickling. These small bulbs can also be planted, when they will produce large bulbs similar to those raised from seed. The large bulbs will also produce small ones on their stalks. Plant in rich soil now, or in the spring, in rows 18 inches apart, and about 9 inches in the row; the distance must be governed by the size of the bulbs.

Sow a full crop of Peas, Broad Beans, Radish, Leek, and Cabbage; and a smaller sowing of Lettuce, Onion, Turnip, and Spinach. Make a planting of Garlic, Eschalots, Potato Onions, and Tree Onion bulbs. Asparagus roots, Winter Rhubarb, Horse Radish, Herb roots, and Celery plants, in trenches.

JUNE.—Sow Cabbage, Brussels Sprouts, and Borecole. All members of the Cabbage or Brassica family are ravenous feeders, and must have good supplies of manure and moisture, so that the plants may grow quickly and be tender and of a delicate flavour. For the colder districts Borecole or Kale is well adapted, and is thought to be improved by frost.

Broad Beans, and some early varieties of Peas, Early-Horn Carrot, Lettuce, Silver and Red Beet, Spinach, Leek, Onion, Parsley, Radish, and Turnip may be sown in favourable localities; but in cold soils it is better to wait a little longer. If hand-weeding or thinning of seedlings must be done while the ground is wet, do not tread upon the sodden land, but put down thin boards to walk upon.

Pay attention to the thinning-out of crops. If this work is left until the plants are a good size, those which remain are weakened. Plant out winter Rhubarb, Asparagus, and Horse Radish roots, Herbs, Eschalots, and Garlic. If any work of a preparatory nature, such as trenching and draining, has been neglected, it would be well to get on with it while the weather remains suitable. The rubbish heap may need looking to; the decayed portion should be wheeled out on to the ground to be cropped, and the rest should be turned over, and, if dry, its decomposition would be hastened by being well watered.

JULY.—Good sowings may be made of early Peas, Shorthorn Carrot, Broad Beans, and Lettuce. Light sowings may be made of Turnip, Red and Silver Beet, Cress, Mustard, Radish, Leek, and Parsley. A few early Potatoes should also be planted in districts not much subject to frosts. A kind which does well in one locality does not always thrive in another. Both soil and climate seem to influence this tuber. The Early Rose, Lipstone Kidney, Early Vermont, Myatt's Ashleaf, and Beauty of Hebron are all good early and second early varieties. Plant medium-sized sets—whole sets for choice—about 1 foot apart in the row, and 2 feet from row to row. Leave one strong eye to each, rubbing off all the rest. Plant tubers 6 inches deep, and the selected site should be a sheltered one.

Plantings of Jerusalem Artichokes may be made now, or at any time before they commence to make fresh growth. The roots will grow in almost any kind of soil, but they thrive best when afforded liberal treatment; a deep and light sandy soil, with manure added,

Searls' Vegetable Calendar—Continued.

will grow excellent tubers. Plant in rows 3 feet apart, 4 inches deep, and about 1 foot apart in the row. Large tubers may be divided for planting, but it is better to use entire sets of medium size. The New White has but few eyes, and these are shallow; this is of excellent flavour, and is in every way superior to the common kind of Artichoke. If not already done, plants of Cabbage and Cauliflower may still be set out, taking care that the soil is well manured.

AUGUST.—Asparagus it is necessary to plant out at once, if not already done, and top-dress old plants. In seed-sowing and plant-raising, have the soil rather dry than wet and cloggy. The depth at which seeds should be buried is important. Small seeds require to be sown in very shallow drills. Some kinds should be only barely covered. Large seeds, such as Beans and Peas, may be covered to a depth of about 2 inches. In light, sandy soils, seeds may be sown a trifle deeper than in heavy loams, and in the summer or in dry weather they should be a little deeper than in a wet or cold period. Sow all kinds of seeds in drills; the seed goes much farther, it is distributed more regularly, and afterwards the plants are more easily thinned and weeded than when broadcasted. Some persons make a habit of saving their own seeds, but there is no very great economy in this. Deeply-dug land is usually more productive, and retains the moisture better than that which is only lightly dug. The seed-bed may be rich, but the seeds should not come in contact with strong manures, especially those of a chemical nature. Seeds vary very much in the time they take to germinate. Some will sprout in a few days when the weather and soil will be favourable, while a few will take many weeks. Newly-dug ground, being moister, is more suitable for seed-sowing than that which has been exposed for some time.

Tomato plants are now procurable at the seed shops, but unless some protection is afforded to the tender, young things, or they are planted in a warm, sheltered spot, there is little chance of succeeding outside so early in the season.

You can still plant Rhubarb and Sea-kale plants and Jerusalem Artichoke tubers; also Eschalots and Garlic. These are great favourites with some if properly worked. Sow Peas, Broad Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Cape Gooseberry (sow in a hot-bed or frame), Cress, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion, Parsley (for summer supply), Parsnip, Radish, Spinach, Turnip, and (under cover) Tomato and all of the more tender annual vegetables may be sown—such as Vegetable Marrow, Cucumber, Water and Rock Melons.

SEPTEMBER.—The month of September is the busiest time in the year, for not only can almost any kind of hardy vegetable seed be sown, but towards the close of the month, and particularly in the early districts, seeds of most of the tenderer sorts may also be sown. Still continue to blanch Sea-kale. Lettuce sown now will be ready for use in December, when salads are in constant demand. There is always a certain amount of risk in sowing Cucumber, Tomato, Marrow, and such-like seeds in the open until all fear of frost is past. It is well to hazard a little on the chance of obtaining early crops. The following may be now sown:—Snake or Yard Long Beans, Madagascar Beans (still too early for the Lima, as the ground is yet too cold), French Beans (dwarf and tall varieties), Butter Beans, Leek, Spinach, Cucumber, Sweet Corn, Celery, Cape Gooseberry, Capsicum (or Pepper), Rhubarb, Egg Plant, Herbs, Pumpkin, Vegetable Marrow, Squash, and Tomato. Also a smaller sowing of Peas, Turnip, Beet, Lettuce, Radish, Carrot, Parsnip, Onion, Okra, and Parsley. Plant out Tomatoes into good, rich soil, if procurable, and protect them until established; otherwise there is great danger of losing them.

OCTOBER.—One of the best months of the year for gardening, and one can be kept quite busy. Sow Mustard and Cress separately (the Mustard growing quicker than Cress), fortnightly; it is of the easiest and simplest culture. French Beans and Butter Beans are two worthy lines—there is so much satisfaction given by them with even very ordinary treatment. Sowings of the common Spinach may be made about every four weeks, but in dry, hot weather it is apt to run to seed; it becomes rough, and is useless—hence the necessity for frequent sowings. The soil must be rich and moist. Sow in shallow drills a foot apart, thinning the plants out to about 6 inches. The round-seeded variety is considered the best for the summer. The New Zealand Spinach (*Tetragona expansa*) is not a true Spinach, but it makes an excellent substitute; it wants plenty of room, is very hardy, standing the heat well.

A first sowing should now be made of Sweet Corn or Table Maize. Sow in rich soil, in rows 3 feet apart, and about 1 foot apart in the row. Pop Corn is grown in the same way. Make sowings of Beet, both red and white, Cape Gooseberry, Capsicum, Carrot, Celery, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Lettuce, Melon, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Pumpkin, Radish, Tomato, Turnip, and Vegetable Marrow. Plant largely of Potatoes.

Cape Gooseberry plants are fairly hardy about Sydney, and in many instances have been known to fruit well. There is no doubt about the plants thriving well, and may be termed a perfect weed. The seed should be sown either in a small bed, or where the plants are to remain; 4 feet apart each way is a fair distance for the plants to stand, and almost any fairly good garden soil will suit them. The plant is perennial, and by cutting back and manuring it will last many years. The fruit is used fresh as dessert, and also makes excellent jam.

The Capsicum plant wants a very rich, light, open soil and a warm situation. Mulching, liberal watering (occasionally with liquid manure), and freedom from weeds are essential to good cultivation. The plants should stand from 2 to 3 feet apart each way.

Make sowings of Peas, Red and Silver Beet, Carrot, Sweet Corn, Cress, Endive, Lettuce, Radish, Mustard, Onion, Parsley, Salsify, Spinach, Turnip, all kinds of tender vegetables. Full sowings of French Beans should

be made about every third week, and in cool localities, or where plenty of moisture may be given, Peas may also be sown; good varieties for sowing now are the Yorkshire Hero, Veitch's Perfection, or the sugar or edible-podded may be tried. If Peas and Beans are sown in shallow trenches, water can be more directly applied to the roots, and a light mulch should always be given in the summer.

Vegetables cannot be grown without moisture. The watering should be done thoroughly. Mulching, of course, is also essential.

Look out for mildew in Marrows, Cucumbers, and all plants of a similar nature beginning to grow rapidly. It is necessary that good mulchings of manure be given before the vines begin to run much, and more especially where water is not plentiful. The branches should be spread out regularly and secured in their places by pegs. If this be not done, the wind damages the plants.

Potatoes may still be planted; the earlier crops must be kept free from weeds, and if blossoms appear they should be picked off, so as not to let the plants seed, which means a diminution of the crop. Tomato-growers should make a point of selecting good, hardy varieties, and also those which are noted for early fruiting.

DECEMBER.—The French Bean is the best of all summer crops, and affords more produce from a small space than any other vegetable, if in good ground; but it is best to make successional sowings. The plant will continue to bear until late autumn. Steep seeds in water for a night before sowing. It is too late to sow Broad Beans, and Peas are a risky crop in the summer unless moisture is forthcoming. Sow Radish, Lettuce, Cress, Mustard, Onion, and Celery may be mentioned. It is late for Melons, but Cucumbers and Marrows will do very well. A few Turnips may be tried, also Parsnips, early Carrots, Parsley, and Leek. Good sowings of Red and Silver or Spinach Beet, and seeds of Cabbage, Cauliflower (sow fairly largely towards end of the month), Brussels Sprouts, Savoy, and other winter vegetables should be got in. It being, however, usually a dry month, it will be good to mulch lavishly—it pays.

Herbs, such as Thyme, Savoury, and Marjoram, may be cut for drying just as the plants are coming into bloom. They should be tied in small bundles and hung up to dry in the shade in some cool, airy out-house. If long exposed to the sun, they lose their flavor. When thoroughly dried they should be placed in paper bags or bottles, when, if the air is excluded, they will keep fresh for a long time.



BUSH-HOUSE.

We answer the frequent questions about the construction of bush-houses by giving a description of those we construct for plant-growing in our Nurseries. The construction is as follows:—We use for outside lines of building sawn hardwood posts, 3 by 4, which are erected 8 feet apart, 2 feet in the ground, 6 feet 6 inches out of ground. This height can be increased if required. The posts are bored 12 inches apart, and wire run through and strained tight. This makes the means by which you can interlace Ti-tree. Having finished the outside lines, you continue to erect in rows posts 2 by 3 inches, 8 feet apart each way. Let the tops come level with the outer row; then on the top of the posts lay 2 by 3 plates, and then, running the reverse way of plates, set out 3 by 1 battens, 6 feet apart, and to these strain tightly wire-netting, large gauge. On top of the wire-netting lay Ti-tree on lightly; over Ti-tree at intervals run a single wire, thus securing the bush from being blown away. Where practicable, the bush-house should be built in a sheltered position, protected as much as possible from high winds, whether they be from the west or the south.

We submit a list of plants suitable for bush-house culture. Some of the more beautiful variegated ivys may be planted at the foot of the posts. They would soon cover the bare timber. The *Ficus stipulata*, *F. radicans*, and the smaller-growing varieties of the Virginian Creeper could be also used for this purpose. Fastened to the woodwork of the house should be a good specimen or two of the Stag's Horn Fern (*Platycerium Grande*) and the Elk's Horn species (*P. Alcinore*), and also the Bird's Nest Fern (*Asplenium nidus avis*). Suspended from the roof, in wire baskets, may be grown *Asparagus Sprengeri*, *Convolvulus mauritanicus*, *Saxifraga sarmatosa*, *Lotus Pelyorhynchus*, *Nephrolepis exaltata* and other varieties), *Davallia canariensis*, *D. novæ Zealandiæ*, a hardy *Adiantum* or two, and one or two *Selaginellas*.

The best results are obtained when large ferns and palms are planted out in a bed filled with properly-prepared soil, but where space is limited it may be better to keep to pots and tubs. A compost of turfy loam and peat, a little leaf-mould, a modicum of rotten cow-manure, and some sharp sand, would do for most of the ordinary kinds of ferns, palms, and many other plants. The common Tree Fern (*Alsophila robusta*) can hardly be dispensed with, but an attempt should be made to have a few of the rarer species, such as the Silver Tree Fern of New Zealand, the Black-Stemmed Tree Fern, from the same country, *v.z.* *C. medullaris*; *Dicksonia squarrosa* and *Alsophila excelsa* are very desirable Tree Ferns, and especially if they can be planted out. *Oplopogon* is a nice thing for a bush-house, and can be had in plain or variegated form. The Japanese Fern Balls are also a desirable addition, and look well during summer, though of course go off during winter. Stag and Elk Horns are suitable for a fair-sized place, as they help to furnish the walls. *Asparagus plumosus nana*, trained over a wooden or wire frame, lends an enchanting effect.

If you write us, giving size and particulars of present or proposed bush-house, we shall be pleased to advise as far as we can.

Searls' Vegetable Seeds

Special Prices to
Large Growers.

PRICES LIABLE TO FLUCTUATION.—In many lines these prices are subject to fluctuation, caused by unexpected scarcity of supplies of any of the lines; but although we do not bind ourselves to the quotations, we will do our best to adhere to them right through the season.

ORDERS.—Orders for half-pounds of SEARLS' SOVEREIGN VEGETABLE SEEDS are supplied at the pound rate; for less quantities a slightly increased rate is charged. All goods sent at purchaser's risk.

TERMS OF SALE.—We give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, or productiveness of seeds we send out, and we do not hold ourselves in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms the seeds are at once to be returned.

SEARL & SONS.

Beet			Post Free at Prices named.			Radish		
	s.	d.	Herbs				s.	d.
Searls' Early Turnip-Rooted ..	per lb.	3 0	Sage	per oz.	0 9	Black Spanish	per lb.	2 6
Searls' Long Blood-Red	per lb.	3 0	Thyme	per oz.	0 9	French Breakfast	per lb.	2 6
Broad Beans			Marjoram	per oz.	0 9	Long Scarlet	per lb.	2 0
Broad Windsor	per bus.	14 0	Kohl-Rabi			Mixed Turnip	per lb.	2 0
Giant Long Pods, Searls' ..	per bus.	15 0	Green	per lb.	6 0	Red Turnip	per lb.	2 0
Early Long Pod	per bus.	14 0	Purple	per lb.	6 0	White Turnip	per lb.	2 0
Butter or Stringless Beans			Leek			Rhubarb		
Mont d'Or, Tall	per bus.	25 0	London Flag	per lb.	6 0	Giant	per lb.	8 0
French Dwarf Beans			Musselburgh	per lb.	8 0	Other Sorts	per lb.	8 0
Canadian Wonder ...	per bus.	14s. to 20 0	Lettuce			Spinach		
Governor Denison	per bus.	15 0	Drumhead or Malta	per lb.	5 0	Monstrous Viroflay	per lb.	2 6
Negro Long Pod	per bus.	15 0	Ohio	per lb.	5 0	Prickly (Winter)	per lb.	2 0
Pale Dun	per bus.	15 0	Mammoth Salamander	per lb.	6 0	Round (Summer)	per lb.	2 0
Burpee's Stringless Greenpod, ..	per bus.	30 0	Lettuce (Cos)			Squash		
Runner Beans			Paris Green	per lb.	6 0	Boston Marrow	per oz.	0 9
White Dutch, Runner	per bus.	20 0	Paris White	per lb.	6 0	Crookneck (Bush)	per oz.	0 9
Scarlet Runner	per bus.	30 0	Water Melon			Early Golden Bush	per oz.	0 9
Zebra, Runner	per bus.	20 0	Cuban Queen (black seed) ...	per lb.	5 0	Early White Custard	per oz.	0 9
Snake, or Yard Long	per lb.	3 6	Ice Cream (white seed) ...	per lb.	5 0	Improved Hubbard	per oz.	0 9
Broccoli			Kolb's Gem (black seed) ...	per lb.	5 0	White Pineapple	per oz.	0 9
Adams' Early White	per oz.	1 0	McEvoy Sugar (white seed) ..	per lb.	5 0	Tomato		
Elletson's Mammoth	per oz.	1 0	Sugar (red seed)	per lb.	6 0	Beauty	per oz.	1 0
Carrot			The Dixie (black seed)	per lb.	5 0	Burwood Prize	per oz.	3 0
Improved Scarlet Intermediate, No. 1	per lb.	3 0	Rock or Musk Melon			Combination	per oz.	2 0
Early Short Horn, No. 2	per lb.	3 0	Early Hackensack	per lb.	6 0	Crimson Cushion	per oz.	2 6
Scarlet, Long Horn, No. 3 ..	per lb.	3 0	Emerald Gem	per lb.	6 0	Duke of York	per oz.	1 6
Cabbage			Improved Jenny Lind	per lb.	6 0	Dwarf Champion	per oz.	1 0
Burpee's All-Head, Early, very fine,	per lb.	10 0	Large Yellow Cantaloupe	per lb.	6 0	Dwarf Golden Champion	per oz.	1 6
Drumhead	per lb.	5 0	Large Persian	per lb.	6 0	Earlana	per oz.	1 6
East Ham	per lb.	5 0	Netted Gem	per lb.	6 0	Early Jewel	per oz.	1 6
Flat Dutch	per lb.	5 0	Preserving Melon			Early Red Ruby	per oz.	1 6
Improved St. John's Day (3 months),	per lb.	5 0	Citron (red seed)	per lb.	6 0	Fordhook Fancy	per oz.	1 6
Large Schweinfurt	per lb.	6 0	Long Green (green seed)	per lb.	5 0	Golden Trophy	per oz.	1 6
Large White Brunswick	per lb.	8 0	Mustard			Landreth Earliest	per oz.	2 0
London Market	per lb.	5 0	Finest White	per lb.	2 6	Large Red Smooth	per oz.	0 9
Marble Head Mammoth	per lb.	8 0	Onion			Matchless	per oz.	1 6
Succession, very fine	per lb.	15 0	Brown Globe	per lb.	5 0	Mikado	per oz.	1 0
Sugarloaf	per lb.	6 0	Brown Spanish	per lb.	5 0	Optimus	per oz.	1 0
Red Pickling Cabbage	per lb.	6 0	Extra Early Flat Red	per lb.	6 0	Perfection	per oz.	1 0
Pe Tsai (Chinese Cabbage)	per lb.	6 0	Extra Early Yellow Globe	per lb.	6 0	Ponderosa	per oz.	2 6
Savoy Cabbage			Silver King	per lb.	8 0	Sparks' Earliana	per oz.	3 0
Drumhead	per lb.	6 0	Silver Queen	per lb.	7 0	Trophy	per oz.	0 9
Dwarf Green Curled	per lb.	6 0	Silver Skin (Pickling)	per lb.	7 0	Turnip		
Cauliflower			Parsley			Early Red American Stone ...	per lb.	2 6
Early London (3 months) ...	per lb.	10 0	Champion Moss	per lb.	3 6	White Nepal	per lb.	2 6
Large Asiatic (4 months) ...	per lb.	10 0	Extra Triple Curled	per lb.	4 0	White Stone	per lb.	2 6
Veitch's Autumn Giant (6 months),	per lb.	10 0	Verdant Beauty	per lb.	4 0	Turnip (Swede)		
White Queen	per oz.	3 6	Parsnips			Imperial Purple Top	per lb.	2 6
Celery			Hollow Crown, Imported or Colonial	per lb.	2 0	Laing's Garden	per lb.	3 0
Cole's Crystal White	per lb.	6 0	Saved	per lb.	2 0	Skirving's Purple Top	per lb.	2 6
Cole's Red Solid	per lb.	6 0	Pepper or Capsicum			Vegetable Marrow		
White Plume	per lb.	6 0	Long Red	per oz.	1 0	Custard-shaped	per lb.	6 0
Cress			Long Yellow	per oz.	1 0	Long-Fruited Bush (white) ..	per lb.	6 0
Triple Curled	per lb.	2 6	Other Sorts	per oz.	1 0	Long White	per lb.	6 0
Water	per oz.	1 0	Pumpkin			Peas		
Cucumber			Crown	per lb.	5 0	Yorkshire Hero (selected stock), price		
Apple-shaped	per oz.	1 0	Large Button	per lb.	5 0	on application.		
Choice Long Green	per lb.	8 0	Ironbark	per lb.	6 0	American Wonder	per bus.	15 0
Crystal White	per lb.	10 0	Potatoes			McLean's Little Gem	per bus.	15 0
Green Gherkin	per oz.	1 0	Sold for net cash only. Write for samples			Stratagem	per bus.	12 6
Long Green Prickly	per lb.	8 0	and quotations. Bags extra. If cased,			Veitch's Perfection, True ...	per bus.	12 6
Short Green Prickly	per lb.	10 0	packing and cases extra. The choicest seed			HEAVY SEEDS QUOTED IN BULK.		
			only is sent out.			Orders on all these quotations are		
						sent Carriage Paid, except Peas		
						and Beans, which, with Potatoes,		
						are Carriage Extra.		

CULINARY PLANTS, ROOTS and BULBS, &c.

Asparagus Plants

Can be supplied during June, July, and August.

Colossal	7s. 6d. per 100
Perfection	7s. 6d. per 100
Erfurt Giant	7s. 6d. per 100
Camden Park Strain	7s. 6d. per 100

(For Seed, see Vegetable List.)

Artichokes

Can be supplied from May to July.

Globe, green and purple plants	9d. each, 6s. per doz.
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Artichokes

(Helianthus tuberosa.)

Can be supplied during May, June, and July.

Jerusalem Tubers	3d. per lb.
New White. Boils whiter than the former	6d. per lb.

Horseradish

Can be supplied at any time during the year.

Roots or Crowns	3s. per doz.
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Seakale

Can be supplied at any time during the winter months.

Plants, two years old	6s. per doz.
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Rhubarb Roots

Can be supplied from May to end of December.

Market Varieties	6d. each, 4s. per doz.
The Giant	1s. each, 10s. per doz.
Morgan's Shillelagh is a splendid new variety, of excellent quality and immense size. The stalks are very long and flat, and dark green in colour. The flavour is delightful. When liberally treated the growth is surprising. Propagated by division of roots. Plants only of this Rhubarb can be supplied. 1s. each, 10s. per doz.	

Crimson Winter Rhubarb A splendid variety. This fine sort is at its best when all other varieties are dormant; it can be used nearly all the year round where the frosts are not severe. This is a boon to all, as it is at its prime when stewing fruits are particularly scarce. It produces thin crimson stalks of excellent flavour. It never dies down or rests like other varieties, and may therefore be termed an "All the Year Round Rhubarb." Should be in every garden. 9d. each, 7s. 6d. doz.

Broccoli Plants

Can be supplied from January to May.

Early and Late	1s. 6d. per 100, postage extra
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Brussels Sprout Plants

Can be supplied from January to May.

Improved	1s. 6d. per 100, postage extra
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Cabbage Plants

Can be supplied from January to December.

East Ham	}	1s. per 100, postage extra.
London Market		
St. John's Day		
Succession, etc., etc.		
Special price for large lots.		
Red Pickling Cabbage		1s. 6d. per 100

Savoy Cabbage

Drumhead and Green Curled	1s. 6d. per 100
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Cape Gooseberry (Physalis Edulis)

Plants can be supplied during November, December, and January, 1s. per doz., postage 3d. extra.

Capsicum or Pepper

Plants can be supplied during November, December, and January, 1s per doz., postage extra.

Chillies (Dried).

For birds and pickling	per lb. 1 0
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Cauliflower Plants

Ready February to April.

Early London	} 1s. 6d. per 100, postage extra.
Large Asiatic	
Veitch's Autumn Grace	
White Queen	2s. 6d. per 100

Chives

For salads	6d. per clump
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Celery Plants

From February to July is the best time to plant.

Red and White	2s. per 100, postage extra
The best varieties only are offered.	

Kohl Rabi Plants	1s. 6d. per 100.
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Chokos

August is the best month for planting. We can supply during that month. When cooking, either boil or bake.

3d. each, postage 3d. extra.

Tomato Plants

Can be supplied during August, September, October, November, and December.

All varieties	6d per doz., postage extra
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Lettuce Plants

Can be supplied any time during the year, but it is useless to put out unless the water is poured into them. 1s. per 100, postage 6d. extra.

Parsley Roots

Can be supplied any time during the year. 1s. per 100, postage 9d. extra.

Potatoes (For Seed)

(Solanum Tuberosum.)

Sold for nett cash only.

During July, August, and September we will supply at marketable rates Seed Potatoes, delivered free within the reach of carriers, but carriage extra to other addresses. Early Rose, Brownell's Beauty, etc., etc.

CULTIVATION.—The soil should be in good condition, and if requiring manure, stable dung, superphosphate of lime, or bone dust should be used. The first crop, for which a dry soil and warm situation should be chosen, may be planted in July in favourable localities, using the earliest varieties; a successful crop of the same, and also of the second earliest and late varieties, in August, and the latest up to November. Then, in January, early varieties may be again planted for an autumn crop. The early and dwarf-topped sorts may be planted 2 feet by 10 inches apart; larger-topped sorts should have 30 inches by 12. With regard to sets, large kinds with few eyes, if cut into pieces of good size, will yield as much produce as whole tubers of equal weight, though, in general, whole tubers of 4 to 6 ounces in weight are preferable. The after-culture consists in drawing soil to the stems, and frequent digging or hoeing of the spaces between the rows. Eight cwt. required to plant an acre.

Samples and Price for any quantity on application.

Potatoes (Sweet)

Can be supplied during October and November. 9d. per doz., 4s. per 100, postage extra. Tubers during autumn, 3d per lb.

Peas and Beans (For Cooking)

Peas, Boiling	8d. per quart, 10s. per bushel
Beans, Haricot	9d. per quart, 15s. per bushel
Can be supplied all the year round.	

Pea Nuts

For seed purposes. Grows very well in the South and North Coast districts. 9d. per lb., post free 1s. 6d.

Lentils

For Flavouring Soups.

Grey, or German	6d. per lb.
Red, or Egyptian	5d. per lb.
Can be supplied all the year round.	

Eschalots

6d. per lb., post free 1s. 3d.; special price for large lots.

The cloves must be divided and planted separately. Fresh manure should be avoided.

Potato Onions

4d. per lb., post free 1s.; special price for large lots.

Plant during autumn. They come in at a time when Onions are scarce. The bulbs are produced like Potatoes.

Garlic

6d. per lb., post free 1s. 3d.; special price for large lots.

Tree Onions

9d. per lb., post free 1s. 6d.; special price for large lots.

Herbs

No kitchen garden is complete without a few items from this section. Strong plants of the following can be supplied all the year round.

Marjoram	4d. each, 3s. per doz.
Sage	4d. each, 3s. per doz.
Thyme	4d. each, 3s. per doz.
Mint. Seed we do not offer, but a few roots are all that are necessary to start a small bed	3d. and 6d. per bundle.

Other varieties can also be supplied.

Searls' Farm Seeds.

WHAT TO GROW
WHAT TO SOW.
HOW TO SOW
—And WHEN

OUR advice applies to the coastal districts of New South Wales, but for sowing in the colder districts of the State it will be necessary to make some allowance for variation of climate; for instance, if the season of any particular district is, say, a month later than in Sydney, the requisite allowance must be made.

When asking us to quote for large lots, please state exact quantities required. Our Farm Seeds are strictly nett. We cannot allow discount.

JANUARY.—Sow Maize (various sorts) for grain crop, Turnips, Cabbage, Buckwheat for green crop (either variety), Johnson Grass or Evergreen Millet (late sowing), Rape (for autumn sheep feed), Soja Beans for green fodder (late sowing), and Thousand-Headed Kale (late sowing).

FEBRUARY.—Sow Cabbage (late sowing), Swede Turnips, Carrots, Rape (for autumn feed), Buckwheat, Cape and Skinless Barley for green fodder, Maize for green crop, and Thousand-Headed Kale (excellent for poultry).

MARCH.—Sow Broad-leaved Lucerne (Hunter River seed is the best), Rape for autumn sheep feed, Rye, Prairie, and Cocksfoot Grasses, Clovers, Burnet Grass, Buckwheat, Black Tares (alone or with Oats), Barley, Rye, Carrot (if former sowing a failure).

APRIL.—You can now sow Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for grain and green crop, Cape and Skinless Barley and Scarlet Clover for green crops, Rye for grain and green fodder, Horse Beans, Field Peas, Rape for winter crop, Black or Golden Tares for green fodder (alone or mixed with Oats, Barley, or Rye), Broad-leaved Lucerne, Cocksfoot, Prairie, and Rye Grass, and Clovers for pasture, Burnet Grass, Sainfoin.

MAY.—Sow Rape; for a late crop Field Beans and Peas; Black and Golden Tares for green fodder (separately or mixed with Oats, Barley, or Rye); Broad-leaved Lucerne, Rye, Prairie, and Cocksfoot Clovers; Wheat for grain and hay, Oats for grain and green crop, Barley (Cape), Scarlet Clover, Onions (broadcast or in drills).

JUNE.—Sow Wheat, Oats, Barley (Cape and English) for grain, Cape and Skinless Barley for green crop, Rye for grain and green crop, Onions (broadcast or in drills); for late crop Field Beans, Peas, Field Cabbage (to be transplanted August or September), also Field Peas, Rape for winter crop.

JULY.—Sow wheat for grain and hay, Oats for late crop and green-stuff (late districts), Barley (Cape and English) for grain, Cape and English and Skinless Barley for green fodder, Rye for green crop; Tobacco in seed-bed, planting out in October (1 oz. of seed producing sufficient plants for an acre); Onions, Rape for winter crop (the great sheep feed).

AUGUST.—Sow Grasses and Clovers, Broad-leaved Lucerne, if a favourable season; Chicory, Field Pumpkin, the Mammoth Cattle, Onions (broadcast or in drills) in the colder districts; Oats for green fodder (late districts), Barley (Cape, Skinless, and English) for grain, Rye for green stuff; plant Sugar Beet, Potatoes (main crop), Sunflower for fowl feed (the large Giant Russian), and Rape for winter green crop; sheep and cattle are very partial to it.

SEPTEMBER.—Sow Paspalum, the Golden Crown Grass, Guinea Grass, Field Carrot, Cattle Melon, and Chicory; Buckwheat late in month for green fodder, Johnson Grass, Amber Cane, Planters' Friend, Sorghum and Millets, Maize (of various sorts) for seed crop and green fodder; Field Pumpkin, Mangel, Sugar Beet, Sunflower Cocksfoot, Rye Grass and Prairie Grass and Clovers, and Broad-leaved Lucerne, if conditions are good; also Couch Grass; Cow Pea (or Catlang Bean) for green crop or manure.

OCTOBER.—Sow Couch Grass, Soja Beans, Teosinte, Sunflower Seed (this has fattening qualities), Cow Pea, Cattle Melon, Pumpkin, and Paspalum. Don't fail to sow Amber Cane, Planter's Friend, Sorghum, Pearl Millet, Broom Millet, Johnson Grass, Hungarian Millet, Maize, and Buckwheat—all being invaluable for green fodder.

NOVEMBER.—Sow Planter's Friend, Amber Cane, Buckwheat, Sorghum, Johnson Grass, Hungarian Millet, Pearl Millet for green-stuff, Maize for seed crop and green fodder, Pie Melon, Paspalum (splendid stand-by), Field Pumpkin, Soja Beans for pulse, Sunflower for poultry feed, Cow Peas for green crop and green manuring, for which it is so well known.

DECEMBER.—Sow largely for green fodder Johnson Grass, Evergreen Millet and Hungarian Millet, Buckwheat, Amber Cane, Planter's Friend, Sorghum, Broom Millet, and other varieties; Maize for seed crop and green fodder, Soja Beans for green crop. If weather favourable, sow Swedes in an extensive manner. It is undoubtedly one of the best root crops, and yields enormously under ordinary conditions.

Searls' Sovereign Farm Seeds.

NOTE.—We require two days' notice to despatch Agricultural and Farm Seeds. We give NO GUARANTEE.
We do not pay carriage on Agricultural and Farm Seeds.

Alsike Clover (Trifolium Hybridum—Hybrid Clover). A very heavy-yielding Clover, but requires a very moist situation. We recommend sowing in September, March, or April; 5 to 6 lbs. of seed or mixing with pasture grasses will be sufficient; 10 to 12 lbs. if sown alone. Perennial. **1s. 6d.** per lb.

Bromus Inermis. One of the finest fodder grasses in use. Yields large crops of rich, succulent food, and stands drought very well. Sow in spring, 25 lbs. to the acre broadcast. It will stand for years, and can be cut for a hay crop. **1s.** per lb.

Blue Grass (Andropogon Sericeus). A splendid and valuable pasture grass, and makes considerable growth during winter, and is thus doubly valuable to the grazier. During the summer it yields an amount of rich, leafy, bottom herbage, of which sheep are particularly fond, and fatten well on it. It will stand close feeding, and makes capital hay. **5s. 6d.** per lb.

Buckwheat (50 lbs. to the bushel). Silver-Hulled. Earlier than the old common variety; is longer in bloom, and yields larger crops. **9s.** per bushel. Japanese. Matures a fortnight earlier than the Silver-Hulled; is also a heavy cropper, and possesses many good qualities. **10s.** per bushel.

CULTURE.—A fast-growing fodder plant; can be sown for succession from end of September to March, giving a heavy crop in a few weeks, in the absence of frost. Very attractive to bees, and the flowers yield honey freely. Poultry are fond of the seed, and the straw is valuable for pig food. Prefers alluvial, but will succeed on average land, well drained and worked. Sow the seed 4 to 5 pecks broadcast, and 1½ to 2 pecks in drills, per acre, and then lightly roll the surface.

Cattle Pumpkin. Mammoth. Enormously prolific, some attaining a weight of from 100 to 150 lbs. **6d.** per oz., **5s.** per lb. Gramma. A fine Cattle Pumpkin; not sufficiently grown; very productive; invaluable to dairymen. Will be eaten ravenously by pigs, and relished by all kinds of stock. **6d.** per oz., **6s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—The month to sow is October, though it is frequently sown earlier, or even later should the weather be unfavourable. Manure should be distributed near and over the surface, and dug in. The holes where the seeds are sown should be well prepared and

manured also, and only three or four plants be allowed to remain in each of the hills, which should be 3 to 6 yards apart. One pound of seed will sow an acre. The best results are really obtained by keeping the ground loose and free from weeds.

Cattle Cabbage, Large Drumhead. **4s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—To furnish plants for transplanting into the field in August or September, sow in June, in seed-beds of poor soil. Sowings can also be made in January or February, but June is the best month. One pound of seed will give plants for one acre. Land must be strong, rich, and well worked, and any ordinary manure can be used in large quantities. Bone dust, at the rate of 3 to 4 cwt. per acre, will greatly stimulate the crop.

Cattle Melon. Excellent food for cattle and pigs. **5s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Dig deeply or trench the ground; add farmyard or artificial manure abundantly; plant in hills 3 to 4 yards apart, and sow a few seeds in each hill. September or October are the very best months to sow, but later plantings may be made. Half-pound of seed will sow an acre.

Chicory, Large-rooted. Grown as a field crop; roots used, when roasted, for mixture with Coffee. Perennial plant with large blue flowers. **2s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—As a root crop Chicory should be grown in drills, 18 inches apart and about an inch deep, the seedlings to be thinned to 9 inches apart in rows. A loamy or sandy soil is most suitable. Stable manure must not be used at time of sowing; but if the ground is not in sufficient heart, guano or bone dust may be applied. Keep ground free from weeds until the foliage overshadows it. Sow during August and September. Four or five pounds of seeds is ample for an acre.

Crested Dogtail. A valuable Grass for sheep pastures; forms a compact turf, resisting drought. Good long Grass, but not strong-growing enough for cutting as fodder; its chief value is for permanent pastures. **2s.** per lb.

Cocksfoot Grass (Dactylis Glomerata). (20 lbs. to bushel). Produces heavy crops, greedily eaten by all kinds of stock; can be either depastured or cut for hay; grows rapidly after cutting or grazing, and flourishes on various soils and situations. Grows best in the cooler districts of the State. Two bushels to an acre. **10s.** per bushel.

FARM SEEDS—Continued.

Cow Pea, or Catang Bean (*Vigna Catang*). (60 lbs. to bushel.) The Cow Pea produces large crops of fodder during dry seasons, and stock are fond of it, and land which is poor or worn out cannot be better manured than by digging in a crop of the Cow Pea. 3d. per lb.

White. Black eye.

Clay-coloured. Light shade of brick-red.

Black. Same size as others; perfectly black.

CULTURE.—Spring is the time to sow, and if the crop is intended for green feed sow in drills $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet wide, and thinning the plants to 1 foot apart in the drills. About 10 lbs. of seed will sow an acre in this way; but for green manuring about 40 lbs. should be sown broadcast, and the crop ploughed down as soon as the seed-pods have formed. For this purpose it can be sown during early summer.

Dwarf Essex Sowing Rape (the splendid Green Fodder Plant). 4d. per lb., 23s. per cwt. Special price for large lots.

Rape is the best rotation crop for the farmer. Can be grown on any soil suitable for root crops. There is no better green crop for putting value on sheep or lambs for market, its qualities in this direction being unsurpassed. Land should be prepared for Rape by ploughing well during the winter, and exposing it to the action of the atmosphere. The land should then be cross-ploughed, harrowed, and worked to a fine surface by January. When sown broadcast, from 5 to 7 lbs. is used per acre. Rape can also be grown for green manure, and if ploughed under as soon as the plants have made a strong growth, makes an excellent manure for Barley and Wheat, and will clean and refresh the soil. For sheep feed the seed should be drilled the same as for Turnips; sow 3 to 4 lbs. per acre, and, when the seed comes too thick, thin the young plants like Turnips, and cultivate the crop in a similar manner. Sheep must not be turned in until the crop is full-grown.

Evergreen Meadow Grass (*Poa Sempervirens*). Stands drought well; suitable for lawn mixtures for cooler districts. 2s. per lb.

Field Carrot. Large Red Altringham. Long Red Surrey. 3s. 6d. per lb.

CULTURE.—Prefers deeply-tilled land of a light loamy or sandy description. Choose land in good heart, and never use stable manure when putting in this crop. 4 lbs. will sow an acre in drills. Sow during September. Sowing may be made in February or March; will give a fair return, though not equal to the September sowing.

Field Horse Bean (Helligoland or Tick). (60 lbs. to bushel.) 5s. to 6s. per bushel.

CULTURE.—Plough deeply and work well: a good strong soil, or even clay, is preferable to light or sandy soil. April is the best month to sow; later sowing can be made in May, June, or July. One bushel will sow an acre in drills 2 to 3 feet apart. The earlier sowing grow more vigorously and require less seed.

Field Pea. (60 lbs. to bushel.) A valuable horse or pig feed, and both seed and straw are serviceable. Partridge or Grey, 6s. per bushel; Large Blue, 10s. per bushel.

CULTURE.—If well drained and deeply ploughed, any fair loamy strong soil, or a sandy loam, will suit this crop; and the land need not be very rich, as strong haulm is not desirable. The seed can either be sown in drills or broadcast. Sow in April, May, or June. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels per acre.

Florida Velvet Bean. Stock are very fond of it, either as green fodder or when matured and the Beans are dry. It will do well on poor land, drawing its nourishment largely from the air, and has a very beneficial effect on the soil as a fertiliser. 6d. per lb.; special price for quantity.

CULTURE.—Sow in the spring in hills 4 feet apart, and the same distance between the rows—two or three beans in each hill. 15 lbs. to 20 lbs. will sow an acre.

Guinea Grass (*Panicum Maximum*). A native of tropical Africa. Can be cut four or five times during a season. It likes a rather moist situation, and should be cut when young and tender. Cattle and horses eat it greedily. It can be cut several times during the year. 2s. 6d. per lb. Roots, 5s. per 100.

Hard Fescue (*Festuca Duriuscula*). A taller variety, and a good pasture grass for soil of light nature. Not advised for heavy land, but on suitable soils, though by no means fertile, it is both productive and nutritious. 1s. per lb.

Imphee (See Planter's Friend).

Italian Rye Grass (*Lolium Italicum*). This is an excellent Grass to grow for green fodder for dairying purposes. On rich, moist soil it will yield three or four heavy cuttings in a year. It is only a biennial, however, and not suitable for permanent pasture. 2 bushels will sow an acre. 5s. 6d. per bushel.

Johnson Grass (Perennial) or **Evergreen Millet** (*Sorghum Halepense*). 1s. 6d. per lb.; 1s. 3d. per 28 lbs.; special quotations for large parcels.

CULTURE.—In reality a Millet, and it has proved invaluable during droughts. It spreads rapidly even on poor land, its runners sending up a shoot at every joint. Its remarkable adaptability to all sorts of soil, and its resistance to drought, render it most valuable. It can be cut three times a year, and it will give 5 tons of hay per acre. The best time to cut it for that purpose is when the plant comes into bloom. Sow and cover lightly 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Sow during spring; it will not stand frost, but is hard to exterminate once it is sown.

Kentucky Blue Grass (see Smooth Stalk Meadow Grass).

Linseed or Flax. (56 lbs. to bushel.) Prices on application.

Lucerne (*Medicago Sativa*), Hunter River. Quotations for large parcels at any time on application. 1s. per lb. retail.

Every home-farm should have a Lucerne-paddock of some sort, and if the small selector is wise he will make his first care to sow a small area of this invaluable crop on the best land he has, as he will get the best result by so doing. Be careful that the soil is thoroughly well worked. The land intended for it must be well and deeply tilled, and deep alluvial soil is most suitable, although any well-worked average land will produce fine crops. Sow, in drills, about 10 lbs., and broadcast about 15 lbs. of seed to the acre. March and April are good months.

Mangel Wurzel (or Mangold). This most valuable root crop should be visible on every dairy farm. It greatly adds to the quality of milk, and can be stored for many months, if required; useful for feeding cows and pigs. The Long Red and Yellow Globe are the varieties most esteemed. 1s. 6d. per lb., post free 2s.

Long Red. The best variety for deep, well-worked, rich land.

Yellow Globe. Most suitable for shallow soils; keeps well.

CULTURE.—Good, deeply-worked soil will produce the heaviest crops; plough deeply twice; scarify, roll, and harrow lightly. Sow in drills 4 feet apart, and thin to 12 or 18 inches between each plant; 3 to 4 lbs. of seed is sufficient for an acre; soak seed in warm water for 24 hours to hasten germination. August and September are the best months.

Meadow Fescue (*Festuca Pratensis*—English Blue Grass). A splendid Grass for permanent pasture on all good, fairly moist soils. Its leaves are succulent and tender, and it never forms rank tufts. Cattle like it. 1s. per lb.

Meadow Foxtail (*Alopecurus Pratensis*). A dwarf, spreading habit renders it valuable for grazing purposes. Does not come to full maturity until the second year after sowing, and should only be used in permanent pasture mixtures. 1s. 6d. per lb.

Mitchell Grass (*Astrella Triticoides*). This grand perennial grass is found on rich soil all over the interior, but nowhere in large quantity. Under good cultivation it yields a very large amount of rich, succulent herbage, stock being very fond of it. It is said cattle will fatten on its dry broken stems and leaves. 5s. per lb.

Native Trefoil. Produces during good seasons a large amount of feed; sheep are very fond of this plant. Closely allied to the well-known Lucerne. 1s. per lb.

Onion, as a "Field Crop." Farmers should not permit Victoria and other States to allow exclusively supply this market, as, given a good season, the returns are large, and it is seldom that rates ruling in Sydney markets fall below a good payable price.

	per lb.		per lb.
Brown Spanish	5 0	Silver Queen	7 0
Brown Globe	5 0	Silver King	7 0
Extra Early Flat Red	6 0	Silver Skin Pickling	7 0
Extra Early Yellow Globe	6 0		

CULTURE.—Use a good, rich, well-worked soil, made solid and compact, before and after sowing, by the roller. Cover seed as lightly as possible, only pressing it in with the roller. This secures the proper position of the bulbs above ground. On weedy land drill or sow in rows; drop grains of barley along the line, a foot apart, so that the rows may be distinguished, and loss of plants prevented in using hoe. Barley should be pulled up when it has served its purpose. To produce large-sized Onions, the seeds should be sown in prepared beds in April, and when grown enough to handle, transplant in rows 2 feet apart, and 9 inches apart in the rows. Sow for the main crop of Onions in August, in the colder parts of the State; warmer parts in May, June, and July, according to situation.

SOW IN DRILLS—

With machine...	4 lbs. seed to the acre, ordinary crop.
Open, with hand	8 " " " " "
With machine...	8 " " " " "
Open, with hand	15 " " " " "

SOW BROADCAST—

20 lbs. seed to the acre for pickling onions. Hand-shaken seed. Bags samples.

Paspalum Dilatatum (the Golden Crown Grass). Successful in Northern River districts; particularly suitable for pasturing cattle. Is a grand winter Grass, and stands hot weather admirably; yields bountifully, and will soon spread, as it seeds freely. The seed, being very light, requires careful sowing, at the rate of 2 lbs. per acre mixed with other Grasses (Rye, Prairie, and Cocksfoot—say up to 40 lbs.), or 6 lbs. per acre sown alone. Sow in the spring and early summer. 1s. per lb.; special price for large lots.

ROOTS can be planted nearly all the year round, but the best time is early spring, and right through the summer when they take root and make vigorous growth at once. Plant 5 feet apart each way (1750 to the acre). A man could plant an acre in a day. If allowed to seed the first season, the intervening ground will soon be covered. 10s. per 1000, or 1s. 6d. per 100.

Paspalum Virgatum. This is a more coarse and erect-growing variety than *Dilatatum*. Stands frost; appreciated by stock; will grow on poor ground, and is drought-resisting. 1s. per packet. Sown autumn or spring. It can be propagated by roots, — or seed.

Peanuts. We can supply these for seed purposes. 9d. per lb.

Pearl or Egyptian Millet (*Pencilaria Spicata*). Whilst young the shoots are prostrate, but afterwards assume an upright habit, and grow 8 to 10 feet. The fodder is much relished by stock, but not so valuable as other varieties; 10 to 12 lbs. will sow an acre broadcast. Sow October and November. 1s. 6d. per lb.

FARM SEEDS—Continued.

Japanese Millet (the Billion-Dollar Grass). The people of the United States reckon this to be a very fine fodder plant. Yields up to 12 tons per acre of really rich fodder.

CULTURE.—Plough, harrow, and roll, and lightly harrow a second time before drilling. Sow drills 3 feet apart—Sorghum at the rate of about a peck per acre; Millets rather less. September to December are the best months for sowing.

Perennial Rye Grass (*Lolium Perenne*). Produces an abundance of fibrous roots; starts very early in spring. Possesses most nutritious qualities, and is relished by all kinds of stock. It bears depasturing well, and will succeed in any average soil. In the cooler districts it thrives admirably, and yields surprising results. Seed from old pasture should be insisted on. Two bushels will sow an acre. **5s. to 6s.** per bushel.

Poverty Bay Perennial Rye Grass. The best variety of this fine Grass, so suitable for the cooler districts. It is more vigorous in growth than any other strain, and yields a much larger amount of herbage. We strongly recommend not allowing this Grass to seed (turn stock in to stop it), as it is inclined to exhaust itself. **6s. 6d. and 7s. 6d.** per bushel.

Prairie Grass (*Bromus Unioides*). (20 lbs. to bushel.) A very early Spring Grass, growing very rapidly at that season, and continues to yield a fair amount of herbage throughout the autumn and winter in favourable seasons. It seeds very freely, and soon spreads by self-sowing. A nutritious fodder and pasture Grass; will afford five or six cuttings in a year. It will give the best results on rich, moist land, but will do fairly well on any soil. Two to three bushels will sow an acre. **6s. 6d.** per bushel.

Red or Creeping Fescue (*Festuca Rubra*). Another variety of Sheep's Fescue; spreading or creeping roots, making it a desirable Grass for binding loose, sandy soils, or light soils liable to occasional floods. **1s.** per lb.

Red Perennial Clover, or Cow Grass. Has splendid fattening qualities, and should be in every pasture mixture sown in the cooler districts; makes fine hay. It is a biennial, but, when grazed under favourable conditions of soil and climate, assumes the character of a perennial. Sow in autumn—2 lbs. only when included in pasture mixtures. **1s. 6d.** per lb.; a parcel of 20 lbs., **1s. 3d.** per lb.

Rib Grass. When moisture is abundant, the Rib Grass yields an enormous amount of rich herbage. Sow with Grasses 2 or 3 lbs., or 20 lbs. if alone. **6d.** per lb.

Red Top Grass. A splendid heavy-cropping Grass, making splendid hay or chaff, and growing to a height of 3 feet. Stands drought well, but dies down during frosty weather, to grow again strongly in the spring or summer; suits warmer parts of the State. Sow in the spring, at the rate of 2 lbs. to 3 lbs., mixed with other Grasses; 12 lbs. if sown alone for hay. **4s.** per lb.

Rhodes Grass (*Chloris Virgata*—new). This Grass was introduced from South Africa. A new Grass of great value. Seed **1s.** per packet; roots **2s. 6d.** per 100, **20s.** per 1000.

Rough-Stalked Meadow Grass. Suitable for pastures, and relished by stock. All Meadow Grasses prefer light soils; may be sown any time during the autumn or spring, when the soil is in suitable condition and the weather favourable. **1s. 9d.** lb.

Rye (the Old English Rye). **5s. to 6s.** per bushel.

CULTURE.—This excellent forage plant will grow on poor or rich land; can be sown alone or with Tares, and yields most nutritious green fodder. It gives good straw—straight and strong. Sow from March to July, broadcast; 1 bushel per acre.

Sainfoin or Esparcette (*Hedysarum Onobrychis*). Perennial. **1s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Particularly suited to our dry climate, and with an occasional dressing of manure will maintain its vigour for eight or ten years. A rather light soil, deeply worked and well drained, is most suited for it. Sow the seed broadcast, at the rate of 40 lbs. per acre. Sow March and April.

Scarlet Clover. Excellent for a green crop; of fine quality; large yield, quick growth, and relished by all kinds of stock. If sown on grazing land, care must be taken that it is kept fed down, as, if eaten by stock when in flower, it has an injurious effect. Sow 20 lbs. per acre. **9d.** per lb.

Sheep Burnet. **1s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—This forage plant is a perennial, and is specially adapted for poor, arid soils which would not grow Lucerne, and produces most nutritious feed for sheep and cattle. Burnet can be sown alone, or with Grass seeds for hay or pasture. Sow in March and April broadcast, at the rate of 30 to 40 lbs. per acre; 5 to 6 lbs. when mixed with Grass seeds.

Sheep's Fescue (*Festuca Ovina*). A very hardy Pasture Grass, most suitable for sowing on the tablelands of the State; will grow luxuriantly even on poor land. It stands a dry season fairly well, is relished by stock, and is suitable for a Lawn Grass in cooler districts. **1s.** per lb.

Smooth-stalked Meadow Grass (*Poa Pratensis*—Kentucky Blue grass). A good Pasture Grass; suits the cool districts, and will thrive in poor land. It forms a thick turf, and prefers sandy loam. One of the very best Herbage Grasses in cultivation. **1s.** per lb.

Soja Bean (Var. Soja d'Etampese). **1s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Cut when in flower, it makes an excellent hay, and forms a fine green fodder. Sow broadcast, at the rate of about 7 lbs. per acre, from October to January.

Sorghums and Millets. Most useful forage plants; will produce enormous crops on any well-worked average soil during the hottest months, and on rich alluvial lands yields enormous crops. Can either be cut green for fodder or ensilage, or ripened and cut into chaff. We recommend sowing from 40 to 50 lbs. per acre broadcast. One-fourth of this is the requisite quantity if drills are preferred. Quotations on application.

Amber Sugar Cane
Sorghum Saccharatum
Planter's Friend

Kaffir Corn
Broom Millet
Hungarian Millet

White French Millet.—The foremost item to recommend this Grass is the fact that it reaches maturity in 65 days.

Sunflower (Large Russian). **1s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Seed makes excellent poultry food. Sow August to November, in drills 3 to 4 feet apart, and thin same distance between each plant. 7 lbs. of seed per acre.

Sugar Beet. From this root nearly all sugar is made not produced from Cane; roots make excellent feed for dairy cattle and pigs; heavy crops. **1s. 6d.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Much the same as that of Mangel Wurzel, but plants should stand closer in the rows, 4 to 6 inches, as it is not desirable to have large roots for sugar-making.

Sweet-scented Vernal Grass (*Anthoxanthum Odoratum*). This perennial Grass is liked on account of the perfume it imparts to meadow hay. As it starts early, it is a useful Grass in pastures where the land is of a moist character. A pound or two should be added to all permanent pasture mixtures. **1s. 6d.** per lb.

Swede and other Field Turnips. **2s.** per lb., post free **2s. 6d.**

Imperial Purple-topped Swede. Splendid heavy Swede, fine shape, excellent quality, and keeps well. For several years this splendid variety has been awarded the premier position. Skirving's Purple-topped Swede. Heavy cropper and a well-known variety.

CULTURE.—Any rich, strong land will produce fine Turnips if well ploughed, harrowed, and rolled. The best time to sow Swedes is January or February. Sow in drills 4 feet apart, and thin the plants to 18 inches apart; 2 to 3 lbs. of seed will sow an acre.

Texas Blue Grass (*Poa Arachnifera*). This Grass has only recently been tried in this State; a perennial creeping habit; stands heat. Could be sown along with other Grasses. Sow when showery weather is on, during autumn or spring. **1s.** per packet.

Tagasaste (*Medicago Arborea*). This is a hard-wooded tree shrub, 16 to 18 feet high. A valuable forage plant, which stock are fond of; bees are fond of its flowers. Valuable in hot, dry districts, as it roots deeply. **4s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—Sow in the autumn and spring on sandy, poor land, and thin out the plants to 10 or 13 feet apart.

Tares (or Vetches). Large Black and Golden. **9s.** per bushel. Special prices for large lots.

CULTURE.—Valuable for hay or green fodder. Prefers a strong, well-worked soil, and will even grow in clayey ground during moist seasons if well manured. On average land one ploughing will be sufficient; roll the ground after sowing. Sow in March, April, and May, with Barley or Rye; Tares yield an immense amount of forage. It may be preserved like other green crops. It is also a good crop for ploughing in; may be sown broadcast at a bushel or a bushel and a half to the acre, with half or a whole bushel of Rye or Barley. The latter keeps the Tares off the ground, and helps to a heavier crop.

Teosinte. **5s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—It suits only the warmer districts of this State and Queensland. Resembles Maize in appearance, but sends up a great number of shoots and yields an enormous weight of forage. When it has reached a height of 3 or 4 feet, it will, if cut for fodder, give three or four cuttings; but, if allowed to grow 12 feet, cattle will only eat the tops. Sow October and November.

Thousand-Headed Kale (or Cabbage). Yields immense quantities of green food; grows 4 to 5 feet high, and can be fed down two or three times. This plant does not impoverish the land to any very great extent, and does not cause lambs or sheep to scour or blow. **3s.** per lb.

CULTURE.—To furnish plants for transplanting, sow in June in seed-beds of poor soil; may sow also in January or February, but June is the best month for Thousand-Headed Kale required during winter and early spring. One pound of seed will give plants for one acre if raised in a seed-bed and planted out—or sow in drills 2 to 3 lbs. per acre, thinning where required. Land must be strong, rich, and well worked, and horse, cow, or pig manure may be used in large quantities. Bone dust at the rate of 3 to 4 cwt. per acre will not be too liberal a dressing where farmyard manures are not available.

Timothy (*Phleum Prateroe*). In good soil yields splendid crops of fodder, while in poor soil it is productive sown with other Grasses for grazing. A very productive and nutritious Grass, suitable for hay, green fodder, or as one of the Grasses in permanent pasture mixtures. Sow in autumn or spring. **9d.** lb.

Tobacco. **2s.** per oz. One or two varieties in stock.

CULTURE.—Rich land should be chosen; a sandy loam suits it best. Sow in a seed-bed in a sheltered position during July and August, planting out when strong enough in October. Mixing with sand when sowing secures a more even distribution. 1 oz. of seed will produce sufficient plants for an acre.

Trefoil Yellow Clover. Not so valuable as Red or White Clover, but it is hardy for sheep pasture, and very useful in the colder districts; is difficult to eradicate. **1s.** per lb.

FARM SEEDS—Continued.

Bird's Foot Trefoil (Lotus Major). This plant is well deserving cultivation on light inferior soil, on which it will yield a greater bulk of herbage than any of the other cultivated Clovers; it is highly nutritious, and is eaten with avidity by cattle and sheep. From the great depth to which its roots penetrate, it is not liable to be injured by drought. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre. **3s. 6d.** per lb.

Wallaby Grass. This splendid Grass we offer for the first time. **2s.** per lb.

Seed Grain.

Sold for nett cash only.

Seed Wheat. Purple Straw, Steinwedel's, and Spring (Allora). We quote for these and other varieties when reliable stocks are procurable.

Seed Oats (40 lbs. to the bushel). White Tartarian, Black Tartarian, Algerian. Write for prices.

Seed Barley (50 lbs. to the bushel). Cape and Skinless, for green stuff. Write for prices.

Seed Maize (56 lbs. to the bushel). When possible, the Maizes we supply will be selected cobs, topped and tailed. We quote for large or small lots.

Golden King. A first-class variety.

Ninety-Day. In large demand for green fodder.

CULTURE.—A rich chocolate soil, not too sandy, is best for a Maize crop. Plough deeply, roll, and pass a light harrow over it before planting. Sow 15 to 16 lbs. for seed crop, in drills 3 feet to 4 feet 6 inches apart. For a green crop sow broadcast—say, a bushel per acre, or quarter-bushel in drills. Ninety-day is best for that purpose. Keep land well scarified between rows, especially during dry weather; destroy weeds; sow end of September to end of year.

FRESH PLANTS EVERY DAY

Can be supplied at our City Depot of seasonable Annuals, so that our city customers may get them taken from the ground the same day as they buy them. They are all brought in in boxes filled with soil, and are thus kept perfectly fresh up to the moment you purchase them.

All our Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce, Herb, and other Culinary Plants are offered to you under the same healthy conditions.

This is all WE can do. YOU must do the rest. Be kind to them.

White Clover. Valuable in pastures, either for dairying or fattening, and will thrive on comparatively poor land. In dry and hot weather the herbage withers, but again makes vigorous growth in the spring. Sow February to May; 2 to 4 lbs. will be sufficient for an acre if mixed with Grasses. **1s. 6d.** per lb.; a parcel of 20 lbs., **1s. 3d.** per lb.

Wood Meadow Grass. Valuable for sowing on natural pastures in country shaded by timber; also grows well in open country; nutritious; not remarkable for abundance; desirable for pasture mixtures. **2s.** per lb.

Yarrow. Valuable for sheep when mixed with common Pasture Grasses; does well in dry soils; 2 lbs. of seed per acre in mixture. **3s. 6d.** per lb.

Lawn Grass Seeds.

Couch Grass (Cynodon Dactylon).

Doob Grass of India

Bermuda Grass of America

Use 10 lbs. per acre

In dry seasons this Grass is invaluable; esteemed as Pasture Grass, possessing flesh-forming properties. It will grow during the hot months of summer, and start into fresh green growth after rain. Its long shoots soon cover the surface of the land, rooting at every joint.

For a lawn or bowling green this is without doubt the most suitable Grass for the coastal and warmer districts. **1s. 6d.** per lb.; special prices for large lots.

LAWNS OF COUCH GRASS can be made either by turfing or by chopping up the roots into short pieces of about 2 or 3 inches, and planting them in rows about 6 inches apart, covering them right over. A lawn or bowling-green can be kept in good order only by constant care, and must be cut regularly. The grass must be top-dressed once a year, and thoroughly watered during hot or dry weather. Lawns and greens can be formed with Couch Grass from seed if sown at the proper season at the rate of about 10 to 15 lbs. per acre. Sow August, September, or October. **1s. 6d.** per lb.

Lawn Grass. For the cooler districts of the State. **1s. 6d.** per lb., **25s.** per bushel of 20 lbs.

Our extensive experience guides us in the selection and proportioning of Grass Seeds suitable for lawns. We can confidently recommend our seed as being free from weeds and coarse Grasses, and such as will give satisfaction; but, as this mixture is exclusively made up of English Grasses it is more particularly suitable to the cooler regions. The seed should be sown liberally, and the Grass should be regularly cut and watered during dry, hot weather. Sow at the rate of 40 to 50 lbs. per acre.

Buffalo Grass (Stenotaphrum Americanum) (**Roots only.**) It is a great grass to endure dry weather. It does not seed sufficiently to be of much value. Should be planted from 1 to 2 feet apart, according to the size of the roots. Cut up roots into pieces with two or three joints, or plant in clumps, and allow space to cover when they begin to run. Once established, it makes rapid progress. After planting, top-dress with manure, and water regularly until the roots begin to grow. **Roots 1s.** per 100. Delivered free to suburban addresses only; carriage extra to other parts.

Australian Saltbush. An effectual drought-resisting plant. **5s.** per lb. Four varieties are available.

Hedge and Shelter Tree Seeds.

We need a day's notice to get some of these from the nursery.

A few clumps of trees and well-kept green hedges are great adornments to grounds around any homestead. The following varieties can be readily raised from seed by anyone, and grow quickly. They should always be planted in nursery beds, and transplanted the following winter into the permanent situations. The Pinus Insignis and Cupressus Macrocarpa are the best for shelter, while the Gums make most excellent firewood, and are also useful as timber. Special prices by the lb.

	s. d.
Kangaroo Acacia	per oz. 0 9
Osage Orange	per oz. 0 9
Wattle, Black	per oz. 0 6
Wattle, Golden and Silver ..	per oz. 1 0
Wattle, Cootamundra (Baileya)	per oz. 1 6

	s. d.
African Borthorn	per oz. 1 6
Broom	per oz. 1 0
Berberis Vulgaris	per oz. 0 6
Cupressus Macrocarpa	per oz. 1 0
Cupressus Lawsoniana	per oz. 1 6
Blue Gum and others	per oz. 2 0
Pinus Insignis	per oz. 1 6

	s. d.
Pinus Maritima	per oz. 0 6
Hickory	per oz. 0 6
Schinus Molle, Pepper Tree, ..	per oz. 1 0
Kurrajong, Sterculia Deversifolia,	per oz. 1 6

Also many other Australian Tree Seeds.

Searls' Sovereign Seeds.

Our "Rainbow" Collection of Flower Seeds.

Seasonable Collections of 14 packets, post free, 2s, comprising the Best Annuals.

CASH WITH ORDER.

Kindly send cash and get the dis. we give—a packet or two of some good seeds, with compliments.



Give our Sovereign Seeds a trial this season.

You will be highly delighted with the results, and———save money.

ANNUALS.—Flower, produce seeds, and die the same year as they are sown.

BIENNIALS.—Those which are sown one year, and bear their seeds and flowers, and die the next.

PERENNIALS.—Those which grow and flower for several years, usually blooming the second year from seed

Annuals are divided into two sections, viz.:—Hardy and Half-hardy—the first consisting of those that are able to live out of doors through the Winter; the second of those that cannot endure frost, and must not be sown till Spring.

The species included in the first section may be sown in the beginning of Autumn, as soon as the rains have rendered the soil sufficiently moist to enable the seeds to germinate. Half-hardy species must not be sown in the open ground till Spring is a little advanced.

Abronia.

3d. per pkt.

Arenaria, yellow, fine.
Umbellata, rosy lilac.
Villosa, dark rose.

Pretty trailing plants, suitable for rockeries; waxy, verberna-like flowers, scented; hardy annual. Sow in spring and autumn. Height 6 inches.

Abutilon.

3d. per pkt.

Hardy flowering shrub, with large bell-shaped flowers, of drooping habit; various colors.
Hybrids, fine mixed.

Achimenes.

1s. per pkt.

Best mixed, choice strain. These make fine pot or basket flowers for the greenhouse during summer months, producing in abundance flowers ranging through many colors. Sow in the autumn. Height, 6 inches.

Acroclinium.

3d. per pkt.

Roseum, single, rose color, dark eye.
" fl. albo., white, pretty.
" fl. pleno. Color rose, double flower, 50 per cent. true.

Roseum, fl. pleno. Album. Color, white; double flower, 50 per cent. true.

Most beautiful, everlasting, which flowers in great profusion. Can be dried for winter bouquets; hardy annual. Sow autumn and spring. Height, 12 inches.

Adonis.

3d. per pkt.

Aestivalis (Flos Adonis), red, annual.
Free-flowering, feathery foliage. Sow in spring. Height, 12 inches.

Vernalis, bright yellow, fine, star-shaped, perennial.

Agathæa (Blue Marguerite).

6d. per pkt.

Coelestis, a beautiful perennial; blue, yellow centre; similar to Paris Daisy. Sow autumn or spring. For plants, see Shrubs.

Floriferous. Height, 4 feet.

Ageratum.

3d. per pkt.

Conspicuum, white, fine.
Mexicanum Coeruleum (Imperial Dwarf), blue.
Hardy, free-blooming plants, useful both for cutting and bedding effect. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 12 inches.

Alonsoa.

3d. per pkt.

Albiflora, white, very constant.
Warscewizii, brilliant scarlet.
Very showy, half hardy annuals. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 12 inches.

Althæa.

6d. per pkt.

Chater's Superb. Splendid mixed, choice strain, double. This noble plant produces flower spikes 6 feet high, studded with splendid Camellia-like blooms 3 feet of their length. It is not difficult to grow from seed; likes a rich soil (tender perennials). Sow in autumn. Height, 6 feet.

Alyssum.

3d. per pkt.

Benthami Compactum (Little Gem), quite distinct, charming.

Maritimum Benthami (Sweet Alyssum). One of the hardiest and best annuals; produces small trusses of flowers in great profusion; should be cut down after flowering to promote new growth.

Saxatile, yellow perennial.

Compactum, yellow perennial; the best variety of edging; compact habit. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 6 inches.



Aquilegia

Amaranthus.

3d. per pkt., 5 pkts. post free for 1s.

Atropurpureus, very fine. Height, 4 feet.
Cruentus (Prince's Feather).

Firebrand, large leaves, deep blood red, with bright yellow edges. Height, 6 feet.

Hendri, leaves carmine, orange, yellow, and green. Height, 4 feet.

Melancholicus Ruber, blood-red leaves.

Salicifolius (Fountain Plant), long, narrow, graceful foliage, crimson plumes. Height, 4 feet.

Tricolor Splendens, very beautiful (new), great improvement on Tricolor.

Tricolor (Joseph's Coat), red, green, and yellow leaves, very ornamental, beautiful tropical-colored foliage.

Magnificent foliage plants of tropical appearance, with gorgeous leaves of crimson and gold, and green and yellow; colours deepen in the autumn. They are beautiful border plants, requiring plenty of room, good soil, and a warm position. Salicifolius is perhaps the best—a most lovely variety—but Tricolor is also a gem. All are grown for their beautiful coloured leaves; they are hardy annuals. Sow during spring and summer. Height, 3 to 6 feet.

All our Seed Packets

Are free by post anywhere, except Peas and Beans.

Seedsman and **SEARL & SONS** Plant Merchants.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

- Ammobium.** 3d. per pkt.
Alatum, white, with golden centre. Pretty hardy, everlasting; small flowers, of easy culture. Sow in spring. Height, 18 inches.
- Anagallis** (Pimpernel). 3d. per pkt.
Grandiflora, finest mixed, all colors. A family of dwarf growing annuals, constant bloomers, compact habit; prefers a rich soil. Sow in autumn or spring. Height, 12 inches.
- Achusa.** 3d. per pkt.
Capensis, bright azure blue. A free-flowering, hardy perennial, excellent for bouquets; like a strong-growing forget-me-not. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 2 feet.
- Anemone** (For Bulbs, see List).
Chinensis (Coronaria). Finest mixed, choice strain. Height, 12 inches. 3d. per packet.
Japonica, very pretty, flowers all the summer; rose, fine. Height, 2 feet. 6d. per packet.
St. Brigid (the Irish Poppy-flowered Anemone). Large single and semi-double flowers of a wonderful variety of color. 6d. per packet.
- Tuberous-rooted plants, easily produced from seed; bloom early in the spring. Requires good, rich, well-drained soil, perennial. Sow in the early autumn. It is known that when sowing this seed it is easier treated if mixed with a small quantity of sawdust.
- Angelonia.** 6d. per pkt.
Glandiflora, lilac.
Alba, white, charming.
Handsome upright-growing plants, producing numerous spikes covered with flowers; blooms during the autumn; makes a nice pot-plant. Sow in the spring. Height, 18 inches.
- Antigonon.** 3d. per pkt.
Leptopus, a pretty pink climber. Very attractive. Likes a warm situation.

We sell to please!

We'd rather not sell to you than sell
to you and not please you.—S. & S.

- Antirrhinum** (Snapdragon). 3d. per pkt.
Brilliant, scarlet, golden, and white.
Grandiflorum, large flowering, finest mixed. New large-flowered varieties; splendid.
- Majus Album**
" scarlet
" Luteum, yellow, fine.
" Striatum. Finest striped varieties.
" Tall, a grand mixed strain.
- Dwarf Nanum Album.**
Nanum, "Black Prince," new, nearly black, small dark leaves; very fine.
Nanum Picturatum, striped, and spotted, showy.
" (Queen of the North); pure white, small leaved; very pretty.
" yellow
" scarlet
- Striatum**, Varieties, best mixed, choice strain.
Tom Thumb, Varieties, finest mixed.
- Searls' Sovereign Strain** (Tall). New and magnificent varieties of these charming flowers. 6d. per packet.
Beautiful, hardy, blooming plants, with fine spikes of flowers. The Tom Thumb varieties are very fine. Easily raised from seed. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 1 foot to 3 feet.
- Aquilegia**. (or Columbine). 3d. per pkt.
Barr's Spurred. A glorious strain of Columbines. The best we can import. 6d. per packet.
Single, mixed. Fine sorts.
Double, mixed. Choice, many colors.
Chrysantha, very fine, golden yellow.
Coerulea, very beautiful species.
Californica Hybrida, large yellow flowers, dark orange spurs; splendid.
- Nivea Grandiflora**, semi-double, white.
Olympica, large, blue.
Skinneri, scarlet, tipped with green, very handsome; quite distinct. 6d. per packet.
- Searls' Sovereign Strain**, spurred and handsome variety, many colours. A combination of many sorts. 6d. per packet.
- Very showy, hardy, herbaceous perennials; make handsome things in the border; easily grown. They require a light soil. Sow autumn and spring. Height, 18 to 24 inches.

- Arabis** (Rock Cress). 3d. per pkt.
Alpina, white, very dwarf. Excellent for border or rock work, blooming freely; hardy perennial. Sow in spring. Height, 6 inches.
- Arctotis.** 3d. per pkt.
Grandis, white, lilac on the outside, delicate pale violet centre. A charming glaucous green-foliaged annual, of succulent growth; free blooming; splendid for cut blooms. Height, 24 inches.
- Aristolochia.** 6d. per pkt.
Elegans (Dutchman's Pipe), immense flowers, dark purple and white.
A splendid climber, free flowering; flowers peculiarly shaped. Sow in the autumn. Height, 10 feet.
- Armeria** (Thrift). 6d. per pkt.
Cephalotes, rose, fine.
Fine variety of the old English flower; hardy perennial. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 12 inches.
- Asters.**
Should be grown in every garden, their chrysanthemum-like flowers of 11 colors being most attractive, and very useful late in the autumn, when the borders are generally devoid of bloom.
- Dwarf Bouquet.** A good dwarf strain, which we recommend. 3d. per packet.
Branching, Fine Mixed (late blooming), a glorious strain. 6d. per packet.
- Dwarf Chrysanthemum**, finest mixed, various colors. 3d.
" Crown, finest mixed, superb; very showy class; white centre, 3d per packet. Height, 18 inches.
" German, mixed. A favourite sort. 3d. per packet.
" Mignon, white; splendid for cut flowers. 3d. per packet.
" Paecy Perfection (Benary's Improved), various colours. 3d. per packet.
" Pyramidal Bouquet, 8 inches high, various colours. 3d. per packet.
" Victoria, finest mixed; effective. 3d per packet.
- Giant Comet**, finest mixed, long petals. 3d. per packet.
" white; extra strain. 3d. per packet.
- Christmas Tree**, very free; many colors. 6d. per packet.
Hohenzollern. This is considered the grandest Aster; tall branching, and bears flowers of mammoth size, measuring up to 8 inches across, which may be cut with stems nearly two feet long. They are extremely double, the petals resembling a large-flowered Japanese Chrysanthemum. In four separate colours, white, crimson, rose, and azure blue. 1s. per pkt.
- Ostrich Plume**, mixed; excellent for cutting. 6d. per packet.
- Queen of the Market**, mixed. Three weeks earlier than any other variety; of branching, loose habit. 6d. per packet.
- Quilled German**, finest mixed, various colors. 3d. per packet.
- Single Flowered Marguerite**, mixed, valuable for cutting, effective. 6d per packet.
- Triumph**, fine mixed excellent paeony, flowered; variety of Tom Thumb habit. Height, 6 inches. 3d per packet.
- Victoria Needle** (Hedgehog), finest mixed, splendid class. 3d per packet.
- Simple's Late Branching**. Similar in habit to Vick's Branching Aster, but the large showy flowers are pure white and all the delicate shades of crimson, pink, and blue. Mixed. 6d. per packet.
- Searls' Sovereign Strain**, composed of the best strains grown; splendid; semi-dwarf class. 6d. per packet.
A lovely family of annuals, easily grown from seed; must have plenty water during summer; like a light, rich soil. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 6 to 24 inches.
- Aubretia.** 6d. per pkt.
Leichtlini, luminous carmine rose. Very pretty, hardy perennial; suitable for edgings and borders. Sow in autumn. Height, 15 inches.
- Auricula** (Primula Auricula). 6d. per pkt.
Mixed, choice strain.
An old English favourite, requiring special culture, and only suitable for the cooler districts. Variety of color, sometimes green, white edged; the entire flowers appear as if dusted with powder; hardy perennials. To be sown in fine soil in boxes during the autumn and spring, and transplanted when fit to handle. Height, 6 inches.
- Balsam.** 3d. per pkt., unless otherwise mentioned.
Our Balsams come from the most superb strains, with beautiful form and colours. The Solferino is perfect in form and colour. The flowers are delicately striped and spotted. Like a rich soil, plenty of moisture. Suitable also for pot cultivation. Sow in the spring and summer. Height, 18 inches.
- Carnation**, Striped and Flaked, various colors.
Camellia, Flowered, self-coloured (improved).
Double Spotted, mixed.
Rose Flowered, mixed.
Solferino, Striped and Spotted.
- Searls' Sovereign Strain**. Some of the choicest varieties are introduced into this mixture. 6d. per packet.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Balloon Vine (See *Cardiospermum*).**Bartonia.**

3d. per pkt.

A useful showy annual.

Aurea, yellow.

Begonia (Tuberous-rooted).

1s. per pkt.

Gracilis—

Single Varieties, mixed, choice strain, showy.

Double Varieties, mixed, choice strain; from a rich collection.

Semperflorens, 6d. per packet.

Fine mixed (fibrous rooted), free flowering, effective for bedding.

Fine decorative plant, very handsome and easily cultivated in pots. These charming plants require great care in raising from seed, which is very small, and must be sown in light soil in a frame or greenhouse, and afterwards grown in pots. Foliage very handsome; graceful, drooping flowers, most attractive; tender perennials. The *Begonias* will not succeed out of doors. Sow the seed in spring. Height, 18 inches.



Coleus.

Bellis Perennis (Double Daisy). 3d per pkt.

Longfellow, uncommonly large, very double, dark rose blooms.

Snowball, large double white.

Fine mixed, good.

Blue Marguerite (See *Agathea*).**Brachycombe.**

3d. per pkt.

Iberidifolia, Blue*Iberidifolia* Alba, White (Swan River Daisy).*Iberidifolia*, fine mixed.

Hardy annual, compact, stands dry weather, flowers daisy-like, borne in great profusion; likes light, rich soil. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 9 inches.

Browallia.

3d. per pkt.

Most desirable plants, which cover themselves with a profusion of elegant blossoms. Should be sown early in spring. Height, 15 inches.

Elata Alba, White.

" Blue.

Calandrinia.

3d. per pkt.

Umbellata.

Fine flowering plants; will grow in any soil; of a dwarf habit, and suitable for edgings. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 12 inches.

Calampelis Scabra (*Eccremocarpus*). 6d. per pkt.

Deep orange; one of the finest climbers.

Calceolaria.

1s. per pkt.

A charming plant for frame, conservatory, or bush-house culture, requiring rich, light, fibrous soil, and plenty of pot room. They cannot be grown in the border. Sow in the autumn. Height, 12 to 18 inches.

Hybrida Grandiflora, large flowered; self-colored; splendid strain; very robust and floriferous.

Hybrida Grandiflora Tigrina (Tigred and Spotted), most beautiful and brilliantly marked flowers.

Hybrida Grandiflora (Tigred-spotted and self-colored), in splendid mixture, glorious strain; reliable.

Rugosa (Shrubby), true bedding varieties, innumerable very small flowers.

Calendula (Marigold).

3d. per pkt.

Hybrida, white.

Meteor, double, orange, striped.

Officialis, fl. pl., double, fine mixed; good sort.

Officialis Ranunculoides, fl. pl. (Garden Marigold), splendid.

Prince of Orange, double, rich orange, striped.

Pluvialis (Cape Marigold), white, exterior of petals shaded maroon.

Pongel, fl. pl., double, effective, useful.

Well-known annuals; capital for bedding or border; exceedingly hardy. Sow in the autumn or spring. Height, 12 to 24 inches. (See also *Tagetes*).

Calliopsis.

3d. per pkt.

Bicolor (*Tinctoria*), very pretty.

Marmorata, yellow and red-brown. This is one of the best of our hardy annuals. A most beautiful plant in the garden, not particular as to soil, a long time in bloom. Plants should be 2 feet apart. Sow autumn and spring. Height, 2 feet.

Coronata. Lovely yellow. Most useful for cutting.

3d. per pkt.

Coronata Maxima, yellow, large flower, fine.*Drummondii*, yellow-crimson centre.*Bicolor Nigra Speciosa*, a beautiful variety.*Bicolor Semiplena*, semi-double, pretty.

Tall sorts, mixed, a choice strain.

Campanula (Canterbury Bells).

3d. per pkt.

Calycanthema, splendid mixed, resembling cup and saucer.

Medium Carpatica, Blue; pretty. 3d. per pkt.*Medium Carpatica*, Alba, white, edging and groups.*Medium Double Blue*.*Medium Double*, Finest Mixed, various, well assorted.*Medium, White*.*Medium Pyramidalis*, long spikes of bloom.*Pyramidalis*, Alba, a lovely white flowering sort.

Single, Blue, a magnificent variety.

Medium Single, Finest Mixed, a choice strain.

" White, a splendid bloomer.

A family of very showy border plants, the colors being very distinct and rich; the single varieties are exceedingly pretty, and the *Calycanthema* double and *pyramidalis* varieties, are magnificent. Easily raised from seed. Sow in frame or box, and plant out in the border later. Free bloomers; hardy perennials. Sow in autumn or spring. Height, 1 to 3 feet.

Californian Tree Poppy (See *Romneya*).**Candytuft** (See *Iberis*).**Canna** (Indian Shot).

Crozy's Hybrids, Fine Mixed, very ornamental plants, both for flowers and foliage. 6d. per packet.

Extra Choice, mixed. A choice strain containing many colors. 3d. per packet.

See also list of named varieties in "Plant Section."

Ornamental Plants with handsome foliage; brilliant flowers; easily raised from seed in a frame. Magnificent decorative plants; grown in the garden in sheltered situations, or in pots in a bush-house; half hardy perennials. Height, 3 to 4 feet. Sow autumn and spring.

Canary Creeper (See *Tropæolum*).**Canterbury Bell** (See *Campanula*).**Cardiospermum** *Habicacabum* (Balloon Vine). 3d. per pkt.

A vine not very well known. We offer now reliable seed of it; curiously shaped flowers.

Carnation (Marguerite Section). 6d. per pkt.

The Margaret variety, a charming new strain, bearing a great profusion of bloom, which forms a most striking object in the borders; a large percentage comes very double and beautifully fringed; most suitable for bouquet purposes. Sow autumn and spring. Height, 30 inches.

Giant or Malmaison, improved type of Margaret, extra large flowering. This strain has given wonderful satisfaction. 1s. per pkt.

Margaret Varieties, a superb strain, mixed; habit robust.

" White (Snowflake), a beautiful variety.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Carnation (Perpetual Section). 1s. per pkt.
 Perpetual, choice mixed, 80 per cent. of doubles, superb tree bloomers.
 Riviera Market, the finest Marguerite Carnation, and of rapid growth; splendid double flowers. 1s. per pkt.
 Yellow Ground Fancies, unrivalled strain, producing the much-required shades.
 Double Mixed, superb class; good sorts; border. 6d. per packet.

Castor Oil Plant (See Ricinus Africanus).

Castilleja. 1s. per pkt.

Indivisa. It is not too much to say that it is one of the best of recent introductions; produces flower-bracts of a brilliant crimson scarlet. Sow in spring.

Catchfly (See Silene).

Celosia (Cockscomb). 3d. per pkt.

Cristata Nana, mixed, a splendid strain of fine quality; excellent.
 Empress, bright crimson combs, dark foliage; very beautiful.
 Glasgow Prize, very fine crimson combs; splendid.
 Pyramidalis Plumosa, splendid mixed, splendid feathery spikes of various colors.
 Spicata (Argentea Lenearis), bright rose changing to silvery white; excellent for cutting and drying.
 Thompsoni Magnifica, a feathered Cockscomb of great beauty; a stately plant, well branched, producing abundance of side shoots, with feathered crests of crimson. Height, 4 feet. 6d. per packet.
 Old English favourites. The three firstnamed produce large cockscomb-like heads of brilliant crimson. Pyramidalis bears its flowers in feathery spikes, and should have the leaders pinched out, which will improve its habit. Height, 2 feet. Half hardy annuals. Sow in spring and summer.

Centaurea. 3d. per pkt.

Cyanus (Cornflower), mixed; single varieties; a choice strain.
 " Emperor William, bright blue; fine.
 " Alba, pure white; very good.
 " Flore Plena, semi-double; finest mixed; about 50 per cent. true; a choice strain.
 Imperialis, mixed (Giant-flowering Sweet Sultans), a very hardy class; fine.
 Moschata (Sweet Sultan), Alba, white; excellent.
 " Coerulea, a beautiful blue.
 " Fine mixed; a choice strain.
 Sauveolens, yellow, fine.
 The Single Blue Cornflower, so common in the English fields, is one of the most useful annuals in cultivation. It blooms during winter in profusion, and is most useful for cutting for bouquets in winter and spring. The plants should stand one foot apart, and can be transplanted. This interesting family comprises the well-known Sweet Sultan. Height, 1½ to 2 feet. Sow during autumn and spring.



Cineraria.

Centaurea Candidissima. 3d. per pkt.

(Argentea vera ragusina).

Valuable perennial foliage plant for ribbon bordering; very effective when massed with other colored leaves; round, compact plants, with silvery foliage. Height, 12 inches. Sow in autumn.

We quote very low prices, but expect remittance with order from new clients.

SEARL & SONS.

Centaureidum. 3d. per pkt.

Drummondii, yellow flowers.
 A showy, hardy annual of a dwarf and trailing habit; suitable for edges and rockeries.

Centrosema (Butterfly Pea). 6d. per pkt.

Grandiflorum, flowers from 1½ to 2½ inches across, of a beautiful inverted pea shape; rosy violet to reddish purple, feathered with white.
 An exceedingly beautiful perennial climber; easily grown from seed, which should be soaked for a few hours in tepid water before sowing. Sow in spring.



Celosia Thompsoni Magnifica.

Cerinthe. 3d. per pkt.

Mixed, splendid for bees. Every bee-keeper should purchase a small quantity of this. Sow during spring.

Cheiranthus Maritimus (Virginian Stock).

Fine Mixed, Height, 6 inches. Very dwarf; free blooming hardy annual; very effective for edgings. Sow seed in early spring.

Chrysanthemum 3d. per pkt.

Chrysanthemums of all classes should be very largely grown, as they are certainly very beautiful and the most useful flowers to be found for cutting purposes.

Carinatum, Northern Star. This fine variety, which was well received last season, produces remarkably large flowers averaging 3½ in. across, and although not quite so floriferous as the old Chr. carinatum album it makes a much better display. The flowers are a glistening white passing to yellow towards the bold black disc. It comes almost true from seed. 6d. per packet.

Carinatum Burridgeanum (Lord Beaconsfield).

" Dunnettii Aureum, fl. pl., golden.
 " Dunnettii Album, fl. pl., white. 3d. per pkt.
 " Eclipse, brown and yellow, very fine.
 " Finest Mixed, single, good.
 " double, various.

" Golden Feather, semi-dwarf, yellow foliage.

Frutescens, Marguerite, white.

Inodorum Plenissimum, fine double-white flowers; capital for cutting.

Segetum Grandiflorum, yellow.

These varieties are hardy annuals; strong growers, showy, and are admirably suited for cutting; they keep a long time in water. Marguerites are most popular, and should always have a place, as they are one of our finest garden annuals. Should be sown during autumn or spring. 18 inches to 2 feet high.

(See also Leucanthemums).

Cape Forget-me-not (See Anchusa).

Reliable Seeds: SEARL & SONS Searls' Seeds.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Cineraria.

1s. per pkt.

Hybrida, choicest, mixed, dwarf strain.
Hybrida Grandiflora, splendid mixed. A beautiful large-flowering strain; prize varieties.
Hybrida Plenissima, double mixed. This strain will produce a large percentage of double flowers.

Most elegant and charming bush-house or green-house plants. Should be raised in a frame, in pots and boxes, and transplanted rapidly into small-sized pots, and again into blooming pots, as soon as the smaller are well filled with roots. Use light soil mixed with old cow manure, a little sand, and old vegetable mould made from decayed leaves; transfer to bush-house as soon as established in blooming pots. Can also be grown as border plants in a sheltered suitable position. Sow in the autumn. Height, 18 to 24 inches.

Ornamental-leaved variety. 3d. per pkt.

Cineraria Maritima Candidissima. Very ornamental; large leaves. 3d. per packet.

This variety, although classed as a Cineraria, is grown as a hardy foliage plant only, its beautiful silvery leaves being very effective in carpet bedding; it is of no value as a flowering plant. Sow in spring. Height, 12 inches.

Clarkia.

3d. per pkt.

Elegans, finest mixed, single.
Elegans, finest mixed, double.

A showy, hardy annual; easily grown; very effective in masses. Sow spring and autumn. Height, 18 inches.

Clintonia.

3d. per pkt.

Pulchella, rich blue color, yellow eyes.

Charming little plant for edging, pots, or rockeries. Sow the seed in boxes and transplant. Hardy annual. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 6 inches.

Cobaea Scandens.

3d. per pkt.

A splendid climber, producing large, bell-shaped flowers, purple.

Fl. Albo, white, very fine.

Most useful and ornamental; perennial; large bell-shaped flowers; rapid grower. Should be raised in pots and planted out in the autumn or spring. Height, 6 feet.

Cockscomb (See Celosia).



Chrysanthemum
(Tricolor)



Dianthus

Coleus.

1s. per pkt.

This strain of seed is saved from a superb collection. As a foliage plant the Coleus, for ordinary cultivation, cannot be surpassed; easily grown and admirably adapted to our climate. As a pot plant, grown either in conservatory or bush-house, it is charming. In the warmer parts of the State it can also be used for bedding, when it sometimes reaches the height of 3 feet. Sow in spring and summer; likes a good rich soil, plenty of moisture. Large-leaved, finest mixed. A very rich and choice strain.

Finest Varieties, splendid mixed. From a superb collection.

Verschaffeldtii. Good, lovely foliage. 6d per packet.

Collinsia.

3d. per pkt.

Mixed, free blossoming, though not particularly attractive; should be sown in autumn; good.

Collomia.

3d. per pkt.

Coccinea. Hardy annual, flowers Bouvardia-like; of nice compact habit. Sow in the spring. Height, 12 inches.

Columbine (See Aquilegia).

Convolvulus (Morning Glory).

3d. per pkt.

Charming free blooming plants; nice foliage; free bloomers. Sow in the spring.

Minor (dwarf), fine mixed; a variety of colours.

Major (tall), fine mixed. This is a climber, suitable for trellis.

Mauritanicus, blue, for suspending; perennial.

((See also Ipomoeas.))

Coreopsis.

3d. per pkt.

Grandiflora, very large, golden yellow; perennial.

Lanceolata, yellow, fine, true.

((See also Calliopsis.))



Single
Dahlias

Cornflower (See Centaurea).

Cosmea (Cosmos).

3d. per pkt.

Most showy and charming annuals, producing single flowers of great beauty; white, mauve, purple, etc., with fine foliage; most useful for table decoration. Sow autumn and spring. Height, 6 feet.

Bipinnata, pink, beautiful, fine.

" Alba, white, lovely.

" Purpurea, purple, fine.

" finest mixed.

Klondyke, rich deep orange, vigorous grower and free flowering.

Cowslip (See Primula Officinalis).

Cosmidium.

3d. per pkt.

Burridgeanum. Velvety-brown, resembling a sort of Calliopsis.

One of the most hardy showy annuals. It is well adapted for massing, splendid for cutting. Sow in autumn or spring. Height, 18 inches.

Cuphea.

3d. per pkt.

Miniata. Flowers deep scarlet.

A pretty annual, most useful for bedding; very dwarf and abundant bloomer.

Cyclamen.

1s. per pkt.

A most interesting tribe of tuberous plants, easily produced from seed if grown in light soil; raised in a box. They will not flower till the second season, but will then repay all trouble. A good winter flowering pot plant.

Giganteum, finest mixed, fine form, and a very free flowering variety.

Giganteum, Album, large flowering, very fine.

Persicum, mixed, various; many beautiful shades.

Papilio (Butterfly Cyclamen), good strain.

mixed.

Cypress Vine (See Ipomoea Quamoclit).

Dahlia

3d. per pkt.

This universal favourite is easily raised from seed. The Cactus type are exceedingly beautiful, and are now established great favourites. Sow seed autumn and spring. 3 to 5 feet. Of course, they readily transplant.

Dahlia Cactus, mixed, saved from the finest named varieties of pointed petal sorts. 6d per packet.

Dahlia Double, mixed, select strain.

Finest Varieties, single, mixed, various; showy.

"First Prizes where I have competed"

"I am quite satisfied about the quality of your seeds, both Vegetable and Flower. I have managed to secure First Prize in most places where I have competed.—A. E., Ryde, February 1, 1908."

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Daisy.

Double (See *Bellis Perennis*).
 Marguerite (See *Chrysanthemum Frutescens*).
 Swan River (See *Brachycombe*).
 Shasta (See *Leucanthemum*).

Datura (Trumpet Flowers). 3d. per pkt.

Ceratocaula. Large trumpet-shaped, pink and white flowers, beautifully sweet-scented; a very useful, hardy annual. Sow in spring. 36 inches.

Delphinium (Perennial Larkspur). 6d. per pkt.

Cachemirianum, dark blue, very fine.
Caucasicum, new, sky-blue.
Chinense, fine, mixed; splendid strain.
Elatum, dark blue, very fine.
Hybridum, fl. pl., double varieties, finest mixed; from a very rich collection.

Formosum, dark blue, fine.
Coelestinum, sky blue, handsome.
Hybridum, fl. pl.

Kelway's Strain. World-renowned. 1s. per pkt.
Zall, long spikes of yellow flowers.

Searls' Sovereign Strain, a superb variety. 1s. per pkt.

Charming family of perennials, with handsome foliage and fine spikes of flowers. Very effective in the border. They make handsome plants. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 2 to 4 feet when in flower.

Devil in a Bush (See *Nigella*).**Diadem Pink** (See *Dianthus*).**Dianthus**. 3d. per pkt.

The varieties of this magnificent tribe adapt themselves particularly well to our climate, and will bloom nearly the entire season. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 12 inches.

Albus, Queen of Holland.

Barbatus (Sweet William), various, single, fine mixed.

fl. pl., mixed, double, choice sorts.

Chinensis (Indian Pink), finest single, mixed.

Finest double mixed, good strain, choice.

Crimson Belle, brilliant, blood-red in colour; a companion flower to *Snowflake*.

Eastern Queen, rose, showy, single flowered variety.

Heddegei Atrosanguineus, blood-red.

fl. pl., very dark and good. 3d.

Albo Marginatus, fl. pl.

Hybridus, fl., pleno, double, choicest mixed,

very large flowering.

Heddegei Hybridus, *Diadematus*, fl. pl. (*Diadem Pink*),

splendid mixed.

Heddegei Laciniatus, single, mixed; extra good.

Albus (*Snowflake*), single, pure

white; good.

Heddegei Laciniatus, fl. pl., charming variety, finest

double mixed.

Heddegei Laciniatus, various, large-fringed variety.

Finest single, mixed, beautiful.

Laciniatus (*Snowdrift*). A new, strikingly

beautiful, double, white, free-flowering *Dianthus*, of

vigorous, branching habit; the flowers are large,

deeply fringed, and of the purest white; a splendid

bedding plant. They give a continuous supply of

material for cutting for bouquets and house decoration.

1s. per pkt.

Imperialis (*Imperial Pink*), fl. pl., superb, mixed.

Plumarius (*Single Pink*), fine mixed; a lovely strain.

The Bride, white, with purple centre; very pretty.

Searls' Sovereign Strain. A splendid mixture of the

above. 6d. per pkt.

Digitals Gloxiniflora. 3d. per pkt.

Finest mixed. A well-known English favourite; does well here, is easy of cultivation, and very striking when in flower. Sow in the autumn or spring. Height, 4 feet.

House Decorations, &c.

Searl's Copper Pots and Chaldrons, for
 Ferns or Palms * * * * *

Searls' Gate Fence Vases, for Flowers

Will give an additional charm
 to the happiest home * * *

Dolichos. 3d. per pkt.

A quick-growing climber, bearing small, red, pea-shaped blossoms in clusters; capital for covering an old wall or fence.

Giganteus, a splendid variety.

Lab Lab (*Hyacinth Bean*), purple.

" " *Albus*, white.

" " Mixed.

Lignosus, lilac.

Albus, small leaf, white. 3d. per pkt.

Burpee's Bush Dolichos ((New)). Makes a most showy plant when grown singly or interspersed with other plants. It can be raised easily from seed planted in the open ground after danger of frost is past. Growing always in compact bush form it does not require the space nor the supports needed for the running type, and has the advantage of flowering much earlier in the season. 1s. per pkt.

Eccremocarpus (See *Calampelis*).**Elchrysium** (see *Helichrysium*).**Erigeron Coulterii**. 6d. per pkt.

A new, free-flowering plant from Colorado; graceful, well-shaped flowers on stems 18 inches long; pure white, with black centre, somewhat resembling a *Giant Marguerite*; a splendid acquisition. Sow in the spring.

Eritrichium. 6d. per pkt.

Barbigerum, white, sweet-scented; dwarf.

Eschscholtzia. 3d. per pkt.

This is one of the most beautiful of the Californian annuals; has handsome foliage; expands its flowers to the blazing sun, and is of a dazzling brightness. It wants plenty of space, and will thrive in any ordinary soil. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 9 inches.

Californica, *Alba*, fl. pl., a beautiful double-white *Eschscholtzia*.

Californica, *Alba*, white.

" bright yellow.

Carmine King ((New)). A valuable novelty, with large flowers. Colour carmine-rose. Very useful. 1s. per pkt.

Crocea, fl. pl.

" orange.

Striata; prettily marked.

Mandarin, very fine, deep orange.

Maritima, lovely yellow.

Mixed Single Sorts; a choice strain.

Mixed Double Sorts; lovely, gorgeous.

Euphorbia Heterophylla. 6d. per pkt.

(Mexican Fire Plant, or Annual Poinsettia.)

Bushy plants, 4 to 5 feet high, with glossy green leaves, which form at the end of the branches into large whorls and bracts, among which small green flowers appear, and immediately close up to a brilliant orange scarlet.

Evening Primrose (See *Oenothera*).**Everlasting Flowers** (See *Helichrysium*).**Everlasting Pea** (See *Lathyrus Latifolius*).**Flax** (See *Linum*).**Forget-me-not** (See *Myosotis*).**Foxglove** (See *Digitalis*).**Freezia**. 3d. per pkt.

Although generally grown from bulbs, they are very hardy, and easily raised from seed. Will flower the first season from seed. Sow in early autumn. (See *Bulb List for Bulbs*).

Leichtlini, yellow.

Refracta, *Alba*, white.

Fuchsia. 1s. per pkt.

The seed we offer has been saved from the choicest varieties: hardy perennials. Sow during spring in pots in a frame or bush-house, and transplant the seedlings into small pots; only a percentage of double flowers can be expected. Seed will not germinate in the open ground. Height, 36 inches.

Hybrida, Double Mixed, from best varieties.

Hybrida, Single Mixed, from best varieties.

Gaillardia. 3d. per pkt.

A most hardy plant, blooms throughout the summer in the driest soil; very attractive, and, for decorative purposes, stands unrivalled. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 1½ to 2 feet.

Amblydon, deep-red, tall.

Grandiflora Fol-Aurea, Variegatus, leaves striped and

blotched with golden yellow.

Grandiflora; splendid, mixed, perennial, lovely.

Picta Drummondii, single, red and yellow.

Fistulosa, quilled, pretty double.

" *Josephus*, scarlet, yellow bands.

" *Lorenziana*, double, finest mixed, flowers pale yellow and deep crimson.

Gentiana. 6d. per pkt.

Acaulis, dark-blue; lovely border plant, specially adapted for cold climate, its rich, dark-blue, tubular flowers being very effective. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 6 inches.

Geranium (See *Pelargonium*).

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Gesneria.

1s. per pkt.

Hybrida, finest mixed hybrids.

A beautiful pot plant; should be better known. Sow in pots, autumn or spring, under glass, and transplant. Height, 18 inches.

All our Packet Seeds
are Post Free
Everywhere.



Gaillardia



Gloxinia (Searls' Sovereign Strain)

Gladiolus.

6d. per pkt.

Gandavensis, splendid mixed.

Lemoinei, finest mixed. We are able to offer seeds of this magnificent class of spotted Gladiolus, saved from the very best strains.

This magnificent genus is easily raised, and from hybridised seeds the variety of color and tints obtainable is endless; light, sandy, loamy soil is the most suitable for raising seedlings. Sow in spring. Height, 36 inches. (For Gladiolus Bulbs, see Bulb List.)

Globe Amaranth (See Gomphrena).**Gloxinia** (Hybrid Grandiflora). 1s. per pkt.

One of the handsomest tender tuberous plants in cultivation; requires frame culture to germinate the seeds, and pot cultivation, and the shelter of a frame, bush-house, or conservatory. Sow in the autumn. Crassifolia Erecta, superb, mixed; very good. Higbert, 1s. 6d.

Searls' Sovereign Strain, same as exhibited, and so much admired in our window. Splendid mixture. 2s. per packet.

Tigred and Spotted, splendid, mixed; choice.

Gomphrena Globosa (Globe Amaranth). 3d. per pkt.

Alba, white.

Rubra, purple.

Mixed, pretty; splendid strain.

Very useful autumn flowering annuals. Sow during spring and summer. Height, 18 inches.

Golden Feather (See Pyrethrum).

Grasses, Seeds of (see another page of this book).

Gypsophila Elegans. 3d. per pkt.

Pure white; very handsome; bears lovely spray of tiny white flowers, making it very suitable for mixing with flowers in vases. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 18 inches.

We have plants of a new type, **Gypsophila Paniculata**, fl. pl. 1s. each (see plant portion).**Godetia.**

3d. per pkt.

A pretty tribe of really beautiful hardy annuals; will grow in the poorest soil, and produce a grand display of gorgeous flowers, even in a dry season. They are of nice compact habit, and cut flowers keep well in water. Should be sown during autumn and spring. Height, 12 inches.

Bijou, dwarf and bushy habit; white flowers, dark-rose spot; charming.

Duke of York, vivid carmine.

Duchess of Albany, satiny white flowers; beautiful.

Lady Albemarle, bright crimson, large flowers.

Princess of Wales, brilliant red.

Princess Henry, satiny rose, with carmine spots.

Rubicunda Splendens, brilliant red; very fine.

The Bride, white and crimson; fine.

White Pearl, pure white.

Witneyli, very attractive.

Mixed.—Comprising many of the above, in mixture, 3d. per packet.

Searls' Sovereign Strain. Mixture of Finest Semi-dwarf varieties, finest mixed; a lovely strain. 6d. per pkt.**Helianthus** (Sunflower).

3d. per pkt.

Annuus, sulphur.

Annuus (Primrose-coloured). Lovely.

Argophyllus, pretty and ornamental.

Californicus, fl. pl., large, double, yellow; 8 feet.

Giant Russian, the largest variety.

Globosus Fistulosus, fl. pl., double, golden, fine; 6 feet.

Nanus, fl. pleno, double; 3 feet high; fine golden yellow.

Cucumerifolius, branching, nice foliage; 4 to 5 feet.

Diadem, large flowers, citron.

Orion, with crisped petals; good.

Hybr. fl. pl., new double and semi-double varieties; very fine.

Cucumerifolius, "Stella," flowers 3 inches across; pure golden yellow, black disc; plants, 4 to 5 feet. The best of the small-flowered varieties.

The Red Sunflower. New and rare. 1s. per pkt.

These well-known hardy annuals are of a majestic appearance, some varieties attaining from 6 to 8 feet, with flowers of enormous size. The small-flowered varieties, Stella and Cucumerifolius, are most decorative and useful for cutting. One of the best summer yellow annuals. Sow in the spring and summer.



Godetia

PARCELS POST RATES.

We can send Plants and Seeds to the various States with great success per Parcels Post. Advices often reach us of the arrival in splendid condition of Carnations, Roses, etc., sent to all parts of Australia. We quote from these letters on other pages.

Description.

Under 1 lb.

Under 2 lb.

Under 3 lb.

Under 4 lb.

Under 5 lb.

Under 6 lb.

Under 7 lb.

Under 8 lb.

Under 9 lb.

Under 10 lb.

Under 11 lb.

s. d.

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New South Wales

0 6

0 9

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1 3

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1 9

2 0

2 3

2 6

2 9

3 0

New Zealand, Queensland, South Australia, }
Tasmania, Victoria, West Australia ... }

0 6

1 2

1 8

2 2

2 8

3 2

3 8

4 2

4 8

5 2

5 8

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Helichrysum (Everlastings). 3d. per pkt.
Monstrosum, splendid, mixed.
 " fl. Pleno Album, pure white.
 " Roseum, lovely pink.
 Everlasting flowers, of great beauty; hardy, and free blooming, and very useful for cutting; plants, about 4 feet. Produce their brilliant flowers at a season most wanted. They are hardy annuals, but will often bloom for a whole season. Sow autumn and spring.

Heartsease (See Pansy).

Heliopsis. 3d. per pkt.
Pitcheriana, deep golden color; very free flowering.
 A hardy perennial, of vigorous growth, with flowers about 2 or 3 inches in diameter. Height, 2 to 3 feet. Sow in spring and summer, or autumn.



Helianthus (Sunflower)

Heliotropium (Heliotrope). 6d. per pkt.
 All Sorts, fine, mixed; a good assortment.
 New Large Flowering, finest mixed; very choice strain.
 Sow in a frame or bush-house, in a box or pot, with a sheet of glass placed over it until the plants appear; then give plenty of air, and pot off as soon as plants are fit to handle. Delicious perfume. Sown in autumn and spring. Height, 2 to 3 feet.

Hesperis. 3d. per pkt.
Matronalis (Rocket, Sweet). Mixed.
 Very pleasing early spring-flowering plant; profuse bloomer, very delicious, fragrant flowers; commonly called Dames' Violet. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 18 inches.

Heuchera. 6d. per pkt.
Sanguinea; the flowers borne on graceful spikes, and are of a bright crimson color. Splendid for cutting.
 Beautiful hardy perennial, of dwarf, compact, branching habit. Sow in autumn or spring.

Hibiscus. 3d. per pkt.
Africanus; an annual, with beautiful cream-colored flowers; exceedingly pretty.
 The perennial varieties cannot be procured from seed, but plants can be obtained (see List of Plants in this Catalogue). The annual variety here offered should be sown in spring. Height, 18 inches.

Hollyhock (See Althæa).

Honesty (Satin Flower). (See Lunaria).

"I never saw better packing."

Messrs. Searl and Sons.

"Plants, pots, etc., arrived all right. Slipper Plants and Caladiums are very healthy looking. I never saw better packing.—J. B., Coolah."

Hunnemannia. 3d. per pkt.

Fumariaefolia. Fine feathery foliage, and charming buttercup yellow single flowers, cup-shaped, with red on the stamens.

A charming little perennial, of about 18 inches; easily raised from seed, and quite hardy in the open. The flowers keep well when cut. If cut the day before required, the flowers expand better. We recommend sowing in permanent position, as it does not transplant well.

Humulus (Hop). 3d. per pkt.

Japonicus. Lovely foliage; good climber.

Fol. Variegatus. Leaves variegated with white, true from seed; annual climber, beautiful foliage; quick grower; hardy; likes a rich soil.

Hyacinth Bean (See Dolichos).

Hyacinthus Candicans (Galtonia). 6d. per pkt.

White, Yucca-like; splendid.

Iberis (Candytuft). 3d. per pkt.

Coronaria (White Rocket), white; great favourite.

Empress, large trusses, pure white.

Little Prince, very dwarf, large spikes; handsome.

Umbellata Carminea (Carter's Carmine), true, good variety.

Umbellata Lilacina, lilac or purple.

Purpurea, dark crimson, the darkest; the best strain.

Umbellata, Queen of Italy, very dwarf, rosy white. Annual Sorts, finest mixed; a lovely strain; comprising many colors.

Gibraltarica, large trusses, shading off to white; very fine.
Searls' Sovereign Strain. A choice mixture. 6d. per packet.

The whole of a family well worth a place, but the white and crimson are perhaps the best. Sow in spring. Height, 12 inches.

Ice Plant (See Mesembryanthemum Crystallinum).

Impatiens (Japanese Balsam). 6d. per pkt.

Sultanii Hybrida. Finest varieties, mixed.

Holstii, New Hybrids. **Impatiens Holstii** is with its brilliant vermilion red flowers an excellent pot plant, and also very useful for the open border, groups in a half sunny position producing a striking effect. It is of very robust growth, and the blooms are 1½ to 1½ inch in diameter, i.e., larger than those of the Sultana class, besides which they have a rounder shape, and appear to the number of 6 or 8 on each twig. The new colors are quite distinct and also very beautiful; they come almost true from seed. White with red eye, whitish rose, delicate, rose, carmine, dark scarlet, lilac, dark violet, striped. 1s. per packet.

Makes a good pot plant; free bloomer, of the easiest culture; worth a trial. Likes a nice, loose compost. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 18 inches.

Indian Pink (See Dianthus).

Inula Glandulosa. 1s. per pkt.

Grandiflora. A lovely perennial; flowers deep orange; sow carefully, autumn or spring. Height 12 inches.

Ipomoea. 3d. per pkt.

Bona Nox. Large blue flowers.

Grandiflora, Alba. Splendid, large flowers.

Imperialis (Japanese Giant). Rich colours.

Leardi. Dark blue.

Quamoclit (Cypress Vine). Scarlet flowers; very fine; feathery foliage.

The above is quite distinct, having elegant feathery foliage, with small scarlet flowers; very attractive and handsome.

A splendid family of climbers; rapid growers; fine foliage; handsome Convolvulus-like flowers; all very beautiful hardy annuals, excepting the last-named. Sow in autumn and spring.

Ipomopsis. 3d. per pkt.

Fine Mixed. Brilliant; succeeds best in light, rich soil; long spikes of flowers, delicately spotted; graceful foliage. If planted in a sheltered position, is very attractive; tender biennials. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 3 feet.

Ivy-leaved Nasturtiums (See Tropæolum).

Jacobea (See Senecio).

Larkspur (Annual Delphinium). 3d. per pkt.

Larkspur Perennial (See Delphinium).

Dwarf Candelabrum Flowered. A pretty branching variety.

Dwarf Rocket. Double; various colors.

Stock Flowered. Various colors.

Blue Cardiopetalum. Lovely blue. 3d. per pkt.

Giant Hyacinth Flowered. Spikes of beautiful double flowers.

Rose-coloured, new, very pretty pink.

One of the most valuable of our hardy annuals; producing flower spikes 6 or 8 inches in length; the flowers in beautiful colors; graceful foliage. Sow autumn and spring. Height, 12 to 18 inches.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Lathyrus Odoratus

(SWEET PEA)

3d. per packet.

A Good Collection of
Well-known Sorts.

SEE PAGE 75 FOR NEW SORTS
AND DESCRIPTIONS.

Duke of Clarence. Rosy claret.
Earliest of All. Pinky and white; very early.
Emily Henderson. White; splendid.
Empress of India. Rosy standard; white wings.
Gray Friar. Light mauve; marbled.
Harora.
Juanita. White; striped lavender.
Lady Grisel Hamilton. Pale lavender.
Lottie Eckford. Rosy white; bordered blue.
Mars. Fiery crimson.
Mont Blanc. Very large pure white flower, resembling that of E. Henderson; by far the earliest to bloom, and excellent for forcing; quite distinct by its narrow light green foliage and dwarfier habit.
Mrs. Walter Wright. Lovely shade of mauve.
Navy Blue. Ultramarine blue.
Prima Donna. Lovely soft pink.
Primrose. Pale yellow.
Queen Victoria. Soft yellow; faintly shaded purple.
Sadie Burpee (White-seeded). Pearl white.
Stanley. Deep maroon self.
Stella Morse. Deep cream; shaded rose.
Venus. Chamois rose; beautiful.

Cupid (Tom Thumb). 3d. per pkt.

Beauty. Rose, passing to white.
Pink. Rose and white.
Primrose. Cream.
White. A grand variety.
Mixed. A choice strain of these Tom Thumb sorts.
A dwarf-growing class, now becoming known, and used for bordering and massing; very fine. Sow during the autumn. Height, 12 inches.

In Mixture.

Mixed. A choice assorted strain. 3d. per packet.
Searls' Sovereign Strain. ½ oz., 6d.; 1¼ oz., 1s.; and 2s. 6d. per packet.
Eckford's Hybrids. A really rich variety. 3d. per pkt. (See Collections of Sweet Peas also.)

Lathyrus Pubescens (The Argentine Pea). New perennial. 1s. per pkt.

This is, without doubt, a lovely thing; has all the character of the other good varieties. A beautiful everlasting pea, bearing most lovely racemes imaginable; very floriferous, and when cut the flowers are of good lasting quality. Sow autumn or Spring. Seed scarce.

Double Sweet Peas.

A new race of great beauty. The plants are of very robust growth, with richly fragrant flowers; the flowers are extra large, frequently measuring over 2 inches across. They have from two to three standards, and frequently three wings. All of the petals composing the flower are beautifully incurved and daintily frilled. The effect of the extra number of petals is to throw tinted and varying shadows into the depths of the flower, intensifying the colouring and bringing the high lights into strong relief. The seed offered will produce about 30 per cent. of Double Flowers. Double Mixed, Price, 3d. per pkt.

Lathyrus Latifolius

(Everlasting Pea). 3d. per pkt.

Latifolius. Scarlet; good.
" Albus. White; splendid.
" Roseus. Pink; beautiful.
" Fine Mixed. A good strain.

New Sweet Pea. "SAINT GEORGE."

First-class Certificate,
N.S.P.S., and Silver
Medal.

Award of Merit, R.H.S.,
Holland House.

Recognised as the
Finest Novelty in
Sweet Peas for 1908-9.

Bright, fiery scarlet
standards, wings rather
deeper, the large flowers
possessing the wavy
form of the well-known
Spencer type.

1s. 6d. per packet.

Sweet Peas

COPYRIGHTED 1898 BY ABLINC

THE Sweet Pea is for the most part of climbing habit. Free bloomer and delightfully fragrant. It has been the rule to sow in spring, but autumn-sown Sweet Peas do exceedingly well, and we advise our customers to try a sowing at that season, as it enables the plants to become strong during the winter, and to flower earlier. They are hardy annuals, and the tall varieties grow to a height of 3 to 4 feet. 6 pkts. for 1s., 12 for 1s. 9d., 18 for 2s. 6d., 30 for 4s.

Admiration. Delicate pinkish lavender.
America. Blood-red and white; flaked.
Blanche Burpee. Pure white.
Blanche Ferry. Red and white; very early.
Butterfly. White, tinted lilac.
Captivation. Bright light claret.
Chancellor. Bright orange; wings rosy orange.
Countess of Radnor. Mauve; wings lilac.
Crown Jewel. Primrose; veined violet rose.
Dolly Varden. Purple magenta, turning to white.
Dorothy Tennant. Rosy mauve.
Duchess of York. Delicate white; striped light pink.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Leptosiphon. 3d. per pkt.
Hybridus. Fine mixed colours. Blooms freely.
Pretty hardy annual. Should be sown early in sheltered position; most suitable for bordering, having a dwarf compact habit; pretty foliage. Sow in spring. Height, 6 inches.

Leptosyne Maritima (The Great Yellow Winter-flowering Marguerite). 3d. per pkt.

A hardy annual, lemon-yellow flowers on long stalks; very effective as a border plant, coming into flower in early spring. Valuable for cut flowers; much resembling the favourite Marguerite.
"Stillmani." Golden yellow.

Leucanthemum. 3d. per pkt.
Maximum (Moon Penny Daisy). Large white.
Maximum Hybridum (Shasta Daisy). A lovely thing, of easy culture; excellent for cutting; showy. 6d per packet.
(See also Chrysanthemums.)

Limnanthes. 3d. per pkt.
Douglassi. Flowers white, yellow centre.
Free-blooming, dwarf annual, suitable for edging; much liked by bees. Sow in autumn or spring. Height, 6 inches.

Linaria. 3d. per pkt.
Bipartita. Fine mixed; beautiful dark violet.
Reticulata Aurea Purpurea. Yellow and purple.
Maroccana. Fine mixed; good colours; improved strain.
Cymbalaria. Perennial, known as Kenilworth Ivy; useful for hanging baskets, vases, etc.
One of the most beautiful species of hardy annuals grown for spring flowering, with beautiful spikes of Lobelia-like flowers. Sow during autumn or spring.

Linum (Flax). 3d. per pkt.
Rubrum Grandiflorum Coccineum. Fine scarlet-flowered; flowers on slender stems; foliage good; soak seed in warm water before sowing. Sow in spring. Height, 12 inches.

Flavum (Golden Flax). Perennial variety; rich golden yellow flowers. Height, 18 inches.
Perenne (Perennial Flax). Blue.
Perennial Sorts. Fine mixed; a good sort.

Lophospermum. 3d. per pkt.
Scandens. Large purple flower.
Handsome annual climber; raise in a box or sheltered position out of doors. Grows 10 feet. Sow autumn and spring.

Love-in-a-Mist (See Nigella).
Love-lies-Bleeding (See Amaranthus).

Lunaria. 3d. per pkt.
Biennis (Honesty, or Satin Flower).
Free flowering, hardy biennial; its silvery seed pods are very pretty, cut and dried for winter decorations. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 18 inches.

Lobelia. 3d. per pkt.
Cardinalis. Red. Splendid for bedding. 1s. per pkt.
Erinus Crystal Palace Compacta. Splendid habit; the best.

Erinus Emperor William. Dark blue; foliage distinct and pretty.
Erinus (Barnard's Perpetual). Ultramarine blue; pure white marking; splendid.
Erinus (Gracilis). Blue.

Erecta (White Gem). Pure white.
Exceedingly beautiful, free-blooming, hardy annuals; good for edgings, ribbon, or carpet bedding, producing a dense carpet of bloom. Cardinalis, though a true Lobelia, is quite distinct from the annual varieties, and is a perennial. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 6 to 9 inches.

Lupinus. 3d. per pkt.
Nanus. Dwarf; blue.

Albus. Pure white.
Mixed Annual Sorts. A good variety; showy.
Arboreus (Yellow Tree Lupin). A good sort.
Polyphyllus. Perennial sorts. Finest mixed; producing superb spikes of flowers.

All are very hardy; great favourite. Sow in the autumn or spring.

Lychnis (Chinese Catchfly). 3d. per pkt.
Chalcedonica. Scarlet; fine; in trusses. Attractive, hardy perennial. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 2 feet.

Malope. 3d. per pkt.
Mixed. Sow in the autumn or spring. Height, 12 inches.

Mandevilla Suaveolens. 6d per pkt.
A beautiful white-flowered climber; one of the best. The foliage is graceful, and the flowers are light and wax-like; very useful for bouquets. Sow in the spring. Height, 20 feet.

Marguerite, White (See Chrysanthemums).

Marguerite, Blue (See Agathaea).

Marigold, French and African (See Tagetes).

Marvel of Peru (See Mirabilis).

Martynia. 3d. per pkt.
Formosa (Craniolaria Fragrans). Crimson purple flowers.
Beautiful, sweet-scented, hardy annual; very handsome spikes; makes a nice, showy pot plant. Sow in spring. Height, 2 feet.

Matthiola (Evening Scented Stock). 3d. per pkt.
Bicornis. Beautiful pink and lilac flowers, fragrant, which open in the evening.
Hardy annual. Sow in spring. Height, 18 inches.

Matricaria. 3d. per pkt.
Eximia, fl. pl. Pure white double flowers.
Beautiful hardy annual; pretty for bouquets. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 10 inches.

Maurandia. 3d. per pkt.
Fine Mixed. Beautiful flowers.
Barclayana, blue. 3d. per pkt.
A beautiful close-growing climber; would do well on a wire fence or on a verandah trellis.
Albiflora, white. 3d. per pkt.

A most superb climber, remarkably quick-growing, and free-blooming; its foliage is small but dense, and of a lively green colour. They are half-hardy perennials, liking a rich, friable soil. Sow autumn and spring.

**We never mislead**

a customer. We always
send Seeds and Plants as
good as we describe them.

S. & S.



Mina Lobata

Medeola (Smilax) 6d. per pkt.
Asparagoides. Flowers white, orange-scented.
Very handsome climbing bush-house plant. The graceful beauty of its foliage renders it valuable for vases. Can be used either to climb or droop. Soak seed in tepid water some hours before sowing. Hardy perennial. Sow in spring in pots. Plants of Medeola, 1s. each.

Michauxia. 3d. per pkt.
Campanulata. Large, white, bell-shaped flowers.
A handsome hardy plant; effective for borders; thrive well in warm, sheltered spots.

Mignonette (See Reseda).

Mesembryanthemum. 3d. per pkt.
Crystallinum (Ice Plant). Peculiar glistening foliage, small white flowers; very pretty. Height, 6 inches.
Cordifolium Variegatum. A pretty, variegated-leaved variety; rose-colored flowers, cream-colored leaves. Height, 6 inches.

Tricolor. Crimson, white, and purple; suits sandy soil well. Only grows to a height of 3 inches.

Tricolor Album. A pure white variety; excellent.
Beautiful dwarf-growing plants, of compact habit; half-hardy perennials. The first is a good rockery plant; the second is prized for its foliage, which looks as if the plant were covered with ice. Cordifolium is very suitable for bedding; bright rosy flowers. Sow spring and summer.

Mimosa Pudica (Sensitive Plant). 3d. per pkt.
Very pretty foliage. A tender annual for bush-house culture; curious from the fact that when touched its leaves close up and droop for a time, hence its name. Sow in spring. Height, 18 inches.

Mimulus (Monkey Flower). 3d. per pkt.
A charming plant for pot culture; likes rich, light soil, and a liberal supply of water. It can be grown also in the open ground where the conditions are favourable. Tender perennials. Sow in spring.
Moschatus (Musk). Scented, yellow flower.
Trigrinus. Tigred and Spotted Varieties.
Grandiflorus (Queen's Prize). Very large flowered; beautiful.

Mina Lobata. 6d. per pkt.
A charming climber; requires a sheltered position. Its beautiful, creamy-white flowers are bright orange when half-blown, and when in bud of a vivid red. Pretty half-hardy annual climber. Grows to a height of 20 feet, and produces flowers abundantly. Sow in spring. Plants supplied in paper pots during summer, well forwards, 6d. each; 5s. per doz.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

- Mirabilis.** 3d. per pkt.
Jalapa Splendid, mixed.
 A very hardy plant, well worth a place in any garden; will grow in almost any position; not particular to soil. Sow seed spring or autumn. Height, 3 feet.
Moon Penny Daisy (See *Leucanthemum*).
Morning Glory (see *Convolvulus*).
Mourning Bride (See *Scabiosa*).
Musk (See *Mimulus*).
Myosotis (Forget-me-not). 3d. per pkt.
 This charming plant should be sown in the autumn, when it will bloom profusely during spring, covering itself with flowers of the most lovely hue; very useful for bouquets. Height, 1 foot.
Azorica. A large, blue variety, with white eye.
Fine Mixed. A good strain.
Alpestris (Forget-Me-Not). Blue.
Dissitiflora. Small. 3d. per pkt.
I'alustris. A true marsh Forget-Me-Not.
 " **Semperflorens.** Dwarf.
 " **Grandiflora.** Waterwitch. New.
 " **and splendid variety.**
Palustris Tom Thumb. Very dwarf.
Nasturtium (See *Tropealum*).
Nemophila. 3d. per pkt.
 A charming family of Californian annuals, of dwarf growth, and profuse bloomers, and charming colors. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 6 inches.
Atomaria. White, with black spots.
Insignis. Azure blue.
 " **Alba.** White.
Maculata. White, spotted brown.
Mixed. All sorts; choice strain; beautiful.



Mignonette

- Nemesia.** 6d. per pkt.
Strumosa Suttoni. The best of this class; flowers, various, large.
 Pretty, compact-growing annual, of great merit. Sow in autumn. Height, 12 inches.
Nertera. 6d. per pkt.
Depressa. A charming miniature bush-house pot plant, of a moss-like habit; very compact, forming a perfect carpet over the surface of the pot. The flowers are small, but are followed by beautiful coral-red berries, about the size of a small pea; very attractive, hardy perennial. Should be sown in spring.
Nicotiana (Tobacco Plant). 3d. per pkt.
Nicotiana Affinis. Beautiful white flowers, with a long delicate tube. It is delightfully scented in the evening, and is a most desirable border or pot plant; hardy annual. Sow during spring. Height 36 in.
Nicotiana Sanderae Hybrida. A mixture of the recently-introduced plant; very fine; bears large, brilliant, carmine-red flowers, on bushy, freely branching plants, 2 feet high; the shape of the flower resembles that of *Affinis*, but has a short stout tube; it comes true from seed. 1s. per pkt.
Nierembergia. 3d. per pkt.
Calycina (Gracilis). Light-blue flowers.
 Charming little hardy annual; dwarf.
Nigella (Love-in-a-Mist). 3d. per pkt.
Damascena, fl. pl. Blue.
Alba, fl. pl.
Mixed. A good strain.
 Pretty hardy annual, with graceful foliage. The flowers are nearly hidden in light feathery leaves; an attractive flower. Sow in autumn or spring.

All our
Packet
Seeds
are
Post Free
everywhere.

Nycteriania.

6d. per pkt.

- Affinis.** A white species. 3d per packet.
Capensis. White, with dark centre.
 Very compact little hardy annuals; the plants are covered with pretty star-shaped flowers; very fragrant; pretty for rockeries. Sow during spring.

Oenothera (Evening Primrose).

3d. per pkt.

- Mixed.** Sow in autumn.

Oxalis.

3d. per pkt.

Floribunda Rosea.

- A charming, dwarf, free-flowering perennial. Sow in the spring. Height, 9 inches.

- Tropaeoloides** Foliage dark brown; flowers, yellow. 3d per packet

Paeony (Herbaceous).

6d. per pkt.

- Double Mixed.** Finest varieties and colors. Height, 18 inches.

A magnificent family of plants, but difficult to raise from seed. Must be sown in pots or boxes, and germinated under glass; requires a cool climate; hardy perennial. Sow in spring.

Pansy or Heartsease (Viola Tricolor Maxima).

We have secured some of the finest strains of this favourite flower. The seeds should be sown in boxes in autumn, and planted out early in spring, to as to secure good flowers; a sandy soil is most suitable. Liquid manure during blooming season will greatly assist the size of the flowers. Height, 6 inches.

- Azure Blue.** Very fine. 3d per packet.
Bugnot's Superb. Blotched; very beautiful; extra-large flowers, with broad blotches. 6d per packet.
BUGNOT'S EXHIBITION. A good strain. 1s per packet.

- Candidissima.** Snowy-white, showy strain. 3d per packet.

- Cassier's.** Large flowered; blotched; good. 6d per packet.

- Dennis's New Giant Flowering.** A lovely imported strain. 1s per packet.

- English.** Finest Mixed (The True English-faced Pansy). Very showy plants; compact. 3d per packet.

- Emperor William.** Cornflower blue; splendid. 3d per packet.

- Faust, King of the Blacks.** Darkest, true; fine. 3d per packet.

- Giant Peacock.** Superb variety; blue and violet. 3d per packet.

- Giant Yellow.** Black centre; one of the finest. 3d per packet.

- Gold Margined.** Splendid. 3d per packet.

- Golden Yellow.** Five-spotted; excellent, and quite distinct. 3d per packet.

- Japanese.** We offer this for the first time. Not very well known yet. 1s per packet.

- LARGE FRENCH STAINED.** We consider this one of the finest strains in cultivation; the colors are most beautiful, and include the grand new shade of mahogany crimson; yellow and blue; fine form. 6d per packet.

- Lord Beaconsfield.** Deep purple violet, shaded white; very handsome; not too large; very attractive. 3d per packet.

- Mahogany-flowered.** Very dark. 3d. per pkt.

- Non Plus Ultra.** A very attractive strain. 6d per packet.

- Odier's, or Blotched (Large Stained), Choicest Strain.** Showy variety; finely-marked flowers; good substance. 6d per packet.

- President Carnot.** White; each petal adorned with deep violet blotch. 3d per packet.

- Psyche.** Violet, bordered white, waved petals; splendid. 1s per packet.

- Roemer's Superb Masterpiece Strain.** Very distinct, rich-colored varieties. Extra-fine mixture. 1s per packet.

- SEARLS' SOVEREIGN STRAIN.** A mixture embracing all the best strains, from the famous growers on the Continent. 1s 6d per packet.

- Striped and Mottled.** Splendid strain. 6d per packet.

- Trimarceau (or Giant Pansy).** Various; a distinct and beautiful race of Pansies. 6d per packet.

- Tufted.** Finest mixture of these long and free-blooming varieties. Most adapted for bedding purposes. 6d per packet.

- Victoria.** Wine-red; very fine. 3d per packet.

- White.** Black centre; very showy. 3d per packet.

- Yellow.** Pure; effective for masses. 3d per packet.

Passiflora Edulis (Passion Fruit). 3d. per pkt.

This splendid creeper has fine foliage of a dark-green color, and bears fruit of a delicious flavour. It is a first-class verandah or trellis plant, but the flowers are not very attractive; hardy perennial, and an ever-green. Grows 10 to 15 feet high. Soak the seed before sowing. Sow in spring.

- Coerulea Grandiflora.** Very large flowers of blue; very handsome. 6d. per packet.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Papaver (Poppy). 3d. per pkt.

The Poppies are undoubtedly the most desirable of all annuals. They cannot be surpassed for decorative purposes, especially the Shirley varieties. Sow during autumn or spring. Height, 18 to 36 inches.

Admiral, 1s.**Alpinum**. Orange; charming variety." **Album**.**Danebrog**. Brilliant scarlet, blotched with silvery white.**Glaucum** (Tulip Poppy). Vivid scarlet, with dark spots; handsome.**Laevigatum**. Brilliant dark scarlet, with black spots; effective.**Mephisto**. Scarlet, black spots.**Murselli**, fl. pl. (Mikado). New fringed sorts.**Nudicaule Croceum**. Yellow; very fine." **Album**. White; splendid.

" (The Iceland Poppy). Single; finest mixed; red, yellow, and white; perennial; unsurpassed for cutting; lasts wonderfully in water.

Iceland Double Poppies. 3d per packet.**Orientele**. Flowers of the darkest red.**Rheas**, fl. pl. **Ranunculus**-flowered. Very fine, rich mixture.**Rheas** (Shirley Poppy). Finest mixed; single-flowered; lovely.**Somniferum**, fl. pl. Double Carnation; finest mixed.**The Bride**. Single; white fringed.**Umbrosum**. Glowing vermillion.**Pea, Everlasting** (See Lathyrus).**Pea, Butterfly** (See Centrosema).**Pea, Sweet** (See Lathyrus).**Pelargonium** (Geranium). 1s. per pkt.

The above-named are the largest flowering perennial class known as "Pelargoniums," as distinct from Geraniums," and are best suited for pot culture, although nearly all will stand in the garden in a sheltered situation. Must be raised in pots, in a frame. Sow in autumn.

Pentstemon. 3d. per pkt.**Hartwegi**, Mixed. Various colors; choice strain.

A fine hardy genus, free-flowering, and bearing fine spikes of pendent trumpet-shaped flowers; perennial; sow during autumn or spring.

Perilla Nankinensis. 3d. per pkt.

Lovely dwarf plant for bordering; a rich, mulberry black foliage. Sow during spring. Height, 12 inches.



Single Fringed Petunia

Petunia.

We offer a splendid collection, of every conceivable colour. Seed sown in spring will bloom during summer and autumn. This magnificent plant is admirably adapted to our climate, and blooms in profusion. Seeds from the double varieties will produce 50 per cent. of single flowers. Height, 30 inches.

Choice Mixed. Single, large flowered, good. 6d per packet.**Double Fringed Choice Mixed**. 1s per packet.**King Alphonso**. Double large flowered. Striped and flaked. 1s per packet.**Single Fringed Varieties**. Superb mixed. 1s per packet.**Phacelia**. 3d. per pkt.

Campanularia. Flowers are of a beautiful rich blue. A highly interesting Californian annual. The plant is much branched, and of spreading habit; hardy annual.

Sow during spring. Height, 12 inches.

"Beautifully
Packed."

"Plants arrived
in perfect condition
—were beautifully
packed."

L.W., Camberwell."

Phaseolus Caracalla (Snail Creeper). 3d. per pkt.

A slender climber, with full foliage, producing clusters of lovely lilac flowers, shell-shaped; very curious and beautiful.

Phaseolus Multifloris Pupilis (Butterfly Running Bean).

A new variety of the Scarlet Runner Bean. Immense croppers, yielding a pod fully equal to the old garden variety in flavour; the plants are so covered with beautiful large salmon-rose and white coloured flowers that the foliage is almost hidden. A strong growing climber for trellis work or covering outhouses. 6d. per packet.

Phlox Drummondii
Cuspidata**Physianthus Albens** (Cruel Plant).

A very curious climber, bearing strongly shed pods, lined with a silky substance.

Phlox Drummondii. 3d. per pkt.

Among our summer-blooming annuals, the Phlox Drummondii must take a first place. If sown in the autumn, it will flower in the winter, and continue to bloom for several months. A later sowing in early spring will continue to give plants which will bloom throughout the summer, and if planted in beds will produce a most dazzling effect, as the plants are simply covered with flowers which often entirely hide the foliage. Plants which have been flowering during the summer are sure to seed and produce a host of seedlings, which can be planted out when the weather is favourable. The Phlox possesses a great variety of colour; it is dwarf in habit, hardy, and blooms for many months. Some varieties are of delicate colours, while others are brilliant and dazzling. Our stock of these favourite flowers is complete, and our finest mixed seed contains the Grandiflora varieties only. Sow during autumn and spring, and early in summer.

Cuspidata, Finest Mixed. Distinct class, with long-winged and hinged petals; attractive.**Drummondii Heynholdii**, Mixed. Variegated; for growing in pots.**Drummondii Nana Compacta**. A beautiful dwarf variety, with a profusion of exquisite flowers; bush-like habit; does not run.**Grandiflora**, Finest Mixed. Lovely, large-flowered varieties, with beautiful markings; the finest strain in cultivation.**Grandiflora Scarlet**. Most brilliant color.**Stellata**. Star-shaped; very beautiful; finest mixed.**Grandiflora White**. Fine.**New Cecily**. A new dwarf species; very fine. 6d. per pkt.**SEARLS' SOVEREIGN STRAIN Phlox Decustata** (Perennial Phlox). 6d. per pkt.**Phlox Decussata** (Perennial Phlox). 6d. per pkt.

Mixed. Quite distinct from the annual or Drummondii section. It does not flower the first season, but the flower spikes it throws the second year are often 2 feet in height.

Picotee. 1s. per pkt.

Finest Mixed. From the finest flowers.

This charming plant is included in the family of the Carnation, and is a general favourite. A large percentage of the flowers will be double; hardy perennial; seed should be sown during autumn and spring in pots, boxes, or canvas frames, and transplanted. Height, 12 inches.

Pinks (See Dianthus).**Polyanthus** (See Primula).

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Portulacca. 3d. per pkt.
A plant particularly well adapted to our climate, and flowers magnificently in the warmest situation. Sow spring and summer. Height, 8 inches. Sow Grandiflora. Double, mixed; large variety. Single, mixed; splendid colors.

Potentilla. 3d. per pkt.
Hybrida Single. Finest Mixed. The colors are shades of red and brown, some striped. Handsome herbaceous perennials. They keep in flower a long time; both double and single varieties. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 12 inches.

Primula. 6d. per pkt.
Tender plant, suitable only for pot culture; extremely handsome and of easy culture. Should be raised in the Autumn in shallow boxes, placed in a sheltered position; and as soon as the plants are fit to move, plant them off into small pots, and place them in a frame or bush-house, and as soon as they are well-rooted shift them into their flowering pots.

Auricula (Alpine), Mixed. Good, gorgeous. Obconica Grandiflora. Very floriferous, and excellent for pots and bouquets. Sinensis Fimbriata. Finest mixed; self colors, red, white, blue. 1s. per packet.

Sinensis Fimbriata Alba. White. Coccinea. Scarlet. Coeruba. Blue. Veris (Elatior, Polyanthus). Finest mixed; good quality. Vulgaris. The true Yellow primrose. Officialis (Yellow Cowslip). Very pretty.

The fern-leaved varieties of Primulas are very elegant, with their beautiful divided foliage, and splendid large-rimmed flowers. The robust habit of the plant makes it a most desirable decorative plant.



Butterfly Running Bean.

Prince's Feather (See *Amaranthus*).

Pyrethrum. 3d. per pkt.
Aureum (Golden Feather). The flowers are insignificant, but when kept down by pinching the flower stems, the young leaves produced are of a bright golden color, which is most effective as a carpet border, or ribbon bordering. Sow in spring. Height, 9 inches. Aureum Crispum. New, very fine; gold colour, sometimes varying. Roseum Hybridum. Single, fine mixed; lovely. 18 inches.

Ranunculus. 6d. per pkt.
Asiaticus Superbissimus. Finest varieties, mixed; producing flowers in a great variety of colour the first season from sowing seed. Seed should be sown in early autumn. Roots or tubers of the above can be obtained in March. (See Bulb portion of this Catalogue.)

Rehmannia Angulata. 6d. per pkt.
An herbaceous biennial from Central China, with large and handsome foliage, three feet high. The long-tubed gloxinia-like flowers appear at the axis of the leaves, they are three inches across, bright rosy purple, with yellow throat, spotted and striped with purple. Especially good as a pot plant and for sheltered positions

Beseda Odorata. 3d. per pkt.
Old Sweet-scented (Res Odorata). Deliciously perfumed. 3d. per pkt. Rismarck. An improved Machel. Crimson Giant. A beautiful red flowering sort. Defiance. Strongly developed middle spikes. Fine Mixed. A mixed packet of sweet-smelling varieties.

Gabriele. Robust, reddest spikes; fine. Golden Queen. Flowers yellow; compact habit. Goliath. Enormous trusses; red. Grandiflora (Large Flowering). Imp. Large Flowered; lovely variety. Machel. Excellent for pots; reddish spikes; the best variety grown.

Machel Golden. Large spikes of yellow flowers. Mignonette (Common). Sweet-scented. Miles' Spiral. A favourite sort. Paris Market. Excellent variety for pots; red-flowered; robust. Parsons' White. New, white spikes, rare; worth a place.

Ruby. Flowers coppery scarlet; very fine. Victoria. Dark red; fine. This grand old annual is known to all, and its delicious perfume cannot be surpassed. It is easily grown, and some of the new varieties make excellent pot plants.

Rhodanthe. 3d. per pkt.
Finest Mixed. Single sorts; choice. Maculata Alba. Pure white.

Maculata. Rosy pink, dark centre. One of the choicest of the early-flowering everlastings; we highly recommend it. Should be in every garden. Is particularly beautiful for bouquets.

Manglesii. Large flowered; pink. Hardy annuals. Sow in spring. Height, 12 inches.

Bicinus Africanus (Castor Oil Plant). 3d. per pkt. Sow in spring and summer. Height, 5 feet.

Bocket, Sweet (See *Hesperis Matronalis*). **Bomneya** (California Tree Poppy). 6d. per pkt.

Coulteri. Pure white flowers, of 4 to 5 inches in diameter, with delicate perfume. A hardy perennial plant, suitable for outdoor cultivation; foliage deeply cut and glaucous. Sow in spring. Height, 6 feet.

Rosa Polyantha. 1s. per pkt.
Multiflora. Graceful clusters of single, double, and semi-double flowers, of various shades.

A novelty, from the fact of its flowering the first year from seed; height about 1 foot. Sow in July and August under shelter, and plant out in September and October.

Rudbeckia. 6d. per pkt.

Bicolor. Fulgida. A glorious single yellow. Very floriferous. Fulgida Variabilis. 6d. per pkt.

This handsome perennial hybrid produces a mass of yellow or bronze flowers striped and blotched in a remarkable manner with purple brown. The flowers have a purple centre, and are from 2 to 3 inches in diameter, borne on long stems continuously through the summer. They are splendid for cutting.

Laciniata, fl. pl. (Golden Ball). Beautiful yellow. Neumannii. Dwarf, floriferous; flowers vivid yellow, dark centre.

A beautiful class of annuals, which make very effective garden plants; splendid for cutting. Sow in spring.

Saintpaulia (Uzambara or African Violet). 1s. per pkt.

Ionantha Grandiflora. Fleshy leaves, of a beautiful dark green; large flowers; clear deep blue, shading to yellow.

Ionantha Grandiflora Alba. New; pure white; handsome. A beautiful plant for glass or bush-house cultivation. The seed, being very fine, it is necessary to bestow extra care and attention to successfully germinate. Perennial. Sow in spring.

Salpiglossis. Variabilis Grandiflora, Finest Mixed. 3d per packet. Superbissima, Emperor, Best Mixed. 6d. per packet.

Variabilis Nana Dwarf, Fine Mixed. 3d per packet. Also Collections of 6 Varieties for 1s. 3d; 12 Varieties for 2s.

For brilliancy of color, variety of tint and marking, and size and striking effect, *Salpiglossis* may be fitly designated "the Orchids of the hardy annuals." It can scarcely be said that there are any true self-colors, for diversity of marking is seen on all, but some more nearly approach the self-character than others, while some are very handsomely striped and flaked. There is no other annual which makes such a striking effect when bunched as does the *Salpiglossis*, and it is a flower which should find a place in every garden.

Salvia (Flowering Sage). 6d. per pkt.
Most striking garden plants. The scarlet is easily grown, and is very hardy. Patens is not so easily grown, but the beauty of its lovely blue flower will repay the necessary care. Coccinea Splendens. Scarlet; lovely, free. Patens. One of the brightest blue-flowered plants; very beautiful.

Seedsman and **SEARL & SONS** Plant Merchants.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Salvia—Continued.

Roemeriana. Scarlet; dwarf; very pretty.
Ingenieur Clavenad. 6d. per pkt.

This is one of the earliest flowering and most graceful varieties in cultivation. The plants grow about 3½ feet high, and form dense bushes, branched from base to top. The very large and long flower-spikes of charming fiery scarlet-red flowers appear in great multitude and continuously until the frost puts an end to them. Highly recommended.

Bonfire. Brilliant glowing scarlet. 6d. per pkt.
Glory of Stuttgart. Brilliant scarlet, large bouquet, beautiful. 6d. per pkt.



Scabious

Saponaria.

Multiflora (Calabrica). Red. 3d. per pkt.

Sanvitalia Procumbens. 3d. per pkt.
Single. Golden. Sow in spring.

Scabiosa (Mourning Bride).

Dwarf, Double Mixed.

Caucasica, perennial. 6d. per pkt.

The flowers, which will last in water for a week, are of a most lovely lilac tint. In warm climates they should be grown in partial shade and protected from hot winds. 2 feet.

Candidissima, fl. pl. Snowball. White; beautiful for massing. 3d. per pkt.

Showy, compact, and desirable plant. Sow in the autumn or spring. Height, 18 inches.

Japonica (new). 1s. per pkt.

A hardy Japanese perennial of graceful, bushy foliage and habit, 3 feet high, producing immense numbers of beautiful mauve or lavender blue flowers on stiff wiry stems, fully 18 inches long. The flowers are large, up to 3 inches across, and of a lovely soft colour, resembling *Scabiosa Caucasica*. They bloom continuously right through the summer, and are invaluable for cutting.

Scabious.

"The Bride." This very fine annual variety originated as a selection from the Old *Scabiosa candidissima*, but the flower heads are much larger than the ordinary type, and form a complete globe, whilst the individual florets are also much enlarged. The flower heads of the purest snow white, are borne on long wire-like stems nearly a foot in length, and thus lend themselves to all kinds of floral work, such as bouquets, wreaths, etc., as well as ordinary floral decorations. The plant is of easy culture, the seed requiring to be sown under glass fairly early in spring, and the seedlings transplanted to the open ground about May, when they will flower abundantly until late autumn, forming a highly decorative plant for beds and borders.

Schizanthus.

Fine Mixed. 3d. per pkt.
Wisetonensis. 1s. per pkt.

A new and very beautiful variety, branches freely, but is of compact pyramidal growth. It bears a mass of nice dainty flowers, varying from white with yellow eye to a brilliant rose with bronzy centre, carried well above the feathery foliage. Splendid for pot work, 16 inches.

Hardy annuals, requiring a sheltered situation; well suited for pot culture; handsome foliage, and bear thousands of butterfly-like blossoms. Well worth a place. Sow during autumn and spring. Height, 24 inches, except dwarf variety.

Senecio (Jacobaea).

3d. per pkt.

Elegans, fl. pl. Tall Double Jacobaea. Finest Mixed.

Nanus, fl. pl. Tall, double Jacobaea. Finest mixed.

A very pretty annual, very showy; worth a place in the garden. Sow in the autumn. Height, 24 inches.

Sensitive Plant (See *Mimosa Pudica*).

Shasta Daisy (See *Leucanthemum*).

Silene.

3d. per pkt.

This annual will flower freely during spring months. Should have a cool situation.

Armeria (Catchfly). Red.

Pendula. Single; very attractive.

Sinningia.

1s. per pkt.

Regina Hybrida (Benary).

Raising these beautiful hybrids has achieved a great advance on the original *S. Regina*. The flowers attain sometimes twice the size, are much more numerous, and follow each other in far longer succession. Varying from light rose to deep lilac, adorned in most cases by a pure white throat, the colouring of the blooms is very attractive. But it is the beautiful dark green velvety leaves, with purple under-surface, which lends these *Sinningias*, even before blooming, such a high decorative value, and we can warmly recommend them to all lovers of *Gesneriaceae*.



Schizanthus

Smilax (See *Medeola*).

Snapdragon (See *Antirrhinum*).

Solanum.

6d. per pkt.

Weatherill. Choice strain.

This handsome plant produces a profusion of coral-red berries, and is highly esteemed for table decoration in England, where thousands are annually sold in Covent Garden.

Sollya Heterophylla.

6d. per pkt.

A lovely thing; worth a place in any garden.

Statice Surworsar.

3d. per pkt.

Perennial Sorts, Fine Mixed.

Spikes of bright rose, free bloomer, very handsome.

Stocks (TEN-WEEK VARIETIES). 3d. per pkt.

Dwarf Bouquet, Finest Mixed. A grand strain.

„ **German, Finest Mixed.** One of the best strains obtainable.

Giant Perfection, Finest Mixed. Gorgeous, large flowering.

Large Flowering Dwarf, Finest Mixed. Produces enormous spikes.

Large Flowering Pyramidal, Finest Mixed. A kind we can strongly recommend.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Stocks—Continued.

Wallflower-Leaved, Finest Mixed. Foliage resembling that of Wallflowers. Mixed colors.
 White Giant Perpetual. Produces one enormous spike, of 2½ feet high, of large pure white flowers.

SEARLS' SOVEREIGN STRAIN. Mixture of the best strains; splendid. 6d. per pkt.

Stocks (INTERMEDIATE AND BROMPTON VARIETIES).

Brompton Scarlet. Brilliant. 3d per packet.

Finest Mixed. Fine spikes.

Brompton, Beauty of Nice. Grows 2½ feet high. 6d. per pkt.

Another beautiful winter Stock from the same raiser as the preceding one, and having the same valuable qualities. The flowers are particularly large and of good form, very fragrant, and of a delicate shade of fleshy pink. Both of these lovely Stocks are very early coming into bloom, just as soon as the Ten Week Stocks, and give from 60 to 75 per cent. of perfect double flowers.

Brompton, Queen Alexandra. 6d. per pkt.

This is a splendid new variety of these lovely plants; the flowers are extra large and well arranged on an immense central spike nearly a foot high, and surrounded by numerous side shoots. The flowers are a delicate rosy lilac, a tint of incomparable beauty, and exquisitely fragrant.

Almond Blossom

Peach Blossom

Pride of Kellar. Glorious purple. 2s. 6d. per packet.

Victoria.

These three varieties we will supply, if available on demand. 1s. per pkt.

Crimson King. One of the most recent. Beautiful, large-flowering type.

Empress Elizabeth. Large rose-shaped flowers; lovely dark red.

Intermediate. Finest Mixed (Autumnal Stock). Beautiful.

Large Flowering Emperor. Finest Mixed. Showy.

Queen of "Whites. Snow-white; shining; extra good; early the best whites grown; very double. 6d per packet.

Stocks succeed well in any part of our State if the season is favourable; if they are grown in good rich soil. They are all beautiful plants, very showy, and delightfully perfumed. The intermediate and Brompton Stocks produce splendid spikes of flowers. Stocks are gross feeders, like manure, and well-enriched soil worked deep. The Bromptons, if sown in the autumn, will flower the following spring. The Ten-Weeks are hardy annuals, and grow about 12 inches. The Brompton and Intermediate are hardy biennials. Sow during the autumn or spring.

Choice mixed hybrids, very beautiful; miniature Gloxinia-like flowers. 1s. per pkt.

Veitch's Hybrids.

Sunflower (See Helianthus).

Sweet Alyssum (See Alyssum).

Sweet Pea (See Lathyrus).

Sweet Sultan (See Centaurea).

Sweet William (see Dianthus).

Van Volxemi. Bright crimson flowers. 1s. per pkt.

A very handsome, evergreen climber, somewhat resembling a Passion Flower. It is a half-hardy perennial, growing some 10 feet high. Sow the seed during autumn and spring.

Tagetes (Marigold). (See also Calendula.) 3d. per pkt.

Erecta, fl. plena, Aurea. Tall orange.

" fl. plena, Sulphurea. Tall lemon.

" Tall Double African. Fine mixed.

" Dwarf Double African. Fine mixed.

Patula, Tall Double French. Mixed.

" Dwarf Double French. Mixed.

Hardy, constant bloomers. French varieties have beautifully-shaped orange flowers, striped, and flaked with brown. African varieties have large self-coloured flowers. All are annuals. Sow during spring and summer. Height, 18 inches to 2 feet.

Thunbergia. 3d. per pkt.

A beautiful half-hardy annual, of twining habit; flowers of brilliant colors, and very striking; the plant grows rapidly when once started. Sow in spring. Height, 26 inches.

Alata. Fine; mixed colors.

Torenia. 1s. per pkt.

Fournieri (edentula). Blue.

An elegant and extremely ornamental pot plant, of great beauty; a tender perennial, suitable only for glass or bush-house cultivation. Height, 12 inches.

Tropaeolum. 3d. per pkt.

MAJUS. TALL NASTURTIUMS.

Coccineum. Scarlet

Finest Mixed. All the best varieties.

King Theodore. Darkest; dark leaves.

Pearl. Whitish.

Regelianum. Purplish violet.

Vesuvius. Salmon; dark leaves.

Mixed.

NANUM (TOM THUMB). DWARF NASTURTIUMS.

Beauty. Yellow and scarlet.

Empress of India. Deep crimson; dark-leaved.

Finest Mixed. All the the best sorts.

Golden King. Fine.

King Theodore. The darkest.

Pearl. Whitish.

Vesuvius. Salmon.

Mixed.

The value of this family for decorative purposes cannot be over-estimated. It is particularly hardy; will thrive in any soil, and its many forms are so varied that it possesses a pleasing variety of color. Dwarf varieties do not grow more than 9 inches, and form compact bushes, and flower abundantly; can be transplanted, and should stand 12 inches apart; hardy annuals. The tall



Saintpaulia ionantha Grandiflora (Uzambara Violet)

varieties will spread or climb 15 feet. Sow autumn and spring.

Ivy Leaf. The new variety. Scarlet. 6d. per pkt.

Tall Ivy-leaved (New), mixed. 6d. per pkt.

This mixture is made up in proper quantities of Golden Gem, Flamingo, Fordhook Fancy, and the original Scarlet Ivy-leaved. It is offered at such a moderate price that we trust thousands of our customers will now become acquainted with the rare artistic beauty of this distinct new race.

Burpee's Dwarf Ivy-leaved Nasturtium, "Golden Butterfly." 6d. per pkt.

A strikingly beautiful bush type of these lovely new Ivy-leaved Nasturtiums. The plant is a true dwarf in habit of growth, having deep green leaves of the distinct Ivy-shaped form. These beautiful bushes burst into bloom very early, and become quickly covered with bright golden-orange self-coloured flowers. The flowers are larger in size than most Ivy-leaved sorts; they are beautifully fringed at edges of the petals and at the throat. So early and continuous blooming are these neat dwarf plants that, by actual count the past season, a single plant produced as many as two thousand flowers. At a little distance the plants present the appearance of numberless "Golden Butterflies" fluttering upon a bush of Ivy—hence the name. For table decoration nothing could be handsomer than one of these dwarf plants as a centre piece.

Burpee's New Giant-flowered Nasturtiums. 1s. per pkt.

Until the introduction of Caprice and Sutton's Salmon Queen, the only true giant-flowered Nasturtiums in cultivation were the now famous Burpee's Sunlight and Moonlight. Five seasons ago a field of Salmon Queen (Improved Vesuvius), from some unaccountable cause, "broke" into several bright colours, principally shades of red, including the most brilliant glowing scarlet. We saved this seed in mixture, and have now added to it a suitable quantity of our large-flowered Caprice and Cressus, also of Butterfly, Twilight, Sunlight, and Moonlight. This makes the most gorgeous and the first truly giant-flowered complete mixture of Tall Nasturtiums. We are sure that it will give great pleasure to all lovers of Nasturtiums who desire to have the greatest variety of colours in the largest-flowering type of these showy flowers. It is an unequalled mixture.

Trifolium. 1s. 6d. per pkt.

Minus (Shamrock). The dear little, sweet little Shamrock of Ireland.

FLOWER SEEDS—Continued.

Tropæolum Canariense (Canary Creeper). 3d. per pkt.

Yellow. One of the most beautiful of our tender annuals; the foliage is very delicate, and the flowers of a golden yellow color; must have a sheltered position. Sow in the spring.

Tydea Hybrida Grandiflora. 1s. per pkt.

Mixed. Specially saved collection; very fine.



Violet—The Czar:

Valeriana. 3d. per pkt.

Valerian. Mixed; floriferous; fine for bouquets.

Verbascum. 6d. per pkt.

Pannosum. Large, sulphur-yellow flowers.

Introduced from Macedonia. The plant grows to 5 feet; splendid leaves, 2 feet long and 8 inches wide; flower stalks 2 feet long; strikingly beautiful decorative plant. A perennial. Sow in spring or autumn.

Verbena.

3d. per pkt.

Aracula Flora. Mixed colors.

Candidissima. Flowers pure white.

Coccinea. Scarlet; very showy.

Coerulea. Blue shades.

Hybrida. Mixed; very fine quality.

"Mammoth" Grandiflora. New, large flowered; very fine.

Striata. Italian. Striped; handsome.

One of our most beautiful bedding plants; very hardy, and of magnificent colors; not particular to soil or situation; blooms in profusion. Sow in autumn or spring. Height, 18 inches.

Vinca Rosea.

3d. per pkt.

Pretty perennial border plants with periwinkle-like flowers white and rose. 2 feet.

Violet.

3d. per pkt.

Odorata Alba. White.

Odorata Mixed. All sorts.

Odorata (Sweet Violet). Old fragrant variety.

The Czar. Rich, dark purple. 6d per packet.

The Czar, fl. pl. White. 6d per packet.

Virginian Stock (See Cheiranthus).

Wallflower.

3d. per pkt.

Well-known English favourites; beautiful perfume, and the double varieties are striking and most beautiful. Sow autumn or spring. Height, 12 inches.

Double German. Various colours. 6d. per pkt.

Golden King. Yellow.

Mixed. Single; blood-red to pale yellow.

Ruby Gem. Single; violet, with bluish sheen.

Single. Blood Red.

Whitlavia.

3d. per pkt.

One of the most charming Californian annuals; very effective for bedding; grows freely in any soil; flowers bright blue. Sow in the autumn or spring.

Gloxinoides. White and blue.

Grandiflora. Blue.

Keranthemum.

3d. per pkt.

Annum. Double Sorts. Fine mixed.

Zinnia.

3d. per pkt.

Curled Sepals. A new strain. Very uncommon and beautiful. 6d. per pkt.

One of the grandest annuals in cultivation; has been wonderfully improved of late years, and Zinnias flower throughout the entire summer. They should always be transplanted. Tall varieties, 2 feet 6 inches to 3 feet.

Crispa. New; crested; fine.

Elegans Grandiflora Robusta Plenissima. Mixed. A new

Zinnia, of immense size, and very robust in growth,

the flowers measuring 5 to 6 inches across.

Elegans Pumila, fl. pl. A surprisingly beautiful dwarf

strain; wonderful shades of color, and flowers nearly

all double.

Elegans Tom Thumb. Double; various brilliant colors;

very dwarf, only 6 inches.

Grandiflora Queen Victoria. Magnificent double white.

Lilliput Flowered. Mixed. A charming small flowering

class, of double Zinnias, suitable for borders; flowers

adaptable for bouquets, etc.

Striata, fl. pl. Striped; fine.

OUR LEADING SPECIALTY.

The No 1 R.C. Collections of Flower Seeds.

For Autumn and Spring Sowing.
Easily Grown from Seed.

These Collections contain only Seeds of the best quality and of the most popular varieties, and will produce an abundant supply of bloom. Specially recommended for Ladies' and Amateurs' Gardens. Post free to any part of the World, 2s. each Collection.

Collection for AUTUMN SOWING contains the following:—

Pkt.
1 Stock, German, Ten Week. Finest Mixed.
1 Candytuft, Mixed.
1 Dianthus, Mixed.
1 Mignonette, Machet, or other.
1 Pansy, Fine Mixed.

Pkt.
1 Canterbury Bells, Mixed.
1 Foxglove, Finest Mixed.
1 Larkspur, Dwarf Rocket, Mixed
1 Godetia, Mixed.
1 Chrysanthemum, Mixed.

Pkt.
1 Gaillardia Lorenziana, Mixed.
1 Antirrhinum, Tom Thumb, Finest Mixed.
1 Sweet Pea.
1 Poppy, Shirley.

Collection for SPRING SOWING contains the following:—

1 Aster, Mixed.
1 Balsam, Double, Finest Mixed.
1 Zinnia, Double, Mixed.
1 Phlox Drummondii Grandiflora, Mixed.

1 Calliopsis, Mixed.
1 Brachycome, Mixed.
1 Collinsia Bicolour.
1 Virginian Stock, Mixed.
1 Marigold, French, Mixed.

1 Cosmos, Mixed.
1 Salpiglossis, Finest Mixed.
1 Poppy, Shirley, Mixed.
1 Sunflower, Miniature.
1 Wallflower, Mixed.

Every Bee Farmer should be interested in this.

Honey=Yielding Plants for Bees.

They can be easily raised from seed.

Alyssum.
Anchusa.
Calliopsis.
Centaurea.
Cerinthe.
Chrysanthemum (Annual).
Clarkia.

Collinsia.
Jacobæa.
Leptosiphon.
Limnanthes.
Lupins.
Malope.

Martynia.
Marvel of Peru.
Mignonette.
Nasturtium.
Nemophila.
Oenothera.

Phacelia.
Phlox Drummondii.
Poppies.
Portulacca.
Scabious.
Schizanthus.

Stocks.
Sunflower.
Sweet Sultan.
Sweet Peas.
Virginian Stock.
Wallflower.
Whitlavia.

3d. per packet, 2s. per dozen, post free.

**THE
BEST WAY
TO BUY.**

SEARLS' Flower Seed Collections

**OUR SPECIAL
OFFERS
POST FREE.**

No. 1 Sovereign Packet 2/=

RAINBOW COLLECTION.

(See another page.)

14 Packets (our Selection).

We make up the above with the best and strongest Annuals, which, beyond doubt, must produce a good show of bloom at a nominal fee.

No. 2 Sovereign Packet 1/=

SIX STERLING ANNUALS.

6 Packets. This is comprised of

Phlox Drummondii	Star Phlox	Sweet Peas
Grandiflora	Salpiglossis	Wallflower (dble)
	And Zinnias	

All Mixed Packets. ✿ A Tempting Offer.

No. 3 Sovereign Packet 5/=

TWELVE VARIETIES.

Any Twelve Packets our customers may select, not exceeding 6/- in value, at Catalogue rates. They all contain Searls' good seed, and may be relied upon for making a good show.

No. 4 Sovereign Packet 3/=

OF RAINBOW PANSIES.

This includes 9 varieties. Here are the names.

Bugnot's Superb Blotched	Non Plus Ultra
Cassier's Blotched	Odier's or Blotched
English (Fine Mixed)	Striped and Mottled
Large French Stained	Trimardeau
Lord Beaconsfield	

No. 5 Sovereign Packet 4/=

THIRTY VARIETIES.

Any Thirty Packets a customer may select, priced at 3d. each, in our General List of Flower Seeds. A splendid assortment, which must give entire satisfaction to the most critical amateur.

No. 6 Sovereign Packet 5/=

SIX VARIETIES.

This includes—

Begonia	Cineraria	Gloxinia	} All Mixed Strains
Calceolaria	Cyclamen	Primulas	

For Pot Culture. Should be raised in Seed Pans.

Pictorial Collections.

NASTURTIUM, Dwarf, six varieties	..	1/-
Dwarf, twelve varieties	... ..	2/-
Tall, six varieties	... ..	1/-
Tall, twelve varieties	... ..	2/-
PANSY, six varieties	... ..	1/6
Twelve varieties	... ..	3/-
SWEET PEA, six varieties	... ..	1/-
Twelve varieties	... ..	1/9
Twenty-four varieties	... ..	3/-

Assortments.

SIX AND MORE FOR MASSING
DISTINCT COLOURS. ✿ IN LARGE BEDS.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA—

Six varieties	... ..	1/3
Twelve varieties	... ..	2/-

SALPIGLOSSIS, Tall, six varieties ... 1/-

STOCK, TEN-WEEK—

Six varieties	... ..	1/3
Twelve varieties	... ..	2/-

STOCK, BROMPTON, six varieties ... 1/3

It's selling Good Goods that does us good and does you good.

Ornamental Grasses.

All at 3d. per Packet.

6 Packets for 1s.

12 Packets for 1s. 6d.

Customer's Selection.

Agrostis Nebulosa.

Very ornamental; graceful habit; suitable for bouquets and mixing with flowers in vases.

Agrostis Pulchella.

Handsome; splendid for bouquets.

Avena Sterilis (Animated Oats).

Curious large spikelets, and of very elegant habit.

Briza Maxima (Quaking Oats).

One of the best-known grasses; of the easiest culture.

Briza Minima (Gracilis).

Similar to the above, but finer; very graceful and useful.

Coix Lacryma (Job's Tears).

Very suitable for masses.

Eragrostis Elegans (Love Grass).

Strong-growing, with broad foliage; of considerable beauty.

Erianthus Ravennae.

A very stately and hardy grass, bearing beautiful silvery plumes. Has been much used for sub-tropical effects in the garden.

Eulalia Japonica.

Most distinct, hardy, ornamental grass, being a fine feature when planted near water and on a somewhat rising ground.

Gynerium Argentum (Pampas Grass).

Sometimes referred to by botanists as *Cortaderia Argentea*. It is a handsome grass of stately appearance.

Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrel Tail).

A hardy grass; the only one of a family which is cultivated as a garden plant.

Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's Tail Grass).

A pretty, hardy annual, cultivated for its plume-like spikes.

Lasiagrostis Argentea.

An elegant, hardy, annual grass; height one foot.

Pennisetum Rupellianum.

Most elegant variety; long slender leaves and stems and beautiful plumes; charmingly decorative; one of the best.

Stipa Pennata. (Feather Grass).

Elegant for bouquets; presents a most attractive appearance in the border.

Tricholaena Rosea (Red Top Grass).

Very strong grower; very ornamental red spikes.

Zea Japonica Fol Variegata (Striped Japanese Maize).

Tall-growing; prettily marked; will assume the height of 6 feet.

Native Tree and Flower Seeds.

Offered in Small Packets. 6d. per packet. 5s. per dozen. Post Free to any part of the World.

Our "Flora" is much appreciated in European, American, and other Foreign Countries.

Acacia Baileyana (Cootamundra Wattle).

Of great beauty; free-flowering; height 20 feet.

Acacia Decurrens (Green or Black Wattle).

A very beautiful variety; foliage and bark very dark, and valuable. Height 25 feet.

Acacia Dealbata (Silver Wattle).

Very useful, quick-growing, and ornamental; height 15 feet.

Acacia Pyenouth (Golden Wattle).

Acacia Longifolia.

Suits a warmer district best. Bark is also as valuable as that of *Acacia Decurrens*. Height 20 feet.

A very handsome variety; free grower.

Acacia Lopantha.

This is generally looked upon as the fern-leaved variety; very handsome.

Actinotis Helianthi (Flannel Flower).

A herbaceous perennial, very appropriately named, the petals of the flowers much resembling flannel; height 3 feet.

Bignonia Australis (*Tecoma*) (Wonga Wonga Vine).

A pretty climber, bearing clusters of creamy-white flowers; height 20 feet.

Boronia Floribunda.

Beautiful. Grows to a height of 2 feet.

Boronia Ledifolia.

Bears beautiful rose-coloured flowers; height 2 feet.

Boronia Megastigma.

Very handsome; sweet-smelling; flowers of a very dark-brown colour; height 2 feet.

Boronia Pinnata.

This variety has flowers almost of a flesh colour; delightful perfume; height 2 feet.

Boronia Serrulata (Native Rose).

Colour of flowers deep rose; height 2 feet.

Blandfordia Nobilis (Christmas Bells).

This pretty orange bell-shaped flower is in constant demand for home embellishment at Christmas-tide. Fairly good-lasting; height 2 feet.

Blandfordia Grandiflora.

A very much improved type of *Nobilis*. Orange; height, 2 ft.

Callistemon Lanceolatus (Bottle Brush).

The best one of the species, bearing handsome crimson flowers, much resembling a bottle brush. Height 6 feet.

Ceratopetalum Gummiferum (Christmas Bush).

Without doubt the best of our native shrubs; very gorgeous and attractive about Christmas-tide. The flowers, which are borne in clusters, are of a pretty pink shade. Height 20 feet.

Clematis Aristola (Old Man's Beard Climber).

Lovely white; height, 20 feet.

Clanthus.

Dampierii (Desert Pea). A native of the driest portions of Western Australia. The flowers are brilliant crimson, about three inches long, and in the centre there is a large, clear, black marking, rendering it one of the most beautiful and attractive plants in cultivation. This biennial plant is a trailer, and is a little difficult to cultivate, but will repay all trouble. Sow from July to end of September in a sunny situation. A sandy soil is most suitable, but in any ordinary good loam it will do well. Do not transplant seedlings.

Puniceus (Glory Pea). A very handsome perennial shrub, resembling the *Dampierii*, but more easily grown and of more erect habit.

Nuta Ka-ka. Kaka Beak.

Puniceus Alba. A white variety, much prized on account of its highly decorative character.

Correa Speciosa (Native Fuchsia).

An exceedingly beautiful little flowering shrub; flowers red; height 3 feet.

Eassinia Alba (Everlasting Flower).

White; height 4 ft.

Epacris (*Longiflora*).

Red and white; 4 feet.

Hardenbergia Monophylla.

A lovely climber; purple flowers; height 20 feet.

Ricenocarpus Pinifolius (Native Jasmine).

White; height, 4 feet.

Styphelia Triflora.

Pink; 4 feet.

Telopea Speciosissima (Waratah).

This glorious flower is one of the handsomest of our native flowers. Grows 10 feet high, producing large flowers on hard stems; of a brilliant crimson colour.

WE WILL ENDEAVOUR TO SUPPLY ANY OTHERS THAT MAY BE WANTED.

Soak Leguminous Seeds in hot water 12 hours before sowing. Use firewood ashes in compost.

Recent Floral Introductions

Admiral Poppy.

PAPAVER PÆONIFLORUM (Benary).

This single paeony-flowered Poppy is characterised by large round smooth-edged flowers, pure white with a broad band of brilliant scarlet around the top, occupying a full quarter of the corolla. These two colours form a telling contrast, and groups of Admiral Poppy, which comes true from seed, produce a magnificent effect.

6d. per packet.

Antirrhinum Majus Nanum Daphne.

DWARF SNAPDRAGON (Benary).

Of late years some remarkably fine colours have been introduced in the semi-dwarf Antirrhinums, and among these this new variety will certainly take high rank. Its flowers are deep carmine rose, the lower lip is suffused with white, and the throat pure white. This delicate colouring produces a most fascinating effect, and in combination with the dark green foliage renders the plant an excellent one for groups and cutting.

1s. per packet.

Aster, Giant Comet, Triumph of Paris.

"Of pyramidal habit, this new Aster grows 2 to 2½ feet high, and produces large flowers, 4½ to 6 inches across, with long pure white outer petals, in the centre of which the quilled disc florets form a bright golden yellow wreath. A first-class certificate of the French Horticultural Society was awarded to this novelty on August 29th, 1907."—So runs the raiser's description, and the flowers which he submitted were certainly very handsome and of striking appearance. We do not doubt that this new Aster will please most amateurs, as well as florists, as a cut flower.

1s. per packet.

Begonia, Gracilis Ruby.

The excellent qualities which distinguish the *Begonia gracilis* luminosa introduced two seasons ago are also possessed by this new French variety. Of uniform growth and about 10 inches high, the plants are resplendent in foliage of a brilliant metallic red brown, and they also produce a beautiful and unique floral display. While the fully developed blooms present a deep carmine shade, the half-opened ones, and particularly the buds, glisten with an iridescent coppery red. This combines most effectively with the dark-hued foliage, and a group of *Begonia Ruby*, especially in the morning and evening, quite captivates by its beauty and brilliance. No doubt this novelty will gain many friends, as it is excellent for showy beds, and comes true from seed.

1s. per packet.

Sweet William, Double Rose.

DIANTHUS BARBATUS ROSEUS FL. PL. (Benary)

Large umbels of handsome rose-coloured flowers distinguish this new Sweet William from other already known varieties. As in all double sorts, half of the seedlings produce single flowers.

1s. per packet.

Wallflower, Single, Sinnaeus.

(Benary.)

Of uniform and upright habit, the plants of this new Wallflower grow about 16 inches high, and the strikingly graceful small dark green foliage is crowned by a profusion of large flowers opening creamy yellow and passing into a pure white. Like all single Wallflowers, this variety will be of great value for spring bedding, and it also yields excellent material for cutting.

Calceolaria Rugosa, Triumph of the North.

This excellent variety, of French origin, of which we offer seed for the first time, must be regarded as the best yellow flowering *Calceolaria* of its class. Of dwarf and sturdy habit, the plants are clothed with dark green foliage, and surmounted by splendid corymbs of bright golden yellow flowers, which continue in full beauty for an uncommonly long period. Both as a pot plant, and especially for bedding, this variety is most valuable and deserves the widest dissemination.

1s. 6d. per packet.

Chrysanthemum Tricolor (Carinatum),

Silver Queen.

(Hurst.)

Of the true *Carinatum* type. This variety has been obtained from the well-known Burridgeanum, and is now quite fixed; it is quite distinct, being of dwarf habit, height about 12 to 15 inches. The flowers are well formed and lasting, pure white with a zone of clear bright yellow, and the disc yellow overlaid with silver, giving the whole a very pretty appearance.

As a bedding plant it will be found very useful on account of its dwarf habit, but sufficient space must be given to allow the plants to develop the true character.

This novelty has been favourably mentioned in several of the Gardening Papers during the past summer.

Chrysanthemum Inodorum, Bridal Robe.

Has received an Award of Merit from the Royal Horticultural Society, London, August 6th, 1907. Of very compact and upright habit, and not exceeding 10 inches in height, the sturdy plants throw out their finely-feathered foliage from the base, and deck themselves with a mantle of extra double pure white flowers. *C. Bridal Robe*, which comes almost true from seed, is a bedding plant of the very first rank, while by the long time the flowers last when cut they render great services for bouquets and floral decorations.

6d. per packet.

Columbine, Long-Spurred, Rose Queen.

AQUILEGIA COERULEA FL. ROSEO (Benary).

This splendid novelty, which has arisen among the highly popular long-spurred hybrids of *A. coerulea*, attains a height of 12 to 16 inches. Freely branching, and with the characteristic elegant Columbine foliage, the plants produce on long and slender stalks a great profusion of graceful long-spurred flowers of light to dark rose with white centre and yellow anthers; a most delicate and beautiful combination of colour. This lovely *Aquilegia* comes about 80 per cent. true from seed.

Papaver Alpinum Orange.

(Benary.)

Of the charming quite dwarf Alpine Poppies, which cannot be too warmly recommended for rockeries and pot culture, this orange-flowering variety is a most pretty and distinct new shade.

Silene Pendula, Mauve.

(Benary.)

This new variety has dark lilac mauve flowers, with distinct reddish brown calyxes, quite a modern shade in fact. They contrast very finely with the deep-hued foliage, the peduncles being also of a dark colour. This *Silene* is of an especially free blooming nature.

1s. per packet.

Sinningia (Gloxinia) Regina Hybrida Erecta.

(Benary.)

As we foresaw when introducing *Sinningia Regina*, further selections and crossings made with this remarkable Gesneriad have resulted in very interesting and noteworthy hybrids, and we are now able to offer a most beautiful class of erect-flowering *Sinningia Regina hybrida*. The flowers, much improved in size, are borne well above the foliage, and appear mostly in blue and lilac, but rose and red shades are also found among them. The characteristic feature of the *Sinningia Regina* consists in its incomparably beautiful foliage; the very large and soft velvety leaves are rich dark green, traversed with silvery veins on the upper surface, and purple-red underneath. The lowest tier reclines gracefully over the pot, and thus even before the flowering the *Sinningia Regina* hybrids are quite handsome ornamental foliage plants, which bloom freely and longer than other kinds of *Gloxinia*.

1s. 6d. per packet.

SEARLS' SOVEREIGN SEEDS.

SEASONS FOR SOWING.

We have the Best and Most Popular Flowering Plants grown from seed.

See Lists of Flower Seeds on other pages for particulars.

SOW in SPRING (August, September and October).

Abutilon	Canna	Dianthus	Linum	Phlox Drummondii
Adonis	Cardiospermum	Dolichos	Lobelia	Picotee
Agathaea	Carnation	Erigeron	Lophospermum	Poppy
Ageratum	Carnation, Marguerite	Eschscholtzia	Lupinus	Portulacca
Alonsoa	Castilleja	Forget-me-not	Martynia	Potentilla
Alyssum	Celosia	Fuchsia	Matricaria	Pyrethrum
Amaranthus	Centaurea	Gaillardia	Matthiola	Rhodanthe
Ammobium	Centrosema Grandiflora	Gentiana	Maurandya	Ricinus
Anagallis	Cerinthe	Gladiolus	Medeola	Romneya
Anchusa	Cheiranthus	Godetia	Mesembryanthemum	Rudbeckia
Angelonia	Chrysanthemum	Gomphrena	Mignonette	Saintpaulia
Antigonon	Clarkia	Gypsophila	Mimosa Pudica	Salpiglossis
Arabis	Clianthus, Dampieri	Helichrysum	Mimulus	Salvia
Aristolochia	Clintonia	Heliopsis	Mina Lobata	Scabiosa
Armeria	Cobaea	Heliotropium	Nasturtium	Schizanthus
Aquilegia	Collomia	Heuchera	Nemophila	Solanum
Aster	Convolvulus	Hibiscus Africans	Nertera	Statice
Begonia	Coreopsis	Honesty	Nigella	Sunflower
Brachycombe	Cornflower	Hesperis	Nycteria	Tacsonia
Browallia	Cosmos	Ipomopsis	Oxalis	Tagetes
Calandrinia	Cosmidium	Larkspur	Paeony	Thunbergia
Calendula	Cyclamen	Leptosiphon	Passiflora	Verbascum
Calliopsis	Dahlia	Limnathes	Pentstemon	Verbena
Candytuft	Datura	Linaria	Petunia	Whitlavia
				Zinnia

SOW in SUMMER (November, December and January).

Amaranthus	Clianthus Dampieri	Marigold	Phlox Drummondii	Scabiosa
Balsam	Coreopsis Lanceolata	Mesembryanthemum	Portulacca	Sunflower
Calliopsis	Cosmos	Pansy	Pyrethrum	Tagetes
Celosia	Gomphrena	Petunia	Ricinus	Zinnia

SOW in AUTUMN (February, March and April).

Abronia	Campanula	Delphinium	Lobelia	Polyanthus
Achimenes	Candytuft	Dianthus	Lathyrus	Poppy
Acroclinium	Canna	Digitalis	Limnathes	Portulacca
Ageratum	Carnation	Dolichos	Linaria	Potentilla
Alonsoa	Carnation, Marguerite	Eschscholtzia	Linum	Primrose
Althaea	Chrysanthemum	Forget-me-not	Lophospermum	Primula
Alyssum	Chrysanthemum, Annual	Freesia	Lupinus	Ranunculus
Anagallis	Cineraria	Gaillardia	Matricaria	Rhodanthe
Anchusa	Clarkia	Gentiana	Maurandya	Scabiosa
Anemone	Clianthus Dampieri	Gloxinia	Mignonette	Schizanthus
Antirrhinum	Clintonia	Godetia	Mimulus	Senecio
Aquilegia	Cobaea	Gypsophila	Nasturtium	Solanum
Armeria	Coleus	Helichrysum	Nemophila	Stocks
Aubretia	Collinsia	Heliopsis	Nigella	Sweet Pea
Bartonia	Coreopsis	Heliotropium	Pansy	Tacsonia
Brachycombe	Cornflower	Hesperis	Pentstemon	Verbascum
Calampelis	Cosmidium	Heuchera	Pelargonium	Verbena
Calandrinia	Cowslip	Honesty	Petunia	Violet
Calceolaria	Cyclamen	Ipomopsis	Phlox Drummondii	Wallflower
Calendula	Dahlia	Larkspur	Picotee	Whitlavia
Calliopsis	Daisy			

SOW in WINTER (May, June and July).

Aquilegia	Coreopsis Lanceolata	Eschscholtzia	Linum	Nemophila
Calliopsis	Daisy	Forget-me-not	Lupinus	Phlox Drummondii
Campanula	Delphinium	Larkspur	Marguerite	Rhodanthe
Candytuft	Dianthus	Linaria	Carnation	Sweet Pea
Centaurea			Mignonette	

ANNUALS are divided into two sections, viz., Hardy and Half-hardy—the first consisting of those that are able to live out of doors through the Winter; the second are those that cannot endure frost, and must not be sown till Spring.

Annuals.—Flower, produce seeds, and die the same year as they are sown.

Biennials.—Those which are sown one year, and bear their flowers and seeds and die the next.

Perennials.—Those which grow and flower for several years, usually blooming the second year from seed.

Searls' Flowering Bulbs.

The majority produced at Exeter Trial Grounds, 2,400 feet above sea level.

ACCURACY in names as well as the condition of Bulbs is of the greatest importance, and we therefore take every care to leave no room for complaint on this ground. We do not list all the varieties. Ask us about any you don't see here.

Please Note our "Collections" (see page 45). In cases where it is deemed advisable to leave the selecting in our hands, the greatest care will be taken to send only Bulbs which we know will give satisfaction under proper treatment. Send us the aspect of land to be used, and climatic conditions. **All BULBS POST FREE to any part of Australia.**

Agapanthus.

Blue. Crowns of lovely blue flowers on stems 3 feet long. 9d. each.

White. Crowns of lovely white flowers on stems 3 feet long. 9d. each.

Anemones.

These truly magnificent flowering tubers are deserving of a place in every garden, and we cannot too highly recommend them, their variety of colour, from deep crimson to white and striped, rendering them very attractive. The brilliancy of some and exquisitely delicate colouring of others making them indispensable.



Anemone

Blue. Would recommend for those desirous of having a bed of blue only. 1s. per doz.

Chrysanthemum-Flowered. The petals of this strain are incurved and quite distinct. 1s. 6d. per doz.

Dutch. Double mixed, including many brilliant shades of colour. 1s. doz., 5s. per 100, 40s. per 1000.

Dutch. Single mixed, all colours, a splendid assortment. 1s. doz., 5s. per 100, 40s. per 1000.

Fulgens. Single (the Windflower). This is a charming variety, bearing a profusion of bright scarlet flowers through winter and spring; very conspicuous, and ought to be in every collection. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Fulgens (fl. pl.). Double; equally beautiful. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

French. Single. The flowers are showy, large, decidedly beautiful. 1s. per doz.

Scarlet. Very showy. 1s. per doz.

St. Brigid (the Irish Poppy-flowered Anemone). A beautiful strain of the Anemone, with double and semi-double flowers of the most brilliant colours. Absolutely the finest strain we could possibly offer. During November we generally have a lovely show of these handsome blooms. 1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100.

The Bride. Single variety; beautiful pure white; flowers very early and freely. 1s. per doz.

White. Single variety; extremely beautiful; pure white; flowers very freely. 1s. per doz.

Allium Neapolitanum.

Pretty White flowers. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz.

Amaryllis.

Belladonna (Belladonna Lily). Delicate pink; very sweet-scented; extremely valuable for cut flowers and decorative purposes. 6d. each, 5s. per doz. Would recommend a light soil to ensure good results.

Delicata (White Belladonna Lily). Lovely graceful-looking spikes of elegant-looking flowers. 2s. each.

Formosissima (Sprekelia) (the Jacobean Lily). Showy bulbous plants, with beautiful brilliant crimson flowers; a very handsome border plant. 1s. each.

Kermesimum. Terra-cotta; handsome. 1s. each.

Vittata (Hippeastrum). Hybrids, producing flower stems 18 to 21 inches, surmounted by lovely large heads of trumpet-shaped flowers; of easy culture; fine border plants; quite hardy. 1s. each, 10s. per doz.

The Amaryllis and their species form one of the most gorgeous and attractive classes of bulbs in cultivation. The flowers which are funnel-shaped, are of most beautiful and delicate colours, ranging through various shades. We have lovely seedlings of our own production. See us about them.

Anomatheca Cruenta.

(Sometimes called the Red Freesia.)

A charming plant for edgings, bearing a great many flowers of a lilac shade. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Babiana.

Blue. Full, very showy bulbs, suitable for small borders; should be planted in a light sandy compost; delicately perfumed. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz.

Mixed. Lovely shades. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100.

Begonias.

Single Varieties. 1s. each, 10s. per doz.

Double Varieties. 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per doz.

In Mixture—or Distinct Colours—supplied during May, June, July, August, and September.

Brunsvigia.

Multiflora. 2s. 6d. each.

Josephine. Purple-claret colour. 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.

White. Lovely. 1s. each.

Magnificent border plant; forms a handsome crown of flowers on a stem of about three feet, containing from 18 to 24 separate large blooms; with a delightful perfume; will flower first season.

Calea.

Aethiopica (Arum Lily). The Old Nile Lily. 1s. each.

Maculata Alba. Spotted leaves, white flowers, makes a pretty pot plant.

Crocus.

A beautiful little flower of various colours; very bright and fresh, with distinct, long, wire-like foliage; thrive best in cold climate.

Blue. 2s. 6d. per doz.

White. 2s. per doz.

Mixed. 2s. 6d. per doz.

Yellow. 2s. per doz.

Striped. 2s. 6d. per doz.

Childanthus Fragens.

6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Large, yellow, Lily-like flowers; exceedingly beautiful and deliciously fragrant.

Messrs. Searl & Sons.

"Highly delighted with bouquet, which arrived in splendid condition.—C.B.G., Bourke."

BULBS—Continued.

Freesia.

We can highly recommend the Freesia. They have a most delightful perfume, bearing a great profusion of beautiful flowers, and should be in every flower garden. They are, without doubt, one of the best introductions known in bulbous flowers, their strong yet exquisite scent surpassing every other kind. Fine for pot culture.

Freesia Armstrongii (the Pink Freesia). Introduced from Victoria. Bulbs 1s. each, post free; 10s. per dozen.

A distinct introduction from Africa. The flower stem is rather longer than the white variety, which is an advantage for vase work. The colour is a beautiful pink, with a strain of yellow at the base of the tube.

Freesia Leichtlini. Yellow; sweetly scented. 9d. doz., 4s. 6d. 100.

Freesia Refracta Alba. 6d. doz., 3s. 100, 25s. 1000.

Gladioli.

GANDAVENSIS, LEMOINEI, AND NANCIANUS.

No garden is complete without this magnificent section of the bulb family. Needs no description.

Named Varieties. 1s. each, 10s. per doz.

Mixed Varieties, for using in masses. 5s. per doz., 35s. per 100.

COLVILLEI (EARLY-FLOWERING CLASS).

3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

The Bride. A beautiful pure miniature white variety.

Rosy Gem. About 2 feet high; branching; colour white, striped rosy-purple; very free and hardy.

Rubra. A lovely flower; colour purplish-red.

Princess Altieri (Hybrid). Nearly pure white, maculated crimson. 1s. 6d. each.



Ixias

Gloxinias.

Galanthus Nivalis.

The True English Snowdrop.

This is the true Snowdrop, so well known in England, but seldom offered for sale here. It requires a cool, partly shaded situation, and gives a pretty effect, dibbled into grass lawns or banks. Our stock is limited, and orders should be sent early to secure them. Bulbs grown at our Exeter Nursery, 6d. each, 3s. per dozen.

Hyacinthus Candicans.

An entirely distinct species, producing spikes 5 feet long, covered with white, bell-shaped flowers; quite hardy. 6d. each.

Hyacinths.

These magnificent plants will do well in any good soil; nothing can be more beautiful or fragrant than a bed of this old English favourite. We particularly recommend the single varieties for fine spikes.

Single—Red, Blue, White, Yellow, Light Pink, Dark Rose, Purple.

We can supply almost any shade of these distinct colours, such as rose, lilac, pink, bluish, dark blue, light blue, &c., &c. 9d. each, 8s. 6d. per doz.

IN THE OPEN GARDEN.—Hyacinths prefer a good sandy loam, enriched with old stable manure; peaty soils also suit them if well drained, or peat mixed with loamy or sandy soil grow them splendidly; do not succeed in dry soils. They should be planted in rows or in clumps 6 to 12 inches apart, and the crown of the bulb must be covered with at least an inch of soil. If the shoot, when it comes through the ground, shows an inclination to open and reveal the flower buds which it encloses, cover it up at once with an inverted flower pot, the object being to draw the stem from the bulb while it is enclosed in the leaves, and before the flower is exposed to the sun. If this is not done, it sometimes happens that the flower begins to color when only a portion of it has appeared, and the beauty of the spike is thus lost. Allow the flower pot to remain until the flower stem is well through and above ground, then remove it, and fine spikes will be secured. The bulbs must be lifted when they have done flowering and their foliage has died down.

HYACINTHS GROWN IN POTS are very beautiful. Plant in 6-inch pots, in rich, loamy, sandy, or peaty soil, well mixed; drain the pots well, place them in a shady or dark place until shoots appear above ground, and water sparingly, but, when in full growth, give a liberal allowance.

TO GROW HYACINTHS IN WATER. (Glasses for this purpose, see below).—Place the Hyacinth in the glass sufficiently filled with water to allow the base of the bulb barely to touch it, and place them in a dark cupboard for about three weeks, until the roots are well started, and the shoot is at least half-an-inch long, then remove them by degrees to a well-lighted position in the room near the window, and as close to the glass as possible. Renew the water once a week, and keep it filled up to the base of the bulb only.

Hyacinths grown in water are most interesting, and make lovely plants, spikes often 9 inches long; they are very easily grown, and do well in this climate.

Early Roman. Pure White. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Mixed Varieties. Un-named; suitable for massing. 4s. per doz., 25s. per 100.

Hyacinth Glasses. For growing Hyacinths. 9d. each, 7s. 6d.

Hyacinth Supports. Made of brass; can be used to advantage in the culture of Hyacinths in water. 4d. each.

Iris Kœmpferi.

A Magnificent Collection of only the Best.

GIANT JAPANESE VARIETIES. Please order in April.

Brilliant Purple

Dark Blue

Double Violet

Lavender and White

Large Blue

Light Blue

Light Maroon

Navy Blue

Sky Blue

Tyrian Blue

White

The blooms we exhibit each season in our window are perfect revelations of gorgeous beauty. Flowering period, September to December. Require nice, rich soil; moist place indispensable. 1s. each, 9s. per doz.

Iris.

Spanish. Beautiful flowers, in all shades of colour. 3s. per doz.

German. A beautiful Iris. Likes a damp situation. Very large. Blooms well. 6s. per doz.

Pavonia (Peacock Iris). A charming variety, producing lilac-coloured flowers on slender stems. Each petal is marked with blotch of blue. 3d. each 2s. 6d. per doz.

Ixias.

Choice Varieties, including scarlet, white, yellow, etc. 1s. 6d. per doz., 8s. 6d. per 100, 75s. per 1000.

Ixia. Tall, white, beautiful. 1s. 6d. per doz.

Ixia Viridiflora. Green. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

Scarlet. Dazzling shade. 1s. per doz.

Yellow. Pretty, dark.

Jonquils.

Single Yellow. Much admired for their beauty and delicious fragrance; flower early, and last a long time. 1s. 6d. per doz.

Double Yellow. Beautiful; sweetly-scented. 2s. 6d. per doz.

Campanelli. Splendid for vases. 2s. per doz.

"My Entire Approval."

Messrs. Searl and Sons.

"The way in which you have executed my order meets my entire approval. I have had many dealings with you indirectly, and take this opportunity of saying that all orders, large and small, have met with prompt and careful handling by you.—T. M. W., Canowindra."

BULBS—Continued.

NARCISSI

These truly glorious flowers grow well in all parts of N.S.W.; and when the cost of the brilliant display they make and the length of time they remain in flower is considered, it will be easily realised that a garden is incomplete which does not possess a good assortment of them.

To facilitate selection, we have placed a number opposite each variety, indicating the order of flowering, thus rendering it easy for customers to ensure a display throughout the season over which the flowering extends.

We have denoted the relative order in time of flowering by (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5). Thus (1) indicates a first early variety, and (5) a late variety.

SELF-YELLOW TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

Ard Righ (Irish King) (1).	Golden Spur (1)
Bulbocodium	Her Majesty (2)
(4-hoop Petticoat Narcissus)	Major (3)
Countess of Annesley (1)	Maximus (5)
Emperor (3)	

MAGNI CORONATI (TRUMPET DAFFODILS).

Obvallaris (1)	P. E. Barr (4)
(Tenby Daffodil)	Sunshine (3)

WHITE-WINGED OR BI-COLOUR TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

Empress (3)	Grandis (5)	Princeps (1)
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WHITE AND SULPHUR-COLOURED TRUMPET DAFFODILS.

Albicans (3)	Moschatus (1)
Cernuus (1)	(White Spanish Daffodil)

MEDIO CORONATI.

(Incomparabilis, or Chalice-cupped Daffodils.)

Autocrat (3)	Princess Mary (4)
Beauty (4)	Prince Teck (4)
Cynosure (2)	Queen Bess (1)
Gwyther (3)	Sir Watkin (2)
Lorenzo (3)	(Giant Welsh Chalice Flower)
Mabel Cowan	Stella (3)

LEEDSII

Duchess of Brabant (3)	Minnie Hume (3)
Duchess of Westminster	Mrs. Langtry (3)
King Alfred	White
Madge Matthews (3)	

POETICUS.

Alba Plena Odorata (5)	Ornatus (4)
Poetarum (5)	(Pheasant's Eye)

DOUBLE DAFFODILS.

Double Yellow (2)	Sulphur Phoenix (3)
(Aurantius Plenus)	(Albus Plenus Sulphureus)
Orange Phoenix (3)	Telamonius Plenus (2)
(Albus Plenus Aurantius)	

DAFFODILS. Our Selection. 7s. 6d. per 100—Delivered.

POLYANTHUS OR BUNCH-FLOWERED NARCISSI

Bathurst. Pale lemon; good; large flower; very early. 2d. each. 1s. 6d. per doz. 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1,000.

Double Roman. White, orange nectary; early. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1,000.

Duchess of Albany. Splendid. 6d. each, 5s. doz. the finest of all; late. 3d. each, 2s. per doz., 12s. 6d. per 100, 70s. per 1,000.

Grand Monarque. White perianth, yellow cup; immense truss; the finest of all; late. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1,000.

Grand Primo. White perianth, yellow cup. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1,000.

White Pearl. Pure white; fine; late. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz. Grand Soleil d'Or. Deep rich yellow, with orange cup. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 9s. per 100, 60s. per 1,000.

Paper White. Charming pure white, exquisite perfume; early. 2d. each, 1s. per doz., 6s. per 100, 50s. per 1,000.

BARREI

Conspicuous (4)	Golden Mary (3)
Flora Wilson (4)	

BURBIDGEL

Baroness Heath (3)	Falstaff (3)
Burbidge (3)	John Bain (3)

"Delighted with our selection."

Messrs. Searl & Sons.

"I received Palms and Ferns, and am delighted with your selection. The packing was perfect.—E.A.W., Somerset, Blandford."

Lachenalia.

Aurea. Golden. 6d. each.

Quadracolor. 6d. each.

Very free flowering; spotted leaves.

Leucojum Æstivum.

(Snowflake.)

A very beautiful substitute for the old English Snowdrop, and does admirably here. 6d. per doz., 3s. 6d. per 100.

Pulchellus Majus (The Giant Snowflake). 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.



Lachenalia.

Liliums.

(READY FOR DELIVERY IN JUNE, NOT EARLIER.)

The Lilium family all thrive well in New South Wales; the bulbs we offer are colonial grown.

Lilium Lancifolium Rubrum. 9d.	
" Aurantiacum.	} Charming varieties.
" Roseum, white spotted. 9d.	
" Album, pure white, recurved. 9d.	
" Longiflorum, pure white; long tube-like flowers. 6d.	
" Harrisii (True Easter Lily). Producing in profusion a cluster of trumpet-shaped lilies, on a tall stem. 1s. each.	
" Candidum, pure white, very handsome. 9d. each.	
" Tigrinum (Tiger Lily). Single and Double. 6d. each.	
" Auratum (Golden Rayed Lily of Japan). Studded profusely with ivory white. 1s. 6d.	
" Paradalinum. Scarlet, shading to yellow, spotted purple-brown. 9d. each.	
" Macranthum. We have pleasure in offering this for the first time this year. An improvement on Auratum. Glorious. 2s. 6d. each.	

See Another Page for Special Offer of Liliums.

Montbretia.

Crocsmæflora. Distinct varieties. Extremely hardy, free growing plants, which flower profusely when thoroughly established. The flower stems are from 2½ to 3 feet in height and gracefully arched, and the colours are charming—bright orange, golden yellow, orange and bright vermillion, striped vermillion, and rose. They grow well in any soil. 3s. per doz.

Muscaria or Grape or Feathered Hyacinths.

Botryoides. Very beautiful, pale blue; does well in a cold climate. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

Mixed. A nice collection. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

BULBS—Continued.

Nerine.

Fothergilli. Large, rosy-carmine flowers. Very handsome. 1s. 6d. each.

Japonica (The beautiful Japanese Spider Plant). A charming variety. In September, after the leaves have withered, it sends up flower stalks 9 to 12 inches high, which are crowned with umbels of bright red flowers with long curved stamens. 6d. each, 4s. per doz.

Japonica Alba (The White Japanese Spider Plant). Worth a place in every collection. 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per doz.

Sarniensis (Guernsey Lily). This belongs to the Amaryllis tribe of bulbous plants. It thrives well in the open ground; flowers pale salmon colour. 1s. each.



Turban
Ranunculus

Ornithogalum.

This is a very handsome bulb, bearing a spike of pure white flower, with pure-black centre, the blooms retaining their freshness for some time after being cut.

Arabicum. Very large. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

Ranunculus.

A favourite pretty flower. They bloom very freely, and are of magnificent colour, and each individual flower is a perfect specimen in itself. A light soil is the most suitable, and if a little sand is added so much the better.

Californian Gold. Glorious, rich shade. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100

Fireball. Brilliant. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100.

French, mixed. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100.

Persian, mixed. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100.

Scotch Mixed. A very good strain. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100.

Turban, mixed. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100, 40s. per 1,000.

" scarlet. 1s. per doz., 5s. per 100.

" white. 1s. per doz.

" black. 1s. per doz.

RANUNCULUS ASIATICUS SUPERBISSIMUS.

Colonial-Grown Bulbs, and Imported.

We can supply Bulbs of this superb new thing, mixed. These will produce an endless variety of colours, varying from bright canary-yellow to deep crimson, single, semi-double and double. 1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100.

Scilla.

Wood Hyacinth. A beautiful little spring blooming bulb; will succeed in almost any situation, being perfectly hardy; flowers are of various colours, principally blue shades, and are produced on a short stem; some of the varieties are very dwarf and exquisitely beautiful. 3d. each, 2s. per dozen.

Sparaxis.

We have a very fine collection of the above, embracing every shade of colour, and beautifully marked. They are of very easy culture, and a very few planted amongst other bulbs will secure a dazzling display of beauty. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100, 70s. per 1,000.

Pulcherrima (Dierama). 6d. each, 5s. per doz.

Tigridia.

Pavonia (The Tiger Flower), so called from the peculiar markings of its beautiful single crimson flowers, which are spotted with yellow; it is very hardy; height 10 to 12 inches. 6d. each, 4s. per doz.

Canariensis. Yellow, scarlet spots. 6d. each.

Grandiflora Alba (White Tiger Flower); white, spotted crimson; large. 9d. each.

Lilacina. Purplish-lilac, dark in centre. 1s. 6d. each.

Speciosa. Bright yellow, spotted red. 1s. 6d.

Tritelia Uniflora.

A very pretty white flower, with a delicate band of blue along the centre of each flower. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz., 10s. per 100.

Tritonia.

Choice Mixed. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100, 70s. per 1,000.

Lineata. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz.

Longiflora A very useful decorative flower; allied to the Ixias, of a rich salmon colour; distinct. 2d. each, 1s. 6d. per doz.

Tuberose.

Double. Single. Excelsior. Pearl.

Tulips.

Double Mixed. 2s. per dozen, 12s. per 100.

Single Mixed. 2s. per doz., 12s. per 100. For massing in beds.

Single and Double Mixed. Splendid variety. 2s. per doz.

Parrot, Mixed. A splendid class. 4s. 6d. per doz.

These single varieties are quoted cheaper than ever offered before, and should induce planting in quantity.

This genus of old favourite flowers can be grown in parts of our State with great success, and flowered the first season after planting. They prefer a rich sandy loam, but any ordinary land can be enriched by the addition of plenty of old stable manure to grow them successfully; if the soil is inclined to be stiff the addition of sand would be serviceable. The cooler districts of our State will grow them admirably, but they will do fairly well in other parts if a cool or shady position be selected and plenty of water given, should the weather be dry during the growing season.

Vallotta.

Vallotta Purpurea (Scarborough Lily). Bright orange-scarlet, free flowering and showy. 1s. 6d. each.

Watsonia.

O'Brieni Alba. A most beautiful snow-white variety; should be in every garden. 4d. each, 3s. per doz.

O'Brieni Alba is a magnificent plant; when in flower it is from 5 feet in height, and throws up enormous spikes, and produces side shoots which flower in succession for a month or six weeks. Suitable for cutting. Useful to grow as shelter for other Bulbs.

Rosea. Very pretty. 4d. each, 3s. per doz.

Dry Bulbs can be supplied up to the end of May.

Our Special Lines.

Chrysanthemums	-	5,000
Dahlias	- - -	7,000
Bouvardias	- - -	6,000
Carnations	- - -	15,000
Roses	- - -	30,000
Ericas	- - -	1,500

We carry the Largest Stock and the Best Varieties in New South Wales.

Special Bulb Collections

COLLECTION OF DAFFODILS.

We specialise in these Daffodils at our Exeter Nursery, where we grow the "Field of Gold."

A. 2s. 6d., 12 Mixed.	C. 7s. 6d., 50 Mixed.	E. 15s., 100 in Varieties.
B. 5s., 25 Mixed.	D. 10s., 75 in Varieties.	F. £1, 150 in Varieties.

Alba Plena Odorata (The Gardenia-flowered Daffodil).

Barri Conspicuous. Edged orange scarlet.

Burbidgei. White perianth, cup margined red.

Countess of Annesley. Sulphur and yellow.

Cynosure. Primrose and orange scarlet.

Duchess of Brabant. White and yellow.

Emperor. Primrose perianth, yellow trumpet.

Empress. White perianth, yellow trumpet.

Golden Spur. Deep yellow.

John Bain. Nearly white; beautiful.

Major. A lovely kind.

Maximus. Rich golden yellow.

Obvallaris (Tenby Daffodil). Rich yellow.

Poeticus Ornatus. White cup edged scarlet.

Poeticus Poetarum. Pure-white perianth, orange cup.

Poeticus Plenus. Double white.

Princeps. Pale yellow perianth.

Sir Watkin (The Chalice-cupped Daffodil).

Stella. Large white perianth, yellow cup.

Telamonius Plenus. Double yellow.

For those not requiring so many Daffodils as 100, we will supply 50 for 10/-, five each of 10 sorts (our selection).

ASSORTED BULBS.

No. 1 COLLECTION (70 in all). 5/-

- 12 **Anemones.** Attractive colours; single and double mixed.
- 12 **Freesias.** Delightfully fragrant; pure white.
- 1 **Gladioli.** Fine showy flowers.
- 2 **Hyacinths.** Delightful perfume.
- 6 **Ixias.** Assorted colours; flowers profusely.
- 3 **Narcissus.** Spring flowering bulbs.
- 12 **Ranunculus.** Brilliant colours and showy.
- 2 **Scillas.** Exquisite little flowering Bulbs.
- 12 **Snowflakes.** White bells with green tips.
- 3 **Sparaxis.** Various colours; graceful habit.
- 3 **Tritonias.** Elegant and beautiful.
- 2 **Watsonia Alba.** Pure white; very free-flowering.

No. 2 COLLECTION (102 in all). 10/-

- 24 **Anemones.** Attractive colours; single and double mixed.
- 20 **Daffodils.**
- 12 **Freesias.** Deliciously fragrant; pure white.
- 2 **Gladioli.** Fine, showy flowers.
- 4 **Hyacinths.** Mixed colours; fragrant.
- 6 **Ixias.** Charming little flowering plants.
- 6 **Narcissus.** Assorted bunch flowered varieties.
- 12 **Ranunculus.** Bright, showy colours.
- 2 **Scillas.** Dwarf, and exquisitely beautiful.
- 12 **Snowflakes.** White bells, green tips.
- 6 **Sparaxis.** Beautiful colours.
- 6 **Tritonias.** Very large and free-flowering.
- 6 **Tulips.** Unique colours; single and double mixed.
- 1 **Watsonia Alba.** Pure white; very free flowering.
- 1 **Watsonia Rosea.** Lovely pink shade.

NO. 3 COLLECTION (163 in all). 20/-

- 24 **Anemones.** Mixed colours; very beautiful.
- 12 **Babiana.** Very showy, splendid for borders.
- 24 **Freesias.** Most lovely perfumed flowers.
- 4 **Gladioli.** Choice sorts.
- 1 **Hippeastrum.** Beautiful hybrid.

No. 3 COLLECTION—Continued.

- 6 **Hyacinths.** Mixed colours; rich, fragrant.
- 12 **Ixias.** Beautiful colours; light and graceful.
- 4 **Green Ixias.** Charming shade; uncommon colour.
- 6 **Narcissus.** Named varieties of these favourites.
- 6 **Narcissus, Paper White.** Exquisite.
- 2 **Nerine Japonica** (Japanese Spider Plant).
- 24 **Ranunculus.** Brilliant colours.
- 2 **Scillas.** Beautiful blue; dwarf growth.
- 12 **Snowflakes.** Pure white bells, tipped green.
- 12 **Sparaxis.** In charming colours; graceful.
- 8 **Tulips.** Mixed; single and double.
- 2 **Watsonia Alba.** White.
- 2 **Watsonia Rosea.** Rose flowers.

No. 4 Collection—

Liliums, 10 Varieties for 7s. 6d.

No. 5 Collection—

We offer 12 each of 9 Sorts of Anemones for 10s. 6d., post free.

No. 6 Collection—

We offer Ranunculus, 12 each of 9 Sorts for 10s. 6d., post free.

No. 7 Collection—

6 Single Hyacinths, named, 3s. 9d., post free.

No. 8 Collection—

12 Double Hyacinths, 7s., post free.

No. 9 Collection—

Gladioli. 100 in 50 Sorts. £2.

No. 10 Collection—

Bulbs for massing and bedding. 50s.

Garden Hose.

Measurement of Internal Bore taken.

50 ft. COILS.

Armored Hose, 6/- per Coil extra.

All Hose manufactured at the Australian Mills of the Dunlop Co., and is always fresh.

We can send you a sample piece on application.

PRICES PER FOOT (in three qualities).

DUNLOP BRAND.				OCEANIC BRAND.				MELBOURNE BRAND.			
SIZE.	2 Ply.	3 Ply.	4 Ply.	SIZE.	2 Ply.	3 Ply.	4 Ply.	SIZE.	2 Ply.	3 Ply.	4 Ply.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
½-inch ...	0 7	0 8	0 10	½-inch ...	0 6	0 7	0 8	½-inch ...	0 8	0 7	0 8
¾-inch ...	0 9	0 9	1 0	¾-inch ...	0 7	0 8	0 10	¾-inch ...	0 7	0 8	0 9
1-inch ...	0 11	1 0	1 3	1-inch ...	0 9	0 10	1 0	1-inch ...	0 8	0 9	0 11

SEARLS' SUNDRIES.

Aspinwall Sprayer (American). For spraying Paris Green, etc., besides having other uses. 3s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. each.

Bouquet Papers. We offer these, 6-inch size, at 1s. each.

Budding Knife (Saynor's and others) We offer the best makes of the above. 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Baxter's Labels. 5 in., 50 in a box, 1s.; 6 in., 50 in a box, 1s. 3d.

Buttonhole Tubes (imported). For gentlemen who always wear a flower in their coat. Prices on application.

Carnation Bands. For preventing the calyx from bursting. 2d. per doz.

Carnation Collars. We offer these to the lovers and enthusiastic growers of the Carnation. Length 12 inches. 1d. per doz.

Celluloid Pot Covers (American), in 6 sizes. From 3s. 6d. to 8s. 6d.



Copper Pots and Chaudrons, Oxidised. Various shapes and designs. From 2s. 6d. to 32s. 6d.

Copper Pot, Bright. In three sizes. Perforated. 2s. 6d., 3s., and 4s. 3d.

Daisy Weeders.

Digging Forks. 3s. 6d. to 5s. each; 4 and 5 Prong.

Edging Irons. With handles. For trimming grass edges, verges, etc. 3s. 3d. each.

Expanding Wreathing. Holly and Flower designs. From 1s. 3d. to 2s. 6d. per piece.

Faultless Sprayer. Keep plunger well oiled, wash out reservoir with hot water, and dry before laying away. 6s. each, carriage extra.

Finger Spades. For saving the nails whilst weeding. 6d. each.

Flower Gatherers (Scissors). These hold the flower after its stem has been severed.

Flower Pots and Saucers—

POTS.			
	Per doz.		per doz.
3 inch	1/-	8 inch	6/-
4 "	1/3	9 "	9/-
5 "	2/-	10 "	12/-
6 "	2/6	12 "	18/-
7 "	3/6		

SAUCERS.			
	Per doz.		per doz.
5 inch	1/3	9 inch	4/6
6 "	1/9	10 "	6/-
7 "	2/9	12 "	8/-
8 "	4/-		

SEED PANS.			
	Each.		Each.
7 inch	8d.	10 inch	1/6
8 "	10d.	12 "	1/9
9 "	1/2		

We accept no responsibility in regard to breakages.

Formicacide (Ant Destroyer). An imported article for the destruction and eradication of Ants. 1s. 3d. bottle.

Galvanised Rings. About 4 inches deep, for protecting special plants, such as Delphiniums, etc. 3d. each; 2s. 6d. per doz.

Garden Forks 1s. and 1s. 6d.

Garden Lines. We can supply these

Garden Trowels 1s. and 1s. 6d. if required. 1s. 9d. each.

Garden Spectacles. These are splendidly adapted for gardening during the hot weather. 6d. per pair.

Gardening Cuffs. Ladies' Basket. Splendid for protecting the sleeves 6d. per pair.

Gardening Gloves (Colonial-made). Extra good, from 2s. per pair. Colours and sizes assorted.

Gent's Gauntlets (imported). Strong Leather; splendid for hedge-cutting. 4s. per pair.

Gishurst Compound. A very efficacious dressing for aphids, green fly, red spider, and thrips; also for apple trees infested with blight or other insects; and is death to the pests of the orange tree—scale and coccus. In boxes, 1 lb., 1s. 6d.; 3 lbs., 4s. 6d.

Grafting Wax. Used when grafting is practised. In three sizes—9d., 1s. 3d., 2s. 3d.

Hanging Wire Baskets. For growing Ferns. 8 inch, 8d. each; 10 inch, 10d. each; 12 inch, 1s. each.

Hemp, Manila. A splendid soft Twine for tying up plants and shrubs. In balls, 6d. and 1s. each. 14 lb. balls upwards, special quotations.

Hessian or Scrim.

Hyacinth Glasses. For growing and flowering Hyacinth Bulbs in water. Various colours. 9d. each, 7s. 6d. per doz.

Indelible Black Pencils. Only suitable for writing wooden labels. 4d. each.

Indelible Ink. Wolff's and others'. For writing only on zinc labels. In bottles, 6d. and 1s. per bottle.

"Killequick" (Knowles'). The Rose-grower's friend; for insect pests; guaranteed pure nicotine. In pint bottles, 1s. 3d.; carriage extra.

Kuilo. Certain death to slugs, snails etc. 1s. per tin, and directions.

Labels. Chandler's Patent Indestructable Copper Metal Plant and Tree Label. Soft, annealed, tough copper, wired, and ready for immediate use. 30 in a box for 1s. 9d.

Lead Wire.—For tying or hanging zinc labels. 1s. 6d. per lb.

Moss, Artificial (dried). Imported. 6d. per packet.

Mouth Sprayers (imported). An efficient and handy flower sprayer. 1s. 9d. each.

Nicotine Soap. A valuable wash for affected plants. In three sizes, 1s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

Nikoteen. In bottles sufficient to make 5 gallons wash. 1s. 3d.; larger, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. per bottle. Certain death to aphids, scale, and all other insect pests; harmless to plant life.

Paris Green. The well-known cheapest remedy for all sorts of insect pests. A poisonous insoluble powder. 2 oz. packet, 6d., postage, 2d. extra. How to use: 1 oz to 10 gals. of water.

Potting Soil. 2s. 6d. per bushel. Suburban delivery fee on same, 6d.

Powder Distributors. A cheap and effective way of distributing insecticide for small use; 6d. each.

Pruning Knives (Saynor's and others'). We keep only the best. 2s. 6d. and 3s.

Raffia Fibre. We recommend damping before using. Very strong. 1s. 3d. per lb., 8d. per half-pound. Special prices for large parcels.

Raffia Tape. Splendid for tying. 2d. per strand; 12 strands for 1s. 6d. In reel (250 yards), 2s.

Rakes. 8 to 18 tooth, without handles. 1s. to 2s. 6d. each.

Scythe Stones. For sharpening scythes. 6d. each.

Seccateurs. 3s., 3s. 6d. and 4s. 6d.

Shirley's Garden Fertiliser.

Specially prepared for us.

For vegetables and flowers this manure is a fertiliser of a very high class. Can be used either liquid or dry. In tins of about 6 lbs., 1s.

Shrub Labels (Searls). We make a splendid roomy wooden label, painted and tarred at one end. Nicely pointed. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Silver Sand. 2s. 6d. per bushel.

Slug Guards. Made of perforated zinc, for putting over and protecting young plants. 4s. 6d. per doz.

Soft-Wood Flower Sticks. White (imported)—

18 inch	1/3	per 100	9d.	per 50
24 "	1/9	"	1/-	"
30 "	2/3	"	1/3	"
36 "	2/9	"	1/6	"
42 "	3/9	"	2/-	"
48 "	4/9	"	2/6	"

Stakes. Colonial Hardwood—Can be used for almost any kind of work, and is very durable.

	Per 100.	Per 50.	Per doz.
30 in., 3/4 x 1/2	3/-	1/6	6d.
36 " 3/4 x 1/2	4/-	2/-	7d.
42 " 3/4 x 1/2	5/-	2/6	8d.
48 " 3/4 x 1/2	6/-	3/-	1/-
54 " 1 x 1/2	8/6	4/3	1/3
60 " 1 x 1	9/-	4/6	1/6
72 " 1 x 1	12/-	6/-	2/-

Soluble Fir-Tree Oil (Insecticide). The cheapest and best of all insecticides. Half-pint, 2s.

Sphagnum Moss. For filling baskets, etc. 5s. per bushel.

Standen's Manure (imported). 1s. 6d. and 3s. This splendid Manure hardly needs describing.

Sulphur. 6 lbs. for 1s.; 14s. per cwt., delivered.

Summer Cloud. Used for shading frames and greenhouses. Directions accompany. 1s. 6d.

Tarred Twine. For tying up plants. In 1-lb. balls, 1s. each.

Appreciated by most gardeners on account of being weather-resisting.

Tan Bark.

Ti-tree.

Tobacco Powder Insecticide. Unequalled as an exterminator of slugs, etc. 5 lbs., 1s.; 2 lbs., 6d.; 3d. per lb.

Tobacco Stems. 7 lbs. for 1s.

Verge Shears. The best and strongest kind. 2s. per pair. Shears, Hedge. 8 inch, 3s. 9d.; 9 inch, 4s.; 10 inch, 4s. 6d.

Virgin Cork. Most ornamental, and essential for giving a rustic appearance in the bush-house, etc. 6d. per lb.

Wood Garden Labels. Painted. Per 100—4 inch, 1s.; 5 inch, 1s. 3d.; 6 inch, 1s. 6d.; 9 inch, 2s. 9d.; 10 inch, 3s. 3d.; 12 inch, 3s. 9d.

Wood Garden Labels. Plain. Per bundle of 100—4 inch, 8d.; 5 inch, 9d.; 6 inch, 1s.; 9 inch, 1s. 6d.; 10 inch, 1s. 9d.; 12 inch, 2s.

XL-ALL Oil. 3 sizes, 1/4 pint, 1s.; 1/2 pint, 1s. 9d.; 1 pint, 2s. 9d.

Zinc Labels. Very strong; can be written on with indelible ink only. For trees and shrubs. From 2s. to 4s. per 100.

Ornamental Trees, Flowering Shrubs, etc.

WE shall be pleased at all times to show anyone over our General Nursery at Botany. If they will kindly advise us by telephone of the time they expect to arrive, and give good notice, they will be met at the tram and driven to our Botany Nursery. We have a magnificent display at this Nursery of all the Plants we catalogue, with the exception of the Roses (grown at Burwood) and many lines of English Trees, Bulbs, etc. (grown at our Exeter Nurseries, 2,300 feet above sea level, on the Southern line). Plants marked * thrive best in cold climates, although some do well in ordinary soils and situations. We think it advisable, however, to let our cold climate friends know which plants will afford them the greatest satisfaction.

Evergreen Ornamental Trees

OFFERED IN QUANTITY.

	doz.	100
	s. d.	s. d.
<i>Acacia Baileyana</i>	10 0	75 0
<i>Brachychiton Acerifolia</i> (Flame Tree) ..	10 0	75 0
<i>Calodendron Capense</i>	15 0	100 0
<i>Camphora Officinalis</i>	10 0	75 0
<i>Castanos Permum Australis</i>	15 0	90 0
<i>Eucalyptus Globulus</i>	10 0	75 0
<i>Ficus Benjamineana</i> (Weeping Fig)	10 0	75 0
<i>Ficus Nitida</i>	10 0	75 0
<i>Grevillea Robusta</i>	10 0	75 0
<i>Jacaranda Mimosæfolia</i>	10 0	75 0
<i>Ligustrum Chinensis</i>	15 0	90 0
<i>Lophostemon Australis</i>	10 0	75 0
<i>Pinus Insignis</i>	10 0	75 0
<i>Pittosporum Eugenoides</i>	8 0	60 0
<i>Pittosporum E. Variegata</i>	12 0	90 0
<i>Pittosporum Undulatum</i>	8 0	60 0
<i>Schinus Molle</i> (Ppper Tree)	10 0	75 0
<i>Ulmus Chinensis</i>	15 0	90 0

Deciduous Ornamental Trees

OFFERED IN QUANTITY.

	each.	doz.	100
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
<i>Acer Saccharinum</i>	1 6	15 0	90 0
<i>Aesculus Hippocastanum</i>	1 0	10 0	75 0
<i>Liquidambar Styraciflua</i>	1 6	15 0	90 0
<i>Liriodendron Tulipiferum</i>	1 6	15 0	90 0
<i>Melia Azaderach</i> (White Cedar)	1 0	10 0	60 0
<i>Platanus Orientalis</i>	1 0	10 0	75 0
<i>Salisburia Adiantifolia</i>	1 6	15 0	90 0

	Ft. high	s. d.
* <i>Abelia Rupestris</i> , rose and white, sweet-scented	6	1 0
* <i>Aberia Caffra</i> (<i>Kafir Apple</i>), very spiny, most useful for hedge purposes. Special quotation for quantity	20	1 0
<i>Abutilon</i> (<i>Chinese Lantern</i>), Boule de Neige, white	4	1 0
Cloth of Gold	6	1 0
Darwini Tesselatum, leaves variegated green and yellow	3	1 6
Eclipse, orange and purple	6	1 0
Emperor, large flowers, dark crimson	6	1 0
Golden Fleece, yellow	4	1 0
Hibiscus, canary yellow, shaded dark rose violet	6	1 0
Lilaceum Album, white, shaded lilac	4	1 0
Roseoforum	6	1 0
Sawitzii, a very distinct variety, with green palmate leaves, regularly margined with silvery white; keep variegation always	4	1 0
Scarlet Gem, brilliant red; distinct	3	1 0
Souvenir de Bonn, leaves a beautiful silver margin; flowers orange-veined scarlet	8	1 0

	Ft. high	s. d.
<i>Abutilon</i> —Continued.		
Thompsonii, deep rich orange, shaded and streaked with crimson	6	1 0
Thompsonii Plenum, fine double	6	1 0
Marmorata, foliage green, pale yellow and gold	3	1 0
Vexillarium, yellow and red	3	1 0
Vexillarium Variegata, leaves variegated, and very pretty	1	0

Abutilons are very showy, decorative, and free-flowering shrubs. They might be cut back every two years.

* <i>Acacia Baileyana</i> , known as the "Cootamundra Wattle," silver-leaved, of great beauty, free-flowering in the spring; useful for hedges...	15	1 0
Cyanophylla, yellow	12	1 0
* <i>Dealbata</i> (<i>Silver Wattle</i>)	15	1 0
* <i>Decurrens</i> (<i>Black Wattle</i>)	25	1 0
* <i>Julibrissin</i> , elegant foliaged tree, with rosy red flowers; very hardy	1	6
* <i>Linifolia</i> , thin, narrow foliage; flowers produced on end of growth; very floriferous; yellow	10	1 0
Lophanta, fern-leaved variety	10	1 0
* <i>Mollissima Floribunda</i>	10	1 0
* <i>Nemu</i> (<i>Mimosa Arbor</i>), Magnificent Japanese variety. Flowers carmine-rose, beautiful foliage and hardy tree	2	0
<i>Podalyriefolia</i> (<i>Queensland Silver Wattle</i>). A very choice variety	1	6
<i>Pycnantha</i>	20	1 0

We stock other varieties of *Acacias* not mentioned here.

Very useful, quick-growing, ornamental shrubs or trees; indispensable where quick shelter or breakwind is required.

<i>Agave Americana</i>	50	1 0
* <i>Acer</i> , Japanese varieties (<i>Maple</i>)—		
* <i>Atropurpureum</i> , deep maroon, large regular palmate	2	6
* <i>Atropurpureum Dissectum</i> , deep maroon, richly fringed thread-like leaflets, drooping nature	2	6
* <i>Atropurpureum Variegata</i> , bright crimson, with deep maroon, variegated	2	6
* <i>Osaki-zuki</i> , large-leaved, regular, palmate, light maroon, changing to blood-red in the autumn	2	6
* <i>Rosa Marginatis</i> , small green leaves, crimson-margined	2	6
* <i>Roseum</i> , small palmate, leaves margined deep pink	2	6
* <i>Sanguineum Chishio</i> , blood-red, regular palmate, small leaves	2	6
* <i>Sanguineum Selgen</i> , blood-red, regular palmate	2	6
* <i>Washino-o</i> , green, thread-like, long leaflets, with deep serrate	2	6

None of ornamental trees excel these beautiful Japanese Maples. They are striking in foliage, and thrive well in the cool parts of New South Wales. They are of dwarf habit, 5 to 10 feet high, and perfectly hardy; but it is best to plant them sheltered from the worst prevailing winds. The collection named above are the choicest varieties, some with highly-coloured leaves, white, pink, or purple; and leaves deeply cut, as lace. They should occupy a foremost place among ornamental trees and specimens.



Are Noted for their Produce.

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high	s. d.
* Acer Negunda (<i>Box Elder</i>)	50	1 0
*Dasycarpum	40	1 6
*Elaeagnus	50	1 6
*Platanoides (<i>Norway Maple</i>)	70	1 0
*Pseudo Platanus (<i>Sycamore or False Plane</i>)	80	1 6
*Saccharinum (<i>American Sugar or Bird's-eye Maple</i>)	40	1 6

	Ft. high	s. d.
* Arduina (<i>Cape Plum</i>) Grandiflora, beautiful white-flowering shrub, strongly scented	5	1 6
Bispinosa, small, white, sweet-scented flowers...	3	1 6
These are very distinct flowering shrubs, and highly perfumed.		
* Arbutus Canariensis	20	1 6
*Unedo, Strawberry Tree	10	1 6
Both varieties are hardy, and are known as Strawberry Trees; they bear handsome, edible fruit, and are very ornamental trees.		
Ardisia Crenulata, crimson berries	2	1 6
Aster Argophyllus (<i>The Australian Musk</i>)	40	1 6
* Aucuba Japonica (<i>The Gold-Dust Tree, or Variegated Laurel</i>), in variety	4	1 6 to 2 6
The Aucubas are very hardy and handsome-follied evergreen shrubs, suitable for planting under trees or in the shrubbery. They are fine plants for towns or smoky districts and for near the sea. The varieties we stock are numerous, and beautifully variegated.		
* Æsculus Hippocastanum (<i>Horse Chestnut</i>); flowers white, tinged with red, which are produced in great profusion, no tree possessing greater beauty. See block page 4	60	1 0
* Rubicunda (<i>Scarlet Flowering Chestnut</i>). This is a very distinct and beautiful tree when in flower; beautiful scarlet, in long racemes		1 0
Flora Alba Plena (<i>The Double-Flowering Chestnut</i>)		1 6
* Bauhinia Alba (<i>Mountain Ebony</i>)	20	1 6
Scandens, semi-climber		2 0
*Purpurea	25	1 0
The Bauhinias are handsome when flowering, and deserve more cultivation.		
* Berberis Dulcis (<i>Sweet Barberry</i>)	4	1 6
*Darwini, pretty orange-yellow flowers, a great favourite	4	1 6
*Japonica	4	1 6
*Vulgaris (<i>Common Barberry</i>)	8	1 0
*Vulgaris Purpurea (good)	6	1 0
Vulgaris is the well-known English fruit, Barberry. It is a dense-growing and prickly bush, and makes a perfect hedge in cold climates.		
* Benthamia Fragifera (<i>Himalayan Strawberry</i>), flowers large, white, densely aggregate, forming a round head. This is a beautiful evergreen tree, and produces reddish fruit, somewhat resembling the Arbutus, very effective	10	1 0
* Betula Alba (<i>The Silver White or Common Birch</i>), a most beautiful and invaluable tree	20 to 30	1 0

Æsculus Hippocastanum (Horse Chestnut)

Acmena Floribunda	12	1 0
Myrtifolia	15	1 0
Pendula	20	1 0
Beautiful trees, with glossy green leaves and pretty, edible berries; a beautiful type of native trees.		
* Ailanthus Glandulosa (<i>Tree of Heaven</i>)	30	1 0
This tree grows with great rapidity for the first 10 or 12 years in favourable situations; afterwards it grows much slower. It is a desirable tree for plantations, or to stand singly, on lawns. When in flower, it has a striking appearance, producing large clusters of reddish-crimson flowers.		
Alnus Communis Glutinosa (<i>Common Alder</i>)		1 0
Allamanda Nerifolia. Flowers deep golden yellow, elegantly streaked with orange, between funnel and bell shaped. We can highly recommend it.	8	1 6
Aloysia Citriodora, lemon-scented Verbena	8	1 0
The scent of the leaves is delicious.		
Amorpha Canescens		2 0
* Amygdalus Persica alba, fl.pl.	10	1 6
Rosea, fl.pl.	10	1 6
Rubra, fl.pl.	10	1 6
The beautiful double-flowering peaches that bloom in the spring. They are so popular.		
Aralia Papyrifera (<i>Rice Paper Tree</i>)	10	1 0
Evergreen shrub, with fine, large, ornamental foliage.		



Brugmansia

* Boronia Megastigma, flowers maroon-purple, outside and yellow within; sweet-scented, and anybody's favourite	3	1 6
Brachychiton Acerifolia (<i>Fire Tree</i>), produces masses of scarlet flowers, small and bell-shaped, looking most effective when in flower	60	1 0

"The Best Crops grow
Where 'Sovereign Seeds' go."

Ball Bouquets. SEARL & SONS Bridal Bouquets.

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high	s. d.
Browallia Jamiesoni. This is indeed a pretty little shrub, producing orange and yellow flowers	8	1 0
Brugmansia Knightii (<i>Angel's Trumpet</i>), a large white, trumpet-shaped flower, very showy	10	1 0
Arborea. Large white, sweet-scented trumpet flowers	1	0
Coccinea. Large flowering, pale rose, very rare	1	6
Sarmentosa. Strong growing, large shining foliage, pure white flowers, 6 inches across, sweetly scented	1	6
Broussonetia Papyrifera, small, compact shrub	1	6
Buddleia Globosa, flowers orange or honey colour	10	1 6
Intermedia	2	0
Paniculata	20	1 0
Variabilis, with long spikes of lilac flowers; very floriferous; leaves lanceolate, whitish; very long clusters of violet-reddish flowers, sweetly scented	10	1 6
Veitchiana (a charming novelty, 1908. Be sure and see the coloured pages).		

Good for hedge and shelter purposes.

	Ft. high	s. d.
Calodendron Capense (<i>The Cape Chestnut</i>), flesh-coloured flowers. This is one of the finest trees produced from the Cape of Good Hope, and no tree when in flower causes such a great sensation. Don't be without it	40	1 6
*Calycanthus Floridus. Allspice	4	1 6
A deciduous hardy shrub. The flowers have a sweet apple scent. The wood and roots when cut have a strong smell of spice. Spreading habit.		
Præcox	4	1 6
Camphora Officinalis (<i>Camphor Tree</i>). Special quote for large quantity, per 100 or 1000	50	1 0
Carica Candamarcensis (<i>Papaw tree</i>), produces a yellow edible fruit, which is nearly as big as a child's head, and sweetly scented, resembling a Rock Melon	6	1 6
Cantua Dependens, corolla pale red, funnel-shaped	1	6
Alba, white flowering	1	6
These are exquisite and uncommon shrubs.		
Carya Sulcata (<i>The American Hickory Nut</i>), very handsome, hardy, deciduous tree	1	6
Olivæformis (<i>Pecan Nut</i>)	1	6



Hedges of English Laurel about the Homestead at Exeter.

Brunfelsia (Franciscea), Americana, pure white, very sweetly scented	6	1 6
Eximea, flowers blue and white at same time	10	1 6
Latifolia, lavender, with white eye	6	1 6
Elegant, free-flowering, evergreen shrubs. They prefer a warm, sheltered situation.		
*Buxus Aborea (<i>Tree Box</i>)	20	1 0
*Arborescens	6	1 6
*Argentea Variegata	3	1 6
*Aurea Variegata	3	1 6
*Macrophylla Rotundifolia	3	1 0
*Sempervirens (<i>English Box</i>), for edging, 7/6 per 100, 1/6 doz.		
The well-known English Box can be cut into any shape. The variegated forms are very pretty, and should be grown more.		
Callicarpa Rosea	4	1 6
Callistemon Lanceolatus (<i>The Bottlebrush</i>), bright and showy	8	1 0
Glabra	8	1 0
Rugulosum	8	1 0
Colours, red and crimson shades; very ornamental and free-flowering native plants; highly recommended.		

Caryopteris Mastocanthus (<i>Blue May</i>)	1	0
Cassia Condolleana. One of the best yellow shrubs in cultivation	10	1 6
Marylandica, flowers yellow; a useful shrub	6	1 6
Quick-growing, showy, and very hardy flowering shrubs, producing an abundance of yellow flowers.		
Castanospermum Australis (<i>Moreton Bay Chestnut</i>), flowers saffron-coloured	70	1 6
*Castania Vesca (<i>Sweet or Spanish Chestnut</i>) flowers yellowish; a very ornamental tree, but requires good, rich soil	50	2 0
*Catalpa Bungei. Admirable tree; it forms a perfect half-globular head, of a very deep green colour; flowers greenish-yellow, with red spots	10	1 6
*Syringifolia, white	20	1 0
*Kaempferi, a new variety	10	1 6
*Speciosa, a showy, rapid-growing tree, with pyramidal clusters, a foot long, of white and purple fragrant flowers	20	1 0
Catalpas make splendid lawn specimens and shrubbery trees. Indispensable in any collection. Beautiful flowers.		
*Celtis Australis	30	1 0
Ceanothus Azurea. Uncommon shrub	8	1 6

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TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high	s. d.
*Cerasus Lauro-cerasus (<i>English Laurel or Bay</i>). Special quote for large quantity	20	1 0
*Lusitanica (<i>Portugal Laurel</i>)	20	1 0
The Laurels are old English favourites; they thrive well here if planted in good, strong soil, and make splendid hedges.		
*Cerasus (<i>Double-flowering Cherry</i>)—		
*Asahi-Botan	2	0
*Aveum, fl. pl., beautiful white, free flowering	1	6
*Caproniana Ranunculiflora	1	6
*Hizakura	2	0
*Japonica Flore Rosea Plena	1	6
*J. H. Vetch. Flowers rosy pink, measuring 2 inches diameter, bronze foliage	5	0
*Ko-fugen, double pink, a striking variety	2	0
*Mikuruma-gaishi, brilliant pink, semi-double ..	2	0
*Ojochin, large, semi-double, white, slightly tinted pink, heavy bloomer	2	0
*Padus, white (<i>The Cluster Cherry</i>)	1	6
*Shiro-fugen, large, double	2	0
*Ukon	2	0
*Virginalis Alba	1	6
*Virgineana, white	1	6
*Watereri. Pure white	2	6
DWARFED CHERRY.		
*Dwarfed Cherry, with twisted branches, semi-double, in pink shades	2	6
*Dwarfed Cherry, with straight branches, semi-double, in pink shades	2	6
These Japanese double-flowering Cherries are the most beautiful flowering shrubs you could wish to have. They are showy, ornamental and the flowers very pretty.		
Ceratopetalum Gummiferum (<i>The Christmas Bush</i>) 40	1	0
Of this much-admired tree we cultivate nice plants. They do well about the suburbs, as well as the cooler districts.		
*Cercis Siliquastrum (<i>Judas Tree</i>), flesh colour	20	1 6
*Canadensis, red	20	1 6
*Siliquastrum Album	20	1 6
The Cercis are very pretty ornamental trees, and a great addition to the shrubbery.		
Cistus —		
Arborescens	2	1 0
Albidus, white, pale purple petals, yellow at the base	2	1 0
Crispus, purple and red	2	1 0
Laurifolius, petals white, yellow spot at base...	3	1 0
Purpurens, reddish-purple petals	2	1 0
Serpyllifolius	2	1 0
Vulgaris	2	1 0
This useful genus of dwarf flowering shrubs has been, so far, too much neglected, when their beauty and general value is taken into consideration. The only wonder is that they are not grown by everybody.		
Citrus Decumana (<i>Blood Shaddock</i>)	1	6
Citharexylum Subseriatum (<i>Fiddle Wood</i>), white.. 10	1	6
Fine evergreen shrub.		
Clerodendron Glasnum	6	1 0
A useful shrub, bearing creamy-white flowers.		
Fragrantissimum, fl. pl.	1	6
This fine shrub, recently introduced from China, is a strong, healthy grower, of good habit, has thick, large leaves; bears fine, dense heads of pure-white flowers, which are double, and the flower head is set close to the large handsome leaves that each is a complete bouquet in itself. The flowers are remarkably sweet-scented, having a peculiar rich fragrance of their own; easily-grown plants.		
*Clethra Arborea (<i>Lily of the Valley Tree</i>)	10	2 0
Alnifolia (alder-leaved), a hardy shrub producing white flowers, deliciously fragrant	1	0
These are very ornamental. C. Arborea has pure-white flowers, very like the Lily of the Valley, from which it gets the name.		
Ceratonia Siliqua (<i>Carob Tree</i>)	15	1 6
The Carob Tree, St. John's Bread, or Locust Tree is becoming more popular every season, and our stock increases.		
Cestrum Aurantiacum, orange	8	1 0
Diurnum, white	4	1 0
Nocturnum, greenish-white; sweetly-scented at night-time	6	1 0
Purpureum, purple crown	6	1 0
Free-flowering evergreen shrubs, and always useful.		
*Chamocerasus (<i>The Bird Cherry</i>)—		
*Virginalis Alba	4	1 6
*Chrysanthia	4	1 6
*Alpinia	4	1 6
*Fenzlei	3	1 6
*Flora Alba	3	1 6
*Grandiflora Rosea	4	1 6
Sweetly pretty dwarf flowering shrubs; should be known more by the public.		

	Ft. high	s. d.
Chilianthus Disophyllus	1	0
White; a semi-climbing plant useful for covering unsightly buildings; winter-flowering.		
*Chimonanthus Fragrans, Allspice, yellow	5	1 6
Christia Grandiflora	5	1 6
Compact, evergreen shrub; flowers red and yellow; uncommon.		
*Choisya Ternata (<i>Mexican Orange Flower</i>), white, most sweetly-scented and lasting. Strongly recommended	6	1 6
Chorizema Cordatum, pretty dwarf, flowering, distinct shrub, producing flowers red and yellow ..	2	1 6
Cilianthus Puniceus (<i>Parrot's Beak</i>), pink	6	1 0
Puniceus Albus, pure white	5	1 6
Handsome shrubs, bearing a profusion of pretty flowers.		



Cytisus Laburnum

Coprosma —		
Lucida, a handsome evergreen shrub, with bright, shining leaves; very hardy; most suitable for hedge purposes, near the sea shore	6	1 0
Variegata	6	1 0
Coffea Arabica (<i>Coffee</i>)	10	1 6
Handsome evergreen shrub, covered with red berries in Autumn.		
Coronilla Glauca, beautiful yellow flowers	4	1 0
*Corynocarpus Laevigatus (<i>Karaka Tree of New Zealand</i>)	30	1 6
A pretty evergreen, producing white flowers and a plum-like fruit.		
*Corylus Purpurea (<i>Purple-leaved Filbert</i>), very ornamental, and distinct for shrubbery	1	6
*Cotoneaster Buxifolia, white	3	1 6
*Microphylla, white	4	1 6
*Simonsi	8	1 0
Cotoneaster (or Rock Spray) are lovely shrubs for covering and trailing over walls, sloping banks, and rock gardens. The blossoms are charming, and the bright red berries remaining on the plants so long are very ornamental.		
Crotolaria Trifoliastrium, a pretty shrub, with yellow pea-like flowers	15	1 0
Cupania Australis (<i>Australian Tamarind</i>)	50	1 6
A tree of considerable size, and magnificent and remarkable foliage.		

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high	s.	d.
*Cataegus (<i>English Hawthorn or May</i>) <i>Oxyantha</i> , white, single	12	..	1 0
*Aurea, golden foliage, very choice and ornamental ..	6	..	2 0
*Azarolus, white, sweetly scented ..	10	..	1 6
*Crenulata (<i>Fire Thorn</i>). Bears a profusion of red berries; very decorative ..	8	..	1 0
*Crus-galli (<i>Cockspur Thorn</i>), flowers white, tinged with red, producing edible scarlet fruit 10 to ..	20	..	1 6
*Pink, double ..	12	..	1 0
*Red, double ..	12	..	1 0
*White, double ..	12	..	1 0
Crataegus are general favourites; flower profusely in spring-time. The double varieties are exceedingly beautiful, and particularly showy and effective. Special quote for hedge purposes.			
Cuphea <i>Jorullensis</i> , yellow and red ..	4	..	1 0
Platycentra, red (<i>The Cigar Flower</i>) ..	2	..	1 0
Roezeli; flowers red and green ..	4	..	1 0
Dwarf-flowering; distinct.			
*Cydonia <i>Japonica</i> , scarlet ..	6	..	1 6
*Alba Plena ..	5	..	1 6
*Candidissima ..	5	..	1 6
*Cardinalis ..	5	..	1 6
*Rosea Plena ..	6	..	1 6
*Sanguinea Plena, double red ..	6	..	1 6
*Sanguinea Nivalis, white and red ..	6	..	1 6
Handsome shrubs; should be largely planted; called Japanese Flowering Quinces, and their flowers make them conspicuously beautiful.			



Deutzia, Pride of Rochester

*Cytisus <i>Laburnum</i> , English (<i>Golden Chain</i>)	8	..	1 0
*Laburnum Adami ..	8	..	1 0
*Canariensis, sweet-scented, golden-yellow flowers ..	8	..	1 6
*Nigricans Carlieri, small yellow flowers ..	..	..	1 0
*Hirsutus, yellow ..	8	..	1 6
*Proliferus (<i>Tree Lucerne</i>), flowers white, branches and leaves velvety. Sometimes used for hedge purposes ..	8	..	0 6
These are hardy shrubs and great favourites.			
Cyphomandra <i>Betacea</i> (<i>The Tomato Tree</i>), an ornamental tree, bearing a profusion of edible fruit; makes a good preserve ..	10	..	1 0
*Chionanthus <i>Virginica</i> (<i>The American Fringe Tree</i>), white, very pretty ..	..	..	2 0
Daphne <i>Indica Rubra</i> , red ..	3	from 1/6	
Odora, white ..	6	to 2/6	
They are pretty, very highly perfumed, free bloomers, suitable for bouquets; universal favourites.			
Dasyliiron <i>Glaucophyllum</i> , a graceful and ornamental plant ..	6	..	1 0
*Deutzia (<i>Wedding Bells</i>), <i>Crenata</i> , fl. pl.	4	..	1 0
*Campanulata, free-flowering, exquisite ..	4	..	1 6
*Crenata <i>Argentea</i> Variegata ..	4	..	1 6
*Candidissima <i>Flore Plena</i> ; semi-double flowers ..	4	..	1 0
*Corymbiflora ..	4	..	1 6
*Discolor <i>Grandiflora</i> ..	4	..	1 6

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instructed, and
they'll give a
grand average
of growth.

Deutzia—Continued.

	Ft. high	s.	d.
*Gracilis ..	4	..	1 0
*Gracilis <i>Folius Aureus</i> ; variety with golden leaves ..	..	..	1 6
*Gracilis <i>Campanulata</i> ..	4	..	1 6
*Gracilis <i>Carminea</i> , clear rose flowers, underneath carmine, choice ..	..	..	1 6
*Gracilis <i>Eximia</i> , rosy petals, with carmine ..	4	..	1 6
*Lemoinei <i>Compacta</i> ..	4	..	1 6
*Marginata <i>Aurea</i> ..	4	..	1 6
*Pride of Rochester, double-flowering, pure white ..	4	..	1 0
*Rosea ..	4	..	1 0
*Scabra ..	4	..	1 0
*Venusta ..	4	..	1 6
*Vilmorinae, New sort, discovered on Mountain of China, snow-white, large ..	..	..	2 0
Dwarf, hardy, flowering shrubs which can be highly recommended. Some of the varieties here enumerated are very pretty and attractive.			
Derringia <i>Amhersti</i> Variegata, a pretty shrub, leaves white and green, variegated.			
*Diervillea <i>Wiegelia</i> (<i>Bush Honeysuckle</i>)—			
*Abel Carriere, flowers of rich rosy crimson colour ..	4	..	1 0
*Amabilis ..	6	..	1 0
*Amabilis Variegata ..	6	..	1 6
*Augustus Wilhelm, an intensely dark-coloured variety; flowers of an amaranth red shade ..	4	..	1 0
*Candidissima, white ..	..	..	1 0
*Conquete, flowers deep rose; exquisite ..	6	..	1 6
*Eva Rathke, vigorous shrub, flowering abundantly; the flower is large, nice form, and of crimson-red colour ..	6	..	1 6
*Gloire des Bosquets, deep red flowers ..	6	..	1 0
*Hendersonii, beautiful carmine flowers, spotted white on edge ..	4	..	1 0
*Hortensis Nivea, neat-growing variety, with pure white flowers; distinct ..	4	..	1 0
*Montesquien, fine reddish-crimson flowers, of elegant shape, very handsome ..	4	..	1 0
*Searls' Magnifica (<i>Searls' Seedling</i>). Bright rose, with tinge of lilac, very free flowering ..	6	..	1 6
*Oceris (<i>Searls' Seedling</i>). A very choice variety, a profuse bloomer, literally covering the foliage with blooms of a peach-blossom shade ..	6	..	1 6
These are very desirable and beautiful plants for the garden. They are profuse bloomers, and require but little attention. They produce fine clusters of tube-shaped flowers. Very hardy. We recommend to plant with Azaleas.			
Diosma <i>Ericoides</i> ..	3	..	1 6
Charming little evergreen plant, with light feathery foliage, which is, during September and October, studded with small starry white flowers.			
Diplacis <i>Hybrida</i> ..	3	..	1 0
A dwarf, yellow-flowering shrub; very attractive evergreen.			
Diplopappus <i>Pedunculatus</i> , small aster-like flowers, purple ..	3	..	1 0
Dombeya <i>Dregiana</i> , white ..	15	..	1 6
Mollis, white ..	12	..	1 6
Mastersii, white ..	12	..	1 6
Evergreen free-flowering trees, with good foliage; flowers perfumed, white in colour; require plenty of space.			
Doryanthes <i>Excelsis</i> (<i>Gigantic Lily</i>), a striking native scarlet-flowering plant ..	12	..	1 0
Palmeri, a North Australian species; red shading to white. Queensland Spear Lily ..	..	..	1 0
Dracena <i>Australis</i> ..	8	..	1 6
Canneffolia ..	8	..	1 6
Draco (<i>Dragon's Blood</i>) ..	10	..	1 6
Fragrans, very ornamental, bush-house or verandah ..	8	..	1 6
Terminalis ..	20	..	1 6
Stricta ..	10	..	1 6
Handsome, tropical-looking plants; hardy.			
*Duranta <i>Alba</i> , white ..	6	..	1 0
*Plumieri, blue ..	6	..	1 0
*Plumieri <i>Aurea</i> , green and gold variegation ..	6	..	1 0
A pretty family of dwarf-growing evergreen shrubs, very free-flowering and quite hardy; makes pretty hedges.			
*Edwardia <i>Microphylla</i> (<i>New Zealand Laburnum</i>) ..	12	..	1 0
Evergreen flowering shrub, quite hardy, yellow flowers.			
Elæocarpus <i>Serratus</i> , white, sweetly-scented, and makes a beautiful evergreen shade tree....	30	..	1 6
Elæagnus <i>Japonica</i> <i>Macrophylla</i> , <i>Aurea</i> Variegata ..	6	..	1 6
A beautiful plant, with gold variegation and silver underneath the leaves; a suitable plant for covering unsightly buildings.			
*Angustifolia ..	15	..	1 6
*Edulis; very good fruit ..	4	..	1 0
<i>Japonica</i> <i>Longipes</i> (<i>Silver Thorn</i>) ..	10	..	1 0
Fine hardy shrubs; grow freely in any ordinary soil; very ornamental; should be planted more.			
Elm (see <i>Ulmus</i>).			

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high	s. d.		Ft. high	s. d.
Erythrina Arborea	20	1 6	*Forsythia Viridissima (Golden Bell), yellow, very showy	5	1 0
Bidwilli	5	1 6	Variegata Aurea	5	1 6
Bogotensis, lovely coral tree, with brilliant dark-red flowers, very choice	15	1 6	Very free-flowering shrubs; showy.		
Caffra	15	1 6	Fourcroya Gigantea Variegata; very ornamental for lawns or large shrubberies and park-planting	8	1 6
Crista Galli (The Tree Cockcomb), bright deep scarlet, compact; makes a splendid display of colour	8	1 6	*Fraxinus Excelsior (Ash)	50	1 0
Corallodendron, beautiful coral red	1 0		*Alba	40	1 0
Coralloides, carmine red	2 0		*Excelsior Aurea (The Lovely Golden Ash)	40	2 6
Indica	15	1 0	Hardy, ornamental trees of great beauty, and do admirably in the cooler districts.		
Insignis, magnificent coral red	1 6		Gardenia Globosa; flowers white and globose, very handsome	15	1 0
Erythrinas, or Coral Trees, are splendid objects in pleasure-grounds, producing large spikes of brilliant-coloured flowers. They will thrive in the poorest soil, or even barren sand.			Intermedia; very free-flowering	3	1 6
*Escallonia Exoniensis, white dwarf	6	1 6	Magnifica	4	1 6
*Macrantha, crimson red	6	1 6	Radicans	1	1 6
*Montevicensis, white	10	1 0	Thunbergi	12	1 6
*Rubra, red	6	1 0	Evergreen flowering shrubs; foliage of a beautiful dark glossy green, and the lovely pure-white flowers are most deliciously fragrant.		
*Sanguinea, crimson	8	1 0	*Gleditsia Horrida (Honey Locust Tree), a splendid deciduous tree, and bright when flowering	30	1 6
Beautiful free-flowering evergreen shrubs. Montevicensis has white flowers borne in bunches; it will stand clipping. E. Macrantha is valuable as a hedge plant. They thrive in any climate.			*Japonica	1 6	
Eucalyptus Citriodora, lemon-scented; the fragrance of the foliage renders it a most desirable acquisition	75	1 0	Goldfussia Anisophylla; abundance of lavender bell-shaped flowers	3	1 0
*Corynocalyx (Sugar Gum)	100	1 0	Graptophyllum Earlii, a red-flowering shrub from Queensland	6	1 6
This is, without doubt, one of the finest and most useful of the Eucalypti for planting in exposed situations. Sheep will eat the young shoots readily in dry seasons—in fact, largely planted for that purpose.			*Gymnocladus Canadensis (Kentucky Coffee Tree) Ornamental, hardy, deciduous tree; flowers white, in thyrsoid racemes.	30	1 6
*Ficifolia (The Scarlet-flowering Gum)	1 6		Grevillea Robusta (Silky Oak)	40	1 0
One of the most gorgeous flowering trees we have. While only growing to the height of 15 to 20 feet, it is, during the summer months, giving the tree a handsome appearance. Special quote for big plantations.			A very ornamental tree, with pretty foliage, changing from green to bronze, and producing orange flowers.		
*Globulus (Tasmanian Blue Gum)	100	1 0	*Genista Alba (The White-flowering Broom); a very floriferous shrub	8	1 0
We list only a few of the ornamental varieties of this large genus. Special quote for large quantities.			*Andriana	1 6	
Eugenia Jambosa Malacensis, rose apple	20	1 6	Canariensis; very floriferous, golden yellow	1 0	
Knighti, purple berries	20	1 6	Florida; fine foliage, yellow flowers	1 0	
Myrtifolia, white, with crimson berries	20	1 6	A very beautiful variety of the common Broom, having the superior petals golden yellow and the altral ones a beautiful crimson; a very conspicuous shrub.		
Parvifolia	15	1 6	Fine ornamental plants, with handsome foliage and attractive flowers; quick growers.		
Uniflora (Brazilian Cherry), a good fruit	20	1 0	*Hakea Eucalyptoides, a magnificent flowering shrub, with crimson flowers	8	1 6
Ornamental trees. Some of the varieties have white, red, and purple berries.			Saligna	10	1 6
*Euonymus Japonicus	12	1 0	Habrothamnus Elegans; scarlet	6	1 0
*Alba Variegatus	6	1 0	Scabra, red	4	1 0
*Alba Latifolius	12	1 0	Handsome-flowering, quick-growing, evergreen shrubs, very hardy.		
*Aurea Marginatus	6	1 0	*Halesia Tetraptera (Snowdrop or Silver Bell Tree); flowers pure white	10	1 0
*Argenteus Marginatus	4	1 0	This is not too well known, but will be found a great addition to the shrubbery, or a single specimen on lawns. Can recommend with confidence.		
*Radicans (Japanese Spindle Tree)	4	1 0	Hawthorn (see Crataegus).		
Very useful, handy evergreens; will stand the coldest climate, and their beautiful coloured leaves and red berries make them conspicuous.			Heliotropium Aureum	2	1 0
Euphorbia Splendens (Crown of Thorns); showy, with its red flowers	4	1 0	Peruvianum	2	1 0
Aphylla, low-growing, yellow flowers	1 0		President Garfield	3	1 0
Atropurpurea, magnificent dark red	1 6		Priapo	3	1 0
Canariensis, resembling a cactus	1 3		Roi des Noires, very dark	3	1 0
Regis Jubae, tree-like flowers, pale yellow	1 6		White Lady	3	1 0
Eupomatia Laurina	12	1 0	These do splendidly in the open garden; will also make good specimens in pots, tubs, etc. The fragrance of the Heliotrope is one of the most beautiful things of the garden.		
evergreen shrub, bearing curious flowers and foliage; a native of Australia; flowers perfumed.			Hevea Brasiliensis (Para Rubber). A stately tree, which grows to a height of 130 feet in tropical parts; a great commercial tree		
*Exochorda Alberti (Pearl Bush)	6	1 6	Plants, each	3	6
One of the loveliest flowering shrubs in cultivation; flowers pure white; borne in great profusion.			Hibiscus Andersonii, dark crimson, with dark eye	6	1 6
Fabiana Imbricata, white; very hardy	4	1 6	Anemonæflora, choice, hardy	1 6	
*Fagus Sylvatica (Beech)	60	1 6	Camdeni, single red	6	1 6
*Sylvatica Cupreus, copper colour	50	2 0	Californica, new	2 0	
*Sylvatica Purpureus	50	1 6	Chrysanthus, a free-growing plant, producing large golden-yellow flowers, with perfect black eye	4	1 6
These Copper Beeches make lovely specimens in the cool climates; they are noble-looking trees.			Cooperii, red and white variegated foliage, large red flowers	3	1 6
Felicia Angustifolia, lilac, flowering shrub	2	1 0	Elata, purplish copper colour, large	30	1 6
Ficus Australis	60	1 0	General Courteges, scarlet, large-flowering	6	1 6
Benjaminii (The Weeping Fig); with its drooping branches, is really a pretty tree. Space is limited, otherwise we could give a good description of this magnificent tree	40	1 0	Grandiflora, crimson, black centre	6	1 6
Cunninghamii	25	1 6	Harwoodi, a beautiful large single pink variety, with dark centre; new and much admired	6	1 6
Elastica (The India Rubber Tree)	60	2 6	Lutea	10	1 6
Macrophylla (Moreton Bay Fig), Australian Banyan	100	1 0	Lamberti, large double red, a ball like ribbon	6	1 6
Nitida, beautiful variety	40	1 6	Inteola Plena	6	1 6
This genus is remarkable for its magnificent foliage, and far surpasses all others as shade trees. They form enormous trees, and seem to thrive anywhere. Ficus Australis is specially adapted for growing at sea frontages. It will even grow on rocks.			Manihot, large, yellow, with black eye; very fine	6	1 6
			Mutabilis, Chinese rose, double pink	8	1 6
			Mutabilis, double white	8	1 6
			Pedunculatus; produces pale pink bell-shaped flowers, which appear in one mass all over the shrub	6	1 6
			Reevesii, new and choice, red and white striped	6	1 6
			Splendens	6	1 6
			Splendens Variegata	6	2 0

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

Hibiscus—Continued.

	Ft. high	s.	d.
* <i>Syriacus</i> Alba, fl. pl., double white flowers	5	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> Alba, <i>Luteola Plena</i>	8	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> , double light violet	6	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> <i>Pæoniæflora</i> , a lovely rosy pink, and truly resembles a pæony	6	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> <i>Violareus Atropurpureus</i> , <i>Flore Plenisimo</i>	6	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> <i>Violacea Variegata</i> , violet-red flowers, margined white	6	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> <i>Purpurea Variegata</i> , purple, with variegation	6	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> Alba <i>Variegata</i> , green foliage, margined white	5	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> <i>Purpureus</i> , double purple	6	1	0
* <i>Syriacus</i> <i>Jeanne de Arc</i> ; a beauty; satiny white, with red at base of petals, like a pæony	6	1	0

Hibiscus rank among our very best flowering shrubs, and as they are so thoroughly adapted to our climate, and fulfil so many requirements of the flower garden, they can be safely recommended. But the last 10 named *Syriacus* varieties are hardy, and will thrive in the coldest districts. They produce small pæony-like flowers.

Horse Chestnut (see *Æsculus*).

Hovenia <i>Dulcis</i> (<i>Japanese Raisin</i>)	8	1	0
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A few Hibiscus of our 26 varieties.

* Hydrangea <i>Cyonacleda</i> , black-stemmed, very floriferous, dark blue	4	1	0
* <i>Empress Eugenie</i>	4	1	0
* <i>Hortensis</i> , light blue, single	4	1	0
* <i>Hortensis</i> <i>Variegata</i>	3	1	0
* <i>Otaska</i> , pink	4	1	0
* <i>Stellata</i> <i>Pimbrata</i>	4	1	0
* <i>Thomas Hogg</i> , white	4	1	0

Strong-growing plants, having bold, dark-green foliage and immensely large flowers. They thrive best in moist situations; make good specimens when grown as pot plants.

* Paniculata <i>Grandiflora</i> (<i>The Plumed Hydrangea</i>)	4	1	0
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This is one of the most desirable hardy shrubs in cultivation. Flowers white; borne in immense pyramidal trusses more than a foot long, and remains in flower for a long period.

Hypericum <i>Moserianum</i> , bright yellow	3	1	0
<i>Tricolor Variegata</i> , yellow	3	1	0
Beautiful shrubs, growing about 3 ft. high, and late in summer covered with deep yellow flowers.			

Hymenospermum <i>Flavum</i> , yellow flowers	20	1	0
A splendid tree; hardy, with beautiful foliage and fragrant flowers. Similar habit and foliage to <i>Pittosporum Undulatum</i> , but with yellow flowers.			



Deciduous Magnolia in full bloom

Lilicium <i>Anisatum</i> (<i>Aniseed Tree</i>)	6	1	0
* Ilex <i>Aquifolium</i> (<i>English Holly</i>)	15	1	0
*Alba <i>Marginata</i> (<i>Silver Holly</i>)	10	1	0
*Aurea (<i>Golden Holly</i>)	10	2	0
<i>Cornuta</i> (<i>Chinese Holly</i>)	15	1	0
* <i>Ferox</i> <i>Argentea</i> , var.	10	1	0
* <i>Paraguariensis</i> (<i>Paraguay</i>) (<i>Brazilian Tea</i>), large leaf Holly	15	1	0

Everyone's favourite; most beautiful tribe of evergreen shrubs, with bright, shining, green foliage, generally prickly, and in winter they produce bright red berries. They also represent a variety of forms of variegation very pleasing. The variety *Cornuta* will do well around Sydney and suburbs. We have two lovely specimens in our Botany Nursery.

Indigofera <i>Rosea</i> , pink	4	1	0
<i>Decora</i> , pink and white	2	1	0
Inga <i>Pulcherrima</i> scarlet (<i>Tassel Flower</i>), a very handsome Mimosa-like shrub	4	1	0
Jasminum , see under Climbing Plants.			
Jacaranda <i>Mimosæfolia</i>	40	1	0

A magnificent tree, with Mimosa-like graceful foliage. It makes a beautiful tree in the warmer districts, especially in any parts of our suburbs. The flowers are of a beautiful lavender shade, bell-shaped, and a well-grown specimen, the admiration of everyone.

Jochroma <i>Grandiflora</i>	6	1	0
Justicia <i>Carnea</i> , rose	2½	1	0
<i>Adhatoda</i> , white	4	1	0
<i>Magnifica</i> , pink	4	1	0
<i>Rosea-Carminea</i>	6	1	0
<i>Splendens</i> , pink	3	1	0

Beautiful flowering shrubs, only requiring shelter and ample watering—except *J. Adhatoda*, which is particularly hardy, and makes a shapely shrub. See block page 56.

Kalosanthos <i>Coccinea</i> (<i>Crassula</i>), beautiful heads of crimson flowers	1½	1	0
* Kerria <i>Japonica</i> , yellow	5	1	0
* <i>Japonica</i> , fl. pl., yellow	5	1	0
Kerrias are very hardy, yellow-flowering, and effective Japanese shrubs.			

* Larix <i>Europea</i> (<i>Larch</i>)		1	0
Lagerstromia (<i>The Crape Myrtle</i>) <i>Indica</i> , pink	20	1	0
<i>Indica</i> Alba	10	1	0
<i>Indica</i> , red	20	1	0

Messrs. Searl and Sons.

I am sending you a parcel of Tomatoes to-day. Though we have had a severe time, some of the fruit weighs over half a pound. Last season, from your seed, numbers reached a weight of 2½ lbs. —M. C., Yass, February 2, 1908.

Seedsman and SEARL & SONS Plant Merchants.

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s. d.
Mathewsi. The lavender variety, which is seen in all its glory in Sydney Botanical Gardens	2	0
Hardy, deciduous shrubs. The flowers are very handsome, red, pink, lavender, and white in colour, and distinct from any shrub existing.		
Lagunaria Patersoni , pink, slow grower	40	1 6
Lasiandra Heteromala , blue	5	1 6
Macrantha, purple	6	1 6
Rosea, pink, free bloomer	4	1 6
Lasiandras are the best flowering shrubs of their colour.		
Lantana , splendid flowering shrubs; will thrive anywhere. We can supply in six colours, named varieties	6	1 0
*Laurus Nobilis (<i>Sweet Bay</i>)	30	1 6
A well-known aromatic evergreen tree or shrub; leaves greatly used for flavouring purposes.		
Lavendula Spica (<i>Common Lavender</i>)	1	0
Stæchas (<i>French Lavender</i>)	1	0
The French Lavender is very pretty.		
Libonia Floribunda , orange and red, a free-flowering plant	3	1 0



Echinocactus Mullieri (see Herbaceous Plants).

*Ligustrum Japonicum (<i>The Privet</i>)	8	1 6
*Lucidum	7s. 6d. per 100	12
*Lucidum Variegatum	8	1 6
*Ovalifolium Aureum Elegantissimum	4	1 6
*Ovatum	8	1 6
*Chinensis, large, evergreen, profuse bloomer	15	1 6
*Pubescens	7s. 6d. per 100	6
*Robustum Marginatum Aureum	6	1 6
*Sinensis Minum folius variegatus Aureis	4	1 6
*Vulgaris	7s. 6d. per 100	6

Ligustrums, or Privets, are useful in shrubberies; they are frequently used for ornamental hedges, either to conceal fences or to form break-winds for flower-beds, etc. They stand exposure well, and will grow in most soils. Vulgaris and Pubescens are expressly used for these purposes in England and elsewhere. The variegated sections make beautiful single specimens to plant on lawns.

Lilac (see Syringa).

Linum Trifynum 1 .. 1 0
A handsome dwarf yellow shrub; winter-flowering.

***Liquidambar** Straciflua (*Bilsted or Sweet Gum Tree*). Greenish-yellow flowers 40 .. 1 6

An elegant tree somewhat resembling the maple; the leaves turning to a bright red in the autumn. Will grow in any soil and situation. A very admirable tree.

	Ft. high.	s. d.
*Liriodendron Tulipiferum (<i>Tulip Tree or Saddle Tree</i>)	60	1 6
An elegant, hardy, deciduous tree, resembling a Plane tree in habit, having handsome foliage and yellowish-red flowers.		
Lophostemon Australis	40	1 0
A handsome shelter tree, suitable for planting with Pines and Camphor. Good for avenue or street planting. Special quotations for large quantities.		
Mackaya Bella , lilac-purple, a strong-growing ornamental shrub	6	1 0
Magnolia Anonæfolia	8	1 6
*Bicolour, deciduous	8	1 6
*Conspicua; deciduous; purple and white	20	1 6
Fuscata (<i>Port Wine Magnolia</i>)	8	1 6
*Grandiflora (<i>Lilytree Laurel Magnolia</i>); grand white flowers, like water-lilies; powerfully fragrant; glossy green foliage; evergreen	25	1 6
*Purpurea; deciduous	15	1 6
*Soulangeana, white and purple, lovely	2	6
Fuscata is a pretty shiny-leaved shrub, having curious pale chocolate-coloured flowers, and a powerful odour, with a resemblance to port wine. Purpurea, Conspicua, and Bicolor are deciduous, with large purple and white tulip-shaped flowers. They all do well in cold climates, except Fuscata and Anonæfolia.		
*Mahonia Aquafolium (<i>Holly-leaved</i>); flowers yellow, racemes erect, much crowded; very pretty foliage, changing in the autumn	6	1 6
*Japonica	6	1 6
Malpighia Glabra (<i>Barbados Cherry</i>)	1	6
Rosy-purple flowers, pretty shrub.		
*Malus (<i>The Crab Apple</i>)—Covered with beautiful pink and white blossoms in the spring-time, and in due season there appears on the trees a profusion of small apples about the size of a cherry, which can be used for preserving purposes.		
*Angustifolia, fl. pl.	10	1 6
*Floribunda	10	1 6
*Atrosanguinea	10	1 6
*Scheideckeri	10	1 6
*Parkmani	10	1 6
*Spectabilis Alba, fl. pl.	10	1 6
*Spectabilis Rosea, fl. pl.	10	1 6
These are, without doubt, a decided acquisition, and will prove to be very ornamental wherever planted. They only want to be known to be appreciated.		
Maple (see Acer).		
Melastoma (Refer to Lasiandra).		
*Melia Azederach (<i>Bead Tree or Chinese White Cedar</i>)	20	1 0
Suitable for street and ornamental planting. Special quotation for quantity.		
and Christmas Bush)	25	1 6
Metrosideros Tomentosus (<i>New Zealand</i>)		
Perhaps the most magnificent plant in New Zealand flora; producing blood-red flowers.		
Meyenia Erecta ; corolla dark blue, with a rich orange throat and pale yellow tube; pretty	5	1 6
A very continuous bloomer; producing flowers nearly throughout the whole year.		
Mimosa Julibrisin	1	6
Mitraria Coccinea ; a dwarf-growing shrub, with pretty orange-scarlet flowers	2	1 6
*Murraya Exotica	6	1 6
A beautiful dwarf evergreen shrub, with perfumed white flowers, like small orange blossoms.		
Musa Ensete (<i>Abyssinian Banana</i>)	10	1 6
Very handsome, large foliage; for sheltered situation.		
*Myrtus (<i>Myrtle</i>) Communis	6	1 6
Charming plant, with dark green leaves; flowers white.		
*Nandina Domestica	5	1 6
A fine shrub, with clusters of pretty flowers and graceful foliage, which changes into lovely autumn tints; very elegant. Take our advice, don't be without it, especially cold climate friends.		

DON'T FAIL TO ORDER

Some of our Roses, Carnations, Chrysanthemums, Dahlias, Asters, Pansies and Pelargoniums. It will be the best investment you ever made for your garden.

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high	s.	d.
Nerium (<i>Oleander</i>) Album	15	1	6
Grandiflora	20	1	6
Punctatum; very large flower; a beautiful shade of light pink	5	1	6
Rosea Splendens	12	1	6
Mlle. Dubois; flowers single, pure white	6	1	6
Splendens Variegata, with gold variegation, making it most attractive	6	2	0
Lenteum Plenum	2	0	
Souv. de Cazalis Albert; brilliant single red	2	0	

Neriums are so hardy and showy, and thoroughly at home in this climate.

Oak (see *Quercus*).

Ochna Multiflora, yellow... ..	3	1	6
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The flowers, which are produced in great profusion, are very fragrant and are succeeded by ornamental berries of a scarlet and black colour.

Olea Europa (*The Common Olive*)—
For hedge purposes, or makes a good solitary shrub. 10s. per 100.

*Osmanthus Illiciifolius ..	6	1	0
Variegatus	6	1	0

These elegant shrubs produce holly-like foliage.

*Pæonia Arborea (<i>Tree Peony</i>), very showy ..	4	3	6
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A named collection of various shades at 3s. 6d. each. The Pæonies are said to be the King of Flowers in China. They are, indeed, magnificent, and worthy of a place in any of the cooler districts, which suit them admirably.

*Herbaceous Pæonies (see Herbaceous List.)

We have a fine collection at our Exeter Cold Climate Nursery.

*Paulownia Imperialis ..	15	1	6
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A handsome species of hardy, deciduous tree; flowers showy; corolla pale violet, with dark spots on the inside.

Pepper Tree (see *Schinus*).

*Philadelphus (commonly called <i>Mock Orange</i>) ..	4	1	0
*Coronarius	6	1	6
*Gordonianus, large, single ..	6	1	6
*Grandiflorus, very handsome ..	6	1	6
*Multiflorus Plenus, large, double ..	6	1	6
*Microphyllus, dwarf, deliciously scented ..	4	1	6
*Mont Blanc, entirely covered with large fragrant flowers; white ..	5	1	6
*Manteau d'Homine (new) ..	5	1	6
*Nivalis, the purest white ..	5	1	6
*Primulæflorus ..	5	1	6
*Speciosa, single, sweetly-scented ..	6	1	6

Hardy plants, bearing single and double white flowers. The single flowers are not unlike orange blossoms.

*Phormium Tenax (<i>New Zealand Flax</i>) ..	5	1	0
Tenax Variegata ..	5	1	6

A fibre plant of great value. The variegated variety is very ornamental.

*Photinia Serrulata (<i>Chinese Hawthorn</i>), creamy white ..	10	1	0
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A fine-foliaged, hardy evergreen, of compact habit; flowers profusely.

Phygelius Capensis; coral-red and yellow flowers on long stems ..	3	1	0
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*Pittosporum Crassæfolium; useful and distinct from others of this family. A good specimen on lawn ..	12	1	0
*Eugenoides ..	15	1	0
*Eugenoides Variegata, 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per doz.			

Pittosporum—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s.	d.
*Nigrescens Variegata	12	1	6
*Nigrescens, green	12	1	0
*Nana Compacta. A remarkably dwarf compact variety not exceeding 2 feet in height, and of very bushy habit, 1s. each, 9s. doz.			
*Tobira	10	1	6
*Tobira Variegata	6	1	6
*Undulatum (the so-called <i>Victorian Laurel</i>) producing creamy-white flowers; very highly-scented ..	25	1	0

All the Pittosporums are highly ornamental, and are suitable for single specimens in the shrubbery. Undulatum, Eugenoides, and Eugenoides Variegata are suitable for ornamental evergreen hedges. Special quote by the 100.



Liquidambar Styraciflua

*Platanus (Plane) Orientalis (<i>Oriental Plane Tree</i>) ..	50	1	6
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Most handsome deciduous tree; suitable for avenues or pleasure-grounds; quick-growing and splendid shade trees, with large leaves. Special quote for quantity.

Plectranthus Eckloni, blue ..	3	1	0
Plumbago Capensis, lavender ..	5	1	0
Capensis Alba ..	4	1	0
Larpetæ, dark blue ..	1	0	

A favourite family of free-flowering plants; also very suitable for hedges; white and blue alternately.

Plumeria Acuminata (<i>Frangipani Plant</i>) deliciously fragrant, pink and white flowers ..	6	2	0
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Sow Searls' "Sovereign" Seeds.

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s. d.
Poinsettia Pulcherrima; pretty 10 .. 1 6 This is, without doubt, the finest shrub you can add to your collection. Flowers greenish-yellow, subtended by large vermillion bracts; very showy and much admired. Requires a sunny position. Albidus; the same as above, with pure-white bracts 10 .. 1 6		
*Populus (Poplar) Argentea 40 .. 1 0 *Alba (Silver Poplar—Abele-tree) 50 .. 1 0 *Balsamea (Balsam Poplar—"Balm of Gilead") 40 .. 1 0 *Betulifolia 40 .. 1 0 *Boleana, silver-leaved 70 .. 1 0 *Dilitata (Upright Poplar) 50 .. 1 0 *Nigra 40 .. 1 0		
The varieties of this fine, deciduous, hardy tree have a very upright habit of growth, and form fine contrasts in plantations where Pines predominate.		
Poinciana Regia (Royal Peacock Flower), bright scarlet, with red and yellow 1 6 *Gillesii (The Bird of Paradise), orange-yellow and red; a magnificent flower, and will do well anywhere 10 .. 1 6 Pulcherrima, reddish-yellow, with long red anthers The flowers of both these beautiful shrubs resemble a bird, and the foliage is very graceful and unique.		
*Protea Mellifera (Honey-bearing) (Cape Honey-suckle or Sugar Bush) 8 .. 1 6 Beautiful flowers, pink and creamy white; 3½ in. long; foliage of a pleasing green colour; branches spreading. Most uncommon and beautiful.		
*Prunus Sinensis, alba plena 6 .. 1 6 *Double-flowering Prune; white, very pretty. *Flora Rosea, pink 1 6 *Flora Rubro; double red flowers 6 .. 1 6 *Mume; white, double 2 0 *Mume; red, double 2 0 *Spinosa Purpurea, choice 2 0		
These are the greatest favourites among the Japanese blooming trees, owing to the fragrant flowers and long-lasting beauty.		
Pissardi 16 .. 1 6 An ornamental species from Persia, having splendid coppery crimson foliage, strikingly pretty; also produces highly-coloured edible fruit—equal, if not superior, to American Plum in flavour, and fruits in a very young state. Triloba; double rose 1 6 Very free-growing; one of the most beautiful of these early flower-plums.		
Psidium Cattleianum (Purple Guava) 8 .. 1 6 Pyriferum (Yellow Guava) 15 .. 1 6 Parker's Hybrid, one of the largest yellow-fruited varieties 15 .. 1 0 Splendid plants to grow, as they produce an abundance of fruit, which makes an excellent preserve.		
*Ptelea Trifoliata (Hop Tree or Wafer Ash) 8 .. 1 6 *Punica Granatum (Pomegranate), fruiting variety 10 .. 1 0 *Granatum, fl. pl. 10 .. 1 6 *Granatum Alba, double white 10 .. 1 0 *Granatum Nana, fl. pl. These make charming hardy shrubs. The three last-named are the double-flowering kinds, which make pretty shrubs and last in bloom a long period.		
*Pyrus Aucuparia (Mountain Ash or Rowan Tree) 30 .. 1 6 This tree produces large bunches of scarlet fruit which looks exquisite, combined with its beautiful foliage. We can most highly recommend it to our clients who have country homes. Don't be without it. *Domestica; splendid tree with edible fruit 30 .. 1 6		
*Quercus (Oak) Coccinea, scarlet 40 .. 1 6 Cerris 1 6 *Ilex (Evergreen) 30 .. 1 6 *Palustris (The American Crimson-leaved Oak) 30 .. 1 6 *Pedunculata (English Oak) 60 .. 1 0 *Rubra, red 40 .. 1 6 *Robur Pyramidalis 40 .. 1 6 *Virens (Evergreen Oak) 40 .. 1 6 *Suber (Cork Oak). This evergreen tree furnishes the cork of commerce. The foliage is very ornamental 25 .. 1 6		
A hardy family of beautiful trees, mostly requiring the cooler districts of the State. The Scarlet Oak is strikingly beautiful in the autumn.		
Ravenala Madagascariensis. The well-known Traveler Tree of Madagascar 2 0		
*Raphiolepis (Indian Hawthorn)— *Indica 8 .. 1 0 *Intermedia 10 .. 1 0 *Ovata 4 .. 1 0		
Free-flowering, hardy shrubs.		

	Ft. high	s. d.
*Rhododendron , hybrid varieties. A good collection. Always in stock, from 2s. 6d. each.		
*Rhamnus (Buck Thorn) Latifolia, good evergreen shrub 5 .. 1 6		
Rhondeletia Anomala, scarlet 3 .. 1 6 Speciosa Major, crimson 6 .. 1 6 Amena, salmon 10 .. 1 6 Versicolor 6 .. 1 6		
Highly ornamental and brilliant-flowering shrubs.		
*Rhus Vernicifera (The Lacquer Tree). Leaves during autumn turn to a bright crimson.... 10 .. 1 6 *Cotinus (Smoke Plant). Feathery flowers; the leaves in autumn, when turning yellow, have a fine effect 6 .. 1 6 Osbecki, new 2 0 *Succedanea. The leaves turn to a beautiful deep crimson in autumn 10 .. 1 6 *Toxicodendron 10 .. 1 6 *Typhina (Vinegar Tree); branches and stalks densely velvety and hairy 10 .. 1 6		
These are quite distinct and hardy shrubs, being conspicuously beautiful in the autumn, when the leaves change to all colours.		



Justicia Magnifica

*Ribes Atrosanguineum 1 6 *Sanguineum (The Flowering Currant), beautiful red flowering shrub 4 .. 1 6		
Eicinus Communis (Castor Oil Plant); large, ornamental foliage 10 .. 1 0		
*Robinia Pseudo Acacia (False Acacia) 40 .. 1 0 *Decaisneana; rose flowers in great abundance .. 30 .. 2 0 *Hispidia Compacta 15 .. 1 6 *Hispidia Rosea (Rose Acacia) 6 .. 1 6		
These plants produce Wisteria-like blooms in various shades of colour. Should be better known. They are exquisite.		
Bosmarinus Officinalis (Rosemary) 5 .. 1 0		

Reliable Seeds: SEARL & SONS Searls' Seeds.

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high	s. d.
Russelia Juncea	3 ..	1 0
This is an exceedingly graceful plant. Its slender stems attain a height of several feet. The branchlets, of which the points are covered with flowers, droop in an elegant manner, the pretty red flowers producing a handsome effect.		
Multiflora	4 ..	1 6
*Salix Alba Flava	40 ..	1 0
*Aurea (Golden Willow)	25 ..	1 6
*Babylonica (The Weeping Willow)	60 ..	1 0
*Purpurea Americana	40 ..	1 0
*Sacramenta	40 ..	1 0
*Smithiana	40 ..	1 0
*Viminalis (Basket Willow)	25 ..	1 0
Willow Trees, of graceful beauty.		
*Sambucus Nigra (The Elderberry)	12 ..	1 0
*Argentea Variegata, the silver-leaved variety	12 ..	1 0
*Aurea (The Golden-leaved Elderberry)	12 ..	1 0
*Roseaflora Plena (The Double Pink Flowering Elderberry)	12 ..	1 6
Sambucus are all hardy; will thrive in any situation. They could be better known to the public. The golden-leaved variety is particularly choice and exquisite among other shrubs.		

	Ft. high	s. d.
*Grandiflora; large white flower; handsome	6 ..	1 6
*Hypericifolia (Italian May), single white	6 ..	1 0
*Prunifolia	4 ..	1 0
*Reevesiana, fl. pl.; beautiful Hawthorn-like	4 ..	1 0
*double-flowering May	4 ..	1 0
*Rupestris, white	4 ..	1 0
Very hardy and beautiful spring-flowering shrub; should be largely planted; valuable for hedge purposes also.		
*Spartium Album Multiflorum, fl. pl. (White Broom)	5 ..	1 6
*Junceum (Spanish Broom), yellow; a hardy, free-flowering shrub, suitable for any climate, especially the mountains, where it makes a beautiful hedge in a very short period	5 ..	1 0
*Scoparium	5 ..	1 0
Distinct shrubs, and very floriferous.		
*Styrax Japonica	10 ..	2 0
*Officinalis	10 ..	2 0
*Obasca	10 ..	2 0
Hardy deciduous shrubs, producing white flowers.		
Stenocarpus Cunninghamii (Fire Tree or Tulip Tree of Queensland)	25 ..	1 6
A beautiful tree; flowers bright red, produced in clusters; large, handsome foliage; evergreen and hardy in the warmer parts of the State.		
Salignus (Beef Wood), a fine evergreen tree	..	1 6



Our Exeter Nursery.—6 Acres of Daffodils.

Schinus Molle (California Pepper Tree)	25 ..	1 0
(Price per 100 on application.)		
A beautiful, fast-growing, graceful tree; light green foliage and bright scarlet berries; leaves have a strong aromatic scent. Well known; suitable tree to this climate.		
Schotia Latifolia (White Kaffir Bean Tree)	8 ..	1 6
Speciosa, scarlet	10 ..	1 6
*Sophora Japonica (Japanese Pagoda Tree) ; leaves bluish-green, graceful; flowers whitish or cream colour; very hardy	20 ..	1 6
Sollya Heterophylla (Australian Blue Bell) . Very ornamental shrub, producing blue flowers...	6 ..	1 0
Sparmania Africana, fl. pl. (African Hemp) , white	15 ..	1 6
*Spiraea Anthony Waterer	3 ..	1 0
Without doubt the handsomest dark-coloured Spiraea ever introduced; flowers crimson; hardy and vigorous.		
*Ariaefolia; a most profuse bloomer and the most elegant of the Spiraeas	2 ..	2 0
*Californica; pink; pretty	2 ..	1 0
*Callosa Rubra	2 ..	1 6
Caryopteris Mastocanthus (Moustache Plant, or Blue Spiraea); very distinct, and showy when in bloom		
*Douglassi	6 ..	1 0
*Gracilis; small, white, dwarf habit	3 ..	1 0
*Grandiflora; large white flower; handsome	6 ..	1 0

Sterculea Diversifolia (Kurrajong)	50 ..	1 0
Heterophylla (Bottle Tree)	30 ..	1 0
Acerifolia (Flame Tree)	30 ..	1 6
These are pretty flowering trees when in massive bloom.		
Strelitzia Angustifolia ; flowers white; a noble plant	10 ..	1 6
Regina	6 ..	2 6
Swainsonia , in a variety of colours; very perpetual-blooming and useful shrubs	3 ..	1 0
Syncarpia Laurifolia	15 ..	1 0
*Symphoria (Snowberry Tree) —		
*Racemosa Alba, white berries	3 ..	1 6
*Racemosa Aurea Variegata, the Golden-leaved Snowberry Tree	4 ..	1 6
*Racemosa Fructo Rubra, the Red-berry Snowberry Tree	..	..
These are beautiful dwarf ornamental shrubs. When in berry they are quite an acquisition.		

"The Roses have done splendidly."

"I may mention that the Roses I got from you last winter have done splendidly. Only one died of the 3 dozen,—Mrs. W., Brushgrove, Balala."

TREES AND SHRUBS—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s. d.
* <i>Syringa</i> (English Lilac) Persica, alba, quick grower	6	1 6
*Persica, lilac, quick grower	6	1 6
*Vulgaris, lilac	12	1 6
*Vulgaris, alba	12	1 6
*Double varieties, named, a splendid selection at 2s. 6d. each.		

We list only a few of the Double Named Varieties.

*Belle de Nancy; double violet	2	6
*Senateur Volland; double red	2	6
*Emile Lemoine; double violet-purple	2	6
*La Tour d'Auvergne; double reddish-purple	2	6
*Monsieur Lepage; double dark violet	2	6
*Madam Abel Chatenay; double white	2	6

Those who have never seen the Double Lilacs have yet in store one of the greatest floral treats. The Rose in all its beauty cannot surpass the Loveliness and fragrance of these great compact clusters of miniature Rose-like flowers. They will do well in nearly every part of the State, and deserve much more extensive cultivation, especially in the colder districts.

<i>Tamarindus</i> Indicus (The Indian Tamarind)	2	0
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* <i>Tamarix</i> Gallica (Pink-flowering Cypress)	12	1 0
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A very ornamental flowering shrub, with racemes of pink flowers. The branches are slender and feathery, and the shrub is hardy and will thrive under any conditions; will do admirably near the sea coast.

<i>Plumosa</i> . New. This is a beautiful variety	12	1 6
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<i>Tecoma</i> Capensis, red; very suitable for a flowering hedge	12	1 0
Smithii, orange-yellow, with brown markings....	5	1 0
Velutina, yellow, very choice	15	1 0

These are valuable evergreen shrubs, flowering more or less all the year round.

<i>Thea</i> Bohea (Tea of Commerce); single white flowers, with five petals and pretty dark-green foliage; makes a very pretty shrub; also a good hedge	6	1 0
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<i>Thyrscanthus</i> Rutilans, scarlet; a beautiful shrub, with drooping spikes of bloom; very handsome	4	1 6
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* <i>Tillia</i> Europea (Linden Tree)	40	1 6
*Argentia, the Silver-Leaved Linden Tree	40	2 0

Tillias are hardy, ornamental, lofty-growing trees.

<i>Toxicophlæ</i> Spectabilis; white; a pretty flowering shrub; sweetly scented	5	1 6
Thunbergii, white	5	1 6

<i>Turæa</i> Obtusifolia. A glorious shrub from South Africa, resembling the <i>Murraya Exotica</i> in appearance, but a prettier leaf, and much superior fine white flower	6	2 0
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* <i>Ulmus</i> (Elm) Campestris (English Elm and Hume Tree)	80	1 0
*Campestris Picturata Variegata (Variegated Elm)		2 6
*Campestris Louis Van Houtte, a beautiful golden variety	30	2 6
*Medio Argentia Variegata, silver and green variegated	30	2 6
Latifolia	40	1 0
*Montana Dovei	30	1 6

A magnificent variety of upright habit; will make a fine tree for single specimens and street planting.

*Chinensis (Chinese Elm), evergreen	30	1 6
*Purpurea (Purple-leaved Elm)	40	1 6
*Suberosa (Cork Bark Elm)	60	1 6
*Vegeta (Huntingdon Elm)	60	1 6

**Umbraculifera*, a tree of great size, with a fine globular head; becomes finer and more picturesque with age 2 | 0 |

Splendid shade trees. The Chinese evergreen variety is most beautiful; it has a drooping habit, with small dense foliage. For a shade tree on a large lawn it cannot be surpassed. The new variegated varieties are exquisite.

* <i>Veronica</i> Celestial, pale blue	3	1 0
*Diosmaefolia, lavender	3	1 0
*Gracilis, white; good for hedge	2	1 0
*Hendersonii	2	1 0
*Hendersonii Variegata	3	1 0
*Hulkei, lavender, very choice	4	1 0
*Imperialis, a brilliant, amaranth red, changing to magenta; one of the best	3	1 0

Veronica—Continued.

	Ft. high.	s. d.
*Kermesina, mauve	3	1 0
*Lobeliaoides, blue	3	1 0

A useful tribe of free-blooming, soft-wooded plants; the several varieties bear racemes of various colours; all are hardy, and stand cold climates

* <i>Viburnum</i> Lucidum, white; large shining leaves	10	1 6
*Opulus (Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree)	10	1 0
*Plicatum	10	1 6
*Plicatum Tomentosum	10	2 0

This makes a handsome shrub; it bears white flowers in ball-shaped heads.

*Sieboldti, white	3	1 6
*Sinensis, white	4	1 6
*Suspensum, yellow, sweet-scented	15	1 6
*Tinus Lauristinis, white	8	1 6

As ornamental foliage plants they are well worthy of a place. All thrive equally well in the coldest as well as in the hottest parts of New South Wales.

* <i>Virgilia</i> Lutea, beautiful shrub		1 6
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<i>Vitex</i> Trifolia Variegata	3	1 6
Handsome quick-growing shrub.		

Willow (see *Salix*).

Wiegelia (see *Diervillea*).

<i>Yucca</i> Aloefolia Variegata	8 to 10	2 6
Filamentosa (Adams' Needle and Thread)	4	1 0
Gloriosa (Adam's Needle, or Dagger Plant)	12	1 6
Quadricolour	3	3 6
Recurva	5	1 6

A fine genus of plants, very ornamental on banks or rockeries or dry places; some of them producing magnificent tall spikes of flowers. Very hardy, and will grow anywhere in the warm climates, even in pots or vases. *Aloefolia* Variegata is a superbly variegated variety.



Spiræa Reevesiana fl. pl. (Double-flowering May)
See page 57

Bazaar and House Plants.

The growth of Plants for Bazaar and household purposes receives our very careful attention. We always hold full stocks of really handsome plants.

SEARLS' FERN BASKETS always established.

ADIANTUMS and other hardy ferns, &c., from 3.6.

Searls' Pines and other Conifers.

CONIFERS, at least most of them, thrive well all over the Commonwealth, no matter how poor the soil, and for ornamental purposes they are very imposing and attractive. The principal precaution needed to ensure success is to trench the ground at least eighteen inches deep, and if naturally wet it should also be drained. Amongst Conifers are to be found trees suitable for all purposes, either for the Park, Pleasure Garden or Cottage Garden.—Come and see our stock yourself.—Those marked * thrive best in cold climates—a hint to our country friends. Unless otherwise instructed, all Country Orders are despatched in paper pots, thereby saving at least 30 per cent. in freight and other charges. **Special Quotations for Large Quantities.**

	s. d.
* Araucaria Brasiliensis, leaves oblong-lanceolate, much attenuated at the point, loosely imbricated, deep green lower part of trunk free from branches. A new and magnificent species, 70 to 100 feet	3 6
* Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya Pine), 100 to 150 feet	1 6
Cookii, 80 to 100 feet	1 6
Columnaris (syn Cookii)	1 6
Cunninghami (Moreton Bay Pine), 80 to 100 feet	1 6
Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine), 100 to 150 feet	1 6
From 1s. 6d. upwards. From 18 inches to 5 feet.	
* Imbricata (the Monkey Puzzle), 50 feet. This noble variety is the best for a single specimen on a lawn or in the park. Few trees can compete with it for symmetry and elegant appearance. An exquisite Pine, specially adapted for cooler districts	2 6
A magnificent family of grand ornamental trees, which should be used freely in plantations. Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine), of fine symmetrical habit, will grow on the coast, but not too far from the sea. It grows quickly, is hardy, and not particular to soil. Cunninghami, a very handsome tree; its foliage is produced on the end of its branches, giving it quite a unique appearance; foliage dark green; branching habit; native of Queensland. Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya Pine), handsome tree of regular and symmetrical habit; leaves deep green, shining, and very prickly.	
* Abies Douglassii, 40 to 50 feet (Silver Fir)	1 6
*Alba, 80 feet (White Spruce)	1 6
*Excelsa, 70 to 100 feet (Norway Spruce)	1 6
*Nordmanniana, 80 to 100 feet (Crimean Pine)	1 6
*Menziesii, 50 feet	1 6
*Smithiana, 80 to 100 feet (Himalaya Spruce)	1 6
A beautiful tribe of Fir Trees of symmetrical habit of growth; rather slow grower, but should be in every shrubbery and avenue. During spring, when they are making young growth, they are clad with beautiful pale green foliage.	
* Cedrus Deodara (or Sacred Indian Cedar, also called Fountain Tree), 50 to 60 ft.	1s 6d to 2 6
A beautiful tree; especially well adapted for specimen tree on extensive lawns, and can well be introduced into large avenues, and has proved to be drought-resisting.	
* Atlantica (Atlas Cedar), 80 feet	2 6
An erect tree, of handsome appearance; foliage silvery and very ornamental.	
* Cupressus (Cypress) Benthiana	1 0
*Funerbris (Funeral Cypress), 50 feet	1 0
*Goveniana, 15 to 20 feet	1 0
*Guadalupensis	1 0
*Knightii, 60 to 80 feet	1 0
Lawsoniana Glauca, quite distinct and a very fast grower, should be well known, 30 feet	1 0
* Lambertiana Aurea (the Golden Cypress); propagated from cuttings: 50 to 60 feet	2 6
This is seen to great advantage on the mountains, and we can strongly recommend it to all plant buyers.	
* Lambertiana Horizontalis; propagated from cuttings; 50 to 60 feet	2 6
*Majestica	1 0
*MacNabiana, 10 to 15 feet	1 0
*Macrocarpa, 50 to 60 feet	1 0
*Macrocarpa Variegata, handsome	3 6
*Sempervirens, 30 to 50 feet	1 0
*Torulosus, from seed, 50 to 60 feet	1 0
*Torulosus, propagated from cuttings; very useful for hedge purposes (see description in Hedge Plants)	1 6
The best-known and most largely grown of all the Conifers, embracing a large number and variety of beautiful and quick-growing trees. They all do well near Sydney and other parts of the State. Lambertiana, the finest of this splendid family of tree shrubs, grows 15 to 20 feet in three years; of dense habit; pyramidal; branching to the ground; hardy; will stand cutting freely; can be grown as a hedge or break-wind.	
* Cryptomeria Elegans, 50 to 60 feet	1 6
*Japonica (the typical tree of Japan), 60 to 100 feet	1 6
Fine ornamental trees from Japan; hardy. Elegans, of upright habit, well-branched, and covered with fine foliage, which changes from green to bronzy-crimson during the winter. When well grown, they are magnificent specimens.	
* Juniperus Bermudiana (Pencil Cedar); an exquisite tree; 20 to 30 feet	1 6
*Chinensis, 40 to 50 feet	1 6
*Hibernica (Irish Juniper), 5 to 6 feet	1 6
*Thujaoides	1 6
*Rigida, a beautiful variety, suitable for single specimen on lawn, 15 feet	2 0
Virginiana (Virginian Cedar)	1 6

The above can be supplied in large plants at advanced prices. Hardy, upright-growing Conifers; will thrive well in any climate; distinct in form and foliage, and contrast with Cupressus or Pines. The Juniper tribe is a very useful one for ornamental planting. They are of compact habit. Some varieties do well in sandy soils near the sea coast.

* Libocedrus Doniana, 30 to 40 feet	s. d.
*Decurrens, 80 feet	2 0
Libocedrus (Incense Cedar). Handsome tree; is densely-branched, conical-shaped. Hardy in the colder parts of our State. The leaves are scaled formed, compressed in opposite pairs; and in four imbricated rows; its leaves are aromatic. Decurrens forms a magnificent specimen tree for a lawn, with bright, glossy, green foliage.	

Norfolk Island Pine (see Araucaria).

Picea (see Abies).

* Pinus Benthiana, 50 to 100 feet	1 0
*Canariensis, 40 to 50 feet	1 0
*Excelsa (Bhotan Pine)	1 0
*Halapensis (Aleppo Pine), 100 feet; very hardy, one of the best Pines for exposed situations, particularly so for the sea coast	1 0
*Insignis	1 0

This is described as one of the handsomest of all the Pines, and a most popular tree in the Australian States. It makes rapid growth, and is perfectly hardy; will do well in any soil or locality, and makes one of our best shelter trees.

*Longifolia, 80 feet; dense habit	1 6
Maritima, Syn. Pinaster, (Cluster Pine), 80 to 100 feet.	1 0
Muricata (Bishop's Pine), a distinct species, with a somewhat irregular growth; 50 to 60 feet	1 0
Pinea (Stone Pine); this very picturesque tree thrives best in a sandy soil near the sea; 50 to 90 feet.	
*Rigida (Pitch Pine), 40 to 50 feet	1 0
*Strobis (Weymouth Pine), 50 to 60 feet	1 0
*Sylvestris (Scotch Fir), 80 to 100 feet	1 0
*Toeda, the well-known, choice, beautiful and graceful Turpentine or Incense Pine	1 0

Price per 100 on application.

This family includes some of the finest trees in cultivation; they are hardy, quick-growing, and beautiful specimens for lawn embellishment, or for avenues, and make excellent break-wind plantations.

* Podocarpus Spinulosus (Illawarra Pine) 50 to 80 feet, a much-branched, erect tree	1 6
*Totara (New Zealand Yew Tree)	1 6
*Elatus, the largest variety	1 6
We can offer a fine stock of these beautiful shade trees.	

* Retinospora Ericoides, 10 to 15 feet	1 6
*Obtusa, 20 to 30 feet	1 6
*Disifera, 10 feet	1 6
*Disifera Aurea, 10 feet	2 0
*Plumosa, 10 to 25 feet	1 6
*Plumosa Aurea	2 0

Retinospora, a beautiful tribe of tree shrubs, from 15 to 20 feet high; closely allied to the Cupressus family, which they resemble; close habit, branching and pyramidal.

* Salisburia Adiantifolia (Maiden Hair Tree), 50 to 60 feet ..	1 0
A fine tree, with foliage somewhat resembling an Adiantum.	

* Sciadopitys Verticalata (The Umbrella Pine of Japan), 30 to 40 feet	2 6
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The most distinct of all Conifers, and remarkable for its great beauty.

* Taxodium Distichum (The Deciduous Pine or Bald Cypress); resembling the Yew; 50 to 100 feet	1 6
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* Taxus (Yew) Baccata, 20 to 30 feet	1 6
*Argentata Variegata, striped with silvery white	2 0
*Hibernica Variegata	2 0

Very handsome tree-shrubs, quite hardy; compact in growth, and with good foliage.

* Thuja Lobbi, a handsome tree from California	1 6
*Occidentalis, 40 to 50 feet	1 0
*Occidentalis Elivargiana	1 6
*Orientalis (The Book Leaf Pine), 30 to 40 feet	1 0
*Orientalis Aurea (Golden), 4 to 8 feet	1 6

A very beautiful family of plants, of compact, dwarf habit of growth; suitable for small gardens and lawn embellishment; hardy.

* Thujopsis Borealis, 40 to 50 feet	1 6
Dolabrata, 60 to 80 feet	1 6
Dolabrata Variegata, 40 to 50 feet	1 6
A hardy, evergreen, Coniferous tree, resembling the Thuja.	

* Wellingtonia Gigantea (The Giant Tree of California) ..	2 6
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This is one of the most beautiful trees grown for avenue planting, or as single specimens; there is no more handsome tree—to see it is to admire. Specially adapted for cold districts.

Yew (see Taxus).

Bearls' Hardy Climbing Plants.

These Plants are very useful in covering old walls, stumps, fences, etc., and making otherwise unsightly objects great helps to landscapes. Some of these produce beautiful flowers, while others are remarkable for their very pretty ornamental foliage.

Varieties marked thus * do best in cold climates—just a guide to our country friends, to show which is best for them to plant.



Lathyrus Pubescens in our General Nursery, Botany (see description)

"Splendid Quality of Beans."

Messrs. Bearl and Sons.

"The Canadian Wonder Beans I got from you some time ago have proved to be highly satisfactory. About 75 per cent. of the seeds germinated, which, considering the very dry weather and adverse circumstances which have prevailed all along, speaks for the splendid quality of your Beans.—H. J. P., Dulwich Hill."

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| * Akebia Quinata. A beautiful climber from Japan; flowers are of a dark heliotrope colour, borne in small clusters | s. d. |
| Allamanda Hendersonii , large yellow flowers; it is usually grown as a green-house plant, but will do well in warm situations out of doors | 1 0 |
| | 1 6 |

Ampelopsis—Continued.

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| *Sempervirens, evergreen species | s. d. |
| *Sieboldii Variegata, beautiful white and Pink variegated foliage | 1 0 |
| Veitchii Purpurea, foliage tinted red | 1 6 |
| Species Nova | 1 0 |

Grown for their beautiful autumn-tinted foliage. A. Veitchii Purpurea adheres to walls in the same manner as ivy, and has a most picturesque appearance. The others are new varieties. We can highly recommend them all.

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| Antigonon Leptopus, pink | 1 6 |
| Leptopus Alba, novelty | 1 6 |
| Amabile | 1 6 |

A charming slender creeper, producing an abundance of bright rose-coloured flowers and bracts.

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| Aristolochia Elegans (the so-called Dutchman's Pipe). Blackish-purple flowers of peculiar shape. One of the most beautiful and free-flowering of this genus | 1 6 |
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| Grandiflora. Interesting plant, with handsome foliage and singularly-shaped flowers; a fine creeper for wall, fence, or side of bush-house | 1 6 |
| Ornithocephala , flowers resemble a bird's head, peculiar purplish-grey colour | 1 6 |
| Sipho , flowers yellowish-brown | 2 0 |

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| Beaumontia Grandiflora , white; a magnificent climber, bearing large trumpet-shaped flowers, highly perfumed | 1 6 |
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| * Bignonia (syn. with Tecoma) Australis (Wonga Wonga Vine), cream and brown | 1 0 |
| *Capreolata, red; very distinct | 1 6 |

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| *Cherere, large orange-red, 2 in. long. The best of the Bignonia family | 2 0 |
| *Excelsa, yellow; handsome | 1 0 |

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| *Floribunda, rather a shrubby variety, with golden-yellow flowers carried in graceful corymbs | 1 6 |
| *Grandiflora, orange; colour handsome | 1 6 |

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| *Guilfoylei, red and orange | 1 6 |
| *Jasminoides, rose and white | 1 6 |
| *Lindleyana, lavender | 1 0 |

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| *Madam Galem, orange-bronze | 1 6 |
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| *Mackeni, grand evergreen, bearing lovely rose-coloured blooms; syn. with Bignonia Rosea | 1 0 |
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| *Mexicana, lavender flowers, very beautiful; flowers autumn and spring | 1 6 |
| *Rosea | 1 0 |

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| *Sanguinea Præcox, orange and red | 1 6 |
| *Speciosa Flava, yellow and red | 1 6 |

Ampelopsis (Virginian Creeper)

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| * Ampelopsis (Virginian Creeper) Hederacea (American Ivy) | 1 0 |
| *Dissecta | 1 0 |
| *Engelmanni | 1 0 |
| *Hirsuti | 1 0 |
| *Hoggii, foliage large, ornamental | 1 0 |
| *Muralis | 1 0 |
| *Quinquefolia (American Woodbine) | 1 0 |
| *Rubricaulis | 1 0 |

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS—Continued.

Bignonia—Continued.

- **Twediana*, a rich yellow s. d.
1 0
**Venusta*, orange 1 6
Fast growers and profuse bloomers. *Venusta*, when grown on a trellis or trained against a wall, is unsurpassed in the profusion or magnificence of its large racemes of bright orange-coloured flowers during the winter. Most varieties attach themselves to walls and fences, and gain their own support.
- Bougainvillea** *Braziliensis*, bright mauve 1 6
— *Glabra*, rose lilac 1 6
— *Glabra Sanderiana*, rose; the most perpetual-flowering *Bougainvillea* of all 1 6
— *Grandiflora*, magenta 1 6
— *Hessiana*, purple 1 6
— *Magnifica* Traill, bright, purple, and can recommend as the best purple variety 2 0
— *Speciosa*, purple, white centre 1 6
— *Speciosa Variegata*. A charming variegated-foilage form of this very popular climbing plant; flower the same as the parent plant, *Speciosa* 1 6
— *Spectabilis*, rose lilac 1 6
— *Splendens*, crimson 2 6
Bougainvilleas like a warm northerly aspect and shelter; their flowers are magnificent, and they continue to bloom for a long time. *Glabra* and *Glabra Sanderiana* may be grown as shrubs, but are best trained on a wall of northerly aspect.

Canavallia *Bonariensis* 1 6
This plant has scarcely an equal in extent or quickness of growth or beauty of foliage. Its leaves are large and of a brilliant shining green, with bright purplish-red spikes of pea-like flowers.

- ***Clematis** *Jackmanii*, in named varieties each 1 6
**Daniel Deronda*, dark violet blue 2 0
**Gipsy Queen*, purple, velvety flowers 2 0
**Kermesina*, bright red 2 0
**Lady Caroline Neville*, clear lilac with a darker median 2 0
**Madam Baron Veillard*, violaceous pink 2 0
**Miss Bateman*, pure white 2 0
**Sophia Flore Pleno*, lilac, double 2 0
**Venosa*, a violaceous red, with darker veins 2 0
**Jackmanii Alba*, pure white, faintly tinted pink 2 0
**Montana* (American Virgin Bower), pure white; a valuable climber, suitable for all parts of the State; very pretty climber 1 6

The finest vine in existence for small trellises or piazza pillars; can be used also to cover rock-work, mounds, stumps, etc., or can be used as a low traller, pegging its shoots down to the ground. Foliage neat; flowers graceful; a solid mass of bloom.

- Cobaea** *Scandens*, dark purple 1 0
— *Scandens Alba*, white 1 0
This is one of the best creepers, and very suitable for covering a trellis. Fine foliage and abundance of bloom.

- Dolichos** *Lignosus*, white 1 0
— *Lignosus*, pink 1 0
Fast-growing twiners.

- Ficus** *Stipulata* (Climbing Fig). Special quote for quantity 1 0
— *Minima*, very pretty, small-leaved variety 1 0

Adhering to walls, fences, rocks, and are very useful in general.

- Fuchsia** *Procumbens* (Climbing Fuchsia) (Kirki). Flowers small; tube yellowish, upper portion reflexed blue 1 0
This exceedingly pretty little hardy creeper is principally grown on account of it producing magenta-crimson berries, which remain on for months, and are very attractive during the winter.

- ***Gelsemium** *Sempervirens* 1 6
A beautiful climber; corolla of the flower deep yellow, with protruding anthers.

- Hardenbergia** *Digitata*, (Kendalga)
— purple and white 1 6
— *Monophylla*, purple 1 0
— *Monophylla*, white 1 0
Pretty climbing plants.

- ***Hedera** (Ivy) *Helix* 1 0
— *Chrysophylla* 1 6
**Helix Rhomboidea* *Variegata* 1 6
— *Latifolia* *Maculata* 1 6
**Madariensis* *Variegata*, the best of the variegated tribe, free-growing and very effective; leaves broadly margined with creamy white 2 0
— *Palmata* *Aurea* 1 6
— *Tricolor* *Marginata* 1 6

Ivies are so well known that they need no description here, further than to remark that no garden or grounds should be without them. They thrive well anywhere. The variegated varieties are particularly fine, and cold climates suit them admirably.

- Honeysuckle** (see *Lonicera*).
Hoya *Carnosa* (Wax Plant), flowers pinkish-white, corolla fleshy. It sometimes becomes attached to the wall like ivy, and grows freely when planted out 1 0
— *Variegata* 1 6

Bignonia
Jasminoides

- ***Humulus** *Lupulus* (English Hop). Makes a most graceful and quick-growing climber. The heads of the fruit are used in brewing, and the young branched foliage is a good pot-herb s. d.
1 0

- Ipomæa** *Hardyil*, pink (The Pink Moonflower) 1 0
— *Learli*, blue (The Blue Moonflower) 1 0
— *Chrysantha*, large golden yellow bell-shaped flowers, sweetly scented and decorative 1 6
— *Pandurata* (the White Moon Flower) 1 0
— *Tuberculata*, large rosy-red flowers 1 6
— *Horsfallæ* 2 0

They will stand a year's drought without a murmur. It becomes a large luxuriant vine, clothed with abundant growth of pretty cordate leaves, and bearing great quantities of large, thick-textured, waxy flowers; violet-purple throat.

Ivy (see *Hedera*).

Cobæa
Scandens

- ***Jasminum** *Fruticans* (Yellow Jasmin), 8 feet 1 0
**Gracilis*, white, 5 feet 1 0
**Grandiflorum*, white, 10 feet 1 6
**Grandiflorum* fl. pl. This is the well-known Jasmine, only double white flowering 1 6
**Nudiflorum*, yellow, 10 feet 1 0
**Officinale*, white, 8 feet 1 0
**Primulinum*. Flowers resembling Jasmine *Nudiflorum*, but much larger, measuring one and a half to two inches in diameter, covering the branches their whole length; leaves dark green; yellow flowers 1 6

- **Poicocium* (syn. with *Nitida*), white, star-like flowers, 8 feet 1 6
**Reevsil*. This is a very compact flowering shrub; dark green foliage; bright glistening yellow flowers 1 6
— *Souvenir de Poiteau*, cream; produces a profusion of berries, black in colour 1 0
— *Jasminums* all produce sweetly-scented flowers, and can also be grown as shrubs. *6 inch 4 & 4 1/2*

- ***Lathyrus** *Latifolius* *Alba*, large white, choice 1 0
— *Pink Beauty* 1 0

These are Everlasting Sweet Peas. They are exceedingly ornamental and very desirable plants. They are of easy culture, thriving in any ordinary garden soil.

- ***Lathyrus** *Pubescens*. Introduced as a novelty in 1906, and proved one of the most successful novelties ~~have~~ yet introduced. It is a magnificent perennial Pea, producing racemes of the most lovely pale-blue blossoms imaginable, and flowers freely by far the greater part of the year. All who have it are proud of the admiration it causes 1 6

- Lophospermum** *Grandiflorum*, red Gloxinia-like flowers 1 6

- ***Lonicera** *Gigantea*, a grand new climbing plant; flowers Buttercup-yellow; a quick grower 1 6
— *Aurea* *Reticulata*, white and yellow foliage 1 0
— *Brachypoda*, yellow; very fragrant 1 6
— *Caprifolium*, English 1 6
— *Confusa*, yellow 1 0
— *Halliana* 1 6

The best white Honeysuckle grown, with dark-green foliage which keeps green all the winter, and beautiful clusters of the sweetest-scented flowers, that open a snowy white and turn a pale yellow.

- **Japonica*, cream, sweetly-scented, resembling *Daphne* 1 6
**Lonicera* *Punicea*, a very choice variety 1 6
**Semperflorens*, beautiful scarlet outside, yellow inside 1 6
**Sinensis*, white and red 1 0
**Tartarica* *Splendens* (Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle), specially choice 1 6

The dear, homely, old Honeysuckle is not, and never will be, out of place, perfuming the atmosphere around the rich man's mansion or the poor man's cottage. A cheap, hardy, robust vine, exceedingly beautiful and very fragrant.

Yellow, cream, white, scarlet

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS—Continued. s. d.

* <i>Mandevilla</i> <i>Sauveolens</i>	1 0
A beautiful slender creeper, bearing lovely white flowers and fine foliage.	
<i>Manettia</i> <i>Bicolor</i> , yellow and red	1 6
<i>Glabra</i> , scarlet	1 6
Useful climbers.	
<i>Menispermum</i> <i>Canadense</i> , a pretty climber; flowers yellowish-green; remarkable for its beautiful foliage	1 6
<i>Maurandia</i> <i>Alba</i> , white	1 0
<i>Barclayana</i> , blue	1 0
A beautiful nose-growing climber; would do well on a wire fence or on a verandah trellis.	
<i>Medeola</i> <i>Asparagoides</i> <i>Smilax</i>	1 0
The graceful beauty of this handsome plant renders it most valuable for vases or hanging baskets, and it is suitable for bush-house or verandah culture. It lends itself admirably to table decoration, either in pots or for mixing the foliage with cut flowers and fern leaves; a quick grower.	
<i>Nasturtium</i> (double-flowering), brick red, striped yellow..	1 0
Scarlet Flower	1 0
Two charming, hardy, quick-growing climbers, with fine foliage; profuse bloomers, and perfectly double flowers.	
<i>Peregrina</i> <i>Aculeata</i> (Climbing Cactus), white Barbados Gooseberry (edible)	1 6
<i>Phaseolus</i> <i>Carracalla</i> (Snail Flower)	1 6
<i>Multiflorus</i> <i>Papilio</i> , white and orange	1 6
A slender climber, with full foliage, producing clusters of lovely lilac flowers, shell-shaped; very curious and beautiful.	
<i>Physianthus</i> <i>Albans</i> (Arranga or Cruel Plant), white flower, somewhat resembling <i>Stephanotis</i>	1 0
<i>Passiflora</i> (Passion Flower), <i>Cerulea</i> , blue and white	1 0
<i>Constance</i> <i>Elliott</i> , pure white	1 0
<i>Edulis</i> (Edible Passion Fruit), white flowers, tinged purple	0 6
<i>Fragrant</i> <i>Beauty</i>	1 6
<i>Incarinata</i> , flesh coloured	1 6
<i>Kermesina</i> , scarlet or deep red	1 6
<i>Lutea</i> , pale yellow	1 6
<i>Maliformis</i> , flowers sweetly scented, large and beautiful petals, white rays, blue, outer divisions red	1 6
<i>Sanguinolenta</i> , reddish violet	1 0
Passifloras should always be included among plants selected for covering unsightly objects; the flowers are very beautiful.	
<i>Quisqualis</i> <i>Indica</i> (Rangoon Creeper); flowers varying in colour from orange to red and pink; beautiful and sweet-scented; petals oval-oblong.—A handsome climber	1 6
<i>Rhynchospermum</i> <i>Jasminoides</i>	1 6
<i>Jasminoides</i> , variegated, choice	1 0
A bright, perfumed, white-flowered creeper, of quick growth and fine foliage. It is evergreen and hardy, except in the coldest districts.	

<i>Solanum</i> <i>Jasminoides</i> , white: a fast-covering climber	m. d.
<i>Jasminoides</i> , <i>Alba</i> <i>Marginata</i>	1 0
<i>Jasminoides</i> , <i>Aurea</i> <i>Variegata</i>	1 0
<i>Seaforthianum</i> , beautiful clusters of blue flowers	1 0
<i>Wendlandii</i> , one of the most superb summer-flowering vines it is possible to conceive. It blooms continuously—not stray blossoms, each one nearly three inches across, as many as 100 being in a cluster. The colour is an attractive shade of lavender-blue	1 6
<i>Stephanotis</i> <i>Floriunda</i> (Madagascar Jasmine)	2 0
<i>Stephanotis</i> is prized as a first-class plant for exhibition; it is usually grown in the green-house, but will do well in warm situations out of doors. The foliage is wax-like, and the flowers are pure white, very fragrant, and abundant.	
<i>Stigmaphyllon</i> (Golden Vine) <i>Ciliatum</i>	1 6
Producing Orchid-like flowers, yellow, very pretty and ornamental.	
<i>Solanandra</i> <i>Grandiflora</i> , peach-coloured, trumpet-flowered	1 6
<i>Tacsonia</i> (Passion Flower) <i>Exoniensis</i> , rose pink	1 0
<i>Ignea</i> , intense scarlet	1 0
<i>Manicata</i> , scarlet colour	1 6
<i>Smytheana</i> . Handsome hybrid; flowers very distinct in colour, which is a peculiar shade of orange-scarlet; fruit edible	1 6
<i>Sutherlandii</i>	1 6
<i>Van Volxemil</i> , crimson colour	1 6
This family is distinguished from the <i>Passiflora</i> by the long cylindrical tubes of the calyx of their flowers. They are very handsome, quick-growing, beautiful climbers.	
<i>Thunbergia</i> <i>Laurifolia</i> , Laurel-leaved, producing beautiful pale-blue flowers, with yellow throat	1 6
<i>Coccinea</i> , small red flowers	1 6
<i>Fragrans</i> , beautiful evergreen climber, sweet scented, flowers pure white	1 6
These are fine, free-flowering plants of great beauty.	
<i>Tropaeolum</i> <i>Petaphyllum</i> , vermilion and green	1 0
<i>Speciosum</i> , bright orange-scarlet	1 0
These are climbers which gain great admiration; free-flowering and bulbous climbers. Ask us about other varieties, we have a white one, etc.	
<i>Virginian Creeper</i> (see <i>Ampelopsis</i>).	
<i>Vinca</i> <i>Argentea</i> <i>Variegata</i> (Periwinkle). Useful for low bordering; trailing habit	1 0
* <i>Wistaria</i> <i>Magnifica</i> . This is an evergreen in our nurseries, producing in the summer beautiful flowers of lavender blue	1 6
* <i>Multijuga</i> , a Japanese variety, with dark purple racemes; attains a length of from 2 to 3 feet; an extra-fine form	1 6
* <i>Multijuga</i> <i>Alba</i>	1 6
* <i>Sinensis</i> , lavender	1 6
* <i>Sinensis</i> <i>Alba</i>	1 6
The <i>Wistarias</i> are considered the finest of deciduous climbing plants. In the early spring they are covered with massive clusters of lovely Pea-shaped flowers, sometimes 2 feet long; may also be trained to grow in erect bush form.	



Azalea in bloom

THE AZALEA is a lovely early spring-flowering evergreen shrub, and, planted in masses, affords a glorious display. This plant has no equal for richness and purity of colouring. In very dry seasons Azaleas should be helped with heavy waterings about once a fortnight. They can be grown as pot plants, and are suitable either for bush-house or verandah culture. Strong plants 1s. 6d. each; 15s. per doz.; large plants at advanced prices, in full bloom. You cannot do better than leave a selection of 6 or 12 Azaleas to us.

SEARLS' AZALEAS.

<i>Alba Magna</i> (S.). Large white, occasionally striped.
<i>Baron de Vriere</i> (S.). Pure white; very large.
<i>Bernard Andre Alba</i> (SD). Double white.
<i>Charmer</i> (S.). Bright amaranth; of good form.
<i>Coronata</i> (S.). Rosy red.
<i>Comte Charles de Kerchove</i> (D.). A very free-flowering variety of perfect shape; flesh colour, with white stripes.
<i>Comtesse de Flanders</i> (S.). Very large flower, clear satin rose.
<i>Dame Melanie</i> (S.). Very bright rose, edged with pure white, carmine blotch.
<i>Deutsche Perle</i> (D.). This is without doubt the best double white Azalea, being very free-flowering, early-blooming, and well adapted for forcing purposes.
<i>Duc de Nassau</i> (S.). Large, dark, rosy purple.
<i>Empress of India</i> (D.). Flowers perfect; the other segments are gracefully wavy and well expanded; the segments which occupy the centre are carmine, white, and salmon-rose.
<i>Empereur de Bresil</i> (D.). Large double rose of exquisite form, banded with white, upper petals marked with glossy red.
<i>Eulalie Van Gert</i> . Pink, carmine spots.
<i>Indica Alba</i> (S.). Pure white.
<i>Magnifica</i> (S.). Large, deep purple.
<i>Madame Herman Siedel</i> (SD). Pure white.
<i>Morti</i> (S.). Bright white, green tinge in centre.
<i>Refulgens</i> (S.). Purplish, shaded rose.
<i>Roi de Hollande</i> .
<i>Sieismund Eucker</i> . Rosy lilac, bordered white.
<i>Souvenir de Prince Albert</i> (D.). Deep rose, broadly margined with white.
<i>Splendens</i> (S.). Fine rosy salmon.

AZALEA MOLLIS (S)

Orange Colour, Pale Yellow, and Orange-red.
Strong Plants from 1s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.

This useful, hardy Japanese flowering shrub cannot be too highly recommended, for it is invaluable for open beds and borders. It blossoms in a profuse manner, the large funnel-shaped flowers ranging in colour from rosy salmon to various shades of yellow and bright orange. Should be more extensively known.

Plants and their "Common" Names.

FOR some considerable time we have been impressed with the fact that very many people are confused in ordering plants, as they only know the common names of the plants they require, and do not know where to look for them in the catalogue. This list will be found very handy, as it is so difficult to remember botanical names of the various flowers. This list should be kept for reference.

We stock plants of all. If it's not here ask us about it.

Common Name.	Botanical Name
Aaron's Beard	Hypericum
Aaron's Beard	Saxifraga
Abele Tree	Populus
Adam's Needle	Yucca
African Lily	Agapanthus
African Oak	Vitex
Alder	Alnus
Allspice	Calycanthus
Allspice (Japan)	Chimonanthus
Amazon Lily	Eucharis
American Aloe	Agave
American Ivy	Ampelopsis Hederacea
Angel's Trumpets	Brugmansia Knighti
Ash (English)	Fraxinus
Atlas Cedar	Cedrus Atlantica
Australian Heath	Epacris
Austrian Pine	Pinus Austriaca
Balsam Fir	Abies Balsamea
Bamboo	Bambusa
Barberry	Berberis
Bead Plant	Nertera Depressa
Belladonna Lily	Amarylis
Bell Flower	Campanula
Betel Nut Palm	Areca Catechu
Bilberry	Vaccinium
Birch	Betula Alba
Birchwort	Aristolochia
Bird Cherry	Prunus Padus
Bird's Foot Trefoil	Lotus
Bird's Nest Fern	Asplenium Nidus
Bird of Paradise Flower	Strelitzia
Bird of Paradise Shrub	Ponciana Gillesi
Bitter Almond	Amygdalus (Flowering Peach)
Black Cypress	Taxodium Distichum
Black Eye Marguerite	M. Andersoni
Black Pine	Pinus Austriaca
Black Thorn	Prunus Spinosa
Bleeding Heart	Dielytra
Blue Bells	Scilla
Blue Gum	Eucalyptus Globulus
Blue Marguerite	Agathe
Blue May	Caryopteris
Bottle Brush	Callistemon
Box Rose	Cotoneaster
Box Tree	Buxus
Bugle Lily	Watsonia
Bungalow Palm	Seaforthia
Bunya Bunya	Araucaria Bidwilli
Buttercup	Ranunculus
Butterfly Flower	Schizanthus
Bush Honeysuckle	Diervillea (Wiegelia)
Cabbage Tree	Dracena Australis
Cabbage Tree, broad-leaved	Dracena Indivisa
Cabbage Tree Palm	Corypha Australis
Calico Bush	Kalmia Latifolia
Californian Poppy	Romneya Coulteri
Camphor Laurel	Camphora
Cane Brake	Arundinaria
Candytuft	Iberis
Canary Grass	Phalaris
Cape Chestnut	Calodendron Capensis
Cape Gooseberry	Physalis
Cape Honeysuckle	Protea Mellifera
Cape Honeysuckle	Tecoma Capensis
Cape Jasminum	Gardenia Florida
Cardinal Flower	Lobelia Cardinalis
Carob Tree	Cerantonia Siliqua

Common Name.	Botanical Name
Carrian Flower	Stapelia
Castor Oil Plant	Ricinus
Cayenne Pepper	Capsicum
Cedar of Lebanon	Cedrus Deodora
Cherry Laurel	Cerasus
Cherry Pie	Heliotropium
Cherry Plum	Prunus Cerasifera
Chili Pepper	Capsicum
Chillian Pine	Araucaria Imbricata
Chimney Bellflower	Campanula Pyramidalis
Chinese Arbor Vitae	Biota or Thuja
Chinese Fan Palm	Chamærops
Chinese Hawthorn	Photinia Serrulata
Chinese Juniper	Juniperis Sinensis
Chinese Kidney Bean	Wistaria Chinensis
Chinese Lantern	Abutilon
Chinese Primrose	Primula Sinensis
Christmas Rose	Helleborus Nigra
Climbing Lily	Gloriosa Superba
Common Alder	Alnus Communis
Coral Plant	Lotus Pelyorhinchus
Coral Tree	Erythrina
Day Lily	Hemerocallis
Egyptian Paper Reed	Papyrus Antiquorum
Elephant's Ear	Begonia Rex
Fiddle Wood	Citharescylum
Fire Thorn	Crataegus Pyracantha
Fire Tree	Brachychiton Acerifolia
Flag Lily	Phormium
Gardener's Garters	Arundo Donax Variegata
Glory Tree	Clerodendron
Gold Dust Tree	Aucuba Japonica
Golden Vine	Stigmaphyllon
Guelder Rose	Viburnum Opulis
Himalayan Strawberry	Benthamia
Honesty	Lunaria
Horse Chestnut	Æsculus
Incense Cedar	Libocedrus
Indian Hawthorn	Raphiolepis
Japan Cedar	Cryptomeria
Japanese Raisin Tree	Hovenia Dulcis
Japanese Rose	Camellia
Jerusalem Pine	Pinus Halapensis
Jew's Mallow	Kerri Japonica
Kaffir Apple	Aberia Caffra
Ladder Fern	Nephrolepis
Lady's Slipper	Cypripedium
Lemon Plant	Aloysia Citriodora
Lillipilli	Acmena
Live for Ever	Sedum
Lily of the Valley	Convallaria
Love Flower	Agapanthus
Love Tree	Cercis Siliquastrum
Moreton Bay Chestnut	Castanospermum
Moreton Bay Fig	Ficus Macrophylla
Mountain Ebony	Bauhinia
Red Gum	Eucalyptus Ficofoia
Red Marguerite	Gerbera Jamesoni
Remarkable Pine	Pinus Insignis
Rice Paper Tree	Aralia Papyrifera
Scented Verbena	Aloysia Citriodora
Sea Lavender	Statice
St. John's Bread	Cerantonia
Strawberry Tree	Arbutus Unedo
Sugar Gum	Eucalyptus Corynocalyx
Sweet Barberry	Berberis Dulcis
Tree of Heaven	Ailanthus Glandulosa

SEARLS' DESIRABLE TREES TO PLANT FOR VARIOUS PURPOSES.

For Streets, Roads and Avenues.

American Elm, Norway and Sugar Maple, Poplars, Horse Chestnut, Oriental Plane, Lophostemon, Camphor, etc.

For Driveways through Lawns and Parks.

English Elm, Salisburia, Liriodendron (Tulip Tree), Magnolia Grandiflora, Catalpa Sorts, some of the Pinus family, Abies, Cupressus, etc.

Single Specimens of large growth branched from the ground.

Purple and Silver Beech, Silver Birch, English and Purple and Variegated Elms, Sycamores, Oaks, Plane Trees, some of the Pines, Abies and Cupressus.

Trees that thrive in Moist Locations.

Ash, Catalpas, Poplars, Taxodium and Willow.

Best Trees for Wind Breaks.

Pinus Insignis, Abies, Poplars, Lophostemon, Camphor, etc.

Flowering Trees.

Magnolias, Judas Tree, Flowering Peach, Flowering Apple, Flowering Plum, Flowering Quince, Flowering Cherry, Laburnum (yellow), Catalpa, Horse Chestnut (red and white), Double Hawthorn, Fringe Tree, etc.

Purple and Scarlet Leaved Trees.

Purple Beech, Purple Elm, Prunus Pissardi, Purple Sycamore, Scarlet Oak, etc.

Variegated and Gold Leaved Trees.

Cupressus Aurea, Maples, Liriodendron, Golden Tulip Tree, Poplars, Variegated Elms, etc.

Searls' SUPERIOR SEASONABLE Seedling Plants

THE LOWEST PRICES FOR THE BEST PLANTS.

FOR the convenience of our city and suburban clients we keep a daily supply of seedlings in the soil in boxes at our King Street Depot. 6d. per doz., 3s. 6d. per 100, unless otherwise marked. They also carry splendidly per post to all parts of N.S.W. at the cost of 2d. per dozen extra.

A GRAND SHOW IN YOUR GARDEN can be made by purchasing from this List of Seedlings. To meet the convenience of customers with limited space for planting, we are prepared to supply these Seedlings in lots of half-a-dozen of a sort. For any client who would like seedling plants of any annual not listed, to save them the trouble of raising seed, we would sow and raise the plants for them at a very moderate cost.

NO ORDER TOO SMALL. NO ORDER TOO MUCH TROUBLE.

SALVIA BONFIRE.

(Perennial.)

This plant has proved to be one of the very best for bedding-out purposes and for border decoration. Its colour, a brilliant scarlet, attracts the attention of everyone. The expressions of delight regarding its beauty are all pitched in the superlative strain. During last summer and autumn no bedding plant has been so much talked about as *Salvia Bonfire*. The plants grow well, and are covered with flowers from top to base, suggesting miniature bonfires. Price 5s. per dozen.

Ready from MARCH to AUGUST.

Acroclinium Roseum.
Acroclinium Alba.
Antirrhinum. Best varieties.
Aquilegia Vulgaris, fl. pl., long spurred.
Althæa (Hollyhocks). Double mixed. 8d.
Bellis Perennis (Daisies). Sorts.
Centaurea (Cornflower). Sorts.
Centaurea Candidissima. Perennial plant, white leaves, very pretty. 1s. 6d. per doz.
Calendula. Best mixed.
Calliopsis Drummondii Bassile.
Grandiflora.
Bicolor Tinctoria
Lanceolata.
 Best mixed.
Cineraria Maritima. 8d. per doz.
Candytuft. Sorts.
Campanula (Canterbury Bells). Mixed.
Carnation, Margaret Malmaison. 2s. per dozen.
Carnation (Marguerite). 1s. per dozen.
Carnation. Perpetual or Tree Seedlings. 3s. per doz.
Carnation, "Riviera Market." A beautiful ever-blooming strain, produces a profusion of flowers of all shades; a perfect florist's strain for cutting; seedlings give 90 per cent. double flowers. Mixed Seedlings, 2s. per dozen.

Cosmea. Mixed colours.
Cosmidium Burridgeanum.
Delphinium. Everybody must have heard of this beautiful blue perennial Larkspur, that has caused such a stir among our amateur and professional gardeners. We have a fine lot of strong, sturdy, and well-established young seedling plants, which are available from March until September. These will produce flowering spikes the first season of planting, some of the spikes often measuring from 18 inches to 2 feet in length. Plants can safely be sent by post. Price, 2s. per doz. Superior plants.
Delphinium, Kelway's Special Perennial. 2s. 6d. per doz.
Dianthus. In variety.
Eschscholtzia. Best mixed.
Gaillardia. In variety.
Garden Marigold
Helichrysum. Mixed.
Larkspur.
Leptosyne Maritima. 1s. per doz.
Linum Grandiflora Rubrum (Scarlet Flax).
Linum. Best mixed.
Lupins. Best mixed.

Nigella. Mixed.
Myosotis (Forget-me-not). Sorts.
Pansies. First-class strains. Mixed Continental. 1s. per doz.
 Large English. Mixed. 1s. per doz.
 French strain, and all other varieties. 1s. per doz.
Papaver (Oriental Poppy). Perennial Beautiful flowers. 1s. per doz.
Papaver (Poppies). Best varieties.
Pentstemon Seedlings. 2s. per doz.
Phlox. In variety.
Polyanthus. 2s. per doz. Splendid variety, all colours.
Primrose. English. 2s. 6d. per dozen. For Double Primrose, see Herbaceous list.
Rudbeckia Newmanii. Perennial. 1s. 6d. per doz.
Rhodanthe Maculata Manglesi.
Scabious. Mixed.
Summer Chrysanthemums. In variety.
Sweet Alyssum
Sweet Sultan. 8d. per doz.
Stock, Ten-Week.
Stock, Brompton.
Verbena Seedlings. 1s. per doz.
Wallflower. Best mixed. Double and single. 8d.

Ready from about SEPTEMBER to JANUARY.

Ageratum. Mixed.
Amaranthus Tricolor (Joseph's Coat)
Amaranthus Salicifolius (Fountain Plant)
Amaranthus, other varieties.
Arctotis Grandis. 8d.
Aster. Sorts.
Balsam. Best mixed.
Celosia. Mixed.
Celosia Thompsoni Magnifica. Without a doubt one of the finest annuals of the day. When in flower it is conspicuously beautiful.
Cosmea. Mixed.
Klondyke Cosmos. Showy yellow flowers. 8d. per dozen.

Cosmidium Burridgeanum.
Dahlia. Mixed seedlings. 1s. per doz.
Dahlia (Cactus). Mixed Seedlings. Sometimes one gets a pleasant surprise from these seedlings, and they brighten up the garden considerably. 1s. 6d. per doz.
Digitalis (Foxglove). Mixed.
Godetia. Very showy annual.
Gomphrena Globosa (Globe Amaranthus).
Helianthus (Sunflower). Sorts.
Helianthus Cucumerifolius. Small single Sunflower.
Lobelia. Mixed.
Mina Lobata (lovely annual creeper). Place orders early. Plant in pots. 6d. each.

Nasturtium. Best mixed.
Nicotiana Sandera, of late introduction, very floriferous. 1s. per doz.
Petunia Hybrida. Best mixed.
Portulacca. Single.
Portulacca. Double.
Pyrethrum Aureum.
Pyrethrum Nana Compacta. New Dwarf.
Aureum. 2s. per doz.
Pyrethrum. Flowering, assorted. 2s. per dozen.
Rudbeckia. Bicolor.
Salpiglossis. Should be in every garden. Colours very rich and gorgeous.
Tagetes (Marigold) Sorts.
Zinnia. Sorts.

Searls' Gorgeous Giant-Flowered Ever-Blooming Cannas.

THIS is a decorative plant of great beauty, quite hardy, nearly always in flower, magnificent in foliage like the leaves of the banana; not particular as to soil or situation. A very ornamental plant, apart altogether from its surpassingly lovely flowers.

The new race of Cannas, which we offer may well be termed "Orchid-flowered," as they completely eclipse in beauty the old-fashioned varieties, now quite out of date. A very fine collection of the above, 9d. each., 8s. per doz.

Canna—Mt. Blanc. Creamy-white, free-flowering 1s.
 Some of the new Cannas are becoming more popular. They have only to be known to be appreciated.

Searls' Novelties

1908

WE purpose sending out in April, 1909, a Supplementary Catalogue, containing Plant Novelties only, and any useful information to date.

A Charming 1908 Shrub.

Introduced to Australia by Searl & Sons.

Buddleia Veitchiana

(The Lilac-Flowering Buddleia.)

A new introduction from China. Brought to England by Mr. Veitch. It is eminently adapted to this climate, and is a vigorous grower, of the habit similar to the old *Buddleia paniculata*. Would be splendid for hedges or as a solitary shrub on a lawn. The clusters of flowers are 12 to 18 inches in length, and of a bright lilac colour, which reminds anybody of the good old English Lilac, and especially as the delicious fragrance resembles same. It is a profusely free-blooming plant, every growth producing a spray of flowers, and is altogether a shrub that could not be too highly recommended.

This sterling novelty is for the first time offered in Australia.

Plants, 2s. 6d. each.

New Japanese Novelties.

AZALEA QUINQUEFOLIA. Pink. Very lovely small pink flowers in clusters, grows well in shade. Plants, 3s. 6d. each.

BLETIA HYACINTHIA ALBA. A very hardy Orchid, which grows outside; producing white flowers like a *Cattleya*. 7s. 6d. each.

BLETIA HYACINTHIA (PURPLE). See Orchid list. 3s. 6d.

ENKIANTHUS JAPONICA. A good lawn shrub for cold climates; flowers of pendulous form, resembling Lily of the Valley. Very pretty. 4s.

1908 Perennial Plants.

ANEMONE JAPONICA, PRINZ HEINRICH. Large semi-double flowers, dark red. 1s. 6d.

ANEMONE JAPONICA, PURPURE. Flowers formed with three or four rows of petals; dark violet, purple and rose. 1s. 6d.

ANEMONE JAPONICA, REINE CHARLOTTE. Semi-double; clear rose, darker underneath. 1s. 6d.

Gerbera Jamesoni.

Seed, 2s. per packet. Plants, 2s. each.

This brilliant scarlet Daisy from South Africa flowers all through the summer. It is of novel and striking beauty, bearing daisy-like flowers fully 3 inches across, rising from a rich-looking tuft of leaves.

Begonias, 1908.

Winter-Flowering and Evergreen Varieties of Flowering Begonias.

No other kind can lay claim to so many advantages as a winter-flowering plant of this class.

Although not entirely novelties, they are worth bringing under our clients' notice as plants that give a lot of satisfaction. The following are Tree Begonias, growing to a height of from 10 to 12 feet, looking very picturesque if grown in a sheltered position out of doors. Especially adapted to bush-house culture in open ground.

BEGONIA CARRIERI (syn. *Undulatum*) (TREE). Tall-growing variety, producing clusters of pure white flowers. 1s. 6d.

BEGONIA CORALINA (TREE). Beautiful green leaves, like angel's wings, producing beautiful clusters of a rich pale pink colour. 1s. 6d.

BEGONIA SMITHI (TREE). A hybridised variety of the above, producing darker flowers of a rich carmine-rose, in very large clusters; an exquisite variety, the foliage bronzy-green, making a pretty contrast. 2s.

BEGONIA CORALINA-CARNEA (TREE). Another variety of the above type, with the palest of flesh pink flowers, with handsome cool-looking foliage; a very choice plant. 2s.

BEGONIA BOSTON ROSE. A dwarf variety, excellent pot plant, producing clusters of rosy-pink flowers, which are very abundant. 1s. 6d.

We have a few Novelty Seedling Ornamental-leaved Begonias, raised in our Botany Nursery, very distinct and choice, 1s. 6d. each.

Chrysanthemum Maximum.

KING EDWARD (NEW). The largest and best of this class of Marguerite. Much better than the Shasta Daisy. Flowers on stout stems of erect habit. Award of Merit, R.H.S. 1s. 6d.

New Hydrangea.

Hydrangea Japonica Mariesii.

Introduced from Japan. Remarkable for its large umbels; flowers large, of a bluish-mauve colour. Plants, 2s. 5d. each.

New Golden Drooping Cypress.

The plant is of a beautiful golden yellow, and grows from 12 to 15 feet high, spreading proportionately, and the pendulous branches hanging gracefully down, are a deep yellow at the tips, giving the plant a very effective appearance. For the centre of a bed or lawn, or prominent position, especially in small gardens, where an attractive plant is required, it is just the thing. It has been greatly admired in Melbourne, where it originated. Nice plants, in 5-inch pots, 5s. each.

SEARLS' NOVELTIES, 1908.

Impatiens Holstii.

This new species from East Africa should be largely grown. It is of vigorous habit and flowers very freely, forming thick bushes about 18 inches in height; resembling *Impatiens Sultani*, but far surpasses it by its stronger and quicker growth and the more beautiful colour of its flowers, which are of a brilliant vermilion-red and well set off by the dark green foliage. It is very fine for pot culture. Plants, 1s. each.

Lomaria Discolor Bipinnata

(Ostrich Plume Fern).

Quite hardy and strong grower, fine for fernery, verandah or exhibition purposes. It is a native of Victoria, but being barren, was soon collected and became extinct, none having been found for some years. It is a beautiful bipinnate form of *L. Discolor*. 2s. 6d. each.

Nephrolepis Bostoniensis Anna Foster.

This is a sport from *Nephrolepis Bostoniensis*, but the pinnae of fronds are all cut and serrated, and are more pendulous and much longer, which give it a very plumey appearance, and make it one of the finest ferns grown. For a basket fern it will prove to be one of the very best. Like *Bostoniensis*, it is a very free grower, and propagates very quickly. It is still only a novelty in America. Nice plants, from 2s. 6d. upwards.

Nephrolepis Piersoni.

A grand Fern, with heavily crested, massive fronds. Indispensable in even a small collection. 2s. 6d.

Prunus Pissardi Moseri, fl. pl.

Introduced to Australia by Searl and Sons. Splendid new shrub of recent introduction, which soon will find its way into all gardens in different forms, either standards, bushes, or pyramids. Its foliage is entirely the same as that of the common *P. Pissardi*, but its flowers, which appear in great number, are a little larger than the type, but quite double and of a charming rose colour. Also for forcing this new shrub is a grand acquisition and may be considered as the best new shrub lately introduced. 3s. 6d.

Rehmannia Angulata.

Herbaceous biennial introduced from Central China. The plants grow 3 feet high, branching in the form of a narrow pyramid, with large-lobed leaves of a reddish hue on the underside. The colour of the flower is an uncommon shade of rosy purple, with rich yellow throat adorned with purple spots and stripes. Can be grown in a sheltered border. Very useful and uncommon plants. 1s. 6d.

Carnations, 1908.

ABYDOS (PERPETUAL). Bright glowing crimson, shaded with maroon; large, smooth petals; good winter flowering. 2s.

ALOHA (PERPETUAL). Yellow ground with salmon flakes; fringed petals. 2s. 6d.

ANNIE McDONALD (PERPETUAL). Pure white ground, heavily marked with maroon; sweetly scented. 2s. 6d.

ANTONIO (PERPETUAL). Bright cerise; free flowering and fragrant. 2s.

CHAMPION OF NEWCASTLE (PERPETUAL). Deep golden yellow ground, pencilled and suffused crimson; most effective. 2s. 6d.

CYMBELINE (PERPETUAL). White ground, striped crimson and purple; a large, handsome flower. 2s. 6d.

EDITH GRAY (PERPETUAL). White ground, very finely pencilled, and slightly striped maroon. 2s. 6d.

FIBE (PERPETUAL). Brilliant scarlet, very large and splendid shape. 2s.

GEORGE E. ELLIOTT (PERPETUAL). A large-sized flower, very unique in colour, brownish-red, flaked dark prune; very vigorous. 2s. 6d.

JANCOUET (PERPETUAL). White ground, heavily pencilled bright rose; sweetly scented. 2s. 6d.

LOLA (PERPETUAL). Lovely Carnation; fawn ground, edged and heavily spotted bright red, a very fine perpetual. 2s. 6d.

LUSTRE (PERPETUAL). Dark crimson with metallic markings; large, fine-formed flowers. 2s. 6d.

KATHLEEN SHELTON (PERPETUAL). A grand scarlet perpetual, vigorous growth. 2s.

MESSINA (PERPETUAL). Ground pale strawberry, splashed and striped cardinal; free flowering. 2s.

MISS LUCY BURTON (PERPETUAL). A new seedling, fringed perpetual; beautiful flesh pink, a popular colour, and useful as a florists' flower. 2s. 6d.

MISS HARRISON (PERPETUAL). Slaty-grey ground, barred velvety crimson; a grand flower. 2s. 6d.

MRS. G. H. MURRAY (PERPETUAL). Bright rich crimson; splendid form. 2s.

MRS. LEOPOLD DE ROTHSCHILD (PERPETUAL). Soft salmon-pink; free flowering. 2s.

MRS. C. T. RICHARDSON. Cream ground, splashed with scarlet and magenta. 2s. 6d.

PURPLE BEAUTY (PERPETUAL). Beautiful bright purple; a free bloomer. 2s.

VIOLET MIDDLETON (PERPETUAL). Pure white ground, pencilled with lilac; flower perfect in form. 2s. 6d. each.

YELLOW PRINCESS ALICE (PERPETUAL). Yellow, pencilled bright pink; very good. 2s.

Our patrons will notice this season that we are adding considerably to our list of Carnations. The famous Tree and Perpetual varieties we consider give by far the most satisfaction to the everyday garden, being of nice habit, tall growers, very floriferous, and especially because they bloom for such a long period.

Spring-Blooming Carnations, 1908

ARNCLIFFE. An exquisite white ground Picotee, with wire edge of purple, large size and perfect form; one of the very best, and should be in every collection; very choice. 2s.

LORD NAPIEE. A splendid variety; yellow ground, with perfect edging of narrow rose, large size. This is a perfect Picotee, without a spot on petals, and handsome form. 2s.

MILLIE. White ground fancy, flowers delicately marked with rosy-red; large size and good form. 2s.

MISS EMMA. Another handsome white ground Picotee, with medium edge of scarlet; beautiful form and medium size. Very fine. 2s.

ROBERT HENDERSON. Yellow ground Picotee, of very large size and grand form; heavily edged with pink; handsome and distinct; don't miss it. 2s.

ST. ELMO. White ground fancy, pencilled and edged with scarlet; grand form and very large size, up to 4 inches across; very robust grower; recommended. 2s.

TOM WILLIAMS. A handsome white ground Picotee, with wire edge of red, large size and nice form. 2s.

SEARLS' NOVELTIES, 1908.

Perpetual-Blooming Carnations OF SEASON 1907.

Beautifully perfumed, perfect calyx (non-bursters), having long, stiff stems for cutting purposes.

- AMBER QUEEN.** Colour a pleasing shade of amber occasionally striped soft red; beautiful form; free. 1s. 6d.
- DISTINCTION.** Uncommon colour, white ground with broad flakes of rose; good tree habit, and clove-scented. 1s. 6d.
- EMPRESS.** White. Picotee-edged, with delicate rose-pink. 1s. 6d.
- ILLUSTRIOUS.** Dark glowing crimson; large, perfumed, free, and of good form. 1s. 6d.
- LADY NORTHCOTE.** Pure white, delicately edged rose-pink; nicely perfumed, strong habit, free flowering. 1s. 6d.
- MISS EILEEN RUSE.** Pearly-white, shell petal of excellent form, free flowering and beautifully clove-scented. 1s. 6d.
- MRS. GUTHBERT HALL.** White ground, heavily edged and pencilled dark crimson; large, free, and clove-scented. 1s. 6d.
- MRS. G. H. KERSLAKE.** Rich golden yellow, edged and pencilled soft scarlet; vigorous grower, free, and extra good. 1s. 6d.
- MRS. BYRON RUSE.** Bright orange, edged scarlet. Very large, well-formed flower of great substance. 1s. 6d.
- ROYAL ROSE.** A strong-growing variety of a beautiful tint of bright rose pink. 1s. 6d.
- TOPAZ.** Canary yellow, nice form and very free. 1s. 6d.

Single-Flowering Chrysanthemums

RECENTLY INTRODUCED.

Very fashionable Marguerite-like flowers; useful for bouquets, baskets, and vases, lasting about 10 days in water, and flowering late in autumn, when other flowers are scarce. The following varieties will be found really good and pleasing.

- BRIDESMAID.** Colour warm flesh pink, beautiful form, fine free grower, strong habit. 1s.
- BUTTERCUP.** Clear canary-yellow; an ideal single yellow flower for decorative work; very useful for cutting purposes, and for table decoration it is perfect. 1s.
- DAISY.** Pure white, creamy disc, excellent form. 1s.
- DECORATOR.** Clear orange-yellow; good sized graceful flowers; a grand decorative variety. 1s.
- DISPLAY.** Soft flesh white; graceful star-shaped flowers, forming into well-shaped plants literally covered with flowers. 1s.
- FAIRY.** A very pretty variety. 1s.
- ESTELLE.** Creamy yellow. 1s. 6d.
- ROSAMOND.** Rosellac, yellow disc, free and good. 1s.
- SIMPLEX.** Pretty single white. 1s.

Thread-Petal Varieties of Chrysanthemums.

- WHITE THREAD.** Pure white; fine thread-like petals hanging gracefully down, and giving a charmingly effective appearance to the plant when well flowered, most graceful to look upon. 1s.
- YELLOW THREAD.** Clear yellow; free grower, sturdy habit and very free flowering; a most chaste flower. 1s.

1907 Japanese Chrysanthemums. REDUCED IN PRICE.

- A. R. WAKEFIELD.** Delicate lilac; good show flower. 1s.
- BEAUTY OF SWANLEY.** White, massive flowers; good habit. 1s.
- DELIGHTFUL.** Decorative. White; a charming variety with long thread-like petals. 1s.
- EVELYN KERSLAKE.** Pure white; long, narrow, pointed incurving florets, in the way of Mrs. H. Weeks; blooms large, good form, and carrying a beautiful satiny sheen. 2s.
- HENRY PERKINS.** Broad petalled variety; yellow, early buds, suffused crimson; one of the best. 1s.

- J. H. SILSBURY.** Bright terra cotta, very large bloom. 1s.
- LADY CONYERS.** Rosy-pink, large, fine-formed flower; extra. 1s.
- MISS A. KELLERMANN.** Beautiful rosy-pink, extra large. 1s.
- MISS A. BRENSTER.** A fine variety of a pale sulphur colour. 1s.
- MRS. W. HIGGIE.** Large, pure white; in the way of Mrs. H. Weeks. 1s.
- MRS. JOHN E. DUNNE.** Salmon terra cotta; distinct.
- PRESIDENT VIGOR.** Lilac and mauve; large and good habit. 1s.
- W. WELLS.** Blush, changing to pure white; similar to Mme. Carnot. 1s.

Cactus Dahlias, 1908.

Cactus Dahlias are fast becoming the most popular of autumn plants. They are now generally considered the most beautiful flowers for the decoration of drawing-rooms, etc., their long, wiry flower stalks making them specially useful for floral work of this class.

As decorative plants for the ordinary garden, they will give a longer season of flowering, and more blooms than almost any plant grown for this purpose.

When grown for exhibition, the wide range of colours in the flowers, the varying types, and the long time they will last in good condition, easily places them before most flowers.

Cactus Dahlias are easily grown, and do well in almost any good garden soil, but the best results are obtained from a rather heavy, well-manured soil. As all Dahlias require plenty of moisture, the ground should be well drained. If grown for exhibition blooms for the autumn, the time to plant will be in December, when strong, clean, healthy young plants will be obtainable.

- ALICE MORTIMER.** Lovely pale orange-scarlet, one of the best of the season; a good and profuse bloomer; large flowers, long petalled; a very fine variety. 3s.
- ALIGHT.** Rich fiery-orange, centre deep orange; very fine and long florets. 2s. 6d.
- BLUSH QUEEN.** Bright rose-pink, creamy-white, the admiration of everybody. 3s.
- Bronze Mawley.** A much finer type than others of this name; colour bronze. 3s. 6d.
- CANARY.** Very fine florets, which are yellow; should become popular. 3s. 6d.
- CRAYFISH.** Carmine-coppery shadings; elegantly-formed Cactus. 2s. 6d.
- DAISY EASTON.** A rich deep yellow of exceptionally fine type; long arching petals; a grand flower for exhibition purposes. 2s. 6d.
- FIREWORKS.** A bold massive flower, with very long florets; colour is canary-yellow, blotched and speckled with red; by far the best fancy raised; a perfect exhibition flower. 3s. 6d.
- H. SHOESMITH.** One of the finest Dahlias in colour and size. Scarlet-crimson; very narrow petals, grand centre. Received many certificates. 2s. 6d.
- IVANHOE.** Deep bright straw colour, beautiful long narrow petals, fine form. 3s. 6d.
- JOHN BAXTEE.** Base of petals yellow, shading rose-pink to light purple tips; good Cactus shape. 2s. 6d.
- MAFFESTO.** A beautiful pure white; a good addition to the white varieties. 2s. 6d.
- MISS LENA ASHWELL.** A lovely tomato-red with amber shading; immense size; will be much appreciated on account of its artistic combination of colours. 3s. 6d.
- MISS VIOLET ROONEY.** A magnificent type; colour golden-bronze; extra good, and certain to become popular. 4s.
- MRS. J. S. BRUNTON.** Bright yellow; long, upright stalks. 2s.
- MRS. R. E. FELTON.** Beautiful purplish-crimson; distinct and good. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. F. GRINSTED.** A rich deep crimson-purple—a fine colour greatly needed; very large blooms, most excellently formed; fit for any exhibition. 3s.
- MRS. McMILLAN.** White in centre, gradually deepening to a beautiful deep pink at tips; reliable exhibition variety. 3s.
- MRS. W. B. SAYERS.** A new Sydney seedling. A beautiful flower of the palest heliotrope imaginable, with a distinct pure white centre; the florets are many in number, beautifully twisted; the plants are of dwarf habit, and flowers produced abundantly above the foliage; sure to become popular, and a very distinct variety for show purposes. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. H. SHOESMITH.** Very pure white; a first-rate show variety. 2s.

SEARLS' NOVELTIES, 1908.

- MRS. G. STEVENSON.** Large bloom; a bright, sparkling yellow, with very long and narrow petals; the best exhibition yellow. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. F. C. STOOP.** Clear yellow, very large and bold flower. 3s.
- NELLY HEMSLEY.** Deep maroon, with white tips; distinct. 2s. 6d.
- PURPLE GIANT.** This belongs to the Gigantic Petalled variety of Decorative type. 2s. 6d.
- PURPLE JACKSON.** A sport from J. H. Jackson; a bright rich purple. 2s. 6d.
- RED DRAGON.** The true type of Cactus Dahlia; glowing red, beautifully incurved. 3s. 6d.
- ROSLYN.** A beautiful type, with colours fawn and salmon. 3s. 6d.
- WM. HUGHES.** Rich deep wine-crimson, refined and elegant flower. 2s. 6d.

1907 Cactus Dahlias.

REDUCED IN PRICE.

The popularity of these choice flowers increases every year, and they are rapidly growing in public favour.

- COMET.** A good fancy type; rose-coloured ground, speckled and splashed with crimson. 1s. 6d.
- DAINTY.** Ground lemon-yellow and rose-pink, with golden tips; quite a dainty variety. 1s. 6d.
- EARL LIKELY.** An exceedingly large refined bloom of a clear cherry-red; a colour much wanted, a splendid variety for exhibition. 1s. 6d.
- EDITH GROOM.** This is a pure white variety, with refined points, and a decided acquisition; holds its head erect, right above the foliage. 1s. 6d.
- ETNA.** A lilac and yellow variety; good grower. 1s. 6d.
- EVA.** A pure white, and a good addition. 1s.
- HARBOUR LIGHT.** Orange-red, overlaid at the tips with flame colour; long petals, fine saw-like. 1s. 6d.
- HARLEQUIN.** Straw-yellow, heavily striped purplish-crimson; a deep, bold, fine-formed flower for exhibition. 1s. 6d.
- HILDA.** A most desirable and distinct novelty; colour bluish-violet with a lighter centre; a good, symmetrical form. 2s.
- JEANETTE.** One of the best of the recently introduced buttercup yellow varieties; the flowers reflex, and produce perfect centres. 1s. 6d.
- KATHLEEN CROSSMAN.** A magnificent Cactus Dahlia, and worthy of praise. It is a new departure in Dahlias, and is without doubt a novelty; a colonial production. It is of the first Double Dahlia we have sent out of the true Cactus type, with beautiful incurving florets of a pale reddish-violet colour, and the petals in each floret (which makes it a true double flower) are the same colour, with a pure white stripe in every petal. The flowers are produced on long stiff stems right above the foliage. 3s. 6d.
- K. RITZ.** A magnificent type of the Cactus Dahlia. The flowers are produced well above the foliage, fine incurving florets of a beautiful self-colour, reddish-apricot, a little darker in the centre; a novelty of great merit; one of our own raising. 1s. 6d.
- LEEHURST.** A bronzy-buff, sometimes tipped and splashed with white; flowers incurve, and make a large, effective, and reliable bloom. 1s.
- MARJORIE CASELTON.** Not a bloom hides itself in the foliage, and therefore the effect is good, being so floriferous. The outer petals are pleasing rosy-pink, whilst the tips and central florets are pure white; excellent variety. 1s. 6d.

MISS DOROTHY OLIVER. This fine Cactus Dahlia produces primrose-yellow florets at the base, and gradually fade to white at the tips. 2s.

MISS NANCE ROBINSON. Another magnificent flower; old gold, flushed with orange; a very up-to-date variety. 1s. 6d.

MRS. F. TREHAWKE DAVIES. The well-formed flowers of this variety are clear rose-pink, with a silvery shade on the back of the florets, which slightly incurve, and show to advantage. 1s. 6d.

MRS. H. COOK. A bright golden-yellow, a grand flower, much needed for exhibition purposes. 2s.

MRS. CHARLIE CROSSMAN. A true Cactus type of exquisite form and loveliness, absolutely the purest white Cactus Dahlia to date (no tinge of green or yellow anywhere). The florets are perfectly incurved of the best Cactus type, carried on long stems most gracefully above the foliage. Of the many whites that have so far been introduced this is the most superb. We feel proud of its being a Sydney production. 3s. 6d.

MRS. C. T. RICHARDSON. A beautiful pure white variety of large size; good form, robust grower, stiff erect stems; does not close at night. 1s. 6d.

MRS. J. W. WILKINSON. Lovely deep rose-pink petals, long, first-class show variety. 1s.

PEACH BLOSSOM. A beautiful starry flower, colour peach-pink, shaded to a silvery-pink centre; blooms large, erect stems. 1s. 6d.

ROBERT HENDERSON. This is a decided and a very long advance upon all other yellows, being rich in colour, long and fine in petal; blooms extra large, with a good spreading base and perfect cone centre. 1s. 6d.

SEARLS' MIKADO. Another of our own raising. It has all the good qualities of a true Cactus type, and resembles an incurving Chrysanthemum; the colour is a beautiful reddish-violet self, and the florets are beautifully fluted and incurved. A flower that has come to stay. 1s. 6d.

SEARLS' PERFECTION. A magnificent Dahlia, creamy-white at the base of florets, and the greater part of each floret mauve-pink; a lovely combination; quite distinct from others already in commerce. 1s. 6d.

SILVER WINGS. This variety produces the highest quality florets, although convolute and very narrow to a degree, the florets possess a characteristic stiffness which all flowers with narrow florets should possess. The name denotes the colour, for the florets are silver colour, and flowers right above the foliage. 1s. 6d.

SWEET NELL. A beautiful deep pink, with a paler centre; a bold flower, and very distinct. 1s.

T. A. KERSLAKE. Undoubtedly one of the finest exhibition varieties ever raised. The blooms are of extraordinary size, long in petal, well quilled, colour a rich purplish-crimson. Awarded Champion Honours against all competitors, Sydney Dahlia Show, 2s.

THE PILOT. Never before have such rich colourings been produced, colours which cannot adequately be described, but to be fully appreciated must be seen under natural conditions or painted by a clever artist. A great improvement on J. B. Riding. The extremities of the florets are bright terra cotta, whilst the bases of the florets are deep yellow, the two colours blending with such a sweet gradation as they emerge into each other; the flowers are incurved on long stalks, a foot over the foliage. 1s. 6d.

WILLIAM MARSHALL. A flower of gigantic proportions, finest possible form and petal. Rich deep orange, with bright yellow in centre. The champion Cactus Dahlia, 1907, in England. Has received more awards than any other variety. Price in England was 15s. a plant. Our price, 2s. 6d.

SEARLS' NOVELTIES, 1908.

New Single Dahlia.

TWENTIETH CENTURY. A grand new single variety, entirely distinct from all previous introductions. Flowers 4 to 5 inches in diameter, and early in the season are an intense rosy-crimson, tipped with white, having a white band around the disc. As the season advances they become lighter, until they are almost white, suffused with soft pink—not variegated, but blended in the most beautiful manner. Flowers, after being cut, keep in perfect condition for eight or ten days. **1s. 6d.**

Pæony-Flowered Dahlias.

INTRODUCED IN 1907.

This new type of Dahlia originated in Holland, and promises to become very popular. The artistic flowers are very large, from 6 to 8 inches across, and are best compared to the semi-double Peonies in general form. They all flower very freely, and are borne on long, strong stems, making excellent material for cutting, as well as for garden decoration.

BARON DE GRANCY. Pure white, large and fine. **1s.**

DR. K. W. VAN GORKOM. Splendid colour, white, softly shaded rose; very floriferous. **1s.**

GERMANIA. Dark velvet wine colour, shaded with yellow; free flowering on long stems. **1s.**

GLOBY OF BAAEN. Soft pink; large double flowers, often 7 inches across; flowers rise above foliage, on long stems. **1s.**

PIUS X. Deep primrose-yellow. **1s.**

PAUL KRUGER. A striped variety, white and red; flowers with three rows of petals, very long stems. **1s.**

PRINCE HENRY. Soft dark red; lovely loose semi-double flowers; petals reflexed; long stems. **1s.**

QUEEN WILHELMINA. Pure white; elegant form, sometimes four rows of petals; very floriferous. **1s.**

SOLFATARE. Good grower. **1s.**

SOUVENIR DE GUSTAVE DOUZON. A striking Decorative Dahlia. The blooms are enormous, 8 and 9 inches in diameter (actual measurement). The colour is an orange-red. Five or six blooms on a plant is an exceedingly attractive sight. Is very easily grown, and should occupy a prominent position in the garden. **1s.**

Zonal Pelargoniums, 1908.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

ALBERT LABALATRIER. Dark maroon, crimson. **1s. 6d.**

BERTHA DE PRESILLY. Soft satiny-rose of a beautiful tint. **1s. 6d.**

COMTESSE DE ROMA. White margined, delicate pink; a charming flower. **1s. 6d.**

EDMUND LACHENAL. Bright crimson, fine large flowers. **1s. 6d.**

FLEUR DE ROSE. Gigantic soft rose trusses, enormous growth, vigorous. **1s. 6d.**

FLEUDE BLANC. Gigantic, snow-white, good. **1s. 6d.**

GOLDEN GLORY. Flowers very large, perfect form; nearest approach to orange. **1s. 6d.**

GENERAL DE WET. Salmon-red, good form, and free. **1s. 6d.**

LA BARDE. Gigantic rosy-salmon, vigorous. **1s. 6d.**

LUCIE GUICHARD. Gigantic, rose-pink. **1s. 6d.**

LEONARD KELWAY. Brilliant carmine-crimson. **1s. 6d.**

LA JUNG-FRAU. Creamy-yellow, absolutely distinct. **1s. 6d.**

MADAME MARTIGNER. White, tinged rose, distinct carmine border. **1s. 6d.**

MADAME BONFIGLIOLI. Pure white, pink centre, very large. **1s. 6d.**

M. LOCHROY. Light red, strong truss. **1s. 6d.**

PAUL ROUBOUX. Gigantic trusses, dark red. **1s. 6d.**

PAVIS DE CHABANNES. Scarlet, reverse of petals lighter. **1s. 6d.**

BEVIRIE. Gigantic china pink, bold truss. **1s. 6d.**

WM. KELWAY. A brilliant crimson scarlet. **1s. 6d.**

SINGLE VARIETIES.

ALIENOR D'AQUITAINE. Rosy nankeen, veined darker, apricot centre. **1s. 6d.**

COUNTESS OF JERSEY. Large flowers, clear coral-salmon, fine bloomer. **1s. 6d.**

CHRISTOPHE COLOMB. Bright orange. **1s. 6d.**

COMTESSE DE CHARTERMABLE. Gigantic truss, blush salmon. **1s. 6d.**

DUCHESS OF PORTLAND. Bright rosy-pink, really excellent. **1s.**

ESME. Scarlet-crimson, good large pip. **1s. 6d.**

FRANCOIS PONSARD. Tender rose, shaded white. **1s. 6d.**

FRANCOIS DE BIMINI. Enormous truss, pure white. **1s. 6d.**

GORGES DE PORTE RICKE. Soft rose, spotted carmine. **1s. 6d.**

H. DAUTHANNY. Gigantic salmon-rose, very large truss. **1s. 6d.**

HOPFNER. Flesh colour, very distinct. **1s. 6d.**

HENRY FONQUIER. Cinabar red, spotted white and rose on upper petal. **1s. 6d.**

JAN KELWAY. Cense, white eye, very large. **1s. 6d.**

J. H. ARDEINE. Orange-yellow, well-formed flowers. **1s. 6d.**

JOHN RUSKIN. Soft orange-red, flowers of large dimensions. **1s. 6d.**

KING OF THE BEDDERS. Crimson-scarlet, splendid. **1s.**

KAISER FREDERICK. Rich plum-purple, dwarf, large truss. **1s. 6d.**

KING VICTOR. Clear cerise-red, large pip and truss. **1s. 6d.**

LUCBECE. Bright rose-pink, white blotches. **1s. 6d.**

LORD HOPETOUN. Intense scarlet, splendid white eye. **1s. 6d.**

LEVY. Orange-scarlet, upper petals veined crimson; immense. **1s. 6d.**

L. ENJER. Black foliage, scarlet flowers, very distinct. **1s. 6d.**

MRS. HOLFORD. Deep salmon, rosy margin, white eye. **1s. 6d.**

MRS. ROBERT CANNELL. Salmon, large trusses, free flowering. **1s. 6d.**

MARY STUART. Soft rosy-red, large flowers. **1s. 6d.**

MR. SANDERS. Salmon-rose, petals edged white. **1s. 6d.**

MARQUIS DE MAY. Gigantic trusses, lilac-pink, distinct. **1s. 6d.**

MARIA KELWAY. Rose, white eye. **1s. 6d.**

PINK PET. Pure pink, very free. **1s. 6d.**

PROSPERINA. Salmon, shaded pink. **1s. 6d.**

PRESIDENT LOUBET. White ground, shading to lilac, magenta margin. **1s. 6d.**

SOUV. DE W. B. MILLER. Brilliant crimson, most intense, distinct white eye. **1s. 6d.**

VOLCANIC. Crimson, lit with orange, magenta and purple. **1s. 6d.**

SEARLS' NOVELTIES, 1908.

New Roses for 1908.

The descriptions are mostly those of the raisers.

2/- **AVOCA.** Crimson scarlet, buds very long and pointed, flowers large and sweetly perfumed, foliage large and very dark green. Specially good as a cut-back, making a fine bush; one of the best of its colour in this section. **3s. 6d.**

2/- **COLONEL R. S. WILLIAMSON.** A truly superb rose, and a distinctly grand addition to this most popular section. The blooms are very large, full, perfectly formed, with high-pointed centre, the petals are round, smooth, and possessed of great substance; colour satiny-white, with deep blush red centre, very lovely. The flowers, which are produced in great profusion, are carried upon erect and rigid footstalks. A first-rate Rose for any purpose. **3s. 6d.**

1/6 **CLIMBING PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHAN.** Originated with Mr. Way, of Burwood. It is a climbing sport from that old favourite, Prince Camille de Rohan; flowers identical with the parent, being of that deep velvety crimson so generally admired that further description is needless. **2s. 6d.**

2/- **DOROTHY PAGE-ROBERTS.** This is a most beautiful and absolutely novel variety, of very robust and erect growth, and marvellously free, with continuous blooming character. It is not sufficiently full for exhibition purposes, but is an ideal decorative or garden Rose. The combination of colours is very novel, distinct, and beautiful, being a lovely shade of coppery-pink, suffused with apricot-yellow, more especially at the base of the petals, which are very large, massive, and of immense substance. Awarded the National Rose Society's Gold Medal at the Autumn Show, September, 1906. **3s. 6d.**

2/- **ELIZA BARNES.** In this Rose we have produced a combination of colours hitherto unknown. The shades of colour are most distinct, novel, and wonderfully beautiful, and may be described as satiny-salmon rose, with a fawn centre, suffused with yellow; outside of petals deep rosy-red, shaded with copper and yellow. The flowers are large, full, with pointed centre, most perfectly formed, and possessing a delightful fragrance. A truly grand and superb Rose for any purpose. **3s. 6d.**

1/6 **ECARLATE (Hybrid Tea).** Scarlet-red, excessively brilliant, of medium size, cupped; growth vigorous, very free flowering, keeping its colour well in the sun. **2s. 6d.**

1/6 **FRAU BURGERMEISTER KIRCHSTEIN (H.T.).** Coppery red, long, fine bud. **2s. 6d.**

2/- **HUGO ROLLER.** A "pictorial" flower of the most elegant combination of colours. The ground colour is rich lemon-yellow, the petals being edged and suffused with crimson, flowers of medium size, of good shape, and very freely produced throughout the season until late in autumn. Growth vigorous. A most attractive novelty. **3s. 6d.**

2/- **HARRY KIRK.** Absolutely unique. A splendid Rose, of most robust growth, with free branching habit, flowering freely and continuously. The blooms are large, full, with large smooth petals of great substance; the form is perfect, the buds are long and elegant, colour deep sulphur-yellow, passing to a lighter shade at edges of petals. A splendid Rose, much the best of its colour. A marvellous acquisition. Gold Medal, N.R.S. **3s. 6d.**

1/6 **ITALIA.** A seedling from La France de 89, of vigorous growth, and good habit and foliage, reverse of petals carmine-rose, centre bright, silvery-salmon rose. **2s. 6d.**

1/6 **JEANNE BARRIOZ.** Salmon-white, centre petals bright salmon with yellow base, sometimes pale yellow, very large, full, of expanded shape, free and sweet, growth vigorous. **2s. 6d.**

1/6 **J. F. GIRAUD.** Straw colour, shaded with golden-yellow, centre saffron, large and full, cupped, handsome bud, opening well; growth vigorous. **2s. 6d.**

2/- **LAURENT CARLE (H.T.).** Vigorous, fine dark green foliage, large flowers borne on long stems, of perfect form, brilliant velvety-carmine. **3s. 6d.**

2/- **MRS. ISABELLE MILNER.** Ivory white, suffused with pink and delicately margined with mauve, in the way of Mildred Grant, but of perfect circular form, and the petals are reflexed at the edges. Buds prettily tipped with rich pink, contrasting beautifully with open flowers. Growth vigorous. A fine variety both for exhibition and decoration purposes. **3s. 6d.**

1/6 **MADAME J. W. BUDDE.** Bright carmine, keeping its colour well, long pointed buds, developing into well-shaped flowers; growth vigorous, habit good. **2s. 6d.**

2/- **MRS. DUDLEY CROSS.** Pale chamois-yellow, beautifully illuminated in autumn, with rainbow tints of rose and crimson, in the way of Marie Van Houtte, but the flowers are larger, fuller and of better habit, being carried well above the foliage on strong, upright stalks, young foliage beautifully tinted with red. It makes a fine standard plant, being of free and vigorous growth. **3s. 6d.**

2/- **MRS. HAROLD BROCKLEBANK.** Another remarkably beautiful addition to this section. The growth is very robust and of free branching habit, flowering freely and continuously, the blooms, which are produced on erect footstalks, are large, full, and of perfect formation, and sweetly perfumed; the colour is creamy-white, centre buff, base of petals soft golden-yellow, outer petals frequently tinted with salmon-rose, buds with a flush of salmon-pink. A superb rose for any purpose. Award of Merit R.H.S. **3s. 6d.**

2/- **MRS. A. WARD (H.T.).** A vigorous grower, of free branching habit and fine bronzy-green foliage, long buds borne on rigid erect stems, in shape like C. Mermet, flowers are large and full, colour Indian-yellow, sometimes washed into salmon-rose. This magnificent variety will prove one of the best yellow Roses. **3s. 6d.**

1/6 **MADAME M. G. MARTIN (H.T.).** A very bright rose-colour, of good vigour and great freedom, should prove a good florist Rose. **2s. 6d.**

1/6 **PIEX (H.T.).** Large, very full flower, white suffused pale pink, with a vivid rose edge. **2s. 6d.**

1/6 **SIMONE BEAUMEZ (H.T.).** Pale blush white, with orange centre; a large, full flower, with grand petal, borne on a long erect stem; vigorous and most excellent. **2s. 6d.**

2/- **SOUVENIR OF STELLA GRAY.** The flowers are of medium size, very full, perfectly formed, and most freely produced. The shades of colour are hitherto unknown in any Rose, the predominating tone is deep orange, with splashes or veinations of yellow, apricot, salmon, and crimson; the growth is very free and branching. Award of Merit, R.H.S. **3s. 6d.**

2/- **SARAH BERNHARDT.** Bright scarlet-crimson, shaded with scarlet, very large, full, with large incurved petals, does not burn; very sweet; growth semi-climbing. **3s. 6d.**

1/6 **VENUS (MOSS).** Fiery-red flowers, beautifully mossed, large, full, opening well, upright habit, vigorous bushy growth. **2s. 6d.**

2/- **W. E. LIPPIATT.** This is a most welcome addition, supplying a colour much required, namely, brilliant velvety-crimson, shaded maroon, most distinct. The blooms are large, full, symmetrically formed, with high-pointed centre, and very strongly perfumed, growth vigorous, and of free-branching habit. Quite a first-rate. A grand addition to the H.T. section. **3s. 6d.**

SEARLS' NOVELTIES, 1908.

FRUIT TREES, 1908.

New Almonds.

GROSSE TENDRE. Very large, thin-shelled, good grower and heavy bearer. 2s.

HATCH'S NONPAREIL. Very fine, large kernel, very thin shell. The shell is the thinnest we know of, losing very little weight after being shelled. 2s.

WHITE NONPAREIL. Tree is a strong grower, of spreading habit, nuts very large, white shell, far heavier bearer than Brandes' Jordan.

New Apples.

CHARLES ROSS. A seedling of Cox's Orange Pippin crossed with Peasegood's Nonsuch; fruit shape of Cox's Orange Pippin but twice as large; flesh delicious, highly coloured. 2s. 6d.

CHICAGO. Fruit small, oblong, rich, warm yellow ground with a vermilion cheek, crisp, sprightly, sub-acid. The best long-keeping winter Apple known. Quality equal to Jonathan, late. 2s. 6d.

CORONATION. Above medium size, skin pale yellow, striped and spotted with red, flesh firm, very nice flavour, late. 2s. 6d.

EDWARD VII. A cross from Blenheim Orange and Golden Noble. Skin yellow, marbled brown, dark red on the sunny side, flavour of Blenheim Orange. One of the best late Apples; prolific. 3s.

KING DAVID. A rich dark red Apple, yellowish flesh; flavour good, quality of the very best. Supposed to be a cross between Jonathan and Arkansas Black, and adds the quality of the former to the fine appearance of the latter. This Apple several years ago was awarded the premium by the Illinois State Horticultural Society for the best new Apple; is hardy, and great things are expected from it. 3s.

MARCHALES RED. Fruit very large, oblong, quality very good, slightly acid in flavour. Extremely heavy cropper; very popular in California. 2s. 6d.

THORLE PIPPIN. Medium size, handsome. Its freedom from blight, early ripening, bright colour, and hardness of the tree recommend it is an invaluable variety; ripens immediately after Irish Peach. 2s. 6d.

WRIGHT'S PERFECTION. A dessert Apple of highest excellence, and a seedling from Jonathan that surpasses its parent in every respect; tree almost blight proof, of dwarf sturdy habit. The Apple is one of the heaviest croppers and comes into bearing sooner than any other Apple, trees bearing freely at one year old. In season from March to May. 2s. 6d.

New Apricots.

BUNGOME. Very early, rather small, juicy, of good flavour. Comes in before any other Apricot. 2s.

SMYRNA. Fruit large to very large, resembling Hemskirke. Sweet and juicy, parts freely from the stone; kernel free from the prussic-acid flavour, and is in Smyrna used as an Almond. 2s.

SPARKS' MAMMOTH. Extra large size, pale yellow flesh, clear yellow, very juicy and sweet. 2s.

New Cherries.

BURGDORFF'S SEEDLING. A magnificent large dark red, very early variety, ripening just after Early Purple Guigne; likely to supersede this variety for early market purposes. Appears to stand warmer climate than most varieties, doing famously within 20 and 30 miles of coast line of N.S.W. 2s.

GREAT BIGGAREAU. Very large dark red to black; firm, yet juicy, strong grower and very productive, late. 2s.

LAMBERT. Largest size, bright rich colour, glossy with small russet dots; flesh reddish, very firm, and unsurpassed in quality. Later than Biggareau Napoleon. 2s.

New Nectarines.

KONSTANZE. Beautiful fruit of dark blood-red colour; flavour very agreeable. Stands cold weather better than any other variety, early. 2s.

LIPPIATT'S PROLIFIC. Large, highly coloured, rich and sweet; tree of upright growth, hardy and prolific, early. 2s.

MADAME DE LA BASTIE. Medium size, skin purple-red; flesh yellowish-white, red near stone; firm, very juicy, sweet, well perfumed; freestone. 2s.

New Peaches.

EARLY IMPERIAL. Large to very large, ripening with or before Hales' Early, very rich in colour, flesh rich, juicy, and yet firm; one of the best of its season. 2s. 6d.

PEREGRINE. A mid-season variety, distinguished by its good constitution and productiveness. The fruits are large, with a brilliant crimson skin; flesh highly flavoured and parting readily from stone. 2s. 6d.

PARAGON. A seedling from Elberta, medium size, deep yellow, mottled with red when thoroughly ripe; very juicy and rich, clingstone. 2s. 6d.

STARK. A new variety from America—an improved Elberta. Being very firm-fleshed, it can travel almost any distance. Flesh deep apricot-yellow, as in Elberta, but skin almost entirely covered with rich deep red. Freestone 2s. 6d.

SURPASSE AMSDENS. Large, roundish, deep glowing red colour; a perfect freestone, ripening a few days in advance of Amsden's June. Specially recommended by the Pomological Society of France. 2s. 6d.

UP-TO-DATE. The skin is deep yellow with bright red cheek on sunny side. Flesh is of a most delicious flavour. It has little or no colouring next to the stone, a point much sought after by canning factories. This Peach ripens about same time as Elberta. 2s. 6d.

SEARLS' NOVELTIES, 1908.

FRUIT TREES.—continued.

New Plums.

ADMIRAL (English). Fruit closely resembles Monarch, somewhat later, the tree has, however, quite a different habit, a close grower forming abundant spurs; bears profusely. A most valuable late kitchen and market Plum. 2s.

GOLDEN TRANSPARENT. Fruit large, bright golden when ripe, a most delicious late Plum; First-class Certificate Royal Horticultural Society, England. 2s.

SUPERBE (Japanese). A cross between P. Simonii and Ogon, in growth identical with Wickson. Fruit of immense size and most delicious flavour. Colour, yellow, covered with small green specks. In shape round and flattened, partaking of its parent, Simonii. An ideal shipping Plum, being very firm, and does not scald. Ripens a little in advance of Burbank. 2s. 6d. each.

WRIGHT'S LATE. The following is the raiser's description:—

"A new seedling Japanese Plum that surpasses in flavour anything yet offered in the way of a Japanese Plum. The fruit is of a large size, with deep red flesh, and the stone is no larger than that of a cherry. It is of honeyed sweetness, and has a decided vinous flavour. There is a total absence of bitterness in the skin or acidity at the stone so prevalent among a lot of the Japanese Plums. A wonderful cropper. Fruit covered with bloom like a grape, a late keeper, and will hang on the tree till March." 2s. 6d.

YELLOW DIAMOND (English). A sport of the Diamond Plum. Instead of dark purple it is of a clear yellow colour. 2s.

New Pears.

BEURRE FONGUERAY. Large and handsome, of very best quality, heavy cropper. First-class Certificate from Royal Horticultural Society. 2s.

BEURRE DU BUISSON. One of the best-flavoured Pears in cultivation, coming in after Marie Louise is over, and the fruit grows to a great size under favourable circumstances. The shape is obtuse pyriform. Colour of skin pale greenish-yellow, on the shaded side, sometimes marked with red, where exposed to the sun, the whole surface covered with russet spots and veinings. 2s.

DONA'S HOVEY (Winter Seckle). Medium size, greenish-yellow, with russet and brown spots; flesh yellow and rich, sugary, aromatic flavour, midseason. 2s. 6d.

LAFFER'S BERGAMOT. Said to be a cross between Winter Nellis and Williams' Bon Chretien. It is a first-class Bergamot, medium to large size, good flavour, rich, melting, juicy, ripe in March. 2s.

New Pomelo (Grape Fruit).

MARSH'S SEEDLESS. This fruit is becoming very popular in America, partly on account of its correcting stomach troubles. Fruit of medium size, thin round, with about half the usual bitter; practically seedless, pulp juicy, very little rag, and of superior flavour; keeps and packs well. 3s. 6d.

TRIUMPH. Medium size, peel smooth, clear, thin and fine-grained, little rag and few seeds; very heavy, being juicy and well flavoured. There is no bitter in the juice, and but little in the rag. One of the best. 3s. 6d.

New Quinces.

DE VRANJA. New introduction from Servia, recommended for its prolific qualities; fruit enormous, weighing nearly 3 lbs.; very agreeable flavour. 2s.

ZUCKER (Sugar). Introduced from Asia; fruit very sweet, excellent when preserved. 2s.

NEW

Australian-Raised Mandarins.

ELLEDALE BEAUTY. Pale colour, very fine skin, flavour not equal to Jacob's, but on account of its huge size and favourite colour, will always sell in Sydney markets. 2s.

FEWTRELL'S EARLY SHIPPING. Skin and flavour like an Orange, but peels in quarters like a Mandarin. Very robust and heavy cropper. 2s.

JACOB'S IMPROVED THORNEY. Very fine skin, juicy, and highly coloured. Splendid free grower and good cropper. Flavour between Thorney and Scarlet. 2s.

Please Remember

This Catalogue is issued for the years 1908 and 1909. Kindly, therefore, preserve it for the two years.

BUT

We shall send our patrons a SUPPLEMENTARY CATALOGUE of NOVELTIES, BULBS, &c., during February, 1909, which may also be procured by other friends on application through the post or at our shop.

SEARLS' BEGONIAS

TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS

This charming class of Begonias is perhaps the handsomest of all summer-flowering, tuberous-rooted plants, and deserves much greater popularity. Improvements made in recent years in size, texture and colouring are really phenomenal, with flowers frequently measuring from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 inches across, and colours ranging from the purest white and the most delicate tints of pink, yellow and orange to the most intense scarlet and richest crimson, while the double-flowering sorts are perfect rosettes, full and double to the centre. Their culture is of the simplest; they delight in a rich, mellow, well-drained soil, where they can be liberally supplied with water, preferably in a position where they will be well shaded from the direct rays of the sun during the hottest hours of the day, and will succeed equally well grown as pot plants for the conservatory or window garden. On the approach of cold weather the tubers should be taken up, and, after drying, stored away in dry sand or similar material, in a cool place free from frost, until spring.

Single varieties 1s. each, 9s. per doz. Double varieties 1s. 6d. each, 12s. per doz.



Begonia Argentia Guttata

SHRUBBY BEGONIAS.

1s. each. Distinct from the Tuberous-rooted varieties, and very useful for bush-house or sheltered place in the open garden. The varieties marked tree are very useful, and grow very tall, producing abundance of flowers.

Argyrostigma
Dregiana
Fuchsiaoides.

Macrophylla.
Manicata.
Metallica

Nymphocfolia
Spotted Leopard
Weltoniensis

Fuchsiaoides Grandiflora.

Boston Rose. A new variety, with lovely clusters of rosy-pink flowers, is very floriferous. 1s. 6d.

Begonia Smithi (Tree). 2s.

Carrieri (Tree). Produces abundance of white flowers. 1s. 6d.

Coralina (Tree). Lovely large rose-pink flowers. 1s. 6d.

Coralina Carnea (Tree). 2s.

Argentia Guttata. Green leaves, spotted silver and red underneath.

Semperflorens. In three shades, pink, white, and red.

Zebrina. Green and grey stripes through leaves.

ORNAMENTAL-LEAVED BEGONIAS.

The leaves are beautifully marked with bronze, silver and crimson. Highly decorative pot plants for green-house, verandah, or bush-house culture. Most charming house plants. Sometimes called Rex or Painted Leaf Begonias.

All 1s. each, 9s. per dozen. A fine collection of the most beautiful varieties known.



Begonias, Single and Double
Tuberous Rooted

We quote Very
low prices, but
we expect
Remittance
with Order
from new clients.

Searl & Sons.

SEARLS' CAMELLIAS

THE BEST VALUE.

THE CAMELLIA, a special favourite with most flower lovers, succeeds well in this climate. The best soil for them is strong, well-drained loam of good depth, with liberal manurings once a year. In favourable soil the trees will grow to a height of from 12 to 20 feet. With proper attention, fine specimens can be grown in large pots or ornamental tubs for decorative purposes. Bloom from May to September. 1s. 6d to 2s. each, according to size.

We have many sorts in stock. Some are not listed, space being limited. If left to our selection we will supply good and distinct colours.

Alba Plena. White, fine. 2s. each.

Augusta Superba. Pink cupped.

Bonomiana. White stripes, splendid flower.

Candidissima. White, very beautiful.

Chandleri. Red and white.

C. H. Hovey. Velvety crimson, shaded violet.

Cup of Beauty. White, rose shaded.

Dryade. Rose, fine form.

Fimbriata Alba. Splendid, white-fringed. 2s. each.

Harriet Beecher Sheather. Rosy salmon, fine flower, free bloomer.

Helenor. Carnation striped.

Henri Favre. Rose.

Isabella. Large, handsome, white.

Lavinia Maggi. White, crimson blotches.

Marchioness of Exeter. Deep rose.

Metallica. Dark red.

Mrs. Fairfax. Rose pink.

Mrs. Hope. Blush colour.

Mrs. Mort. Flesh splendidly imbricated.

Mrs. Shottowe. White, striped and dappled rose.

Mathotiana Alba. Large, pure white.

Nonpareil. Pink and white.

Pauline Maggi. Pure white, very double.

Prince Frederick William. Superb rose, reflexed, perfect shape.

Storyi. Bright rose.

Venus de Medicis. Crimson, veined rose.

Virginia Franco. Rose, changing to spot pink, flesh margin.

Searls' Aquatic Plants.

THE Nymphaeas are amongst the most beautiful and satisfactory of this class of plant; late years have added charming new colours and forms. They thrive and flower in small tubs or half-casks, aquariums, tanks, cemented basins, ponds, lakes, or streams. There is hardly a prettier sight than these Water Lilies ornamenting the surface of the water, with their cool, green, handsome leaves and charmingly sweet flowers. We recommend growing in half-casks as the easiest way. Fill one-third with the following material: One part coarse bones in the bottom, one part strong soil and cow manure, and white sand on top. Keep cask filled with fresh water, and the result will be a success. This also applies to Nelumbiums.

	s. d.
Aponogeton Distachyon. Flowers white and black, beautifully scented; good aquatic	1 6
Azolla Rubra. A dense, floating aquatic, minimising evaporation	1 0
Limncharis Humboldtii (Water Poppy). An interesting and pretty aquatic, which in summer covers the surface of the water with broad heart-shaped leaves of a beautiful glistening green, and soft yellow flowers, which continue for several months	1 6
Nymphaea Odorata Alba. Tubers	1 6
The lovely White Water Lily, always seen in such profusion during summer and autumn.	
Nymphaea Gigantea (Australian Water Lily). Strong tubers. May to October	2 6
The beautiful blue variety, native of our Northern rivers, which prefers a warmer situation than the others.	
Nymphaea Lutea. Tubers	1 6
The beautiful yellow variety.	
Nelumbium Speciosum. The famous Japanese Lotus, noted for its beautiful flesh-pink flowers, which are margined dark pink on the edge of petals; large flowers, beautifully scented	5 0
Nymphaea Stellata. Flowers blue, very delicately scented; produced in abundance throughout the summer months ...	4 0
Nymphaea Stellata Alba. This is a new pure-white Lily, the form of blue Nymphaea Stellata. It has the same sweet scent, is just as floriferous, and flowers are produced a foot above water. A novelty of great merit. Plants	15 0
Nymphaea Froebeli. Flowers large; deep, bright carmine; very floriferous	7 6

	s. d.
Nymphaea Seignouretii. Flower of medium size; carmine on pale yellow ground; arising 6 inches above the water; a profuse bloomer	7 6
Nymphaea Gloriosa. Deep brilliant rose, suffused slightly with carmine; perfect shape	15 0
Nymphaea Laydekeri Lilacea. Elegant flower; lilac pink, dotted with bright carmine	5 0
Nymphaea Laydekeri Purpurata. Large flower; vinous-purple, crimson in the centre	5 0
Nymphaea Marliacea Albida. Splendid vigorous sort; large flower, 6 inches in diameter; milk-like white; very floriferous	5 0
Nymphaea Marliacea Carneae. Flesh-pink, fragrant and very large	5 0
Nymphaea Marliacea Chromatella. Canary-yellow petals and stamens; leaves blotched with maroon	5 0
Nymphaea Odorata Luciana. Flower rose carmine; bright Vigorous sort	5 0
Nymphaea Robinsoniana. Brilliant vermillion, shaded with lustrous violet red, and touched with ochre towards the centre; stamens rich orange colour; leaves spotted and streaked chestnut. Marvellously fine colour; very beautiful	15 0
Papyrus Antiquorum (Egyptian Paper Reed or Rush)... ..	1 6

It is usually cultivated as an aquatic, but may be grown in a pot of rich, heavy loam, if kept standing in a pan or tub of water. For sub-tropical gardening it is a very useful subject, and is best grown in shallow water in a warm position.

Verandah Plants

Strong Plants for the prices mentioned.

SO many lovers of plants have no opportunity of indulging in their hobby, except in a verandah garden, that we add a short list of plants which can be successfully cultivated in pots or boxes in this way. They will all thrive, providing the ends of the verandah are closed in to prevent sharp currents of air blowing on them. In cold districts a screen in front will prevent frosts from injuring them.

Aspidistra. Very hardy; handsome foliage	1 6
Asparagus Plumosus. Very handsome pot plant	1 0
Anthericum. Pretty foliage	1 0
Aucuba. Charming foliage plant	1 0
Azalea. Very showy verandah plants; free bloomers	1 0
Begonia Rex. Ornamental foliage, beautifully marked ...	1 0
Cactus. Beautiful flowers, various	1 6
Calla (Lily of the Nile). Fine foliage; easiest culture	1 6
Coleus. Beautiful ornamental leaves; various kinds. ...	0 6
Cyperus	1 0
Epiphyllum. Cactus family; effective verandah plants..	1 0
Euphorbia (Christ's Thorn). Curious and beautiful ...	1 6
Farfugium. Handsome dark green and spotted leaves ...	1 6
Ferns. Many fine, hardy varieties in pots	1 0
Fuchsias. In splendid variety; single and double ...	1 0
Hardy Dracaenas. Very hardy foliage plants	1 6
Heliotrope. Sweet-scented, favourite flowering plants ...	1 0
Hydrangea. Fine flowering plants; very attractive	1 0
Imantophyllum. Orange flowers; massive foliage	2 0
Mimulus Musk. Make charming pot plants	0 6
Ophiopogon. Violet flowers; variegated foliage	1 6
Palms. We can supply these in all sizes and varieties ...	0 6
Primula (Chinese Primrose). Extremely handsome	1 0
Small Tree Ferns	1 6
Staghorn Ferns. Grown on walls are very beautiful ...	1 6
Valotta Purpurea. Bulbous plant; fine flowers	1 0

SEARL & SONS.

39 YEARS OLD.

WE commenced business in 1869—39 years ago—and are pleased to be able to say that each decade since then has shown exceptional and most satisfactory progress.

Our first and only nursery was at Peter-sham, covering about three acres of land. We have now three nurseries, comprising no less than fifty acres. Our first shop was a stall inside the old market buildings. Several changes have brought us to our present city premises, which give us fully twenty times the accommodation that our first shop afforded.

"So far, so good." We have every cause to be gratified, and hope that our relations with our patrons will be as satisfactory in the future as they have been in the past.

86 KING STREET,
April, 1908.

Searls' Bouvardias.

A BEAUTIFUL class of plants which do well in our gardens, producing abundance of flowers useful for table decoration, etc. Our stock is in extra good condition this year. Those marked with an asterisk are single varieties.

Strong Plants 1s. each, 10s. per dozen, except where otherwise priced.

Alfred Neuner. Double petals, waxy white.

***Beauty of Brisbane.** Pure white, very robust habit, free-flowering.

***Bochii.** Bright pink, with white throat; very fine.

***Bridal Wreath.** Pure white, sweetly scented; of the type of Beauty of New South Wales, only a better grower and altogether superior variety.

***Cardinale.** White tube, carmine petals.

***Coral Beauty (New).** Large pink, changing to half-white and pink. 1s. 6d.

***Coral Queen.** Rosy scarlet, white throat.

***Countess Hopetoun.** Colour rosy salmon, changing with age to flesh pink; blooms very large and of great substance.

***Dazzler.** Flery red.

***Duchess of York.** A colonial-raised variety of remarkable merit. It is a very cheerful bluish pink, shading to a tinge of heliotrope.

Elegans. Colour intense vermilion-scarlet, rich and bright; a good well-tried variety.

***Ethel Kerslake.** One of the latest introduced; a good white variety; same type as Mrs. G. H. Kerslake.

***Flavescens (Improved).** Large, single, yellow.

***Flavescens.** Yellow, changing to white.

Flavescens. Fl. pl. Double yellow.

Hogarth. Fl. pl. Dark scarlet.

***Hogarthi.** A good hardy variety, producing masses of scarlet flowers.

***Humboldtii Corymbiflora.** Improved. Snow-white; large.

***Jacquiniflora.** Bright scarlet; hardy.

***King of Scarlets.** The immense blooms of this deep scarlet variety are freely produced on the terminal and lateral branches.

Luteola Plena. Double, pale yellow tubes and flowers.

***Mafeking.** Very dark crimson; large flowers.

***Maiden's Blush.** Bright bluish pink.

***Meteor.** Brilliant scarlet flowers; fine truss, short, thick pips; strong, vigorous habit.

***Miss Ida Cheeseman.** A very distinct variety, with large flowers of a pale delicate pink colour, the tube and reverse of petals being of a deeper shade, giving it a charming appearance. The plant is compact and robust, a very free bloomer, and is very sweetly perfumed.

***Mabel Porter.** Dark crimson, large and full.

***Mrs. G. H. Kerslake.** Combining the large flowers of B. Humboldtii Corymbiflora with the larger truss and free-flowering qualities of the smaller-flowered section.

***Mrs. McCulloch.** A very beautiful Bouvardia, producing immense trusses of large flowers of a reddish-salmon colour; distinct.

***President Cleveland.** Very large, brilliant scarlet.

***Priory Beauty.** Pale shade rose, very fine, large trusses.

***Rubra.** Dark crimson variety; very floriferous.

***Salmon Queen.** Fine Bouvardia, colour salmon, with darker tube. Distinct. Flowering through the whole season.

Sang Lorrain. Produces large corymbs of double flowers of an orange-scarlet colour.

***Umbellata Carne.** White, changing to rosy blush.

***Unique.** Cherry red, rich and bright; good variety.

Victor Lemoine. Double scarlet.

***Van Houti.** Long, narrow tubes, reddish carmine.

***Vreelandii.** White, hardy.

***Walhallow.** The best coral-pink variety; very floriferous, and recently introduced by ourselves.

***White Bochii.** A new variety, same habit and shape of Bochii, only white, the buds before opening showing a pink tinge. 1s. 6d.

Could you not induce some of your friends to send an order along with yours for our plants and seeds? Our liberal premiums will reward you well for the trouble, and we shall highly appreciate your kindness.

Searls' Hedge Plants.

THIS idea of planting Hedges for use as well as for ornament, for protection of orchards, farms, and gardens, is a practical one, and becoming highly appreciated. They serve as a protection against strong winds generally, and are valuable in preventing the blowing off of fruit. Our gardens produce earlier, and fruits ripen better when protected by such screens. But besides their usefulness, nothing can be more beautiful than ornamental hedges of evergreens or shrubs, well kept and pruned, to serve as boundary lines or divisions between lawn and garden, or to hide unsightly parts of the ground. By using the medium-sized plants we supply, a hedge can be made as cheaply as a good fence can be built; with a little care it becomes every year more and more "a thing of beauty." An attraction in our best-kept places.

Ask us the best Hedge for ornament.

Ask us the best Hedge for shelter and screens.

Ask us the best Hedge for flowering purposes.

Ask us the best Hedge for defensive Hedges.

We also stock other useful Hedge Plants. Kindly apply if not listed here.

Aberia Caffra (Kaffir Apple)—Plant 3 feet apart; very spiny, most useful for hedge 7s. 6d. per doz.

African Box Thorn (Lycium Horridum)—Plant 12 inches apart—2s. 6d. per 100, 20s. per 1000; not less than 500 at 1000 rate

This prickly hedge plant is a quick-growing evergreen, suitable for fencing large gardens.

Berberis Vulgaris. Useful hedge plant .. 40s. and 50s. per 100

Bougainvillea Sanderiana Glabra—Plant 2 feet apart; makes a pretty hedge and flowers abundantly 12s. per doz. Not less than one dozen at dozen rate.

Callitris Robusta (Syn. Frenella). Good hedge plant, 8s. per doz.

Coprosma Lucida—Plant 3 feet apart 8s. per doz. This is a good hedge plant, and is particularly hardy, especially on the sea coast,

Cupressus Torulosa—Plant 3 feet apart. Plants of the true variety propagated from cuttings, and established in pots—15s. per doz.; but a special quote for quantity.

This makes a splendid shelter hedge or break-wind; there is nothing that we know of in this State that can equal it for this purpose; requiring little or no trimming for a long time, and does not produce quantities of seed-pods, which are so objectionable.

Duranta. Blue, very useful for hedge purposes, nice plants. 20s. per 100.

Eugenia Myrtifolia—Plant 3 feet apart; very ornamental—10s. per doz., 60s. per 100

Hawthorn Quicks (May)—Plant 9 inches apart—3s. per 100, 25s. per 1000; not less than 500 at 1000 rate

A fine, thorny, deciduous hedge plant, which flowers freely in the spring.

Hibiscus. Sorts. Plant 3 feet apart. 1s. 6d. each, 12s per dozen. Not less than a dozen at dozen rate.

Will make a grand ornamental flowering hedge. See descriptions in general shrub list.

Ligustrum Lucidum—Plant 12 inches apart—1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate

Maclura Aurantiaca (Osage Orange), an excellent plant for forming hedges 7s. 6d. per 100

Strong-growing evergreen hedge plants.

Olive, Common (Olea Europa)—Plant 12 inches apart—1s. 6d. per doz., 10s. per 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate

The very best hedge plant for this State, as it withstands drought and heat splendidly, is a quick grower, and stands any amount of cutting back.

Pittosporum Crassifolium 5s. per doz., 40s. per 100

Pittosporum Eugenioides 8s. per doz., 60s. per 100

Not less than one dozen at dozen rate.

Pittosporum Eugenioides, Variegated, 12s. per doz., 90s. per 100

Pittosporum Nigrescens 8s. per doz., 60s. per 100

Pittosporum Undulatum, the well-known Victorian Laurel—8s. per doz., 60s. per 100

These make fine evergreen hedges for a garden, and can be trimmed close into any desired shape. The foliage is handsome, and of a fine fresh green colour. Plant in single rows, 2 feet apart.

Plumbago, white and blue—Plant 2 feet apart—Strong, 8s. per doz., 50s. per 100

Privet, Evergreen—Plant 12 inches apart—1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate

Of all the shrubs tried for hedging, none can compare with the Privet. We have 50,000 this season.

Privet, Golden—Plant 12 inches apart 4s. per doz.

Raphiolepis (Indian Hawthorn)—Plant 2 feet apart; good-flowering hedge 10s. per doz., 60s. per 100

Rhagodia Hastata (Salt Bush)—Plant 12 inches apart—1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100; not less than 50 at 100 rate

The silvery-grey, neat-looking hedges which are to be seen in various parts of our suburbs are made with a native plant—Rhagodia Hastata—which is popularly known as Salt Bush.

Tecoma Capensis, bright-red flowering hedge; looks well planted alternately with Plumbago 10s. per doz., 60s. per 100

Viburnum Tinus—Plant 2 feet apart; useful, evergreen hedge—10s. per doz., 60s. per 100

Searls' Carnations

THESE are easy of culture, as they thrive in any fair soil, and may be planted out from April to October for best results. The flowering wealth of the Carnation, its charm of colouring, combined with a delightful perfume, place it very high indeed in popular estimation; whilst the long time during which they produce flowers makes them invaluable to the florist. We have this year, discarded many older varieties for newer sorts of greater merit. It would be impossible to list all of 250 varieties; still, we keep a stock of those varieties not catalogued, as we are often asked for them. The plants we have to offer this year are strong and healthy, and if the selection is left to ourselves we will see our patrons get the choicest varieties. Searls' Carnations are ever popular, and the demand increases every year.

1s. each, 10s. per dozen (except where otherwise priced).

Special quotations per 50 or 100 plants. For Novelties, see coloured pages.

P—Perpetual-flowering or Tree Carnations.

S—Show or Spring-blooming Carnations.

Afric (S). Rich glowing crimson; of good size, with a most powerful clove perfume.

Agnes Sorrel (S.). Rich dark maroon; well-formed flowers; petals of great substance; a handsome variety. **1s.**

Albert Pier (P). Silvery-white, richly edged and striped ruby.

Albion (S.). White-ground Picotee, light purple edge. **1s. 6d.**

Albura (S). Rich bright yellow, with faint wire edge, constant bloomer; unlike most yellow varieties has a strong constitution. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**

Alcinous (S). A distinct and very desirable variety; ground lemon-yellow and very distinctly margined rich purple.

Alice Lee (S). An immense Carnation, of good form, fine calyx, smooth petals; ground white, with pencillings of purple rose.

Alice (S). A perfect Carnation in every way; white, edged and pencilled with bright pink.

Amy Harris (S). Ivory-white ground, heavily splashed with pink; a beautiful flower under good culture.

Annie Douglas (S). Very fine; a canary ground, with edge flaked carmine.

Anona (S). Will hold its place for ever as the best white-ground Picotee. It is of the purest white ground, with heavy edge of crimson.

Artemis (S). Scarlet, handsomely flaked and streaked lavender; the flowers of fine form and large size.

Astley (S). Deep, golden-yellow, with well-defined purple edge; large, full, well-shaped flowers.

Autocrat (S). Pink and purple, bizarre.

Acracia (S). Delicate pink.

Belmont (S). Snow white, heavily pencilled bright pink.

Bengal (S). Dark rose, striped purple.

Bella Donna (S). Bright red, large, full flowers, perfect in form and colour.

Bertie (S). Perfectly distinct and vigorous grower; colour a pinky-white, heavily margined with crimson.

Besnard (S). One of the finest of purple flakes.

Blue Metal (S). Slatey-blue colour, smooth petal.

Brodick (S). Yellow ground fancy; petals admirable; beautifully flaked and marked with clear rosy red.

Buttercup (P). Handsome yellow ground, fancy.

Champion (S). Pink ground, flaked heliotrope and purple.

Childe Harold (S). A lovely-formed wire-edged Picotee, yellow ground, with fine margin of deep rose.

Cicelia (S). Has clear yellow flowers as large as the Malmaisons.

Countess Strathmore (S). Yellow ground, nicely-formed petals, with margin of light rose.

Creole (S). White ground, feathered rosy-purple.

Czarina (S). Handsome variety, of large size, yellow ground, heavily edged and marked with bright scarlet.

Daffodil (S). The finest yellow self known, winner in all classes at the N. C. and P. S. Shows, perfect in colour and form, a grand flower. (1907.) **2s. 6d.**

Dandy (S). A beautiful Carnation, of true form, smooth-edged, and pencilled and picotee with heliotrope on a creamy-white ground. A general favourite.

Daniel Defoe (S). Distinct, beautiful; the flower large, of good form, bright and clear yellow, broadly margined with rose. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**

Darlie (S). The darkest maroon self yet raised; constant bloomer.

Dazzler (S). Brilliant yellow, heavily barred scarlet; a great improvement on others described near the colour. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**

Dervish (S). Primrose-yellow ground, finely margined lilac-rose.

Deppie (S). A very pretty Carnation, of fine form and petal, smooth-edged; colour, with ground, heavily suffused with carmine

Dick Donovan (S). Blush, changing to pure white; large, handsome flowers.

Don Carlos (S). A grand yellow ground, fancy, good form, marking a bright rose-pink, strong grower; a grand Carnation. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**

Don Juan (S). A very fine variety; flowers well formed; buff streaked reddish-purple.

Duchess of Albany (S). One of the most charming flowers ever raised, perfect in form and petals; colour a pale flesh-pink, like Duchess of York in colour, but more perfect in form. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**

Duchess of Portland (S). White, edged rose.

Duchess of York (S). Superb self colour, light coral, changing to pale flesh; delicately scented.

Electra (S). Rose, shaded with vermillion in the centre, and a silvery sheen over the whole gives the flower a pleasing effect.

Elf King (S). A remarkably distinct Carnation, producing large, handsome flowers of a rich, deep purplish-lavender, flaked scarlet.

Ethel (S). A beautiful, yellow, grand Picotee, with medium edge of rosy-pink.

Evangeline (P). Lavender ground, splashed rose.

Fairy Bower (S). Perfect in form; smooth petal; a delicate shade of salmon-pink.

F. H. Brunning (S). A grand Carnation, large and fine in form, yellow ground, densely marked with purple-rose.

F. Trent (S). Dark crimson.

Florrie Henwood (S). Clear yellow ground; picotee, the edge well marked with rose; large and beautifully formed flowers.

Formosa (S). Apricot, edged scarlet.

Frances Wellesley (S). Flowers large and full; colour a rich carmine rose; of good form; a good self.

George (S). White, striped scarlet and maroon. Bizarre.



"Prize Winners at every Show."

"Last year I got 2 dozen Zonal Pêlar-goniums. Every one is a free bloomer—a collection of magnificent flowers I am proud of. They were prize winners at every Show exhibited. The Pansy seed supplied by you last season was the best I ever had. Plants bloomed for eight months.

A.G.C., Condobolin."

Galatea (S). A handsome variety of Picotee; petals well formed; good yellow ground, medium rose-red edge.

Gordon Roy Cruickshank (S). White, striped purple, good.

Gordon Lewis (S). This is one of the finest purple flakes, perfect in form and marking, a winner at all the N. C. and P. C. Shows in England. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**

Gold Dust (S). A grand yellow self, medium size and good form; very free and early bloomer, weeks earlier than other yellows. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**

Goldie Locks (S). A large, handsome, yellow fancy, beautifully marked with stripes of carmine; a very striking flower; strong grower.

G. Tilley (P). Intense flesh pink. Malmaison variety.

G. D. Lauret (S). Orange salmon.

Horsa (S). Deep yellow, marked crimson.

Highlander (S). Bright rose ground, heavily striped with dark maroon; fine form, large size, but never coarse; fine smooth petal.

James Greine (S). A beautiful red and white flake; fine, large smooth petal; a grand snowflake.

Jeanette (P). Pearly-white ground, pencilled cerise.

Jim Curry (P). Salmon ground and red.

Jim Smyth (S). Brilliant scarlet; free-flowering.

Lady St. Oswald (S). A handsome yellow-ground Picotee; well-formed petals; the ground colour deep rich yellow, with the margin of each petal a bright red.

CARNATIONS—Continued.

- Lady Tarleton** (S). A superb Carnation; creamy-white ground pencilled chocolate.
- Launce** (S). A beautiful yellow ground, margined rose, large, smooth petals, vigorous grower, good calyx.
- Leura** (S). Sulphur yellow.
- Lily** (S). White; striped red.
- Lord Cardigan** (S). A beautiful Carnation; fine, large, smooth petal; ground form a light shade in scarlet.
- Lord Roberts** (S). Good scarlet.
- Lorna Doon** (S). Bright scarlet flake; good.
- Magnificent** (S). Salmon, dotted red.
- Malva** (S). A beautiful shell-pink, rosette in shape; large, full, and strong grower; this will become popular. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**
- Manuka** (S). Brilliant yellow, barred scarlet. **1s. 6d.**
- Marge** (S). A most beautiful deep yellow Picotee, with a medium edge of rose, handsome form, fine, large, and bold flower.
- Marie** (S). Yellow, marked maroon. **1s. 6d.**
- Marquis of Lorne** (P). Dark maroon; large variety; strong grower.
- Mephisto** (S). Intense crimson self; a full, smooth, and well-formed flower.
- Minerva** (S). Dark rose, self.
- Miss Alley** (S). A beautiful yellow self of perfect form and smooth petal; the champion of all the yellow selfs.
- Miss Barber** (P). Dark crimson ground, heavily splashed dark purple.
- Miss Dorothy Clarke**. A large yellow-ground fancy, heavily edged and marked with light purple. **1s. 6d.**
- Miss Jessie Moodie** (P). The best perpetual of modern times; a white ground, with uncommon rich and heavy markings of carmine, broad petals and fine calyx, which never bursts. Champion prize-winner. **1s. 6d.**
- Model** (P). White ground, edged deep red.
- Mrs. E. Markwell** (S). Colour rich apricot, pencilled with scarlet.
- Mrs. E. P. Andreas** (S). A lovely large pink, robust habit.
- Mr. Gorton** (S). A beautiful pink and white bizarre, of perfect form and markings; it has a white ground, each petal flaked with stripes of pink and purple. **1s. 6d.**
- Mr. Russell** (P). Bright red.
- Miss E. Auld** (S). A charming flower, of perfect form, beautiful smooth petal, pure white ground, margined and barred light carmine. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**
- Miss A. Campbell** (S). A really good yellow.
- Miss May** (P). Good white for cutting purposes.
- Miss Searl** (P). A good pink variety.
- Mrs. Cameron** (S). Bright red.
- Miss M. Georgeson** (P). Creamy-white ground, splashed purple and orange; perfect bloom; never bursts the calyx.
- Mrs. Reynold Hole** (S). Deep salmon, outer petals lighter.
- Mrs. Eric Hambro** (S). Pure white, perfect form and petal.
- Mrs. Gazzard** (P). Delicate rose-pink.
- Mrs. Gilbert** (S). White, flaked red on margin.
- Mrs. John Simpson** (S). Dark, shaded red.
- Mrs. Robert Sydneyham** (S). A charming flower; clear yellow ground, margined with scarlet; fine in form and petal; strong grower.
- Mrs. Shaw** (P). Golden-yellow, pencilled and laced vermillion; good perpetual.
- Much the Miller** (S). A good white self. One of the very best.
- My Lady** (S). This Carnation is the best of its kind; colour a salmon-pink; smooth petal.
- New Guinea** (S). A good golden-yellow self. **1s.**
- Newhaven** (P). Flowers very large; colour rich crimson, base of petals dark steel blue.
- Pelegia** (S). Lavender, flaked scarlet.
- Perseus** (S). Rich, full yellow, ground of good form, petals large and smooth, edged with orange-red and lavender.
- Pearl** (S). Purple flake; this is admitted by all the leading growers of N.S.W. to be the best purple flake ever sent out; very bright and correct in markings. Premier Flake N.S.W. C.S. Exhibition, 1906. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**
- Persimmon** (S). A distinct fancy, curiously marked with scarlet-maroon and slate flakes.
- Picton** (S). This is a very choice dark purple flake, marked most correctly; grand form, petal large and round.
- Pole-Carew** (S). A beautiful Carnation; white ground, heavily flaked and edged carmine.
- Pride of Penshurst** (S). Flowers are of good size, capital form, and of deep clear yellow.
- Prime Minister** (S). Bright scarlet Malmaison.
- Princess Alice** (P). White ground, pencilled rose.
- Queen Victoria** (P). Orange, striped red.
- Rainbow** (S). "This is a hummer." A handsome fancy flesh ground, flaked and pencilled pink, purple, and crimson, exquisite in form, large size, nearly 4 inches across, but never overcrowded, petals very smooth. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**
- Rainbow Pink** (S). A good variety for bedding; white, thick; margin deep pink; a very pretty variety; most uncommon; good for buttonhole.
- Redcap** (S). Bright red, smooth petal.
- Red Hero** (P). **1s. 6d.**
- Renown** (P). Good dark variety.
- Rosalind** (S). Flowers deep crimson, large and sweet-scented, of exquisite form.
- Rosy Miller** (P). A very beautiful variety, embracing two shades of pink.
- Royal Standard** (S). A very fine fancy Carnation, slaty ground, flaked with broad stripes of dark maroon.
- Sadek** (S). Dark rose; admirable form and charming colour.

- Sandow** (P). White ground, striped pink.
- Sanspareil** (S). Beautiful light pink, smooth petals.
- Sarah Payne** (S). A divine purple and pink bizarre. This Carnation has no equal in its class.
- Scarlet King** (P). Fine scarlet.
- Sigurd** (S). Clear salmon-apricot.
- Sidar** (S). Rich buff ground, clouded and shaded with steel blue, and lightly pencilled with scarlet. **1s.**
- Silver Rose** (S). Flesh ground; heavily flaked and pencilled with purple, handsome form, and large size. Premier, other than yellow ground fancy, N.S.W. C.S. Exhibition. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**
- Spero** (S). Pink and purple bizarre, very distinct and handsome, of large size and perfect form; very robust grower and free bloomer. Greatly admired and strongly recommended. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**
- Stanley Wrightson** (S). A beautiful yellow-ground fancy; smooth petal, edged and striped with scarlet.
- Sulphide** (P). Yellow ground, marked red.
- Superior** (P). Scarlet, flaked crimson.
- Syren** (P). Orange ground and red.
- Thaddeus** (S). A crimson bizarre, of fine form and colour.
- The Dawn** (S). Handsome pink self, perfect in form and petal, grand smooth edge, good calyx, each flower is a perfect show flower in itself, strong grower. (1907.) **1s. 6d.**
- Tom Shaw** (P). Yellow ground and rose; good grower.
- Tittell Brune** (S). Petals beautifully pleated and built up. Colour exquisite shade of soft pink. **1s.**
- Tivoli** (P). White ground, heavily pencilled red.
- Tristram** (S). A fine bright red self, of fine form and petal; large-size flowers.
- Trojan** (S). Fine large white.
- Walberton** (S). Yellow, picotee maroon.
- White Clipper** (P). One of the best whites.
- White Conqueror** (P). Good white variety. **1s.**
- White Perle** (P). Snow-white flower; of good form and large size.
- William King**. Very dark glossy claret throughout.
- Wild Swan** (S). A beautiful snowy-white Carnation, of grand form.
- W. E. Church** (P). Large white, pencilled bright pink.

American Carnations.

THEY are hardy, compact, neat, long-lasting, and extremely perpetual, with fragrant, clean-coloured, long-stemmed, large-sized flowers.

- Ethel Crocker** (P). Bright, rich pink; the best of its shade so far. **1s. 6d.**
- Fair Maid** (P). Flesh pink; a giant flower, deeply serrated. **2s.**
- Flora Hill** (P). Pure white, good grower. **1s. 6d.**
- General French** (P). Velvety crimson, grand bold flower and perfect form, well fringed. **1s.**
- Harlowarden** (P). A grand all-round crimson self. **2s.**
- Juanita** (P). Large flower, a lovely shade of salmon-pink. **1s. 6d.**
- Monterey** (P). Crushed strawberry; much admired. **1s. 6d.**
- Mrs. Thos. W. Lawson** (P). This is the famous American Carnation, for the original stock of which 30,000 dollars was paid; the plant is distinct in habit and growth, being free and robust, perfect in form, and full in centre, deep pink in colour, and sweetly perfumed. **2s.**
- Pasadena** (P). White, densely striped scarlet; the fancy of this type. **1s. 6d.**
- Shasta** (P). Free flowering, white, flushed pink, good foliage. **1s. 6d.**

Cactus Geraniums.

THIS is a new type, differing from the ordinary Geraniums, and producing flowers which are star-petalled, compact, and round. We stock the following varieties of very pretty colours:—

SINGLE.

- Empress**. Salmon pink. **1s. 3d.**
- Firebrand**. Dark scarlet. **1s. 3d.**
- Flambeau**. Fiery red, very fine. **1s. 3d.**
- Gem**. A charming rose-pink. **1s. 3d.**
- Snow Queen**. Pure white. **1s. 3d.**

DOUBLE.

- A. Metcalfe**. Rosy salmon, fine truss. **1s. 3d.**
- Blush Queen**. Pretty pink. **1s. 3d.**
- Exquisite**. Salmon rose. **1s. 3d.**
- Fire Dragon**. Dark red. **1s. 3d.**
- H. Greenhill**. Rosy pink, twisted petals. **1s. 3d.**
- J. E. Greenhill**. Soft pink. **1s. 3d.**
- Mrs. J. Brown**. Dark scarlet, dwarf and free. **1s. 3d.**
- Queen**. Semi-double, rosy carmine. **1s. 3d.**
- Salmon Queen**. Salmon, twisted petals. **1s. 3d.**
- Scarlet King**. Fine scarlet. **1s. 3d.**
- The Countess**. Dark salmon. **1s. 3d.**

Searls' Chrysanthemums.

CULTURE.—If the ground is well worked and helped with manure, the Chrysanthemum will grow in almost any climate or any soil. The plants produce more buds than they can bring to maturity. It is therefore necessary, when good bloom is desired, to disbud to a great extent, as it greatly enhances the beauty without decreasing too much the supply of flowers. Where show blooms are desired, a much more liberal treatment and excision is of course necessary. We have added a few novelties this year which we think will please.

1s. each, 9s. doz., post free 9s. 6d. (except where otherwise priced). Ready for delivery September, October and November.

OUR SELECTION, 6s. per dozen, Post Free.



Chrysanthemums at our Burwood Nursery (Autumn-time).

Ada. Cerise, with silvery reverse, a complete ball of silver.

Agnes Mary Henderson (Jap.). A large snowy-white full to centre.

Alfriston (Reflexed). Colour very deep maroon-red, reverse of petals gold.

Annie Hamilton. Colour white, a new exhibition variety. 1s. 6d.

Attraction. Cinnamon-red, old gold reverse.

Australie. Rosy amaranth, silvery reverse.

Aureola (Jap.). A reflexed flower; canary-yellow.

Autumn Tints.

Beauty of Exmouth. Flowers of immense size, snow-white; florets beautifully twisted and incurved.

Ben Wells (Jap.). Very large; bluish-white; strong grower and good flower.

Blenheim (Reflexed). Colour bright rosy purple, reverse of petals silver.

Brockhampton (Jap.). A beautiful deep, rich, golden-yellow; full to centre.

Calvat's Sun. Canary yellow.

Camden. Rich carmine-rose, the reverse of petals silvery.

Cannell's Yellow. Bright yellow, very easy, short and sturdy in habit; very free blooming.

C. N. Richardson. Deep golden yellow.

Cannell's Favourite. A good white variety; fine thread-like petals; good for cutting.

Charlie Cronin (Jap.). An immense flower, light buff, petals long.

Commandant Blusset. Dark crimson-red, with silvery-white reverse; broad florets.

Crimson Exmouth. Identical with Beauty of Exmouth in shape; a good crimson.

Daniel Lambert (Jap.). Creamy white, veined and flushed lilac; long, broad petal.

Distinction. Bright crimson, golden reverse; incurve flower of good depth.

Dorothy. Colour terra-cotta, with gold reverse.

Dr. Chisholme Ross. Reddish-crimson.

Duke of York. Light amaranth.

Duchess of York. Delicate light yellow; very graceful.

E. T. Buff (1907).

Edwin Molyneaux. Crimson and gold; extra fine.

Flambeau.

Florence Nightingale. A good white.

General Hutton. A fine large flower of a bright yellow; each petal is margined with chocolate-brown.

General Roberts. (J.). Red, shaded carmine.

George J. Warren (J.). A deep canary-yellow.

G. H. Kerslake, Jun. (Jap.). Pearly white; a most handsome flower.

G. M. Childs (Jap.). The flowers are massive and of immense size, deep rich, velvety crimson flower.

Godfrey's Pride (Jap.). Reddish carmine-crimson, bronze reverse.

Grand Florist (1907).

Golden Crown. Rich yellow; similar in form to Nellie Pockett; the petals are, however, more recurving.

Golden Wonder (1907).

Graphic. Rosy-mauve and silvery-white.

Guinea Gold. Good yellow; large.

Hecla.

Henry Barnes. Crimson-maroon, large.

Hilda. Very deep rosy lilac.

In Memoriam. Rich chestnut, striped gold.

Irene Kerslake. Pale yellow, passing to white; petals long and recurving.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

John Seward. Canary-yellow.
John Machor. Good yellow.
Lady Crawshaw. Good white.
Lady Mary Lygon.
Lady Esther Smith (JI). Pure ivory-white, with broad incurving petals.
Lady Hopetoun (Reflexed). The most lovely shade of heliotrope pink imaginable, reverse of petals silvery.
Laggoire Maggoire. Good yellow.
Lella Filkins (Jap.). Soft, rosy pink, recurving petals.
Lillian Bird. A variety always sought after; a beautiful flower for table decoration; colour bluish-pink, reflexed. Don't be without this distinct charming variety.
Lady Hutton (Jap.). A grand variety, with long curving petals, incurving to the centre; colour a beautiful waxy white; large flower; distinct.
Lord Ludlow. Golden amber, margined with amber; good.
Mabel Morgan. Colour butterfly yellow.
Madame Carnot. Pure white; enormous large flowers.
Madame Ed. Roger. Citron-yellow, shaded green, tipped darker green. 1s. 6d.
Majesty (Jap.). Deep glowing red.
Millicent Richardson. Colour purple-claret, silvery reverse.
Miss Alexander. Rosy cerise, silver reverse.
Miss Annetta Henley. Deep rosy-pink, silver reverse.

Mrs. W. D. Darcy. Rosy cerise.
Mrs. M. J. Darcy. Rich golden-yellow, with long, drooping, curling petals; of good form. 1s. 6d.
Mrs. T. W. Pockett (Jap.). Deep canary-yellow.
Mrs. W. J. Godfrey. Purest white; broad florets; incurving and recurving.
Mrs. White Popham. Colour white, lined and frosted with carmine.
Mrs. W. E. Church. White, flushed with lilac-rose.
Mrs. Wm. Knox. Yellow; late buds bronzy-yellow. 1s. 6d.
Mrs. Wm. Biggall. Bright golden-yellow, flushed with red.
Nance O'Neil. Colour rich clear yellow; long petals.
Niveus. Good white for cutting.
Old Gold (Jap.). A beautiful shade of old-gold colour; large, and good form.
Paul Oudot. Transparent maize, lined carmine.
Pink Henby. A good pink variety.
Purple Emperor. Rich purple.
Queen Alexander. Rosy salmon-buff; very distinct shade.
Queen of Buffs. Buff colour.
Red Madame Carnot A flower of good form and substance. 1s. 6d.
Richard Seddon. Terra-cotta red, light reverse; choice; new. 1s. 6d.
Richard Dean. Old gold and crimson.
Robert Laird. Pure white.
Robert Powell. Reddish-chestnut, yellow reverse.



"Fields of Gold" (Daffodils) at our Exeter Nursery.

Miss Baden Powell. Golden-yellow, shaded red.
Miss Miriam Hankey. Mauve-pink, Japanese incurved; first-class; new. 1s. 6d.
Miss Grace Ashmead.
Miss Nellie Pockett. Creamy-white; long drooping florets, curled at the tips.
Mr. W. T. McNeice. A large and handsome flower; colour deep rosy lilac, reverse of petals lighter.
Mrs. Alexander McKinley (Jap.). Terra-cotta; drooping petals.
Mrs. Albert E. Tyson. Old-golden yellow, faintly lined red.
Mrs. Edwin Currie (Jap.). A handsome pink variety, lightly veined lilac, reverse of petals silvery; a splendid variety for show purposes.
Mrs. George Fairbairn (reflexed). Colour yellow, suffused with chocolate-brown.
Mrs. H. Emmerton. Colour a nice bright amber, shading off to straw.
Mrs. H. Marks. One of the best among the white varieties. We prove it best white for cutting.
Mrs. James Marshall (Jap.). Colour a light mauve, with clear silvery reverse, incurving right to the centre; a good variety.
Mrs. J. Shaw. A very fine, bold, sturdy bloom; colour a rich, deep pink, broad petals.
Mrs. George Carpenter. White.
Mrs. Cumming. Deep claret, silvery reverse.

Robert Williams. Crimson and gold.
Royal Standard (Jap. Ref.). Handsome flower of the deepest crimson.
Silver Cloud.
Silver Queen. (Jap.). Lovely mauve-pink.
Sir H. H. Kitchener. Colour a very rich bright terra-cotta, golden reverse.
S. T. Wright (Jap.). Crimson flowers of good lasting quality.
Souce de Or.
Sunstone (J.). Beautiful shade of buff suffused with orange, and pale buff reverse.
Syringa. Lilac flowers; very large, and curiously twisted.
The Argus.
The Princess. Creamy-white; good dwarf grower.
Tuncuald Buff (1907).
Vicar of Letherley. Good yellow.
Western King. Pure white; fine.
White Syringa. Good white.
W. E. Church.
Wm. Duckham. Pale mauve; beautiful Japanese incurve.
W. Tricker (Jap.). Sweet, delicate rose, every flower incurving.
W. H. Webb. White, shaded lilac.
Yellow King (Jap.). Bright golden-yellow; long petals.
Yellow Syringa.
Zulinda. Petals clear rose-pink, reverse silvery glossy pink, good stem and foliage.

Searls' Dahlias.

See many of the
latest varieties in
the coloured pages.

WE offer only SELECT VARIETIES OF DAHLIAS that are noted for their free and continuous flowering qualities, purity of colour, perfection of form, general excellence, and adaptability to the most ordinary garden culture. Blooming can be maintained from January to May in favourable seasons. Tutors and green plants are available from September to December, and may be planted late, especially the Cactus varieties, which really bloom better when planted late.

TO AMATEURS.—Those not well versed in the varieties of Dahlias would find it to their advantage to leave the selection of sorts to us, simply naming the class of flower wanted—Cactus, Pompone, and so on; and perhaps the colour, and purpose for which they are intended, whether for Cut Flowers, Garden Decorations, or other purposes. We take good care to see you have a judicious and distinct collection. **1s. each, 10s. per dozen** (except where otherwise priced).

TREE DAHLIA (*Imperialis*) grows from 7 ft. to 8 ft. high, and produces large, single pendant bell-shaped flowers of pinkish lilac colour. Makes a fine showy plant in the garden, and flowers late Autumn and Winter. Invaluable for cutting purposes. **1s. 6d. each.**

Show Dahlias

Bishop of Durham. Salmon-red.
Bob Ridley. Glowing crimson.
Champion. Large yellow.
Dido. Orange-red.
Fascination. A lovely mauve-pink.
Florrie Lucas. Red, violet markings.
Jane Henderson. Delicate rose and purple.
Mary. White.
Maid of the Vale. Dark red.
Maud Fellowes. French white, tinted purple.
Mrs. Gladstone. Delicate soft pink; of model form.
Prince of Denmark. Dark maroon, shaded crimson.
Queen of the Whites. Pure white.
Snowball. Pure white.
W. H. Williams. Bright scarlet.

Fancy Dahlias

Agnes. Salmon-pink, edged crimson.
Frederick Smith. Deep lilac, striped purple.
Mrs. Saunders. Yellow, tipped white.
T. W. Girdlestone. Lilac, flaked deep maroon.

Pompone Dahlias

Adelaide. Blush, edged with lavender.
Boule D'Or. Yellow, small.
Cheerfulness. Old gold, tipped scarlet.
Donovan. White, lavender tips; distinct; attractive.
Emily Hopper. Clear yellow.
Flora Reynolds. Good white.
Hedwig Polwig. Purple, flaked white.
Iona. Blush.
Jewel. Pale primrose, blotches of pure white.
Jessica. Yellow, edged red.
Red Indian. Deep coral red.
Robert Burns. Salmon, tipped crimson.
Sou de Ed. Bull. White, quilled edges.
Spitfire. Bright red.
Sunny Daybreak. Apricot, edged red.
Tommy Keith. Cardinal, tipped white.
White Aster. Pure white; flimbrated edges.
Zerlinda. Crimson-maroon.

The Collaret Dahlia

We stock a few of this type, but they are not up to the usual standard. Some people might fancy them. We have all the varieties yet introduced. **1s. each.**

True Cactus Dahlias

1s each, 10s. per doz.—except where otherwise priced.

Ajax. Orange, suffused with salmon and buff; large flowers; distinct and attractive.
Ambassador. Pure white; a flower of the very best quality, and excelling all other whites in its manner of throwing its flowers well up on stiff stems, right above the foliage.
Amethyst (1906). Blooms medium to large, of most perfect form; tints quite new, being one of pinkish-amethyst colour. An exceedingly attractive variety for all purposes. **1s. 6d.**
Aunt Chloe. Dark petals of a deep glossy black colour.
Ballet Girl. Another addition to the white-tipped varieties, quite distinct from others. The florets are most abundant, and in colour soft red at the base. **1s. 6d.**
Beatrice. This variety is mauve, somewhat resembling the colour of Island Queen.
Bernice. Pale yellow-buff; tips of petals tinted, shaded cinnamon.
Brilliant. Bright scarlet. **1s.**
Britannia. Delicate shade soft salmon-pink.
Butterfly. A very large flower, with long, fluted florets, deep crimson at the base, with a pure-white tip, giving the flower a very attractive appearance.
C. N. Richardson. Deep yellow, outer petals shaded rosy-salmon.
Cannell's Crest. Colour cherry-red; long-pointed petals.
Charm. Yellow and reddish-bronze, tipped with white; long florets; a very refined flower.
Cicelia. Purple shade, good.
Citizen. Deep chestnut-brown, with purple shading, in fine form; the growth of the plant very stiff.
Cockatoo. Lemon-colour petals, tinted pink and amber; the variety of flowers produced is amazing. Likely to sport. **1s 6d**
Comet. A good fancy type; rose-coloured ground, speckled and splashed with crimson. **2s.**
Countess of Hopetoun. Pure white.
Countess of Lonsdale. An exquisite rich shade of salmon-apricot. One of the best garden varieties.
Country Girl. Deep golden-yellow, slightly bronzed with red. A large, bold flower of the finest form.

We design Plans and
lay out Gardens.

Hints and Notes on Dahlia Growing.

Dahlias planted in December will bloom in February, March, and April.
Plant in a well-trenched bed, if possible by themselves.
Before planting, drive in a good strong stick, leaving four to five feet above the ground.
The young green plants must be kept moist until they start to grow.
The ground must be kept open and moist.
Do not mulch plants until middle of January.
See your plant is well secured to stake all the time.
Don't water too much until plant is growing freely.

Start giving liquid manure about end of January, and in greater quantities during February.
Cut out weak growth in February.
Disbud if large blooms are wanted, pretty freely.
If exhibition blooms are required, take off all except top bud of each shoot.
Slugs, snails, and red spiders are the Dahlia's worst enemies, the latter being the worst during hot, dry weather. It may, however, be kept in check by a liberal use of the hose, given every evening over the foliage.

DAHLIAS—Continued.

- Darkness.** A dark variety; strong grower. **1s.**
Delight. Pale flesh colour, with lilac points and yellow centre. the fine shaded flowers are numerous on long stems. **1s.**
Dr. Nansen. A telling shade of bright scarlet.
Dr. J. L. Beeston. Florets white, heavily suffused with pink towards the points. **1s. 6d.**
Duchess Agnes. A most beautiful rose-purple colour, delicately fading towards the points, the ground colour a yellow sheen.
Ella Kraemar. Will be a great favourite, because of its clear rose colour on a pale ground.
Fairy. Most graceful white Cactus Dahlia; very fine, twisted florets. **1s.**
F. B. Biding. The deep-built flower is especially thin rayed, and in the centre regularly inward bent. The colour, a rich yellow centre, running into orange and apricot at reverse of florets. **1s. 6d.**
Florence. Pretty shade of yellowish-orange.
Florence M. Stredwick. Pure white; good. **1s. 6d.**
Fred. H. Searl. One of the largest Cactus Dahlias yet raised; flowers velvety maroon, long quilled florets, carried well over the foliage on long, stiff, wiry stems. Our own raising. **1s. 6d.**
Frute. Reminding one of a ripe Peach fruit, and some of the flowers resemble Peach blossom; flowers very freely.
G. H. Kerslake. An extremely fascinating variety of a beautiful tint of carmine rose, rich and lustrous. **2s.**
Gabriel. Ground colour soft velvety crimson; upper half of each petal pure snow-white.
Galliard. Crimson-scarlet
General Buller. Rich velvety crimson, nearly black at the base, every floret a white tip.
George Gordon. Yellow in the centre, shading to orange-bronze.
Gladiator. Deep apricot, towards the point salmon-rose.
Goldfinch. Rich yellow buff, pink centre.
Guiding Star. Bright clear orange, shading to deep yellow in the centre. **1s.**

“Only 3 Plants lost out of 72.”

“The 72 Carnation Plants arrived in splendid condition. I delayed writing to see how they progressed. I only lost three out of 72. The others will be a success.—J.M.J., Wellington, N.Z.”

- Harbinger.** Colour soft salmon, shading to yellow in the centre; blooms large, deep, and well quilled; each floret terminates in a pretty tassel formation. **1s. 6d.**
H. J. Jones. Delicate primrose in centre, shading off to sweetest of rosy-pinks.
H. W. Sillen. Bright vermilion; large florets, long and narrow. **1s. 6d.**
H. F. Robertson. Deep, pure yellow; florets narrow; reliable flower.
Ianthe. Yellow-buff ground, edged and tipped pale salmon-rose, centre salmon-rose.
Ibis. Bright orange shot, and sometimes edged brilliant scarlet. **1s. 6d.**
Island Queen. Light mauve.
Jealousy. Dark yellow, finely-pointed florets. **1s. 6d.**
J. H. Jackson. Colour brilliant crimson-maroon, almost black.
J. B. Yorke. Deep claret-crimson; extremely long incurving florets. **1s. 6d.**
J. W. Wilkinson. Deep rosy-crimson; strong grower.
Juliet. Rosy-pink, the extreme base of the florets paler in colour; florets very long and narrow.
King of Stripes. Deep golden yellow, striped and speckled crimson; a great advance in the yellow-ground fancy type. **1s. 6d.**
Kriemhilde. Bright rose, with a pure white centre.
Lady Colin Campbell. A lovely light yellow, outer petals shaded orange. **1s.**
Lilian Lockley. White, faintly flushed lilac in the early stages.
Lord of the Manor. The flower is in colour brilliant scarlet (zinnabar) red; a perfectly beautiful flower. **1s. 6d.**
Lord Roberts. The blooms are of good exhibition size and beautiful form; a good white. **1s. 6d.**
Lovely Eynsford. Amber colour, well-pointed petals.
Lucinda. A distinctly pretty flower of a deep rosy-purple shade.
Mabel Kerslake. White, good. **1s. 6d.**
Mabel Tulloch. Clear rosy-pink, beautiful colour.
Mary Service. Pinkish-hellotrope, shaded yellowish-brown.
Midnight. Very rich deep crimson, flowering profusely. **1s.**

- Miss Grace Cook.** Rose and white. **1s.**
Mrs. D. Cornish. A large, well-shaped flower; yellow, with rose-red dots on the margin of the flower. **1s.**
Mrs. J. H. Horton. Bright tangerine tint; a most suitable tint for autumn decoration. **1s. 6d.**
Mrs. H. J. Jones. Scarlet, edged cream, heavily tipped white. **1s. 6d.**
Mrs. H. L. Brousson. Delicate salmon-pink on a pale yellow ground. **1s.**
Mrs. J. Searl. A magnificent Dahlia, true Cactus type; robust habit, and colour canary-yellow at base, shading off to straw colour and apricot at tip of each floret. **1s. 6d.**
Mrs. Jowett. Rich orange-red.
Mrs. Kerslake. A soft salmon pink; good variety.
Mrs. F. McQuade. An exquisite variety; large, pure white; an exhibition variety of the first order; very fine incurving florets. **2s. 6d.**
Mrs. Edward Mawley. Clear yellow; large and full.
Mrs. Seagrave. Purple-rose on a darker ground colour; large and good form. **1s. 6d.**
Mrs. T. Rooney. Colour salmon-rose. This charming variety has very long florets, beautifully twisted and incurved to the centre; flowers enormous size. **2s.**
Minnie West. Clear yellow, shading off to white tips.
Miss Edith Walker. A dark crimson, the type of J. H. Jackson.
Mrs. Winstanley. Yellow, centre deepening to scarlet towards the outside. **1s.**
Mt. Blanc. White, with long, pointed florets, slightly inward bent. **1s. 6d.**
Negress. A dark variety; good crimson self.
Night. Colour intense dark maroon.
Oda. Colour beautiful amethyst violet, on the points bright magenta.
Oliver Twist. A magnificent flower; very large, and very finely twisted florets; a rich crimson scarlet. **1s. 6d.**
Primrose Queen. Primrose, with just a blush of salmon-rose at tips of the florets. **1s. 6d.**
Pink Britannia. Every flower well above foliage; a beautiful sport from Britannia; rosy pink. **1s. 6d.**
Pink Pearl. A pretty shade of rich rosy-pink, the florets in the centre and the extreme tips of those at the back of the flower being blush-white. **1s.**
Queen Alexandra. Ground colour a very distinct yellow, tipped red.
Queen of Roses. A clear, bright rose; choice. **1s. 6d.**
Radiance. Vivid orange-scarlet, base of petals passing gradually to a paler shade.
Ranji. Dark velvety maroon.
Richard Dean. Vermilion-scarlet, distinct white tips to petals.
R. J. Hamill. Soft velvety carmine, centre of each floret almost white.
Rainbow. A perfect shape; soft rose colour, gradually running paler towards the centre. **1s.**
Reliable. The ground colour of the florets yellow, running into buff-red, and the points are a bright salmon colour. **1s.**
Rev. D. R. Williamson. Deep velvety crimson, florets edged bright carmine. Cactus with long, narrow florets. **1s. 6d.**
Rozenhagen. A beautiful lilac variety; good form; well-built flowers. **1s. 6d.**
Simplicity (1906.) Canary yellow, shading off to delicate primrose at the tips. The florets are long, narrow, and beautifully incurved, and the blooms carried on long, wiry stems. **1s. 6d.**
Sirius. A striking fancy Cactus; bright golden yellow, heavily striped with vivid scarlet. **2s.**
Spitfire. Bright, glowing scarlet; long, claw-like petals.
Spotless Queen. Pure white. **1s. 6d.**
Sweet Nell. Deep pink, centre paler shade. **1s. 6d.**
Sweetheart. This beautiful flower salmon-rose, long-rayed, incurving florets. **1s. 6d.**
Syringa. Delicate silvery-lilac; the florets strongly twisted.
Uncle Tom. Velvety crimson, almost black.
Violetta. Produces flowers much wanted in collections of Cactus Dahlias, the colour being violet-rose, flushed crimson. **1s. 6d.**
Volker. This beautiful Cactus Dahlia is of a pure clear golden-yellow, with long claw-shaped petals. **1s. 6d.**
W. Hopkins. Deep crimson, with velvety-black centre, the points and reverse of florets have a bluish purple. **2s.**
Winsome. Pure white florets; incurving; on long stems. **1s. 6d.**

Our Reputation

Stands at the back of our Seeds and Plants, and we intend to keep it there. Read the testimonials in these pages. S. & S.

DAHLIAS—Continued.

Miniature or Pomponé Cactus Dahlias.

A new and interesting decorative class. Average height, 2½ to 3 feet

Aurora. The prototype of this class. Shade of salmon orange. 1s.

Coronation. Scarlet variety. 1s.

Peace. White variety. 1s.

Beggie. Deep crimson-maroon. 1s.

Robin Hood. Dark crimson and cherry-red. 1s

Miss Green. Lovely art shade of salmon-pink. 1s.

Dahlia Talk.

You will notice by our lists (pages 72 and 73, also Coloured Pages) that we still favour a few of the older varieties. We give them a place because we consider those which give most satisfaction to the public are more appreciated for every-day purposes, instead of the more delicate varieties boomed by a few amateurs, which are only fit for show purposes.

Edging Plants.

Box. Plant 6 inches apart. 1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100; not less than 50 at per 100 rate.

Oxalis, pink and white. Plant 6 inches apart. 5s. per 100.

Oxalis, pink. Plant 6 inches apart. 5s. per 100.

Thrift (*Sagina Pilifera*). Plant 4 inches apart. Sufficient to plant 100 feet, 2s. 6d.

We have other Edging Plants, ask us about them.

Carpet Bedding or Ribbon Border Plants.

Effective Bedding Plants should be planted from October to January. These make a grand show.

	Per doz. s. d.	Per 100 s. d.
Alternanthera Aurea	1 6	10 0
Alternanthera Amabile or Amœna	1 6	10 0
Alternanthera Parenchoides	1 6	10 0
Alternanthera Versicolor	1 6	10 0
Echeveria Secunda Glauca	1 6	10 0
Geranium Made. Salroy	2 0	12 0
Iresine Herbstii—Crimson	1 6	10 0
Iresine Acuminata—Green and yellow, variegated	1 6	10 0
Iresine Lindeni—Pointed leaves, crimson	1 6	10 0
Iresine Lindeni Aurea Variegata	1 6	10 0
Mesembryanthemum Cordifolium Variegata	1 6	10 0

Some other varieties among the Annual List also.

Messrs. Searl & Sons.

"Mrs. T. asked me to say how pleased she is with the *Caladiums* selected by you, which arrived in good order, thanks to your careful packing.—J.G., Gardener, Young."

ERICAS

(The Heath).

The most suitable soil for Heaths is sandy peat, but they will do very well in any ordinary sandy ground; when the soil is naturally heavy, a mixture of about one-half or more of channel or river sand will grow Heaths very well, but no manure of any kind should be used unless it is thoroughly decomposed, and then it should only be applied as a top dressing, or mulching, during Summer. The varieties here offered are the hardest and most suitable kinds for our gardens.

Most of the undermentioned varieties flower well in our Botany General Nursery, and they cannot be too highly recommended as profuse bloomers.

We can supply nice plants of the following at 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per dozen. All dwarf-growing.

Autumnalis.

Beaconsfieldiana. Large; cream tube.

Bowieana. Pure white.

Cavendishii. Yellow.

Charsleyana. Rose, pink, and white.

Cerinthoides Coronata. A beautiful dark crimson, velvety bell. 2s. each.

Cruenta. Blood red.

Grandinosa. White.

Hentyana. White and light rose.

Hybrida. Red.

Hyemalis. Pink and white.

Intermedia. Pure white; very large and choice.

Jubilee. Pink; charming.

Linnæoides. Rose.

Mammosa. Purple.

Mackinnomiana. Pretty pink.

Menziesia.

Persoluta Alba. White.

Pyramidalis Gracilis.

Vulgaris.

Webbleyana. Light waxy rose.

Wilmoreaana. Pink and white.

Bazaar Orders

Packed to carry to any part of the Commonwealth in good order, our packing being the best in Australia.

WE make a Speciality of Flowering and Foliage Plants suitable for selling at Bazaars, etc., giving such good value in our selection that will show a handsome profit on retailing to the stall-holder.

When we tell you that our Seeds always give satisfaction, we're only repeating what hundreds of our customers tell us.

Searls' Ferns

SUPERIOR AND WELL-GROWN,
—AT MODERATE PRICES.—

LIKE all the Plants we sell, our Ferns are grown in the pots for some time and thoroughly established; not merely potted and sold right off, a practice which often causes failure and disappointment. Ferns require little attention, and if watered carefully will last a long time. When used for house decoration they should be put outside at night in a sheltered place, and occasionally syringed. Some varieties succeed well in shady nooks and corners where scarcely any other Plants would exist. Come and see our grand stock and judge for yourself.

Tree Fern Trunks

From 3s. 6d. up to 20s. each.

Searls won the Gold Medal presented at the Horticultural Fete, April, 1904, for Best Plants and Floral Work, being the most successful exhibitors.

Always leave the selection of plants to us

as we know the class of plants required.

We make up in Assorted Cases from 20s. to £5 5s., or other prices to suit our customers.



A Group of Searls' Choice Ferns

Adiantum (varieties Maiden Hair Fern)—		s.	d.
Affine	.....	1	0
Amabile	.....	1	6
Aemulum	.....	1	6
Capillus Veneris	.....	1	6
Capillus Veneris Pacottii	.....	1	6
Cardioclhaena	.....	2	0
Concinnum	.....	1	6
Concinnum Latum	.....	1	6
Cuneatum	.....	1	0
Cuneatum Grandiceps	.....	1	6
Cuneatum Variegatum	.....	2	0
Curvatum	.....	2	0
Decorum	.....	1	6
Elegans	.....	1	6
Fergusonii	.....	1	0
Farleyense (the King of Adiantums), from 2s. 6d. up to 20s. each; fine large specimens of the best Maiden hair in the world ... from	.....	2	6
Formosum	.....	1	6
Fragrantissimum	.....	1	6
Gloriosum	.....	1	6
Gracillimum	.....	1	6
Gracillimum Cristata	.....	1	6
Hispidulum	.....	1	6
Hybridum	.....	2	0
Japonica	.....	1	6
Le Grandi	.....	1	6
Lathomi	.....	1	6
Lambertiana	.....	1	6
Macrophyllum	.....	2	0
Marisi	.....	1	6
Mundulum	.....	1	6
Pedatum	.....	1	6
Pendulum	.....	2	0
Peruvianum	.....	2	0
Plumosum	.....	2	0
Pubescens	.....	1	0
Sanctæ Catherine	.....	1	6
Sangvilli	.....	1	6
Strictum	.....	1	6
Tenerum	.....	1	0
Trapeziforme	.....	1	6
Venustum	.....	2	6

During the summer months of the year we have beautiful large specimens in Maiden Hair, both in pots and in baskets, all sizes.

Alsophila (Tree Ferns) Excelsa,	from	2	0
Cooperi	from	1	6
Robusta	from	2	0
McArthurii, 4-ft. stems	.....	7	6
Asparagus (see under Greenhouse Plants).			

	s.	d.
Asplenium Bulbiferum	1	6
Diversifolium	2	0
Lucidum	1	6
Nidus (Bird's Nest)	1	6
Viviparum	1	0
Cyathea Delbata (the New Zealand Silver Tree Fern),		
from 2s. to	7	6
Medullaris (the Black Tree Fern of New Zealand), with immense fronds; black stem,		
from 2s. to	7	6
Cyrtomium Falcatum	1	6
Davallia (Hare's Foot Fern) Bulbata	1	6
Dissecta	1	6
Pyxidata	1	0

	s.	d.
Dicksonia Antarctica, large-growing Tree Fern	2s. to	7 6
Dictyogramma Japonica, a deciduous Fern with large fronds	.....	1 6
Diplazium Thwaitisia	.....	1 0
Doodia Caudata	.....	1 0
Doryopteris Palmata	.....	1 6
Gleichenia Microphylla	.....	1 6
Gymnogramma Chrysophylla (Golden Fern)	.....	1 6
Sulphurea	.....	1 0
Gymnogramma Peruvianum Argentum (the true Silver Fern)	.....	1 6
All the Gymnogramma species are exceedingly handsome.		
Hemitelia Moorei, a very graceful Tree Fern	from 2s. to	7 6
Lastrea Richardsii Corymbosa	.....	2 0
Lomaria Discolor	.....	1 0
Gibba	.....	1 6
Free-growing, useful, and very ornamental Ferns of easy culture.		
Lycopodium Aureum	.....	1 0
Denticulatum	.....	1 0
Lygodium Scandens, a beautiful climbing fern, elegant and graceful	.....	1 6
Microlepia Hirta Cristata	.....	1 6
Dixiana	.....	1 6
Nephrodium Molle Corymbiferum	.....	1 6
Very useful and graceful Fern for show purposes.		



Nephrolepis Bostoniensis

LARGE PLANTS of any of the Ferns may be obtained at advanced prices. Any Fern not in this list kindly apply for. We are certain to have it.

PLANTS for HOUSE, BAZAAR, and other decorative purposes.

FERN BALLS we have in stock from 2/6.

SEARLS' FERN BASKETS always established, with ADIANTUM and other hardy Ferns, &c., from 3/6 to 40/- each.

FERNS—Continued.

	s. d.
Nephrolepis Anna Foster, a bipinnate variety of the Boston fern; a new and very handsome variety	2 6
Davallioides	1 6
Bostoniensis	1 6
Bridgesi	2 0
Davallioides Furcans	2 0
Duffii	1 6
Erecta	1 6
Exaltata	1 6
Tuberosa	2 0
Very useful and graceful Ferns for show purposes. All free-growing and handsome Ferns, eminently suited for hanging baskets.	
Onychium Japonicum	1 6
Osmunda Falcata (the Flowering Fern)	1 6
Regalis (the King Fern)	2 0
Japonica Corymbifera	1 6
Platynerium Alicorne (Elkhorn Fern) from 1s. 6d. to	7 6
Grande (Staghorn Fern) from 1s. 6d. to	7 6
Platynerium, both varieties, are mounted and growing on boards ready for despatch.	
Epiphytal Ferns of great beauty; may be grown on trunks of Tree Ferns, Virgin Cork, etc.	
Polypodium Aureum	2 0

	s. d.
Pteris Argyrea (commonly called Silver Fern) from	1 0
A handsome variety of the Pteris.	
Cretica Alba Lineata	1 0
Lord Howe species; a beautiful variety; the best Pteris	1 6
Major	1 0
Nemorialis	1 6
Ouvardi	1 0
Serrulata	1 0
Serrulata Cristata	1 6
Serrulata Tenuifolia	1 6
Tremula	1 0
Umbrosa	1 6
Wimsetti	1 6
This is one of the most varied, useful, and hardy genera of Ferns.	
Selaginella Alamanda	1 0
Cesia Arborea	1 6
Emeliana	1 6
Formosum	1 6
Metallica	1 6
Nidus	1 0
Stoloniferum	1 0
Umbrosum	1 0
Wildenovi	1 6
Struthiopteris Germanica (Ostrich Feather Fern). A very choice and beautiful fern. 2s.	
Todea Superba (the Crape Fern or Prince of Wales Feather). from	2 0
Barbara, a most beautiful Tree Fern from	1 6

Searls' Fuchsias or "Ladies' Ear-drops."

1s. each, 10s. doz., 11s. doz. post free.



Single Fuchsias

Arabella. White tube and sepals, corolla rosy pink.
Aurora Superba. Sepals recurved, of a coral colour, very large; purple corolla.
Beauty of Exeter. A novelty in colour, being a mixture of light and crimson.
Black Prince. Sepal-carmine, pale pink corolla, margined with deep rose.
Countess of Aberdeen. Single white. The purest all white. 1s. 6d.
Countess of Banfurly. Red tube and sepals, white veined, red corolla.
Fair Maid. Creamy-white, tube and sepals tinted blush; corolla deep carmine, flushed magenta.
General Roberts. Drooping habit; sepals rose, deepening into the corolla of shaded crimson.
Mrs. Henry Roberts. Tube and sepal rose, corolla dark crimson.
Mrs. Marshall. Tube and sepals white, corolla pink.
Peasant Girl. Tube and sepals tinted with blush, corolla pink and carmine, slightly shaded violet.
Rose of Castile. White sepals, corolla violet.
Rupert. Short tube, completely hid by the broad recurved cerise-red sepals; single corolla, very large and spreading, of a rich, bright purple, veined and suffused with crimson at base.
Star of Wilt. White sepals, salmon corolla.
Speciosa. Tube and sepals flesh colour, rosy-carmine corolla.

THE Fuschia is one of the finest flowers for garden decoration that we possess. It is also a capital greenhouse and window gardening plant, and is easily cultivated. When grown in the open ground the principal precaution needed to insure success is to thoroughly enrich the soil with well-decomposed manure and during dry weather, in Summer give them plenty of water, and occasionally a little weak liquid manure, which can be made as follows, viz.:—To 1 bushel of cow manure and 1 lb. of soot add 30 gallons of water and give once or twice a week. We import all the best Novelties, and our collection comprises the finest sorts, cultivated in Europe.

Double Fuchsias.

Alfred Rambaud. Very large double flowers, reflexed scarlet sepals, rich violet corolla.
Avalanche. Tube and sepals crimson, purple corolla.
Christopher Colomb. Large scarlet sepals, enormous carmine double corolla.
Countess of Hopetoun. Very large corolla, pure white, dark red sepals.
De Cherville. Large double rose corolla, sepals dark red and well reflexed.
Duchess of Edinburgh. Double white; good variety.
Edmund About. Double white, carmine sepals, white corolla, suffused with red.
Extraordinary. Plum colour, with red sepals.
Frau Emma Topfer. Distinct and novel; tube and sepals rosy coral, corolla clear rosy blush; large.
Gertrude. Semi-double; white, veined carmine.
Jubilee. Sepals crimson, rosy mauve corolla.
Jumna. Bright crimson sepals, rich purple double corolla, the base marked with rosy crimson.
Madame Bruant. Sepals bright red, reflexed, corolla lilac-mauve, maculated and veined with rose.
Madam Jules Chretien. Short, sepals reflexed, crimson, pure snow-white corolla.
Minos. Sepals bright red, corolla very large; rich purple, veined with rose at base.
Molesworth. Sepals bright carmine, reflexed, corolla double; unusually large, and pure white.
Monument. Corolla deep purple, outer petals striped carmine, tube and sepals crimson.
Mrs. F. Cannell. White, large.
Mrs. E. G. Hill. Sepals crimson, double white corolla.
Noveau Mastdonte. Dark violet, veined red.
Phenomenal. Short tube and reflexed, sepals crimson, corolla azure-violet, flaked red.
Storm King. Sepals rosy coral, corolla rosy blush.
Viceroy of Canada. Violet corolla.
Victor Hugo. Large, blood-red sepals, large double corolla, violet-purple, marbled red.
Violet le Duc. Reddish, expanded corolla of a metallic violet.
White Giant. White corolla, red sepals.
White Jubilee. Enormous; sepals red, reflexed corolla.

Hybrid Fuchsias.

Boliviana. Rich crambise crimson-coloured trumpet-shaped flowers; tube three inches in length.
Carter's Meteor. Leaves bronze-yellow, a pretty contrast.
Crimson Bedder. The leaves are crimson and bronzy-green striped with white.
Earl Beaconsfield. Tube and sepals light rosy carmine, corolla deep carmine.
Fulgens. Orange-scarlet, long tube.
Furst Otto Von Wernigerode. A very pleasing shade of pink; quite distinct.
Gracillis. Dwarf variety; flowers very small.
Gracillis Variegata. Dwarf, leaves green, broadly margined with white.
Mary. A very pretty and attractive variety, producing rich crimson flowers and bright green foliage.
Mrs. Rundle. Sepals flesh colour, while the corolla is orange-scarlet; single.
Procumbens. Bearing large, scarlet, edible berries; plant is a trailer, and may be made to cover a fence.
Swanley's Yellow. Red corolla, with orange-yellow sepals. 1s. 6d.
Sunray. The leaves are of a bright rich crimson, white and bronzy-green in equal parts; one of the showiest of the variegated-leaved Fuchsias.
Triphylla. A Fuchsia of very handsome and distinct character, having neat, dark, bronze-green foliage, and producing bunches of medium-sized Fulgen-shaped flowers of a brilliant orange-scarlet colour.

Searls' Greenhouse and Stove Plants.



Aspidistra

IT is not essential to exclusively cultivate as green-house plants. Many of the plants may, under favourable conditions, be successfully grown outside, or with no more protection than is afforded by the shade of a bush-house. If you are going to furnish a green-house, come and see our plants and make your own selection. We can advise you as to which can be grown in the open. If you cannot call on us, advise us (when ordering) how you want to use them, whether in the open or not.



Achimenes. We have them in all shades.

Acalypha Marginata (Fijian Fire-Plant)	s. d.
Mosaic	1 6
Very handsome variegated plants.	1 0
Achimenes. These are splendid and profuse summer-bloom- ing plants for the conservatory. They look well grown as a basket plant; we have red, blue, pink, purple, etc. per bulb	0 6
Alpinia Darcyl. A beautiful foliage plant; white and green Plants from 2s. 6d. each.	
Alocassia Macrorrhiza Variegata. White and green foliage	2 0
Anthurium Crystallinum. Pretty leaves, rich velvety green, principal veins elegantly banded with pure crystal white, when young the leaves are violet colour	3 6
Ferrierense. Bright red	7 6
Scherzerianum. Bright red flowers	5 0
Andreanum. Yellowish, with broad band of white	5 0
Regale	5 0
Warquaenium	5 0
We are making a specialty of this plant, and increasing the varieties.	
Allamanda Hendersonii	2 0
Beautiful climbing plant, with large, yellow, bell-shaped flowers.	

Aralia Veitchii	s. d.
Very pretty decorative plant.	1 6
Aspidistra Lurida	2s. 6d. to 7 6
Lurida Variegata	2s. 6d. to 10 6
Aspidistras are hardy, graceful plants, and thoroughly adapted for indoor decoration. The white and green leaves are strikingly attractive.	
Asparagus Consanguineus	1 6
Capensis	1 6
Crispus	1 6
Decumbens	1 0
Plumosa (Climbing Lace Fern). This variety is quite hardy, and can be planted outside	from 1 0
Sprengeri (Emerald Feather Fern).	from 1 0
Tenuissimus	from 1 0
Beautiful evergreen climbers, for bush-house, green-house, and pot culture; lovely feathery foliage. Large plants of the above can be supplied at advanced rates.	
Bilbergia. Sorts. Very uncommon-looking flowers .. each	1 6
Bomarea (see Herbaceous Plants).	

Caladiums. Strong dry bulbs. May, June,
July, August; later on as pot plants.
From 3s. 6d to 7s. 6d. each.

Beautiful tribe of tender green-
house foliage plants, and are the
better for artificial heat to start
them in the spring when making
their new growth; leaves magnificent,
of a diversity of colour, curiously
spotted and veined with wonderful
combinations. We have a leading as-
sortment in our nursery of the latest
introductions from England, etc.

Cissus Discolor

A most beautiful climber, with
lustrous magenta-coloured leaves,
covered with silvery-white dots. One
of the handsomest ornamental-leaved
plants, the various shades and tints
defying description.

Clerodendron Balfourii

The flowers are of a most striking
character; creamy-white, crimson-
tipped; very pretty.

Coleus. New large-leaved hybrids.

We have varieties of the new
large-foliaged kinds; fine, large
foliage, and very robust, each 6d.

Thyrsoideus (the Delphinium
Coleus). A new species. It
produces spikes of Delphinium-
like flowers; foliage green

Curculigo Recurvata

Very effective decorative plant,
with handsome palm-like foliage.

Cyanophyllum Magnificum. A most
beautiful foliage plant

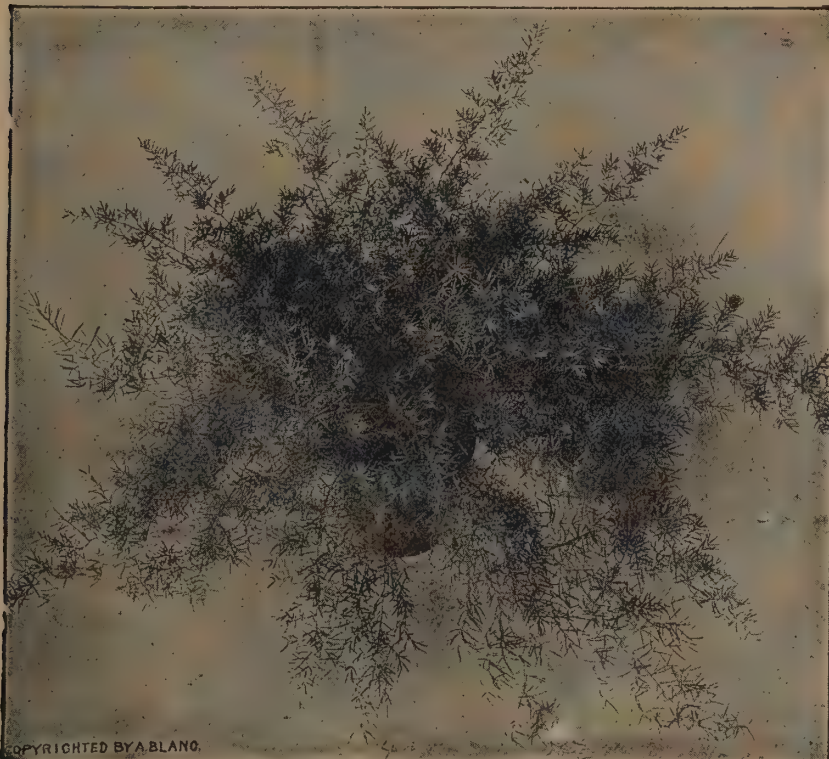
Cyperus Alternifolius

Alternifolius Gracilis

These are very useful, and of easy
culture; for fountains they are very
ornamental.

Dalechampia Roezli, peculiar pink
flower

Diffenbachia Magnifica. Shining
sombre green foliage, variegated
with blotches and spots of pure
white



Asparagus Sprengerii

Seedsman and SEARL & SONS Plant Merchants.

GREENHOUSE AND STOVE PLANTS—Continued.

Dioscorea Illustrata. Climbing plant, producing large leaves of beautiful colours; distinct plant	s. d. 2 0
Dipladenia Bolivensis	2 0
A most beautiful climber; pure white flowers, with golden-yellow throat. This plant ranks amongst the most superb and beautiful of stove plants.	



Gloxinia

Dracæna Shepherdii	} From 2s.	
Amabilis		
Baptisti		
Belmoreana		
Fraseri		
Hendersoni		
Robusta	} From 2s. 6d. upwards.	
Lindeni		
Massangeana		
Sanderiana		

We are prepared to do any of the abovenamed Dracænas, some of the varieties having beautifully-coloured foliage.

Eucharis Amazonica	from 2 0
The lovely Eucharis Lily of the Amazon.	
Candidum	2 0
Eranthemum Bicolor	1 6
Formosa. Large crimson flower	2 0
Versicolor. Pretty leaves	1 6

These are grown for the foliage, others for their pretty flowers.

Tuberculatum. Flowers pure white, branching freely into slender twigs; tuberculated; very floriferous	1 6
---	-----

Euphorbia Jacquiniflora. As a winter bloomer this plant has no equal; colour intense crimson-scarlet, and blossoms are produced so profusely as to completely wreath every branch with brilliancy	1 6
Ficus Australis Variegata	3 6
Elastica	2 0
Elastica Variegata	3 6

The true Rubber Tree of commerce. Will stand a long time in a room. Its leaves are thicker than the ordinary F. Macrophylla, and its habit makes it a beautiful plant.

Parcelli. Beautiful white variegation. Conspicuously beautiful plant	2 6
Radicans Variegata	1 6

Ficus Radicans Variegata is a charming and effective variety, its easy culture, effective variegation, and regular growth making it one of the best ornamental plants. As a variegated plant for hanging pots and baskets it cannot be excelled.

Fittonia . Elegant trailing plants, with handsome variegated foliage; most useful in the conservatory for planting on surface of pots or tubs containing specimen plants.	
Argyoneura. Vivid green, with network of pure white veins	1 0
Verschaffeltii (Syn Parcel). Bronzy-green, with pink variegation	1 0

Gesneria Zebrina. Pretty leaves, pale green mottled bronze	1 6
Graptophyllum Pictum	1 6

Gloxinia. Dry tubers, 1s. each, 10s. per doz.
In Pots, 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per doz.

Dry tubers can be obtained during April, May, June, July, and later on, in a growing state in pots. In our opinion, these rank second to no other plant for noble form and beauty. They are the most gorgeous green-house plants grown. Trumpet-like flowers of every colour. In upright form; leaves very beautiful; continue to flower for a long period. The shelter of a frame is all that they require. We have only the best, which we fertilise ourselves.

Ixora Coccinea	2 0
Prince of Orange, a dwarf variety, with brilliant orange-scarlet flowers	2 0
Striata	2 0

The Ixoras are beautiful flowering plants, and make a lovely contrast among green-house plants.

Maranta . In variety, including best sorts	s. d. 2 0
A very varied and useful class of plants, with fine, bold foliage, and of many shades of colour.	
Medinilla Magnifica	from 3 6
Handsom foliage plant, bearing large flower clusters of a lovely pink colour.	
Monstera Deliciosa	2 6
Has large, shining, dark-green, perforated leaves, and large boat-shaped flowers; it also produces a most delicious fruit.	
Pandanus Baptisti	from 2 0
Uttis, beautiful shining green, margined with red streak, from 1 6	
Veitchii, variegated foliage	from 2 6
Charming table decorative plants, with exquisite foliage.	
Panicum Variegatum	1 0
A beautiful little plant for baskets; very ornamental.	
Peperonia Argyrea	1 6
Foliage resembling a Begonia.	
Pilea Muscosa (Artillery Plant)	1 0
Highly interesting plant on account of its flowers exploding.	
Pincenectia Tuberculata. A beautiful dracæna-like plant; very ornamental and hardy	1 6
Plumbago Rosea, pretty rose-coloured flowers like the ordinary Plumbago	1 6
Ruellia Rosea, brown, green, and silvery foliage, pink flowers; very attractive and uncommon; useful for basket culture	1 0
Ruellia Formosa. A pretty scarlet flower	1 6
Strobilanthes Dyeranus, a magnificent foliage plant; metallic purple, green margin	2 0
Saintpaulia Ionantha	1 0
A prolific-flowering plant. The leaves are dark green, fleshy, with downy surface, spread laterally over the soil, forming a rosette. From the centre and sides spring up quite a bouquet of flowers, violet-like both in colour and shape. Suitable for bush and green-house.	
Schubertia Graveolens. Large, white star-shaped flowers; very floriferous, and a magnificent green-house climber	2 0
Streptocarpus Hybrids	1 0
Tabernaemontana Coomassa, fl. pl.	1 6
A charming green-house plant, bearing a profusion of beautiful snow-white flowers, sweetly-scented.	
Vresia Tricolor (Telansia)	2 0

Any plants of this section not listed, kindly apply for.



A Group of Searls' Good Greenhouse Plants

Searls' Orchids

We can describe all the colours in Orchids if you write for same—tell you the hybrid varieties also, and give you the names of the varieties that produced them.



We have the . . .
LARGEST STOCK OF ORCHIDS IN THE . . COMMONWEALTH . .
and we now stock the Latest Imported Varieties of England's Best.



	s.	d.
Aerides Affine	from	7 6
Cornutum	from	7 6
Odoratum	from	7 6
Angraecum Eburneum Superbum ,	from	10 6
Sesquipedale	from	15 0
Anguloa Clowesii	from	25 0
Arpophyllum Giganteum	from	5 0
Bletia Hyacinthina	from	3 6
Hyacinthia Alba (novelty)	from	7 6
Hyacinthia, variegated foliage, green, margined white	from	4 6
Brassia Verucosa	from	7 6
Calanthe Rubens	from	3 6
Veitchii	from	3 6
Vestita Rubro Oculata	from	5 0
Cattleya Eldorado Splendens ,	from	15 0
Amethystoglossa	from	30 0
Bowringiana	from	50 0
Citrina	from	10 6
Gaskelliana	from	7 6
Gaskelliana, var. Alba	from	10 6
Gigas	from	10 6
Gigas Sanderiana	from	15 0
Harrissi	from	42 0
Harrisoni Violacea	from	10 6
Intermedia	from	5 0
Labiata Ardens	from	10 6
Labiata Autumnalis	from	10 6
Mendelii	from	15 0
Mossiae	from	7 6
Mooreana	from	21 0
Percivaliana	from	10 6
Schroderae	from	10 6
Schilleriana	from	21 0
Triana	from	7 6
Triana, var. Alba	from	10 6
Cirhopetalum Medusae	from	15 0
Cœloginae Cristata	from	7 6
Pandurata	from	7 6
Asperata	from	7 6
Cypripedium Alice	from	10 6
Acanthum Superbum	from	10 6
Arthurianum	from	15 0
Barbatum	from	3 6
Boxallii	from	5 0
Callosum	from	10 6
Calurum	from	10 6
Cardinale	from	10 6
Caudatum	from	10 6
Chamberlainianum	from	21 0
Charlesworthii	from	10 6
Citho	from	42 0
Ellottianum	from	21 0
Exul	from	15 0
F. B. Hayward	from	21 0
Fairleanum	from	10 6
Gemmiferum	from	42 0
Germifanum	from	10 6
Godseffianum	from	10 0
Grande Atratum	from	30 0
Grande	from	15 0
Harrisonianum	from	5 0
Haynaldianum	from	30 0
Henry Graves	from	84 0
Hirsutissimum	from	15 0



Cypripedium—Continued.

	s.	d.
Insigne	from	3 6
Insigne Chantini	from	10 6
Insigne Maulei	from	10 6
Kimballianum	from	42 0
Lawrencianum	from	5 0
Leeanum	from	5 0
Leeanum, Low's variety,	from	21 0
Leeanum Giganteum	from	63 0
Leeanum Superbum	from	21 0
Leucorrhodum	from	15 0
Measuresianum	from	7 6
Milo	from	42 0
Morganae	from	63 0
Nittens	from	10 6
Nitidissimum	from	21 0
Niveum	from	21 0
Oenanthem	from	7 6
Picturatum	from	42 0
Rothschildianum	from	21 0
Sallierii Hyianum	from	21 0
Schroderae	from	15 0
Sedenii	from	5 0
Selligerum Majus	from	42 0
Spicerianum	from	10 6
Stonei	from	21 0
Superciliatum	from	5 0
Tonsum	from	10 6
Veitchii	from	15 0
Venustum	from	5 0
Villosum	from	5 0
Winnianum	from	21 0
Cymbidium Lowianum	from	5 0
Lowiae-Eburneum	from	126 0
Odoratum	from	5 0
Dendrobium Agregatum	from	5 0
Ainsworthii	from	10 6
Chrysotoxum	from	7 6
Crasinode	from	5 0
Creataceum	from	5 0
Crepidatum	from	3 6
Deareii	from	7 6
Densiflorum	from	5 0
Devonianum	from	7 6
Draconis	from	7 6
Farmerii	from	5 0
Fimbriatum Oculatum	from	5 0
Formosum Giganteum	from	7 6
Hilli (Rock Lily)	from	3 6
Japonicum	from	5 0
Leitchiana	from	7 6
Moschatum	from	7 6
Nobile	from	3 6
Nobile Siamense	from	7 6
Phalenopsis	from	3 6
Pierardii	from	5 0
Primulinum Giganteum	from	7 6

Dendrobium—Continued.

	s.	d.
Speciosum (Rock Lily)	from	3 6
Thyrsoflorum	from	7 6
Tortile Roseum	from	5 0
Undulatum	from	3 6
Laelia Acuminata	from	5 0
Anceps	from	10 6
Anceps, white	from	30 0
Anceps (Bull's white)	from	168 0
Anceps, Sanderæ	from	21 0
Autumnalis	from	7 6
Cinabarina	from	7 6
Elegans	from	21 0
Flava	from	15 0
Latona	from	50 0
Perrini	from	10 6
Pumila	from	21 0
Purpurata Alba	from	10 6
Purpurata, var. Russelianum,	from	21 0
Tenebrosa	from	21 0
Laelio-Cattleya Exoniensis	from	63 0
Aphrodite	from	63 0
Appollonia	from	63 0
Canhamiana	from	30 0
Ernestii	from	30 0
Gottolana	from	30 0
Hippolyta (a beauty)	from	63 0
Intermedio Flava	from	42 0
Novelty	from	63 0
Lycaste Harrisoniana	from	5 0
Aromatic	from	21 0
Aromatica Cruenta	from	10 6
Skinneri	from	15 0
Miltonia Clowesii	from	15 0
Odontoglossum Rossi Majus ,	from	10 6
Andersonianum	from	30 0
Gloriosum	from	30 0
Oncidium Papilio Majus	from	21 0
Forbesi	from	15 0
Ornithorynchum	from	15 0
Sphaceolatum	from	5 0
Phajus Grandifolius	from	5 0
Maculatus	from	5 0
Sieboldii	from	5 0
Wallichii	from	5 0
Saccolabium Blumeli	from	7 6
Blumeli Majus	from	7 6
Guttatum	from	5 0
Harrisonianum	from	10 6
Stanhopea Tigrina	from	10 6
Vanda Gigantea	from	15 0
Teres Multiflora	from	10 6

Searls' Greatly Improved Ever-Blooming Zonal Pelargoniums

COMMONLY CALLED "GERANIUMS."

THE Zonal is the most useful and popular of Pelargoniums for outdoor culture, of great utility for bedding, and very ornamental, trained as standards 2 to 3 feet high. Be sure and mention, when ordering, which you require, Zonal Pelargoniums, Regal Pelargoniums or other kind.

All at 1s. each; 10s. per dozen, post free 11s.

DOUBLE.

Agrippe de Aubigul. Scarlet.
Ami Henriot. Bright rose, large trusses.
Apothoise. Rosy-red, white centre.
Alexandre. Rose-magenta, spotted orange on upper petals.
A. Rouillard. Rich magenta.
Australian Gold. Soft cerise-scarlet, tinted orange.
Beatrice Kelway. Flesh-tinted salmon and white.
Boule Noir. Intense shade of purple; very peculiar colour.
Cæsar. Reddish-violet.
Californie. Large flowers of bright orange.
Capt. Flayelle. Reddish-crimson.
Champ de Nieve. Good white.
Charles Gounod. Scarlet, white eye.
Col. Barre. Magenta.
Comtesse D'Harcourt. Snow-white flowers.
Cousin Bele. Deep salmon, shading off to pure white margin.
Commandant Marchand. Crimson, tinted purple.
Cresendo. Bright orange.
De Laussere. Dark lavender, pink spotted.
Double Jacoby. Double, crimson-maroon.
Dr. Despress. Deep crimson; enormous pipe and trusses.
Dr. Cabanes. Purple-pink, of a pleasing shade.
De Veneriel. Bright scarlet.
Emotion. Scarlet ground, mottled white.
Egerie. White.
Ernest Kelway. Vivid scarlet.
Fraicheur. White, margined pink.
Etermantthe. Scarlet.
Gabriel Manod. Purplish violet.
General Buller. Very dark magenta.
G. Caillebotte. A dark shade of magenta.
Golden Gate. Orange-scarlet.
Guitare. Rich salmon, shading off to white margin.
Gustav Enich. Gigantic flowers; rich, clear scarlet.
Gustave Lansen. Dark salmon pink.
Guy de Maupassant. Orange-scarlet, large blotch on upper petals.
Hedwige Buchner. Snow-white; enormous trusses.
Hermine. Pure white; good flowering variety.
Jeanne D'Arc. Most distinct; beautiful shade of light lavender-pink, distinctly spotted with deep pink.
Jean Lahor. Deep rosy crimson, very pretty.
Jean Viand. Soft rose-pink.
Joyful. Deep salmon centre, broad white margin.
Jules Ferry. Salmon pink, suffused white.
Le Colosse. Clear red.
Le Soleil. Deep red.
Leon Xandrof. Blush white, suffused pink.
Lucio. A curious combination of colours, some petals being scarlet and others crimson.
Lucienne de Higaue. Creamy white, violet pink margin; exquisite. 1s. 6d.
Madame Guillot. Beautiful soft rose.
Madame Jouis. Deep salmon centre, white edges.
Madame Carnot. Very large trusses of perfectly-formed, pure-white flowers.
Madame Charlotte. Enormous trusses, of a mottled salmon shade.
Madame Laundry. Deep salmon.
Madame Tarquin Noizet. Rosy salmon.
Madame M. Tilmant. White centre, margined scarlet.
Madame Coralie Bazac. Centre of each flower white, gradually attaining to a soft violet, edge of petals bright carmine.
Madame Godfroid Stars. Richest purplish pink. 1s. 6d.
Madame E. Peret Gerard. Rosy violet, suffused white.
M. V. Malique. Dark rosy lake.
M. Canovas. Vermilion scarlet.
Manzoni. Rosy-salmon.
Mdlle. Menidree. Outer edge of petals white, salmon pink, shading to dark pink. 1s. 6d.
Miss G. Ashworth. Pure white.
Mrs. Gladstone. Pure white, shaded flesh-pink towards the centre.
M. Alphonse Ricard. Rosy-scarlet.
Napoleon. Brick orange.
Olive Schreiner. White, margined light red.
Pink Raspail. Rosy pink; exquisite.
Pride of Algate. Salmon-pink, margined white.
Princess Olga Altheri. Dark rosy pink, changing to white margin.

Rainbow. Rose, suffused with white.
Reine Nathalie. White.
Ruy Blas. Mottled salmon, very deep centre.
Sir Hamilton. Rich purple-pink.
Sombre Horizon. Deep crimson.
Thos Meehan. Rosy-lake.
Tresor. Pure salmon, striped white.
Victor Garien. Rose-pink.

SINGLE.

Albion. Single white.
Andrew Lang. Glowing scarlet, with white blotch on two upper petals.
Arctic Circle. Pure white; of fine quality.
Barbara Hope. Pale salmon-pink, with white eye.
Beauty. Scarlet-cerise.
Beckwith's Pink. A glorious pink.
Carl Witig. Bluish-pink, with white eye.
Capt. Halford. Dark magenta; pretty. 1s. 6d.
Champion. Scarlet; very large.
Chaucer. Cerise; beautiful bright.
Circe. Vermilion scarlet.
Countess of Buckingham. Deep rose-pink.
Countess of Dudley. Vivid magenta, large, pure-white centre; a large truss.
Countess of Morella. Scarlet, white centre.
Crabbe. Cherry-red; large truss.
Dr. Nansen. Pure white.
Delicata. Rose pink.
Dream. Pale pink.
Dorothy. Deep salmon, white margin.
Duke of Norfolk. Purplish-violet, white eye. 1s. 6d.
Eclipse. Bright magenta, white edge.
Ethel Davis. Rose-pink; distinct.
Eugene Schott. Magenta, upper petals white.
Eucharis. Beautiful pure white.
Florence Muskin. Cherry-red, white eye.
General French. A soft scarlet.
George Gordon. Bright rosy-scarlet, lips 2¼ inches in diameter.
General Wolseley. Clear rosy-red.
Hall Caine. Bright cherry-red, most telling colour.
Hecla. Brilliant scarlet.
Herrick. Rich, glowing crimson-scarlet.
H. de Percival. Soft blush.
Ian MacLaren. Salmon, shading to white margin.
Iseult. Salmon, richly-shaded orange; two upper petals suffused with pink.
John Copeman. Light magenta.
James Kelway. Brilliant vivid scarlet; fine habit and size of flower.
J. M. Barrie. Bright cerise, flower 3 inches across.
King Edward VII. Vivid scarlet; long stems.
Kitty. Cherry-red, with white eye, paler blotch in upper petal.
Karl Kochle. Bright orange red, upper petals white.
Kathleen. Clear rosy-red.
Lady Malet. Pure white, with a highly-coloured margin of red-dish-pink round each petal.
Lord Curzon. Rich magenta shade; habit dwarf and floriferous.
Lord Beay. Rich magenta.
Lord Roberts. Deep magenta, shaded violet.
Lord Strathcona. Bright scarlet.
Madame Beuvron. Rosy-pink, blotch on base of upper petal.
Madame Coralie Bazac. Tinted white ground, flaked carmine.
Madame L. Renaud. Rich magenta, white eye.
Mary Pelton. Very pale salmon; delicate and beautiful shade.
Mark Twain. Tinted white ground, freckled and flaked carmine, margin of petals rich lake.
Maud of Wales. Violet pink, two upper petals white.
Menelik. Magenta-pink, one-third the culture pure white.
Miss Blanche. Violet pink.
Miss Reid. Pretty pale pink.
Mrs. Ewing. Pale salmon, tinted pink towards the centre.
Mrs. Kendall Barnes. Pale salmon, white eye.
Mrs. Simpson. White, with a well-defined ring of fiery scarlet-pink; large white eye.
Mrs. E. Eawson. Rich orange-scarlet; perfect shape.
Mrs. Tudway. Bright cherry-red, white eye.
Mrs. Charles Pearson.
Niagara. Single white; perfect shape.
Olive Carr. Large trusses, deep rosy-pink.
Oliver. Scarlet; white blotch on upper petal. 1s. 6d.
Paul Crampel. A brilliant scarlet.
Photograph. Bright rose-pink; large trusses.
Phyllis. Pale salmon-rose; beautiful; faultless in form.

SINGLE PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

President McKinley. Cherry-red; very pretty.
Precurseur. Large white. 1s. 6d.
Princess of Wales. Cherry-red, white eye.
Princess Alix. Pale rose.
R. S. Mitchell. Glowing scarlet.
Shelley. Rich, deep crimson.
Scott Turner. Bright red.
Sir Henry Irving. Soft, rosy magenta.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Centre pure white, outer portion vivid magenta.
Salmon Queen. Bright salmon.
Salmon Vesuvius. Bright, large truss.
Snowflake. Single white.
Suvarna. Bright orange. 1s. 6d.
Snowstorm. Purest possible white.
Soldier's Tunic. Intense scarlet.
The Maine. Soft rosy-lake; very floriferous.
Trilby. Cerise, shading to scarlet, overlaid with rich plum-purple, like shot-silk.
Virginia. Pure white.
W. E. Corder. Scarlet.
Winston Churchill. Clear magenta-pink, large white centre; good.
Wintie. Cherry-red, white eye.
Zenobia. Clear, bright rose.

Variegated Foliage Pelargoniums

Boule de Neige. Foliage green, margined silver.
Beauty of Calderdale. Yellow, with brown zone.
Black Vesuvius. Flowers scarlet, with dark foliage.
Happy Thought. White, green centre, zone salmon.
Lady Cullen. Bronze-red zone, edged crimson and gold.
Mrs. Follock. Bronze-red zone, belted and edged with crimson and gold.
Veronia. Leaves bright golden-yellow; very distinct.

Ivy-leaved Pelargoniums

DOUBLE. 1s. each, 10s. per doz., post free 11s.

Fine for covering fences; showy and handsome.

Splendid specimens when trained on trellises. It is a surprising fact that all these Pelargoniums have been introduced within the last few years. As cut flowers they are very useful.

A. F. Barron. Bright rose, with white blotch.
Alma. Bright, salmon-scarlet, the centre lit up with vermillion in a most pleasing manner. The flower is double and of fine shape.
Antoin Crozy. Bright orange-scarlet.
Beauty of Castle Hill. Very pretty soft rose, dark blotch in upper petal.
Beauty of Jersey. Lovely scarlet, shaded purple.
Corden's Glory. Bright scarlet, bold flower. 1s. 6d.
Flambeau. Large trusses; granite-red; very distinct.
Furstin J. Von Hohenzollern. Flowers reddish-magenta; fine shape; a novel and distinct variety.
Giroflee. Large, double flowers of a magenta-purple colour.
Gloire de Lorraine. Cerise, brightened with scarlet.
Her Majesty the Queen. The finest salmon-coloured variety.
His Majesty the King. A pleasing shade of dark cerise; trusses large and produced in great profusion.
Isadore Feral. Rose-pink, white edge.
Incomparable. Reddish-rose; very large truss and full flowers.
Jeanne d'Arc. White, suffused light lavender; first-class.
Joseph de Maistre. Light amaranth; good truss and perfect form.
Joseph Warren. A large rosy-purple choice.
La Elevation. Variegated.
Lamartine. Orange-scarlet; the brightest in this colour.
La Bosiere. Flesh turning to rose.
Madame Crouse. Silvery-pink.
Miss Gulliver. Magenta; of a most beautiful and rich shade.
Mrs. J. G. Day. Intense glowing shade of crimson-rose; free-flowering; robust and sturdy.
Mrs. Banks. White, slightly tinted, large flowers, black blotch in upper petal. New. 1s. 6d.
Mrs. Hanley. A lovely pink shade.
Madam Thibaut. Dark rose.
Ryecroft Surprise. Crimson spots, shaded purplish-rose.
Sabine. Bright rosy-carmine large and well-formed.
Sarah Bernhardt. White, upper petals feathered maroon.
Souvenir de Chas. Turner. Gigantic trusses, colour deep pink shade; feathered maroon in the upper petal.
Vestal Queen. Pink; upper petals rayed purplish-crimson.
Zaire. White, with dark blotch in centre.

Show and Regal Pelargoniums

STRONG PLANTS. 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per doz.,

16s. 6d. post free.

THIS type are very suitable plants, either for pot culture or decoration of the garden, their blooming season extending over several months. The varieties here enumerated are the choicest producing flowers of a large size, and possessing rich and showy colours; some are semi-dark, whilst others are beautifully fringed.

D. denotes Decorative. R. denotes Regal. S. denotes Show.

When ordering, be sure and say which kind you require, Regal Show or Decorative.

Bougainville (D.). Salmon, border light pink, chocolate blotch on every petal.

Beauty of Oxtou (R.). Rich maroon, with dark blotch, light edge.

Captain Raikes (R. Improved). Flery crimson, border carmine.

Conductor (D.). Bright carmine, blotched maroon.

Duchess of Bedford (R.). Pure white, fringed rose.

Duke of Connaught (R.). Purplish-maroon; a very dark variety.

Dorothy (D.). Soft carmine, blotched maroon.

Emperor of Russia (D.). Dark maroon, white edge.

Edward Perkins (R.). Red, upper petals darker.

Eugene Le Gros (S.). Pure white, small maroon blotch.

Emperor William (D.). Soft pink, chocolate blotch.

Earl of Hopetoun (D.). Deep crimson, white centre.

George Griffiths (D.). Light red, free flowering.

Her Majesty (R.). Large, pure white, fringed.

Henry Litolf. New. 1s. 6d.

Incomparable (D.). Light purple, upper petals maroon blotch.

John Braid (D.). Bright rose, suffused purple.

Kingston Beauty (S.). Pearly white, dark purple spot.

Lady Robinson (S.). Salmon pink, blotched maroon.

Le Printemps. New. 1s. 6d.

Madame Thibaut (R.). White, marbled rose.

Marie Mallet (S.). Pink, upper petals darker.

Negressons (S.). Purple, blotch maroon.

Mrs. Harrison (R.). Pink ground, white centre and margin.

Mons. des Moulins (D.). Rosy-crimson, white throat.

Olivette (R.). Bright maroon, light centre.

Persimmon (R.). Orange-scarlet, one of the best.

Prince of Wales (R.). Bright vermillion, light centre.

Queen Victoria (R.). Vermilion, margin white.

Royalty (R.). Pure white, crimson spot in each petal.

Rose Queen (D.). Blush pink, upper petal maroon.

Volante Nationale Alba (R.). Pure white.

New Regal & Show Pelargoniums

1907 Novelties reduced to 1s. 6d. each.

Colonial-Raised Varieties.

General Buller (R.). Seedling from Captain Raikes, crimson, light edge and fringe.

Lord Northcote (R.). Light pink, blotched deep pink, beautifully fringed.

Lord Salisbury (D.). Carmine-rose, white centre, white margin, blotch maroon.

Sir Harry Rawson (R.). Enormous truss, soft pink, marked carmine.

The Premier (D.). Soft lake shade, maroon blotch, light centre.

Queen of Whites (D.). Pure white, slightly marked pink.

Our Different Nurseries.

LOCATION AND ADVANTAGES.

Our **COLD CLIMATE NURSERY**, of 40 acres, is 2,300 feet above sea level, at Exeter, near Moss Vale, and being in the most delightful and fertile region of the State, gives us extraordinary facilities for growing stock. This land contains all the mineral elements needed to produce the hardest and healthiest trees—the kind which will produce the best possible results for our patrons. It is a law of nature that in order to obtain the best growth we must plant the best.

Our **GENERAL NURSERY** of 6 acres, is situated at Botany. Here we have every facility for propagating young plants. This nursery we devote specially to pot culture, and have at the present time no less than 250,000 pot plants of all descriptions, 10 glass houses, acres of palm sheds, etc. A ramble over the Nursery would surprise you. Purchasers will be met at tram.

Our **ROSE NURSERY** is near Burwood Railway Station, where we stock annually 40,000 Roses, this soil being especially adapted to Rose culture. Searls' Roses can be distinguished by their strong and healthy appearance.

All business done from our Central Depot, 86 King Street, Sydney.

SEARL & SONS.



Are Noted for their Produce.

Searls' New Double Chinese Peonies.

The old-fashioned Peony officinalis of our grandmother's garden have been eclipsed by improved sorts in recent years. They are the "Queen of Spring Flowers," well adapted for massing in beds, and planting in groups. Their requirements are so simple—a good, rich deep soil, an open, sunny position, if possible, and a liberal supply of water during the growing season, being sufficient to give an abundance and wealth of flowers, which rival the finest Roses in colouring and fragrance. They require no protection whatever, even in the most severe climate, are not troubled with pests or disease, and once planted take care of themselves, increasing in beauty each year. Plants ready May, June, July.

1s. 3d. each; 12s per doz., except where otherwise priced.

Augustine Mieliez. Soft pink, interspersed yellow, rose scented.

Grandiflora Superba. Large bright pink guard petals, centre flesh.

Delachei. Very deep crimson.

Francois Ortigat. Rich purple, rose scented, a very richly coloured variety.

Lord Salisbury. Rich crimson, very large and fragrant. 1s. 6d.

Raiko. A new variety, flowers large, pure white, and semi-double.

Magnifica. Soft pink centre, primrose and rose, rose scented.

Isabelle Karlitzky. Rose pink, fragrant.

Madame Benard. Bright rose, rose scented.

Louis Van Houtte. Handsome purple crimson, very fragrant.

Triomphe de Paris. Large, broad white guard petals, centre primrose, shading to white. 2s.

Whitleji. Very early, pure white, tinged rose, rose scented.

Princess May. Peach, creamy yellow centre.

Triomphe du Nord. Silvery pink, showing the golden anthers.

Madame Furtado. Carmine centre, florets tinged salmon rose, rose scented.

Searls' Rhododendrons

(Fine Named Hybrids)

This beautiful plant will take first rank among flowering shrubs. The best soil for Rhododendrons is a mixture of peat and turfy loam, but they will thrive in almost any good garden soil. In preparing the ground it should be thoroughly trenched and well drained, and if heavy a mixture of sand will be useful. They should be planted by themselves, or mixed with Azaleas, and in a sheltered part of the garden. They require constant attention to watering during the summer months—a thorough soaking is better than a little now and then—and a good mulching of very old manure keeps their roots moist and cool. Should the foliage become yellowish, top dress with rather fresh cow dung, or the use of a weak liquid manure a few times during the summer will soon change them to a dark green. There are few plants that are so beautiful, having good foliage all the year round, while the large trusses of bloom combined with the gorgeous colours make them peculiarly effective. They also make handsome pot plants either for the conservatory or the verandah.

Choice Named Varieties and Strong Plants, 2/6 to 7/6 each.

We stock many more varieties; apply for List.

Rhododendron Ponticum Violaceum. Flowers violet colour.

From 1s. 6d.

VIOLETS.

Admiral Avellan. A very distinct variety. The blooms are single, in colour rich purplish-crimson (an entirely new shade in this class of flowers); fragrant, and carried on long stalks. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per dozen.

California. A fine, large, single Violet; colour medium blue; straight, long stalks. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Count Brazza (Syn. Swanley White). This is one of the best double white Violets in cultivation. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

John Raddenbury. Single; colour pale blue; a very strong-growing Violet, and very hardy, the flowers produced on long footstalks. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

La France. The finest variety yet introduced. The flowers, which are as large as a two-shilling piece, are of a metallic blue-violet colour; long, stiff stalks, and very fragrant. 6d. each, 5s. doz.

Nothing can be more beautiful than some of the lovely varieties here enumerated. They are everybody's favourites. They cheer the most saddened spirits and gladden the most buoyant. They carry well per post. Mulch well and protect during the heat of summer.

May Jackson. A beautiful seedling; large, single, pale-blue flowers, superior to John Raddenbury. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. doz.

Marie Louise. Double; colour rich lavender-blue, with light centre; flowers very large, free-blooming, and deliciously fragrant. 3d. each, 2s. 6d. per doz.

Neapolitan. Double; colour a double shade of mauve, very strongly scented; a favourite variety. 3d. each, 2s. per doz.

New York.

Princess of Wales. A glorious and very fragrant variety of fine habit—sturdy growth—and justly famous for its early, continuous blooming and the immense number of flowers that it bears. It is a distinct type of the California Violet—being of a lighter purple. The flowers average larger than a silver dollar, and are borne on gracefully poised stems from 12 to 14 inches long. We can confidently recommend all growers and lovers of this family to obtain this variety. 8s. per doz.

The Petunia.

Double Varieties, 1s. each, 9s. per doz.

We have a splendid collection of double varieties. They should be planted in all gardens, as they are one of the showiest and easiest plants to grow, and give abundance of flowers during the hottest weather, when flowers are appreciated.

Pentstemons.

One of the best hardy plants for mixed borders, which will grow in almost any soil, but the richer and more open it is the better. They will bloom abundantly, and are very valuable for cut flowers, and have been so much improved that they are now a very ornamental class of plants, and ought to be in every garden. We have many named varieties, all colours, etc. Ask us about them; no room to list varieties of all sections.

9d. each; 9s. per doz.

Perennial Phloxes.

Imported from the Best European Sources.

No class of plants produce a better display of bloom than well-grown Phloxes. The flowers range from pure white to dark crimson, salmon and purple in many shades. They do best on an East or South border in deep, rich soil kept well watered in summer. They should not be disturbed after planting, as they do best after being established a year or two. This year we have a splendid collection.

Price 1s. each, 9s. doz.

Verbenas.

A large bed of this fine dwarf free-blooming plant is most gratifying to the eye. The Verbena is of trailing habit, and flowers all through our long run of warm weather. We stock in named varieties the following colours:—

Blue	Heliotrope	Purple	Red and White
Blue and White	Mauve	Red	Rose
	White, etc., etc.		Pink

9d. each; 7s. 6d. per doz., post free 8s. 6d.

SAVING PENNIES

and losing shillings is generally the experience of anyone who does not buy Seeds and Plants for the garden from a thoroughly reliable firm . . .

Searls' Herbaceous, Bulbous, and other Hardy Plants.

MOST of them will do in any climate, even the coldest parts, where, if cut down by frost, they will again spring up from the root stock. Plant in permanent open borders. A pleasing success greatly depends upon the judicious choice of varieties in order to obtain a succession of flowers all the year round. Any person of taste can make a perfect picture of his garden, by artistic grouping. Useful also for Cemetery Plots, &c. SEE BULBS IN SEPARATE LIST.

Agapanthus (the African Lily) Umbellatus, blue	s. d.
Umbellatus Alba	1 0
Strong, tuberous plants. with flower stem 3 feet in height, surrounded by a crown of beautiful flowers; perfectly hardy.	1 0
Umbellatus Variegatus	2 0
Similar to Umbellatus, with the exception that its foliage is variegated.	
Agathaea Coelestis (Blue Marguerite). Flowers similar to Paris Daisy, blue-yellow centre	1 0



Anemone Japonica

Agave Attenuata	2 0
Americana	1 6
Aurea Variegata	1 6
Very compact habit. Beautiful plants for lawn decoration.	
Aloe Arborea	1 6
Hanburiana	1 6
Saponaria	1 6
Socotrana	1 6
Useful plants for rockeries.	
Alocasia Macrorrhiza (the Spoon Lily)	1 6
Very useful for bush-house or verandah culture.	
Macrorrhiza Variegata, leaves beautifully variegated	2 0
Alstroemeria Aurantica, brownish-orange	1 0
Alba, pure white	1 0
Pelegina, pale yellow, striped white rose	1 0
Few plants need less attention to grow them successfully, either in pots or planted out. They are very effective in masses.	
Amaryllis , of sorts	from 1s. to 2 6
New exquisite varieties of different colours; very fashionable flower in England at the present time.	
Amorophalus Riveri	1 6
Flowers of this Lily are dark-green colour, speckled or dotted with rose; pretty leaves, beautifully marbled stem.	
Anchusa Capensis (Cape Forget-me-not). Large dark blue	1 0
Angelonia Grandiflora Alba. A dwarf, free-flowering plant; pure white flowers	0 6
Anemone	
Jap. Brilliant, single, pink	1 0
Jap. Honorine Joubert, single, white	1 0
Japonica (Lady Ardilaun). Pure white; larger and more vigorous than the early variety	1 0
Japonica Montrose. A new and semi-double variety of the Japanese Anemone. The flowers are deep rose in colour, and quite as free as the ordinary varieties	1 6

Anemone —Continued.	s. d.
Japonica Soir D'Ete. Flowers very large; rosy colour, with purplish shade underneath; petals slightly imbricated	1 6
Japonica Prince Heinrich (new). See novelties.	
Japonica Purpurea (new). See novelties.	
Japonica Queen Charlotte (new). See novelties.	
Japonica Sylvestris, fl. pl. Flowers double white, measuring 2 inches in diameter. The leaves are very hairy	1 6
Jap. Whirlwind, double, white	1 0
Well-known handsome flowering border plants.	
Anthericum (St. Bruno's Lily) Elegantissimum, foliage a band of yellow through the centre	1 0
Alba Variegatum, foliage a band of white through the centre	1 0
Showy variegated foliage plants, suitable for hanging baskets and rockeries.	
Arundo Donax Variegata, beautiful bamboo-like reeds, variegated yellow and white, 12 feet	1 6
Arum Palastinum (Black Calla), flowers purplish blotched outside, rich veivety black inside, and yellowish-white at the base of the tube. (Syn. Arum Sanctum)	1 6
Asclepias Incarnata	1 6
Erect-growing herbaceous plant, with umbels of numerous reddish-purple flowers, usually twin; 2 feet.	
Aster Alpina (Michaelmas Daisy)	1 0
Novi Belgii (Lady Trevelyan), best white	1 0
White Queen	1 0
Perry Pink, large, rosy-pink flowers	1 0
Perry's Favourite, extra large pink, choice	1 6
Phoebe, large, pale purple Aster; choice and pretty	1 6
Pyreneus, clear blue flowers, yellow centre	1 0
Top Sawyer, lavender, pale yellow centre	1 0
These Asters are charming, especially the new coloured varieties. They receive admiration from all who see them.	



Bletia Hyacinthia (the Hardy Orchid)	from 3 6
Also see Orchids.	
Terrestrial or earth-rooting Orchid of great beauty and value. The leaves are narrow. The pretty Hyacinth-like purple flowers are freely produced after the plant is well established. An excellent cut flower.	

HERBACEOUS AND BULBOUS PLANTS—Continued.

Ballotto <i>Nigra</i> Variegata (Variegated Mint)	s. d.
.....	0 6
Bambusa (Bamboo Cane) <i>Arundinacea</i> , one of the strongest	
Bamboos, 50 feet	2 6
Falcata, beautiful plumed species. 8 feet	2 0
Humilis, 15 feet	1 6
Nigra (Black Bamboo), 20 feet	1 6
Fortuni, dwarf	1 0
Bamboos, or Tree Grasses, thrive well here, and are quite indispensable in first-class grounds. They add a distinct and picturesque feature.	
Bomarea <i>Salsilla</i> . Flowers purple, pink, and green; very uncommon, hardy climbing plant. This ought to be known	1 6
Brodiaea <i>Coccinea</i> (Fire Cracker). Handsome crimson flowers, umbels composed of 6 to 12 drooping flowers, 3d each, per doz.	2 6

Packing Plants.

The care taken over Strong, Healthy Plants is often thrown away by careless packing.

We always pack most carefully, but we do not take responsibility for breakages.

SEARL & SONS
86 King St.



Lily of the Valley.

Clivia <i>Mineata</i> , red and orange flowers, drooping habit	2 0
<i>Nobilis</i>	2 0
A splendid free-flowering bulbous plant, with orange-yellow <i>Amaryllis</i> -like flowers, produced on spikes about a foot high; beautiful pot plant for verandah or bush-house culture.	
Calla <i>Elliottiana</i> . This valuable aroid has buttercup-yellow flowers, and its leaves are spotted with silver; one of the most beautiful of all <i>Callas</i>	2 6
<i>Ethiopica</i> (<i>Arum Lily</i>), " <i>Lily of the Nile</i> "; one of the easiest culture; prefers moist situation especially; foliage large, flowers white	1 0
<i>Lemon Giant</i> ; large yellow spathe, yellowish foliage, white spotted leaves	2 6
<i>Rhemanni</i> , pink-flowering <i>Calla</i>	3 6
<i>Maculata Alba</i> , with leaves spotted with silver; effective; flowers white	1 0
<i>Little Gem</i> , small-flowering variety of <i>Calla Ethiopica</i> ...	1 0
Cereus <i>Colubrinus</i>	1 6
<i>Grandifloris</i>	1 6
<i>Speciosa</i>	1 6
<i>Flagelliformis</i>	1 6
Chrysanthemum <i>Frutescens</i> (<i>Paris Daisy</i>)—	
Single white, 4 feet	0 6
Double white, 4 feet	0 6
Single yellow, 4 feet	0 6
Double yellow, 4 feet	0 6
<i>Leucanthemum</i> (White Ox-Eyed Daisy)	0 3
<i>Leucanthemum Maximum</i>	1 0
<i>Leucanthemum</i> (<i>Shasta Daisy</i>)	0 3
<i>Andersoni</i> , white, with black centre	1 0
<i>King Edward VII.</i>	1 0
Cooperia (<i>Zephyranthes</i>) <i>Drummondii</i> , flowers pure white... This belongs to the <i>Amaryllis</i> family. The beautiful <i>Lily</i> -like flowers are borne on stems 10 to 15 inches high. The flowers spring up, as if by magic, repeatedly through the season.	1 0
<i>Oberwetteri</i>	1 0
Crassula <i>Coccinea</i> , scarlet (synonymous with <i>Kalosanthes Coccinea</i>)	1 0
Crinum , choice varieties	1 6
<i>Asiaticum</i>	1 6
<i>Maritimum</i> (<i>Sea Daffodil</i>), pure white; exquisite form	1 6
<i>Pendulatum</i> , another choice variety	1 6
Resembles <i>Agapanthus</i> in its habit; also produces tall flower stems, but its crown of flowers is more feathery.	

Convallaria <i>Majallia</i> (<i>Lily of the Valley</i>)	1 0
<i>Majallia Rosea</i> , pink	1 0
Convolvulus <i>Mauritanicus</i> , flowers blue, with a white throat and yellow anthers; very useful for baskets, each	1 0
Cyclamen , of various colours	1s. 6d.; per doz. 15 0
Very fine winter and spring flowering plants, which we can highly recommend	
Cyperus <i>Alternifolius</i>	1 0
<i>Laxus</i>	1 0
The so-called Umbrella Grass.	
<i>Papyrus</i> (<i>Egyptian Paper Reed</i>)	1 6
Synonymous with <i>Papyrus Antiquorum</i> . (See <i>Aquatic Plants</i> .)	
Doronicum <i>Harper Crewe</i> , very striking large <i>Daisy</i> -like flowers of a deep yellow colour; very useful for cutting purposes, 2 feet	1 0
Delphinium (the <i>Perennial Larkspur</i>), in pots, 1s. each; per doz.	10 6
This is one of the showiest of hardy perennials, producing long spikes of all shades of blue. They excite the admiration of all lovers of flowers; strong plants. As seedlings (see <i>Annual List</i>), 2s. per doz.	
<i>Album Grandiflorum</i> , the white variety; very floriferous	1 0
Dielytra (or <i>Dicentra</i>) <i>Spectabilis</i> (<i>Bleeding Heart</i>), strong plants	1 0
The showy, heart-shaped flowers of rosy crimson and silvery white of this plant are borne on a graceful, drooping raceme a foot or more in length. It is superb for the garden, and perfectly hardy everywhere.	
Epiphyllum <i>Truncatum</i> ; of sorts	1 6
A hardy class of plants, and very showy when in bloom.	
Echinops <i>Mulleri</i> (see block in <i>Tree and Shrub Portion</i>)	s. d. 1 6
Echeveria <i>Metallica</i>	1 0
<i>Agavoides</i> , very beautiful	1 0
<i>Desmetiana</i> , foliage silvery-white, suitable for sunny banks	1 0
<i>Retusa Floribunda</i> , compact growing, very floriferous variety, winter flowering	1 0
<i>Secunda Glauca</i> (see <i>Carpet Bedding Plants</i>). <i>Metallica</i> is a hardy plant, and is highly ornamental when used in carpet bedding; the leaves are large, and with a metallic colour; the other variety has green leaves, and grow in the shape of a rosette.	
Eulalia <i>Japonica</i> , 4 feet	1 6
<i>Japonica Zebrina Variegata</i> , 4 feet	1 6
Beautiful grass-like plants, suitable for edge of ponds, or may be used with great effect as a border plant, or specimen on lawns.	
Farfugium <i>Grande</i>	1 0
A Japanese plant; produces dark-green, shining leaves, blotched with yellow, or sometimes white and rose; very ornamental.	
Funkia (<i>Plantain Lily</i>) <i>Aurea</i>	1 6
<i>Aurea Striata</i>	1 6
<i>Cucullata</i>	1 0
<i>Japonica</i> , white	1 0
<i>Japonica Variegata</i> , with variegated foliage and blue flowers; very ornamental	1 6
<i>Ovata</i>	1 0
<i>Sieboldti Elatior</i>	1 0
<i>Subcordata</i> (<i>Corfu Lily</i>)	1 0
An attractive tribe of hardy herbaceous plants; good foliage and perfumed flowers.	
Gazanea <i>Lutea</i> , flower of a pure golden-yellow	0 3
<i>Splendens</i>	0 6
<i>Argentia</i> , new, producing silver-margined foliage	0 6
Hardy, showy, herbaceous plants from the Cape; produce large flower-heads of bright orange, with black and white spots at the base of each petal of a trailing habit; good for bordering.	
Gerbera <i>Jamesoni</i> (the <i>Scarlet Lily of South Africa</i>). Plants 2s. each, post free 2s. 6d.	
We have worked a Grand Stock of this for season 1908-9. This brilliant <i>Daisy</i> flowers throughout the summer when in an open sunny border. The plant forms a dense tuft of leaves, from the crown of which it sends up in constant succession stout stems 12 to 18 inches long, which are terminated with single, <i>Daisy</i> -like flowers fully 3 inches across, and varying in colour from bright orange-red to deep vermillion.	
Gillenia <i>Trifoliata</i> , pretty plant	1 6
Gloriosa <i>Superba</i> (the beautiful <i>Glory Climbing Lily of East India</i>)	5 0
A climbing <i>Lilium</i> with exquisite flowers, which, at opening, are green, then they turn yellow, and at last a bright scarlet, with orange-red at the base.	
Gynerium <i>Argenteum</i> (<i>Pampas Grass</i>), white	1 6
<i>Roseum</i> , pink	1 6
A beautiful, strong-growing grass, which grows freely in any position, and throws up tall stalks 8 feet high, and surmounted by splendid feathery plumes of great beauty.	

HERBACEOUS AND BULBOUS PLANTS—Continued.

Gysophila <i>Paniculata</i> , fl. pl.	s. d. 2 0
A grand novelty for cut-flower purposes. Produces large panicles of small double pure-white flowers, which last on the plant for a long time.	
Hedychium <i>Coronarum Album</i> , sweet-scented, snow-white flowers	1 0
Gardnerianum, lemon-yellow, large and fragrant	1 6
Tall, Canna-like plants; very showy, with heads of Orchid-like flowers; very ornamental.	
Heliopsis <i>B. Ladhams</i> : yellow flowers on long, graceful stems; one of the best Sunflower species; 3 feet...	1 6
Helleborus <i>Niger</i> (White Christmas Rose)	1 6
Hybrida	1 6
Helianthus <i>Multiflorus Plenus</i> (the Double Perennial Sunflower)	1 0
Multiflorus (the Single Perennial Sunflower)	1 0
Both very showy floriferous perennials.	
Helenium (Autumn Sneezewort) <i>Autumnale Superbum</i> , yellow	1 0
Hooperi. Orange	1 0
<i>Grandicephalum Striatum</i> . Yellow, striped red	1 0
Three pretty Herbaceous Plants; very floriferous.	



Romneya Coulteri (Californian Poppy).

Hemerocallis (Day Lily)	1 0
Disticha, double flowers, orange-crimson	1 0
Middendorffii, large yellow	1 0
Major, very large, single, yellow	1 0
Very ornamental, hardy, herbaceous perennials. All varieties are of easy culture, and are admirably adapted for shrubberies or clumps. The flowers are produced successively and in abundance.	
Heuchera <i>Sanguinea</i>	1 0
Throws up spikes with blood-red flowers; very pretty; requires the same pot culture as Primulas or Cyclamen.	
Hippeastrum (Equestrian Star). We have a very choice variety of the latest colours popular in London now. Up to 7s. 6d each.	
Hyacinthus <i>Candicans</i>	1 0
A species of Hyacinth that grows 3 to 5 feet high, with spikes of pure-white flowers. A bed of a dozen or more bulbs produce a grand effect.	
Impatiens <i>Sultani</i> (Perennial Balsam). A very floriferous pot plant, flowering nearly all the year round, in different shades of pink, salmon, purple	1 0
Imantophyllum (see Clivia).	

Incarvillea <i>Delavayi</i>	s. d. 2 0
A desirable perennial plant, which has been aptly termed "The Hardy Gloxinia." It produces rose-coloured, trumpet-shaped flowers, spotted with yellow, the throat of the flower being brown. They bloom at the top of long stalks in racemous clusters.	
Iris <i>Germanica</i> ; many varieties; the well-known German or Flag Iris	1 0
Koempferi	
This beautiful, flag-like flower of Japan contains a great diversity of colour. The flowers are enormous, the colours embracing white, crimson, rose, lilac, blue, lavender, and violet, each flower representing several shades. A golden-yellow blotch on each petal adds to effect. They attain to the greatest perfection if supplied with an abundance of water at the time of flowering.	
A splendid named collection, single and double, in many shades of colour, 10s. per dozen.	
Robinsoniana (the Lord Howe Island Wedding Flower).	
A tall-growing evergreen species, with white flowers	
Spanish	1 0
Stylosa (Evergreen), blue flowers	0 6
Stylosa Alba, pure white	1 0
Laevigata Alba	1 0
Laevigata Purpurea	1 0
Pavonia (Peacock Iris)	0 6
Sanguinea	1 0

This is the best of the Tiberian Irises, and extremely desirable in every respect. Brilliant blue flowers, freely produced. The plant grows with great vigour, and is perfectly hardy.

All the Iris are worthy of special attention on account of their beautiful combination of colours, which is making them so popular.

Isolepis <i>Gracilis</i> ; a beautiful grass-like plant; good for baskets	1 0
Lachenalia (Cape Cowslip)	1 0
Aurea, beautiful golden-yellow	1 0
Bicolor	1 0
Contaminata, white with a blue tinge	1 0
Tricolour	1 0
Lachenalias are among the most distinct and beautiful of dwarf bulbous plants, and worthy of more cultivation.	
Leonotis <i>Leonurus</i> ; orange flowers	1 0
Linum <i>Triginum</i> , yellow, winter-flowering	1 0
Liatris <i>Pycnostachia</i> (Kansas Gay Feather)	1 6
Flowers rosy-purple, on spikes one foot long. Begins to bloom at the top of spike, going down progressively.	
Leucanthemum <i>Etoile Polaire</i> (North Star). Flowers measuring nearly 5 inches in diameter; pure white, with a long, solid stalk; free flowering	1 6
Lithospermum <i>Purpurea Coerulea</i>	1 6
Lobelia <i>Cardinalis</i> (Queen Victoria), scarlet flowers and bronze foliage	1 0
Lotus <i>Pelyorhynchus</i> (Coral Gem)	1 0
A most charming trailing plant, especially suited for basket culture, with small, slender, silvery foliage and bright coral-red flowers.	
Melanthus <i>Major</i> (the Honey Flower—from <i>mell</i> , honey, and <i>anthos</i> , a flower)	1 6
Quite an acquisition to any garden. The foliage is a pale green, deeply cut into acute divisions, and the flowers brown and yellow.	
Myrica <i>Coerulea</i> . The habit of a tall-growing Iris; pretty blue flowers	1 0
Mesembryanthemum	0 6
We have a collection of the most showy varieties: orange, yellow, dark crimson, pink, white, and mauve. Succulent plants, suitable for rockeries and edges; free-flowering.	
Michaelmas Daisy (see Aster).	
Mimulus <i>Moschatus</i> (Musk), flowers yellow, leaves sweetly scented	0 6
Montbretia (<i>Crocasmia</i>), very floriferous bulbous plants, excellent for cutting and grouping; dazzling orange	1 6
Flore Plena, the first double Montbretia; like a yellow	
Tuberose	1 6
Rosea, delicate rose	1 6
Drap D'or (Golden Flag), orange-yellow	1 6
Nertera <i>Depressa</i> (Bead Plant), well adapted for culture in pots or shallow pans, with small orange berries	1 0
Nierembergia <i>Gracilis</i> (The Cup Flower); flowers white, streaked with purple, with a yellow centre; an excellent and very floriferous species	1 0
Ophiopogon <i>Jaburan Variegatus</i> , with violet-blue flowers, freely-produced foliage, golden variegation	1 6
<i>Japonica Argentea</i> , with white flowers; foliage, silver variegation	1 6
Pampas Grass (see <i>Gynerium</i>).	
Pancratium (the Sea Daffodil), handsome clusters of large, very fragrant snow-white flowers	1 0
Pardanthus <i>Sinensis</i> (Blackberry Iris)	1 0
The flowers are of a beautiful orange-yellow, with dark brown spots, produced on long stalks two to three feet. After flowering, there appears seeds in the shape of a perfect Blackberry, which last for a long time. Very showy and striking novelty.	
<i>Sinensis Flava</i> . A clear yellow variety of the above	1 0

HERBACEOUS AND BULBOUS PLANTS—Continued.

Paeony, Herbaceous, single and double varieties. s. d.
1s. 6d. each, per doz. 15 0
We grow in our Exeter Nursery this world-wide favourite. Their flowers are exceedingly effective. The profusion and duration of bloom, combined with handsome, massive foliage, and ease of culture render them one of the most popular hardy plants. The flowers are large, perfect in outline, and most beautiful as cut flowers; can scarcely be surpassed.

Pentstemon (Beard-tongue). Named varieties, 1s. each, per doz. 9 0

As an attractive decorative plant for the flower border, the Pentstemon has scarcely any rival with so many advantages in its favour—it is easily grown, stands the heat and drought better than any other florists' flower, is perfectly hardy, and produces its fine spikes of bloom more or less throughout the greater part of the year.

Perennial Phlox are among the finest and most effective for summer and autumn display; as border plants nothing will rival them 1s. each, per doz. 9 0

We have a good collection of many coloured named varieties.

Philo Cactus (Empress of Germany) 1 6

This grand flowering Cactus is of a beautiful pink colour, and borne by the score for a long period, each flower keeping perfect several days. It is the most magnificent of all Cacti.

Philo Cactus Albus. Large white 1 6

Platycodon Grandiflora (Chinese Balloon Flower), blue ... 1 0
Grandiflora Albus, white 1 0

With Campanula-like flowers; very pretty.

Poa Trivialis Variegata (Variegated Grass) 0 9

Pollanthes Tuberosa (Tuberose), single-flowered 0 6

Double-flowered 0 6

The Pearl, flowers double, dwarf habit 0 6

The delightful fragrance of the flowers, on tall spikes, renders it useful for cutting. They bloom a long period.

Polyanthus (Cowslip), varieties 3d. each, per doz. 2 0

An old favourite in English cottage gardens, and a free-flowering plant; during the spring, trusses of flowers are produced on short stems; colours various; we have a grand variety.



Salvia Splendens (Bonfire).

Polygonatum Vulgare (Solomon's Seal) 1 0

An excellent border plant; exceedingly pretty.

Polygonum Compactum, flowers white 0 6

Potentilla, pretty flowering plants, in various colours 0 6

Primula (English Primrose), Burgundy 1 0

Double Lilac 1 0 Sanguinea Plena 1 0

Double Mauve 1 0 Single Mauve 1 0

Double White 1 0 Veris, Cowslip 0 6

Double Yellow 1 0 Virginia, single 1 0

Vulgaris (Common Primrose) 3d. each, per doz. 2 6

The world's gems. Better adapted for cooler climates.

Primula Obconica (Baby Primrose) from s. d.
1 0
Exceedingly graceful slender flower-stalks rising above the leaves, bearing many dainty-coloured flowers. New flower-stems are constantly appearing; always in bloom.

Primula Sinensis, in various shades of colour, red, white, yellow, rose, etc. 1 0

Pyrethrums, new flowering varieties per doz. 2 0

For cut flowers no out-door plants are more useful, for at the beginning of summer they bloom, and continue while the weather keeps open; they delight in plenty of room, deep rich soil, plenty of manure, and a good soaking in dry weather.

Our

Ambition

is to

Give You

Full

Satisfaction.



Saxifraga Filamentosa

Romneya Coulteri 1 6

This is the finest herbaceous perennial known. Commonly called the Californian Bush Poppy. Flowers pure white, yellow centre, petals of which resemble crinkled tissue. As a cut flower it is excellent, lasting long in water. 6 feet.

Rudbeckia, Double (Golden Glow or Cone Flower) 1 0

A glorious plant that will find a place in every garden; of fine habit, vigorous growth; early, continuous and immense blooming; the stems are long, and often carry a dozen flowers furnished with beautiful foliage.

Salvia Azurea, blue and white 1 0

Bethelli, rosy-pink, tipped white 1 0

Coccinea, scarlet 1 0

Farinacea, white and violet; pretty 1 0

Glory of Stuttgart 1 0

Howell, purplish-blue 1 0

M. Issanchon, red and white variegated 1 0

Patens, celestial blue 1 0

Splendens Grandiflora, red 0 6

A charming family of free-blooming herbaceous plants; quite hardy.

Sauromatum Siamense (the Snake Lily); the stem of the foliage has markings like a snake 1 6

Saxifraga Filamentosa (Creeping Sailor) 1 0

Sarmentosa 1 0

Aaron's Beard; suitable for hanging baskets.

Sedum Japonicum Fol Variegata 1 6

Japonicum Macrophylla Aurea Marginata 1 6

Sieboldtii 1 0

Spectabile, large pink heads of flowers 1 0

Sedum Gracilis, very small variety 0 6

Sedums are amongst the easiest of plants to grow. Like Saxifragas, they succeed on rockwork, old walls, or in the mixed border.

Shamrock. True Irish 0 6

Shasta Daisy, pure white, yellow centre 0 3

The best and purest of White Marguerites. A magnificent cut flower for lasting in water.

Solidago (Golden Rod) Canadensis, yellow 1 0

Procera Folius Variegatus 1 0

Rigida, yellow 1 0

These produce golden flowers; a very useful plant.

Spirea Japonica, or Astilbe Japonica, producing white plume-like flowers; very attractive 1 6

Astilbe Rosea, producing pink flowers 1 6

Sprekelia Formosissima (Jacobean Lily), crimson, very beautiful 1 6

Statice Dicksoni, pink Everlasting Flowers 1 0

Brassicifolia, purple everlasting flowers 1 0

Sternbergia (Mount Etna Lily) Lutea, yellow 1 6

Macrantha 1 6

Searls' Seeds SEARL & SONS are Reliable.

HERBACEOUS AND BULBOUS PLANTS—Continued.

Stokesia Cyanus (Perennial Cornflower)	s. d. 1 0
A valuable herbaceous hardy evergreen, producing from Christmas till winter double starry flowers of a lilac-purple colour.	
Thunbergia Hawtayeana, corolla violet-purple, yellowish tube; a handsome herbaceous shrub	1 0
Other Thunbergia , see Climbers.	
Tritoma (Syn. Kniphofia) (so-called Queen's Lily) Grandiflora	1 0
Madame Owanli, orange and red	1 0
Star of Baden Baden, orange	1 0
Uvaria, flowers coral-red, shading to orange	1 0
Trollius Europeus, yellow	1 0
Gigantea, yellow	1 6
The Globe Flower; a very valuable class of plants.	
Tuberose , double, strong clumps	0 6
Excelsior Pearl, short stalks, long spikes, large flowers, full, double, and sweet	0 6
Single, strong clumps	0 6
The Tuberose is noted for its delicate beauty and exquisite fragrance; the flowers are pure white, very double and wax-like, and borne on stems two or three feet high.	
Tweedia Cœrulea	1 0
A charming plant, remarkable for its changes in colour; when first open, pale blue with a tinge of green; then purple; when withered, lilac.	
Valotta Purpurea (the Scarborough Lily), orange-scarlet... ..	1 6
Vinca Major (Variegated Periwinkle, or Band Plant)	1 0
Wahlenbergia Saxicola (Harebell), flowers white; introduced from the mountains of New Zealand; splendid for borders	1 0
Zingiber Officialis (Ginger of commerce); pretty flowers ..	1 6

Any others in this section you are looking for, ask for, it being impossible to catalogue all we stock.



Sedum Spectabilis

Searls' Decorative Palms.



A Group of Searls' Kentia Palms

No plants are more graceful or better adapted for house and table decoration than these, while many varieties are hardy and suitable for outdoor cultivation in all except the coldest parts of the State, but it is safer to plant outside during the warmer months of the year. If the leaves are sponged with soapy water every fortnight it will keep them free from scale; care should be taken, however, to syringe or wash them with fresh water afterwards. We can supply, for indoor decorative purposes, four varieties of Kentias, the hardiest and most useful of all palms. Good Table Specimens, from 1s. 6d. upwards, according to size.

Areca Bauerii	from 1 6
Rubra	from 3 6
Sapida	from 1 6
Lutescens, a very fine and most graceful of the species, from 2 0	
Brahea Filamentosa	from 1 6
One of the best Palms for embellishing the garden grounds. Most suitable for planting as a single specimen in lawns and elsewhere; the quickest-growing Palm; should be planted out during the warmer parts of the year.	
Carludovicia Palmata. A beautiful fan Palm; a fast grower	from 5 0
Chamærops Excelsa	from 1 6
Fortunii	from 1 6
The Chamærops are very hardy Palms, especially suited for the cooler parts of this State, where they grow into magnificent specimens. They will stand several degrees of frost.	
Cocos Australis	from 2 6
Coronata	from 2 6
Plumosa	from 2 6
Weddelliana	from 3 6
The Weddelliana is unquestionably the most elegant and graceful Palm in existence. The finely-cut leaves are recurved with exquisite grace, which makes it attractive on the dining table.	
Corypha Australis (the New South Wales Cabbage Tree Palm); when planted out, make fine specimens, from 1 6	

* TABLE PALMS *

ONE of the causes of so many Table Palms dying unexpectedly is that in the majority of cases they have been grown in the open ground, lifted, and put into pots and sold at once, their only merit being cheapness. All Palms we grow are established some months before sale, and you have a good pot-grown palm for 1s. 6d. upwards to £5 5s.

SEARLS' DECORATIVE PALMS—Continued.

	s. d.
Cycas Circinalis, very showy and quite hardy out of doors, from 2 6	
<i>Revoluta</i> (the well-known Japanese Sago Palm); hardy, and makes a handsome lawn specimen from 2 6	
Diplothemium Maritimum (Wine Palm) from 2 0	
One of the finest Palms for outdoor culture; makes a noble-looking lawn specimen; very hardy; and will also thrive close to the sea.	
Euterpe Edulis, graceful Palm from Brazil from 2 6	



Cocos Weddelliana.

Erythea Edulis, a handsome species, with a slender trunk, for outside culture (syn. with <i>Brahea Edulis</i>), from 2 6	
Hyophorbe Verschaffelti, a splendid species of Palm; handsome from 2 6	
Jubæa Spectabilis (The Chilian Sugar Palm) from 2 6	



Phoenix Tenuis

Kentia Belmoreana (Curly Palm) from 1 6	
<i>Canterburyana</i> (the largest Mountain Palm) from 1 6	
<i>Fosteriana</i> (The Thatch Palm) from 1 6	
<i>Moorei</i> from 2 6	

The Kentias are the hardiest, most beautiful and most useful of all Palms. We supply a beautiful plant to value of 1s. 6d. For decorative purposes they cannot be excelled. Specimen plants of the above can be supplied up to 10 feet high in pots. Come and see our stock.

The prices quoted are for medium-sized, well-furnished plants, but we can also supply splendid extra-sized, well-developed plants of nearly every variety.



Let Searls' Furnish
your
Bush House.

Latania Borbonica from 1 6	s. d.
A very beautiful fan-leaved Palm; native of China and Japan. Has large, fan-shaped leaves of a cheerful green colour. Excellent for indoor decoration, and does well outside in sheltered position.	
<i>Livistonia Woodfordi</i> ; a Palm from South Sea Islands from 5 0	
<i>Rubra Livistonia Commersonii</i> ; choice from 3 6	
Licuala Jenningsii from 3 6	
Macrozamia (Fern Palm) <i>Miquelliana</i> from 1 6	
<i>Denisonii</i> from 1 6	
Oreodoxa Regia (The Royal or King Palm), a very graceful growing palm from 2 0	



A Group of Searls' Kentia Palms, in Fancy Majolica-ware Pots.

Phoenix Canariensis from 2 6	
<i>Dactylifera</i> (Date Palm) from 2 6	
<i>Farinifera</i> from 2 6	
<i>Reclinata</i> from 2 6	
<i>Rupicola</i> from 2 6	
<i>Sylvestris</i> from 2 6	
<i>Tenuis</i> from 2 6	
<i>Zanzibariensis</i> from 2 6	

All splendidly adapted for ornamenting and giving a tropical appearance to the garden, thrive well outside. In large sizes, up to 4 feet high. Safest when planted out during summer months.

Rhapis (the Japanese Bamboo Palm) <i>Flabelliformis</i> .. from 3 6	
<i>Humilis</i> from 3 6	

Very handsome and graceful Palms.

Seaforthia Elegans from 1 6	
The Bangalow Palm of New South Wales; suitable for outdoor culture.	

Sabal Blackburniana (the Giant Fan Palm) from 1 6	
<i>Palmetto</i> from 1 6	
<i>Umbraculifera</i> from 1 6	

These are all hardy, and make fine lawn specimens.

Searls' Palms in Majolica Pots, most decorative and attractive, from 1s. to 5s. each. They always give satisfaction.

ROSES SEARLS' ROSES

Ever-blooming. Climbing. Hybrid Perpetual. Polyantha. Standard.

ABBREVIATIONS USED.—T., Tea Varieties; H.T., Hybrid Tea Varieties; H.P., Hybrid Perpetual; Clb., Climbers; N., Noisette.



Portion of Rose Nursery at Burwood, covering four acres.

RECENTLY INTRODUCED VARIETIES.

Albert Durand (T.). Vigorous. Growth erect, flowers large, full and opening freely; colour, coppery-carmine, shaded flesh, deepening in the centre, changing in the autumn to canary-yellow. Very fine rose. **1s. 6d.**

Cherry Ripe (H.T.). Light cherry crimson, very fragrant; flowers medium-sized, well-formed, full, and globular; a very floriferous bedding Rose. **1s. 6d.**

Comte de Torres (H.T.). Outer petals salmon-white, centre coppery salmon-yellow slightly tinted with rose; growth climbing. **1s. 6d.**

Countess of Gosford (H.T.). Vigorous, salmon-pink rose and pink running into each other; the base of petals suffused saffron-yellow, and the whole bloom shaded salmon. The colour never fades; the blooms are of perfect form, large, full, very long and pointed. **2s.**

Climbing Captain Hayward (H.P.). A strong climbing form of this well-known crimson Rose, and should prove most useful. **1s. 6d.**

Climbing Frau Karl Druschki (H.P.). A climbing form of the well-known white Rose, which has been such a favourite these last few seasons, and is generally regarded as one of the best varieties in cultivation. **1s. 6d.**

Climbing White Maman Cochet (H.T.). We truly believe it will prove to be absolutely the greatest acquisition of recent years amongst new Roses. The flowers are, of course, identical with the lovely dwarf variety. The habit of the plant as a climber is certainly all that could be desired. Somewhat after the growth of *Reve D'or*. It is all that has been said of it, being without shadow of doubt the best white climber. We are bringing it within the reach of all this year by offering it at the low figure of **2s. 6d.** each.

Grand Duchess Alexandra (H.T.). Kaiserine A. Victoria is a good Rose, but Grand Duchess Alexandra promises to be better. Both similar in colour; sweet scented, but the bloom is larger and the plant of more branching habit, stronger, and mildew-proof. **1s. 6d.**

Gruss an Sangerhausen (H.T.). Brilliant scarlet, crimson centre; flowers very large and full, most floriferous. **1s. 6d.**

Herzogin Victoria Adelheid (H.T.). Clear, bright red, large and full; form and habit of Madame Jules Grolez, but a little stronger in growth; fine for bedding and massing. **1s. 6d.**

Lady Calmouth (H.T.). Pure white, very lightly tinted pale pink, very large globular flowers, well formed, and carried on stout, erect stems. **1s. 6d.**

Directions for Planting.—See that the drainage is good when selecting ground to plant Roses. The land should be well drained if moist; this done, the ground should be trenched 18 to 24 inches deep, as the nature of the soil will admit; and be particular that the surface soil is left upon the top, introducing manure freely. After this treatment the beds will last for several years with occasional dressing of manure. Make the ground even, and when digging the holes to receive plants, take out sufficient soil to let the roots down, say, four or five inches below the surface, open the soil for a good distance around so as to allow the roots to spread freely, sprinkle fine soil over them, cover all evenly, and tread down firmly so as to consolidate soil about the roots, then stake them carefully and give them a good watering.

RECENTLY INTRODUCED VARIETIES—Continued.

- Lady Overtoun** (H.P.). Pale salmon-flesh, centre silvery-pink; petals reflexed, flowers large; a free and constant bloomer. **1s 6d**
- Lady Rossmore** (H.T.). Vigorous. A most valuable addition to the darker coloured Hybrid Teas. The growth is vigorous and erect, flowering freely and continuously throughout the season; the petals are large, smooth, and of great substance; colour, reddish-crimson, with claret shading. **2s.**
- M. A. Lippiatt** (H.T.). Deep red, shaded crimson, strong grower, good habit; a New Zealand variety. **2s.**
- Madame Constant Soupert** (T.). Large blooms, well formed; colour deep apricot, shaded peach; very fine. **1s. 6d.**
- Madame Melane Soupert** (H.T.). A good grower, hardy habit, deep green foliage, large, fairly full, flowers golden-yellow suffused with pink. **1s. 6d.**
- Madame Jenny Guillemot** (H.T.). Deep saffron-yellow, very fine, blooms large, petals very smooth. **1s. 6d.**
- Madame Jules Gravereaux** (Cib. T.). Buff white, shaded peach and yellow, very large, good shape, very free flowering, and has been well shown. **1s. 6d.**
- Madame Gamon** (Gamon, 1905). Apricot colour, shaded with bluish red, golden yellow in the centre; flowers large and full. **2s**
- Marie Louise d'Adda** (Leveque, 1905). White, slightly tinted with pink, centre yellowish pink, large full flowers of good form. **2s.**
- Marie Estelle** (T.). Colour, chamoise-rose, centre petals coppery-flesh, outer petals washed with carmine. **1s. 6d.**
- Marie Cortey** (H.T.). Beautiful satin-pink, cream on the edge of petals, large, full, globular flowers. **1s. 6d.**
- Mrs. Peter Blair** (H.T.). Another good medal variety of Dickson's raising; a decorative Rose of exquisite form, and of a rich lemon-yellow, with golden centre; buds very long and shapely, growth robust, flowers sweetly scented. **2s.**

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES.

These Roses are very constant in their gifts of bloom. The Tea Section improves with age, and neither the first nor the second flowering should be taken as a fair criterion of the perfume or beauty of particular varieties which characterises them later on.

TEA-SCENTED and HYBRID TEA-SCENTED.

1s. each, 10s. per doz., post free 11s.

- Abbe Garrouste**. Colour, inner petals coppery-yellow and pink-carmine; edges of petals China rose; large and full.
- Alexandra**. Flowers pale buff, with orange-yellow centre, shaded with apricot and bronze; very beautifully shaped and exceedingly attractive, both on the plant and when cut.
- Alice Grahame**. Ivory white, tinted salmon. Distinct and magnificent Rose of the highest excellence and perfect form. This variety frequently varies, both in form and colour. Free and continuous blooming.
- Alice Lindsell** (H.T.). Creamy-white, with pink centre; very large, full, perfectly formed, robust, and very free. Gold Medal, N.R.S.
- American Beauty** (T.). Rosy-cerise; large petal and flower; full and fragrant.
- Andre Schwartz** (T.). Deep crimson, shaded scarlet; large and fairly full; fragrant and very free-flowering; growth vigorous.
- Anna Chatron** (T.). Cream, tinted pink; large and free; vigorous habit; each petal delicately edged pink.
- Anna Olivier**. Rosy-flesh, shaded yellowish-buff; large and fairly full; very beautiful in bud; growth vigorous.
- Annie Marie Soupert**. Reddish-carmine; very unique; buds long; flowers very large and full, and of magnificent form.
- Antoine Rivorie** (H.T.). Pale rosy-flesh, shaded salmon.
- Archduchesse Marie Immaculata**. Terra-cotta-red, shaded coppery-yellow; large and full; excellent form; very fragrant and free-flowering; a good show variety; growth vigorous.
- Augustine Halem** (H.T.). Rosy-red; medium size, very full, and of good form; highly scented; first-rate.
- Auguste Comte** (T.). Outer petals carmine-red, centre reddish-yellow. The buds are long and extraordinarily beautiful, lasting a long time, and highly perfumed.
- Aurora** (H.T.). Centre of flowers rich, bright, salmon-pink, shading paler towards the outside; large, full, and imbricated.
- Baron Lade** (H.T.). Colour, bright carmine; flowers very large and full, and of perfect shape.
- Barrone C. de Rochetaillee**. Long, canary-yellow buds, shaded pink, open flowers, sulphur, tinted with salmon; very long, with stout petals; continues flowering.
- Baron Von Pallandt** (H.T.). Vermilion, with bright red reflex; large, very full, and of excellent shape and habit; buds long, opening well.

- Mrs. A. M. Kirker** (H.T.). Clear, bright cerise, flowers very large, full, and well formed; petals of great substance. **1s. 6d.**
- Mrs. G. W. Kershaw** (H.T.). Vigorous. A superb addition to this very valuable class. The blooms, which are very large, full, and of perfect form, with highly-pointed centre, are continuously produced in the greatest profusion throughout the season. Its colour is a glowing deep rose-pink. Absolutely distinct and first-rate. **2s.**
- Mrs. E. G. Hill** (H.T.). Coral red, with white centre; flowers large and full, strong growth. **1s. 6d.**
- Mrs. Harvey Thomas** (H.T.). Very floriferous, blooms large, full and well formed; buds long; colour carmine, shaded coppery-red, base of petals canary-yellow; very beautiful. **2s.**
- Mrs. Myles Kennedy** (T.). Vigorous. A Gold Medal Rose. Its colour is a delicate aqueous silvery-white, shaded buff; deeper pink in centre, with back edge of petals slightly deeper shade of pink, giving it quite a picotee-edged effect. Altogether a glorious flower. Awarded N.R.S. Gold Medal. **2s.**
- Nance Christy** (H.T.). Delicate shade of salmon-pink; large, semi-double flowers, very free blooming. **2s.**
- Penelope** (T.). It is unusually prolific in its wealth of blooms; being constant in flower, each bloom being carried singly on long stalks; the flowers are unusually firm, and of good substance, lasting well when cut. They are high pointed, and solid. Lower half or base is colour like Francis Dubreuil, deep reddish-crimson, while the centre is a lovely cream-white, similar to the White Maman Cochet. **1s. 6d.**
- William Shean** (H.T.). Vigorous. A glorious Rose of unquestionable merit, having immense size, perfect form and substance. Its colour is the purest pink, with delicate ochrey veination. A Rose that will delight the heart of the most ardent connoisseur, as we can compare it with no bloom in the rose world. One of the largest Roses yet distributed. Gold Medal N.R.S. **2s**
- Yvonne Vacherott** (H.T.). Porcelain-white, strongly marked with pure pink; large pointed bud, carrying on stiff stems a large opening to large flowers. Gold Medal at Liege. **2s.**

- Betty** (H.T.). Colour ruddy gold; blooms are extremely large, fairly full, and of fine form; growth vigorous and erect; free branching habit; an exquisite Rose; sweetly scented.
- Beauty Inconstant** (T.). Coppery-red, shaded carmine and yellow, variable; a mixture of colours not easy to describe.
- Belle Siebrecht** (H.T.). Bright rosy-pink; buds long and handsome; large and fairly full.
- Belle Panachee** (T.). A striped variety of F. Dubreuil.
- Beryl** (T.). Deep golden-yellow; fine, long buds; very highly scented; not full.
- Bessie Brown** (H.T.). This is one of the gems of the collection; a first-class grower, with extra large ivory-white flowers with bluish centre; petals of great substance.
- Betty Berkeley** (T.). Deep red, verging on crimson-scarlet and blood red; long, oval buds.
- Boadicea** (T.). Flowers pale peach colour, delicately tinted with pink and violet, the centre richly shaded with rose.
- Bonna Well Scott** (H.T.). Clear, rosy carmine, centre shaded orange; large, full, fine form, sweetly-scented; vigorous.
- Bridesmaid** (T.). A clear, bright, pink sport from Catherine Mermet.
- Catherine Mermet** (T.). Light rose, uniform colour; large, full, and of excellent form; a fine show variety; growth vigorous.
- Chameleon** (T.). Flowers rosy-flesh colour; variable with a distinct and heavy blotch of deep crimson on the outside of the petals.
- Charlotte Gillemott** (H.T.). Creamy-white; large, thick petals; erect habit; fairly full and really fine Rose.
- Charles J. Grahame** (H.T.). Petals of dazzling orange-crimson; blooms large and of splendid form; an ideal exhibition Rose; growth extra strong, bold foliage. Awarded several First-Class Certificates.
- Clara Watson** (H.T.). A beautiful light-coloured Rose, of perfect shape; tree of good habit; centre of flower shaded salmon and rose.
- Corallina** (T.). Flowers deep rosy-crimson, shaded with coral-red, large petals; specially beautiful in the bud state. A strong-growing variety, with free-blooming qualities; one of the most charming Roses in cultivation for massing and cutting.
- Comtesse de Frigneuse** (T.). Bright canary-yellow, large and nearly full; buds long and handsome; growth vigorous.
- Comtesse de Guigne** (T.). Brilliant carmine, tinted with crimson centre coppery.
- Comtesse de Labarthe** (T.). Rosy-flesh, fine globular form, and fairly full; very free-flowering; one of the best winter-flowering Roses in cultivation; growth vigorous.
- Comtesse de Panisse** (T.). Rosy-buff, shaded and veined with red; large and full; growth vigorous.
- Comtesse de Nadailiac** (T.). Rosy-flesh, shaded coppery-yellow; large, full, and of excellent form; rather a poor grower.

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES—Continued.

- Comtesse du Cayla** (China). Reddish-carmine, tinted orange on reverse of petals to dark orange-yellow, shaded carmine.
- Comtesse Elza du Parc** (T.). Salmon-rose; very fine.
- Corinna** (T.). The various shades of colour in this Rose are very difficult to describe, being a mixture of flesh-rose, shaded coppery-salmon; habit good.
- Comtesse Alexandra Kinsky** (T.). White, with apricot centre; handsome buds and flowers.
- Cornella Koch** (T.). Pale straw colour, or nearly white; of extra size, good form, and very full; good autumn Rose.
- Countess of Pembroke** (H.T.). Soft satiny rose, with deeper centre; extra large, very full, of perfect form, and always opens well; a vigorous grower, free bloomer, and deliciously scented.
- Countess Cairns** (H.T.). A seedling from President and Caroline Testout; flowers brilliant cerise-carmine, not full, but of large size; handsome petals produced in great profusion.
- Countess of Derby** (H.T.). Colour, centre salmon, outer petals rose, passing to flesh, veined peach, as the flower expands. Very vigorous and erect growth; free-flowering, and deliciously perfumed.
- Crimson Crown** (H.T.). A marvellously free-flowering Rose, with a perfect habit of growth; 4 to 5 flowers on each shoot; colour, bright glowing crimson; a splendid garden variety.
- David Harum** (H.T.). Rose-peach pink; good size and fine form; free-blooming and vigorous.
- Dean Hole** (H.T.). The blooms are very large, of great substance, petals very large and smooth; colour silvery-carmine, shaded salmon; absolutely distinct, and by far the finest in its way of colour. Awarded Gold Medal N.R.S.
- Denmark** (H.T.). In the way of La France, but of a rather deeper shade; growth very sturdy, and the flowers carried erect; free-blooming and fragrant; grand show Rose.
- Devoniensis** (T.). Creamy-white, blush centre; large, full, and well-formed; one of the best.
- Dr. Cazeneuve** (H.T.). Flowers deep velvety crimson, the colour of Louis Van Houtte; one of the darkest-coloured Hybrid Teas; growth vigorous.
- Dr. Felix Guyon** (T.). Large, strong grower, orange-yellow, with fawn centre; good.
- Dr. J. Campbell Hall** (H.T.). Large, full, and perfectly formed, with high centre; colour, coral-rose, suffused white, base of petals yellow; growth vigorous and erect. Awarded several First-Class Certificates.
- Dr. Grill** (T.). Light rose, with coppery-yellow centre; beautiful bud, but not quite full.
- Duchess of Albany** (H.T.). In the way of La France, but deeper in colour, more expanded in form, and larger in size; the flowers are dark, even pink, very large and full, highly perfumed, and in all respects of first quality.
- Duchesse Marie Salviata** (T.). Variable, sometimes deep yellow, shaded rose, or clear saffron-yellow; free.
- E. T. Cook** (H.T.). Beautiful pale primrose-yellow, suffused with pink as flowers expand.
- Earl of Warwick** (H.T.). Flowers rich soft salmon-pink, shaded in the centre with vermilion; large and full, of beautiful shape, and quite distinct from any Rose in cultivation.
- Edith d'Ombrai** (H.T.). White, with an occasional pale-pink tinge; large, full flowers.
- Edouard Gautier** (H.T.). Outer petals white, tinged with rose, the centre deep rich yellow; large, full, and well formed; superb.
- Elizabeth Kitto** (H.T.). Salmon-pink; something in the way of Madame Jules Grolez, but distinct.
- Eliza Fougier** (T.). Pure white, sometimes highly tinged white-rose, petals large and of good substance; in shape and form not unlike Niphetos, but of much stronger and healthier growth.
- Emile Gonin** (T.). Centre coppery-orange, changing to pale, outer petals edged with carmine; large and full; a beautiful combination of colours.
- Empress Alexandra of Russia** (H.T.). Colour red, shaded with orange and carmine.
- Enchantress** (T.). Flowers creamy-white, slightly tinged with buff in centre; very free-flowering and vigorous; a good garden variety.
- Ernest Metz** (H.T.). Soft carmine rose, centre deeper; very large and full, buds long and handsome; an excellent show variety; growth vigorous.
- Etoile de Angers** (T.). Light rose, base of petals deep rose; large and full; shape not unlike Madame de Watteville, but of a much deeper colour; habit vigorous and free.
- Etoile de France** (H.T.). Colour, velvety crimson, centre vivid cerise-red; blooms large, full, and of magnificent cupped form; first-class.
- Edmond Deshayes** (H.T.). Creamy-white, shaded flesh in the centre; large and full; a strong grower, carrying erect flowers.
- Exquisite** (H.T.). Flowers bright crimson, shaded magenta; profuse bloomer; very fragrant; one of the best. Rather a poor grower.
- Florence Pemberton** (H.T.). Creamy-white; a superb variety; vigorous grower, of free-branching habit; of phenomenal size; very full; perfect in form. This is beyond doubt, a magnificent Rose.
- Frances Dubriell** (T.). Velvety crimson, reflexed with cerise and amaranth; a very fine red Tea Rose, with buds of great beauty.

- Frau Peter Lambert** Dark pink, shaded rose and salmon in the centre; large, full flowers, produced singly on stiff stems; very free.
- Frau Lila Bautenstrauch** (H.T.). Coppery-orange buds, open flowers; rosy-flesh, shaded with reddish-orange.
- Friedrich Harms** (H.T.). Lemon-yellow, with deep orange-yellow centre.
- Friquet** (T.). Very bright carmine, centre of petals sometimes lined with white.
- Fusion** (T.). Saffron-yellow, with deep chamols-yellow centre; of medium size; full.
- Garden Robinson** (T.). Purplish-carmine, paler centre; large, full, of good shape, and sweet; growth robust.
- Georges Schwartz** (T.S.). Bright, deep, canary yellow, very deep and rich in colour; large and fairly full.
- George Laing Paul** (H.T.). Reddish-crimson; flowers large and full; buds long, and of magnificent form.
- General MacArthur** (H.T.). Flowers of the richest crimson, shaded scarlet, extremely vivid; large and of good form, and borne singly on stout stems; quite first-class.
- Gladys Harkness** (H.T.). Salmon-pink; large and fragrant; of fine form; growth vigorous.
- Goldelse** (H.T.). Golden-yellow; medium size; fairly full.
- Grace Darling** (H.T.). Creamy-white, shaded peach, base of petals yellow; large, full, and of good form; a fine show Rose, but rather a poor grower.
- Grossherzog Von Oldenburg** (H.T.). Red; very large and full; globular buds; opens well; very sweet.
- Gruss an Teplitz** (H.T.). Flowers large and cupped; very free and vigorous; colour bright crimson-scarlet; a great acquisition.
- Gustave Grunerwald** (H.T.). Bright China pink, with apricot centre; large and full; good garden rose, with a delicious perfume.
- Helene Combier** (H.T.). Salmon-pink, with coppery base; large, exquisite shape, and very free-flowering.
- Helene Guillot** (H.T.). Pinky-white, centre shaded orange-yellow and pink; large, full, Camellia-shaped flower, with thick, glossy petals.
- Helene Weiter** (H.T.). Brilliant rose; flowers very large and full, and perfect form; bud long, and carried on an erect stem.
- Henri Marrel** (T.). Long, carmine-yellow buds, opening golden-yellow, shaded with copper and reflexed with rosy-salmon; large and full; growth vigorous.
- Homere** (T.). Pale rose, with salmon centre, petals bordered with pink; full, and of good form, but not large; buds very pretty; growth vigorous.
- Hon. E. Gifford** (T.). Pale flesh colour, changing to white, centre light rose; large and full; growth not very vigorous.
- Honourable Ina Bingham** (H.T.). A Rose of enormous petals, which are of the purest pink, deeply venated; growth vigorous; blooms carried on rigid stems.
- Innocente Firola** (T.). Cream colour, almost white; large, full, and of good form; very fragrant.
- Instituteur Sirdry** (H.T.). Buds yellow, open flowers pale yellow, growth vigorous.
- Irene** (H.T.). The colour is silvery-white, sometimes faintly touched with pink. It may be appropriately termed a white Caroline Testout.
- Irish Engineer** (H.T.). Single; a very distinct and robust growing Rose, of dwarf habit; the colour is dazzling scarlet; very brilliant and attractive.
- Irish Harmony** (H.T.). Single; a delicately sweet and beautiful Rose; of vigorous growth and perfect-branching character; flowering in the utmost profusion throughout the entire season; colour, cream, changing to white.
- J. B. Varonne** (T.). Deep carmine, centre coppery-yellow; large and nearly full; free-flowering, and highly scented.
- J. B. Clarke** (H.T.). Intense deep scarlet, heavily shaded blackish-crimson; growth sturdy and upright; foliage large, bronzy-green in the young stages. This is probably the Rose of the season, and is spoken of with admiration by all who have seen it. Awarded Gold Medal N.R.S.
- Jean Ducher** (T.). Coppery-yellow, shaded peach; variable; large and full.
- Jean Forgeot** (T.). Cream, tinted pink and salmon; fine, long, handsome bud; good habit and free-flowering.
- Jean Pernet** (T.). Bright yellow, changing to deep yellow; large and full; vigorous and free-flowering; one of the best yellow Roses.
- Jeanne Guillaumez** (T.). Salmon-rose, with yellowish base; large and fairly full; buds handsome; growth vigorous.
- John Buskin** (H.T.). Blooms large, full, and well-formed, bright rosy-carmine; petals massive, smooth, and circular; sweet-scented.
- Jules Finger** (T.). Rose, shaded salmon, changing to deep rose; very large and full; a fine show variety; growth vigorous.
- Kaiserin Augusta Victoria** (H.T.). Pure white, centre slightly shaded with cream; large, very full, and of perfect form; free-flowering and vigorous; one of the best.
- Killarney** (H.T.). Very free and perpetual; large, long, pointed buds; flesh tinted white and pink.
- Konigin Carola**. A seedling from Caroline Testout, with extra large silvery rose-coloured flowers.
- Kronprinzessin Victoria** (Bourbon). Best described as white Malmalson.

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES—Continued.

- Lady Ashtown** (H.T.). Flowers continuously in the greatest profusion throughout the entire season; the blooms are large, full, with high-pointed centre; buds unusually long and beautifully pointed; petals very large, smooth, and of great substance; colour, very pale Rose du Barri, shading to yellow at base of petals, reflex of petals silvery-pink. Awarded several First-Class Certificates.
- Lady Battersea** (H.T.). Beautiful cherry-crimson, with orange shading; long, pointed bud.
- Lady Mary Fitzwilliam** (H.T.). Bright, clear rose, very large; globular, and full; sweetly-scented; abundant and continuous bloomer.
- Lady Roberts** (T.). Reddish-apricot, the base of the petals coppery-red; large, full, and of good shape.
- L'Innocence** (H.T.). A white seedling from Caroline Testout; one of the most prolific bloomers, and most useful for florists' work; splendid bushy habit.
- La France** (H.T.). Pale peach colour, reverse of petals deep rose; large, full, and well-formed; very free and fragrant; growth vigorous.
- La Tulipe** (H.T.). Creamy-white, shaded and veined with peach; very long bud.
- La Tosca** (H.T.). Vigorous, good habit; strong and erect stalk; large, well-shaped, solitary flower; soft blush white.
- Leo XIII.** White, slightly shaded lemon.
- Le Progres** (H.T.). Large golden-yellow buds, changing to nankeen and pale yellow as the flowers expand. Very large, full, and cupped; opening well.
- Liberty** (H.T.). Brilliant crimson; large, and of beautiful elongated form. It is a steady and constant bloomer; not a strong grower.
- Lord Tarquin** (T.). Pale flesh colour; very free-flowering; one of the best.
- Louis Levique** (T.). Reddish-yellow, shaded vermilion; good habit.
- Ma Capucine** (T.). Bronzy-yellow; beautiful in the bud, but almost single when expanded; growth moderate.
- Ma Tulipe** (H.T.). Flowers fine deep crimson, semi-double, with large, stiff petals like a Tulip; fine for cutting; growth very vigorous.
- Madame Alfred Sabatier** (H.T.). Brilliant satiny peach-red; large and stout petals, handsome buds; growth vigorous.
- Madame Henri Berger** (T.). China rose colour; long pointed bud, opening to large, full flower; very sweetly scented.
- Madame Ada Carmody** (T.). Ivory-white, beautifully tinted and edged with various shades of pink; large, full, and of moderate growth.
- Madame Charles** (T.). Rich apricot in the bud, opening to fawn; large bud; fairly full-vigorous.
- Madame Abel Chatenay** (H.T.). Pale flesh, shaded rose, good form, stiff petals, bold flower; vigorous.
- Madame la Comtesse de Caserta** (T.). Coppery-red; large thick petals, not very full; superb for bouquets.
- Madame Falcot** (T.). Deep apricot-yellow, centre deeper; large and fairly full; very beautiful in the bud; free-flowering and of vigorous habit.
- Madame Jean Dupuy** (T.). Rosy-yellow, changing to creamy-white and yellow towards the margin, outer petals edged with rose.
- Madame Augustine Guinnoisseau** (H.T.). Outer petals creamy-white, sometimes shaded light pink, centre soft flesh colour; large, full and of excellent form; growth vigorous; a sport from the well-known Rose, La France.
- Madame Jules Grolez** (H.T.). Brilliant China rose; very free; large shell-shaped petals; long, handsome bud; branching habit; highly scented.
- Madame Hippolyte Jamain** (T.). Outer petals white, tinted blush; centre coppery-yellow; large, full, and of fine cupped form; growth vigorous.
- Madame Caroline Kuster** (T.). Light yellow, centre deeper and sometimes coppery; large, full, and globular; abundant bloomer.
- Madame Lambard** (T.). Salmon-rose, shaded pink; large, full, and of good form; exceedingly free-flowering, and of vigorous habit; one of the best garden Roses.
- Madame Louis Laurens** (T.). Deep red, reflexed magenta.
- Madame Antoine Mari** (T.). Ground colour rose, freely washed and shaded white; very handsome buds, which open well, and free from mildew.
- Madame Derepas Matrat** (T.). Sulphur-yellow; bloms very large; full, splendid form, freely produced.
- Madame E. Perrin** (H.T.). Very large flower; coppery-yellow, base of petals creamy-white, shaded yellow and mauve; bright, very fine.
- Madame Eugene Besal** (China). Flowers variable, ranging from coppery-red to bright China rose on orange ground. The most beautiful blending of colours we have seen.
- Madame Joseph Schwartz** (T.). White, sometimes tinged rose; medium size and fairly full; exceedingly free-flowering; growth vigorous. This variety might be best described as a white Comtesse Labarthe.
- Madame Caroline Testout** (H.T.). Deep, bright, fleshy rose; in the way of La France, but not so full, and of much darker colour; petals immensely large and incurving; very free-flowering and of vigorous growth.
- Madame Vermorel** (H.T.). Rose and coppery-yellow centre, shaded and lined with red.

- Madame Viger** (H.T.). Beautiful pale rose, edges and reverse of petals silvery-white, tinted with carmine; autumn flowers almost white.
- Madame de Watteville** (T.). Creamy-white, each petal edged with rose like a Tulip; large and full; stout petals; quite distinct; fragrant.
- Madame Welche** (H.T.). Outer petals pale yellow, centre deep apricot-yellow; variable; large and full; free-flowering, and a vigorous grower.
- Mademoiselle Christine de Nougé** (H.T.). Very large, full, and good form; rosy-lake, outer petals darker and shaded with purple; a vigorous grower.
- Maman Cochet** (T.). Flesh-coloured rose, sometimes shaded carmine, sometimes salmon-yellow; large, full, and well-formed, buds long and handsome; a first-class variety.
- Madame Edmee Metz** (H.T.). Very free; rosy salmon-pink; fine, especially in autumn, and mildew-proof.
- Madame P. Olivier** (H.T.). Salmon, shaded with rosy-carmine; very large, full, and globular; long, oval buds and fine bronzy-green foliage.
- Madame J. P. Souperet** (H.T.). Almost white or pale yellow, with white shading; free.
- Marguerite Guillott** (H.T.). Creamy-white, changing to pure white as the flowers open; very large, full, and globular.
- Marguerite Gigandet** (T.). Coppery-yellow, reflexed with gold and tinted with red, especially in the centre; very large and full.
- Magnafrano** (H.T.). Deep rosy-carmine; fine bold flower, with thick petals, produced singly on stout stems.
- Mark Twain** (H.T.). Colour, rich Imperial pink; similar in form to Belle Siebrecht, but more vigorous.
- Morning Glow** (H.T.). Flowers bright rosy-crimson, richly suffused with orange and fawn; a brilliant and fascinating combination of colours.
- Mrs. A. Byass** (Decorative Tea). Colour, madder rose, shaded with crimson, and occasionally beautifully mottled with pale rose and white; growth vigorous.
- Mrs. Allen Chandler** (Bourbon). This is a pure-white sport from the well-known Rose Mrs. Paul; not quite double.
- Mrs. John Bateman** (H.T.). Deep China rose colour; blooms of perfect form; exceptionally free-flowering; growth good. Awarded several First-Class Certificates.
- Mrs. Conway Jones** (H.T.). Very full, and of perfect form; petals of great size and substance; the colour is creamy-white, flushed salmon-pink. Confidently recommended for all purposes. Several First-Class Certificates.
- Mrs. David McKee** (H.T.). A superb variety, of strong and robust growth and erect branching habit, with large handsome foliage. Awarded Gold Medal of the N.R.S.
- Marie Christiana Reine d'Espagne** (T.). Poppy-red; full and high-petalled; first-class.
- Marie Van Houtte** (T.). Very pale yellow, generally edged with rose; large, full, and well-formed; a good old variety.
- Marie Ducher** (T.). Transparent rose; large, full, and well-formed; free-flowering, and of vigorous growth.
- Marion Dingee** (H.T.). Dark crimson, cupped, very free-blooming; effective.
- Marquis of Salisbury** (H.T.). Very bright velvety red; medium size, semi-double, very free-blooming; a very effective garden Rose.
- Marquise Litta** (H.T.). Carmine-rose, with vermilion centre; large, full. An excellent addition to the dark-red ever-blooming Roses, and can be highly recommended.
- Marquise de Vivens** (T.). Bright rose, centre shaded yellow, long pointed bud, not full; very free and fragrant.
- Maurice Rouvier** (T.). Pale fleshy rose, veined deep rose, centre darker; large and full.
- Mavourneen** (H.T.). Delicate silvery-white, shaded rosy-flesh.
- Madme. Ellie Lambert** (T.). Large, full, and well-formed; beautiful flesh-rose, passing to satiny-white at edge of petals; very free and sweet.
- Medea** (T.). A very large globular flower, very full and well-formed; lemon-yellow, with canary centre; vigorous grower and free bloomer.
- Meta** (H.T.). Crushed strawberry colour, suffused with saffron, base of petals coppery-yellow; long; pointed buds.
- Mildred Grant** (H.T.). Enormous flower, on strong, firm stalk; fine form, with magnificent guard petals, pale rosy-white; a very fine rose.
- Miss Ethel Brownlow** (T.). Pink petals, shaded yellow at base; full.
- Mrs. James Wilson** (T.). Large, full, and well-formed; colour intermediate between The Bride and Marie Van Houtte; very free-flowering.
- Mrs. E. Mawley** (T.). Colour the richest salmon-rose; flowers very large and full; very high centre.
- Mrs. B. E. Cant** (T.). Deep rose on outer petals, and in the autumn frequently a rich red; inner petals soft silvery rose, suffused with buff at the base; of good substance, and symmetrical in form. A hardy variety and vigorous grower.
- Mrs. Reynolds Hole** (T.). Large, full flower; deep shaded crimson; produced singly on long stalk; vigorous; fine brown foliage.
- Mrs. Robert Garrett** (H.T.). An improved M. de Caroline Testout, but of better habit; long, pointed buds.

EVER-BLOOMING ROSES—Continued.

- Mrs. Stephen Tresseder** (T.). Lemon-yellow; sport from Anna Oliver. It has all the good qualities of Oliver, and will prove a good exhibition flower. A lovely Rose in every way.
- Muriel Grahame** (T.). Pale cream, faintly flushed with rose. A sport from Catherine Mermet, which it resembles in growth and character.
- Mohrenkoenig** (Tea-Scented). Deep velvety crimson, shaded with carmine.
- Niphetos** (T.). Pure white, or pale lemon; very long, beautiful bud.
- Oberhofgartner Terks** (H.P.). A seedling from Belle Siebrecht and La France; blooms extra large and full; buds long and pointed; colour rosy-flesh, shaded carmine.
- Olympiada**. Satiny rose; flowers large, full, and of beautiful form; free-flowering; growth very robust, and branching habit; sweetly-scented.
- Papa Gontier** (H.T.). Semi-double; very large petal; bright rose, reverse rosy-crimson; fine, well-formed bud.
- Paul Nabonnand** (T.). Satiny-rose, veined with peach; large, full, and well-formed.
- Pauline de Casteja** (T.). Brilliant pure red; handsome buds and flower.
- Peggy** (H.T.). Semi-double; saffron yellow; flowers borne in trusses; free blooming; vigorous growth.
- Perle de Lyon** (H.T.). Rich golden-yellow; very large and full; centre orange-yellow.
- Perle von Godesburg** (H.T.). Pale yellow; sport of Kaiserin A. Victoria.
- Perle des Jardins** (T.). Deep canary-yellow; very large bud; of globular and good habit; free-flowering; one of the best.
- Perle des Jaunes** (T.S.). Fine golden-yellow, centre strongly shaded with copper; large and full. Received First-Class Certificate at Lyons.
- Petrus Donzel** (Hybrid Chinese). Velvety purplish-crimson, tinted with fiery red; of medium size; full; very free-flowering and very sweet; closely resembling Gruss au Teplitz.
- Pierre Guillott** (H.T.). Crimson, shaded magenta; large, full, and free.
- Pribislav** (H.T.). Colour, of the deepest blood-red; buds very long; flowers large, and borne singly on the end of long slender branches, thus making it one of the most useful for cutting.
- Prince de Bulgarie** (H.T.). Silvery-flesh, very delicately shaded with salmon; long bud, opening to full, cup-shaped flower; a distinct and very charming variety.
- Princess Beatrice** (T.). Outer petals pale yellow, centre rich golden.
- Princess Bonny** (H.T.). Beautiful bright rose; very free-flowering and sweetly-scented; a splendid rose.
- Princess de Sagan** (T.). Velvety crimson, with purplish shade, and reflexed with amaranth; of medium size; beautiful bud in autumn.
- Prinzessin E. von Batthor** (T.). Blood-red buds, shaded off to dark velvety red; perpetual-flowering, and a superb variety.
- Paul Lede** (H.T.). Superb carmine-rose, shaded with yellow; very large, full, and cupped.
- Peace** (T.). Pale lemon-yellow; bud very long and pointed; flowers large, full; growth vigorous; very floriferous.
- Professor d'Andre** (T.). Deep carmine-rose, marbled with white, opening with silvery edges to the petals; flowers large and semi-double.
- Princesse M. Merchersky** (H.T.). Vigorous; large, full flower; colour China pink.
- Queen Mab** (China). Soft rosy-apricot, shaded with orange.
- Queen of Greece** (T.). Flowers deep, soft rose-pink, shaded yellow; quite a distinct colour.
- Queen of Sweden and Norway** (T.). A distinct variety; it is a free bloomer; often salmon or fawn-white.
- Rainbow** (T.). A sport from Papa Gontier; bright red, striped pale pink; variable; large, but not full; free-flowering and vigorous.
- Rev. D. R. Williamson** (H.T.). Colour dark velvety crimson, shaded maroon; a very free-blooming, good Rose; sweetly-scented.
- Reine Marguerite D'Italie** (H.T.). Bright carmine, centre shaded with vermillion; very large and full; of good form and habit; flowers produced continuously and in great profusion; growth vigorous.
- Richmond** (H.T.). Colour, pure red-scarlet; very free-flowering; splendid.
- Robert Scott** (H.T.). Very large. Hybrid Perpetual-like bloom, but free-blooming as a Tea; clear, rosy-pink, paler towards the outside; very good.
- Rosamane Graveureux** (H.T.). Flowers silvery-white, reverse of petals slightly tinted pale rose; very large and full; of good form and habit.
- Rose d'Evian** (H.T.). Buds magenta, opening flowers inside petals carmine, outside rose; large, full, and cupped petals of great substance.
- Rosslyn** (H.T.). Soft, rosy-flesh-coloured flowers.
- Rose d'Herby's** (T.). Large, full flower; deep canary-yellow, with buff centre.
- Safrano** (T.). Deep apricot, changing to fawn when expanded; splendid winter bloomer.
- Safrano Fleurs Rouges** (T.). (Red Safrano). Salmon-red, shaded yellow; fairly large, but not full; buds long and handsome; best in autumn and spring; desirable for cut flowers.

- Salmonea** (H.T.). Deep, bright crimson, with large salmon centre; flowers large and full.
- Sappho** (T.). Outer petals fawn colour, suffused with rose, centre deep apricot-yellow; large, very full, and of good form; growth moderate.
- Senateur Belle** (H.T.). Vigorous; large, globular, full flower; colour salmon-pink, with dark yellow centre.
- Souvenir de Helene** (H.T.). Vigorous; large, full flower; salmon white, shaded with silvery-pink.
- Souvenir de Victor Hugo** (T.). Light China rose, centre yellowish, outer petals shaded carmine; large and full.
- Souvenir d'Elise** (T.). Creamy-white, with yellowish centre, petals sometimes rosy-edged; large and full.
- Souvenir d'un Ami** (T.). Salmon-rose; large, and fairly full.
- Souvenir du Rosieriste Rambaux** (T.). Creamy-yellow; edged carmine-rose; medium size; cupped and fragrant.
- Souvenir de President Carnot** (H.T.). Rosy-flesh, shaded with white at edges of petals; good form; a fine, free-flowering addition to this class.
- Souvenir de Auguste Legros** (T.). Bright red, shaded deep crimson; large, full, and of perfect form; buds long and handsome; free-flowering and vigorous.
- Souvenir de Catherine Guillot** (T.). Colour orange-red, tinted carmine on yellow ground; an exceedingly beautiful combination of colours.
- Souvenir de la Malmaison** (B.). Pale flesh, with deeper centre; very large and full; continuous bloomer.
- Souvenir de J. B. Guillot** (T.). Bright strawberry-red, changing to Capucine yellow; something in the way of Beauty Inconstant, but with a deeper shade of colour.
- Souvenir de Lady Ashburton** (T.). Coppery-red, shaded salmon and yellow; variable; large, and nearly full.
- Souvenir de Madame Pernet** (T.). Salmon-rose, base of petals shaded yellow; large, fairly full, and of fine cupped form; very free-flowering and a vigorous grower.
- Souvenir de Mad. Sablyrolles** (T.). Rosy-apricot, shaded yellow, slightly edged carmine; stout petals, large globular flower; vigorous.
- Souvenir de Paul Neyron** (T.). Creamy-white, centre rosy-buff; large, full, and of excellent shape; a fine show variety; growth dwarf and compact.
- Souvenir de W. Robinson** (T.). This Rose varies greatly in colour—sometimes pink, sometimes orange-red; very pretty and distinct.
- Souvenir de Pierre Notting** (Tea-scented). Fine apricot-yellow, washed with golden-yellow, and shaded with orange; very large and full, opening well. It has received several gold medals.
- Souvenir de Therese Levet** (T.). Dark crimson, outer petals shaded maroon; large, full, and of good form; one of the darkest Roses in this class; growth moderate.
- Souvenir De Wotten** (H.T.). Bright red, uniform colour; large and fairly full; free-flowering; growth moderate.
- Sunset** (T.). Deep apricot; large and full; good in all stages. Sport from Perle des Jardins; freer bloomer than that variety.
- Sulphurea** (T.). Flowers bright sulphur-yellow, distinct and striking; plant hardy, of good habit, and very free-blooming, with rich, bronze foliage. A fine yellow bedding or massing Rose.
- Sylph** (T.). Flowers ivory-white, tinted with peach colour; large, high centre; deep, stiff petals; erect habit. A grand exhibition Rose.
- Tennyson** (H.T.). The flowers are large, very full, and handsome; their colour is nearly white, shaded with flesh colour; rather poor grower.
- The Bride** (T.). White, sometimes with a greenish tinge, sometimes tinted rose; large, full, and of excellent shape; one of the finest White Roses in cultivation.
- Thea** (T.). Pure white; continuous bloomer.
- The Meteor** (H.T.). Rich dark velvety crimson; full, and of good form; free-flowering and vigorous, but does not always open well.
- The Queen** (T.). Pure white; large, and fairly full; buds long and handsome; growth vigorous; a sport from Souvenir d'un Ami.
- Triomphe de Angers** (H.T.). Deep crimson, shaded maroon; large, full, and of good form; very free-flowering; growth moderate.
- Triomphe de Pernet Pere** (H.T.). Light red; large, full, and free.
- Viscountess Folkestone** (H.T.). Uniform creamy-pink; very large, full, and globular; very effective, free-blooming, and exceedingly sweet; vigorous grower.
- Waban** (T.). A sport from Catherine Mermet, which it follows in form and habit; colour soft carmine-pink, the edges of the outer petals more deeply tinted.
- White Maman Cochet** (T.). In every respect equal to the now celebrated Pink Maman Cochet; cream rather than white.
- White Lord Tarquin** (T.). A pure-white sport from Lord Tarquin; a constant bloomer.
- White Pearl** (T.). Creamy-white, outer petals edged rose.
- William Francis Bennett** (H.T.). Deep, bright rose, long beautiful buds, not full when open; very fragrant.
- William Notting** (H.T.). Reverse of petals coral-red, inside salmon-rose; in the way of Madame Abel Chatenay, but bolder in flower and habit of growth, also brighter in colour.
- Zephyr** (T.). Flowers pale sulphur-yellow, changing to white as the flowers expand; large, full, of cupped form; very free and fragrant.

CLIMBING ROSES.

1s. each, 10s. per doz., post free 11s

- Ards Pillar** (H.T.). Garden and Pillar Rose. The blooms are produced with great freedom, and are large, full, and of cupped form; petals very large and smooth; rich velvety crimson.
- Ards Rover** (H.P.). Probably the finest dark climbing Rose extant; deep crimson, shaded maroon; perfect shape; a climber as dark as Prince C. de Rohan.
- Bardo Job** (H.T.). Bright crimson; large, but not full.
- Beaute de l'Europe** (H.T.). Deep yellow, reverse coppery; large, full, and shapely.
- Belle Seibrecht** (H.T.). Deep rose; long, pointed buds; large, fairly full; one of the best.
- Billiard and Barre** (T.). Large flowers, with stout petals; colour rich golden-orange.
- Capt. Christy** (T.). Flowers similar to the dwarf variety.
- Celine Forestier** (N.). Pale yellow, centre as a rule coppery yellow; large and full; free-flowering and vigorous.
- Cheshunt Hybrid** (H.T.). Brilliant cherry-carmine; very large, full, and well-formed; highly-scented, but not very continuous bloomer.
- Clb. Caroline Testout** (H.T.). A climbing form of the beautiful and popular variety, Caroline Testout.
- Cloth of Gold** (N.). Pale sulphur-yellow, centre deeper; large, full, and well-formed; free-flowering and vigorous.
- Comtesse Labarthe** (T.). A strong climbing sport of the old bushy variety. For covering arches, fences, or training up verandahs it will prove a valuable acquisition. The most prolific bloomer of all Tea Roses.
- Devoniensis** (T.S.). Creamy-white, blush centre; large, full, and finely-shaped; very free-flowering, and extremely vigorous.
- Duchesse de Auerstadt** (T.S.). Yellow, centre deep nankin; large, full, and of fine cupped form; free-flowering and vigorous.
- England's Glory Clb.** (H.T.). Strong, climbing, Dijon habit; large, very full, salmon-pink flowers; very distinct.
- E. Veyrat Hermanos**. A most distinct Rose of strong climbing habit; apricot and carmine, reflex with deep red; sweet scented.
- Francois Crousse** (T.). Bright crimson, sometimes fiery red; large, and of good shape; hardy for its class, and a good acquisition as a red climbing Rose.
- Gloire des Blanches** (Clb.). Pure white; large, full, and globular.
- Gloire de Limbourn** (T.). Bright canary-yellow, centre salmon-yellow; large, full, and of good form.
- Gloire de Dijon** (T.). Buff, shaded salmon, centre orange; large, full, and well-formed. Most suitable for cool districts.
- Grand Duc Ludwig**. Carmine-red; shaped like Marechal Niel; good climber; sweet-scented.
- James Sprunt**. Very rich scarlet-crimson; large, full, globular; blooms in clusters; sweet; Bengal.
- Josephine Violet** (T.). Outer petals pale cream, centre coppery-rose.
- Kaiserin Augusta Victoria** (H.T.). A climbing sport from the dwarf of the same name; of extra vigorous growth, and without doubt the best climber of its colour; creamy-white.
- La France** (T.). It possesses all the excellent qualities of the parent, the flowers being, if anything, superior to the dwarf variety. Some plants have a tendency to degenerate to the old variety, while others, worked from same stock, are vigorous climbers.
- La France d. 89** (T.). Brilliant rosy-red; very large and free-flowering, very sweetly scented; good pillar Rose.
- Lady Loch** (T.). Creamy-white, primrose-yellow centre, very delicate tints; well-formed, large, nearly full.
- Lady Waterlow** (H.T.). Pale salmon-rose, edged with carmine; large semi-double flowers.
- Lamarque** (N.). White centre, tinged with yellow; medium size; full; blooms in clusters; free.
- L'Ideal** (N.). Coppery-rose and yellow, with deeper shades and stripes; variable; producing beautiful buds of the Ma Capucine type. Said to be a seedling from Wm. Allan Richardson.
- Madame Berard** (T.). Salmon-rose, shaded yellow; large, full, good shape, free, nearly thornless.
- Madame Charles Monnier** (T.). Rosy-flesh, centre yellow and orange; in the autumn the blooms are entirely yellow and orange; large, full flowers; very free.
- Mad. Dellespaul** (T.). Light yellow, centre salmon-rose; cupped form; vigorous and free.
- Mad. Wagram Comtesse de Turenne** (H.T.). A beautiful climber; flowers of a satin-rosy colour, a new colour in climbers; vigorous and free; very good.
- Mad. Andre Duron** (H.T.). Clear cherry-red; large, fairly full, fine foliage; vigorous.
- Madame de Watteville** (T.). A very vigorous climbing form of this beautiful Tea; particularly free and good, producing flowers even larger than the type.

Madame Joseph Combet (H.T.). Creamy-white; blooms large and full, with well-arranged petals; foliage thick and glossy; growth vigorous. The wood has the peculiarity of being absolutely thornless.

Mamie (H.T.). Rosy-carmine, with a distinct yellow zone at base of petals; the blooms are very large, full, and perfectly formed, with a high, pointed centre.

Marechal Niel (N.). Rich golden-yellow; very large, globular, full; exceedingly fragrant; unrivalled as a climber.

Marie Bulow (H.T.). China rose, suffused carmine and yellow; flowers large and full; buds very long; growth vigorous.

Meteor (H.T.). The Climbing Meteor is identical with the original dwarf variety in colour, but has a strong climbing habit, and produces abundance of flowers.

Mons. Desir (H.T.). Velvety crimson shaded violet; very fragrant.

Mrs. C. Guilfoyle (T.). A seedling from Madame Berard, which it very much resembles, but of a more pleasing shade; thornless.



A Fair Sample of Rose Plants, as sent out.
Package 3ft. 6in. deep.

Niphetos (T.). Pure-white, long buds; free-flowering. A sport from Niphetos, but better all round; growth vigorous.

Noella Nabonnand (T.). Extra large, semi-double; velvety crimson flowers with very large petals; very sweet; handsome in bud; more vigorous than Reine Marie Henriette.

Papa Gontier (H.T.). A vigorous climbing sport from this well-known and popular variety, and one of the most welcome additions to our red climbing roses.

Paul's Carmine Pillar. Flowers single, brightest rosy-carmine; free bloomer and extra-strong grower; flowers produced all up the stems; very good for pillars, arches, or for pegging down.

Perle des Jardins (T.). A climbing sport from this popular yellow Rose, possessing all the good qualities of the parent; a great acquisition.

Reine Marie Henriette (H.T.). Bright rosy-cerise, sometimes crimson; large and full; long petal; good shape; free.

Rev. T. C. Cole (N.). Bright yellow; large, full, and well-shaped; free; intermediate between Marechal Niel and Cloth of Gold.

Reve d'Or (N.). Deep coppery-yellow; large, full, and well-formed; fragrant and free; an excellent pillar Rose.

CLIMBING ROSES—Continued.

- Solfaterre** (N.). Sulphur-yellow; nice bud, not very full; growth vigorous.
- Souvenir de la Malmaison** (Bourbon). A sport from the well-known dwarf variety; equally as free-flowering, and exceedingly vigorous.
- Souvenir de Wotton** (H.T.). Another welcome addition to our red climbers; of extraordinary vigour and beautifully scented. A sport from our dwarf of the same name.
- Souvenir de Madame Metral** (H.T.). Bright rose; perfect shape; very large and full; first-rate.
- Una**. A strong-growing Hybrid Briar, with pale buff buds, changing to nearly white; single.
- Waltham Climber**, No. 3 (H.T.). Crimson; large; very fragrant; fine globular show flower.
- White Marechal Neil** (N.). A light sport from Marechal Niel; identical in growth and foliage with this unequalled variety, but flowers very pale, with lemon centre.
- Wm. Allan Richardson** (N.). Deep orange-yellow; small; full and free.

GENERAL LIST OF

Hybrid Perpetual Roses.

1s. each, 10s. per dozen, post free 11s.

- Alfred Colomb**. Bright fiery-red; large and full; splendid.
- Alfred K. Williams**. Bright carmine-red; flowers large, imbricated, full, and of good form.
- Beauty of Waltham**. Cherry colour to bright rosy-carmine; large and full; form cupped; one of the best.
- Ben Cant**. Colour deep, clear crimson, with slightly darker flushes in the centre, and dark veining throughout.
- Black Prince**. Dark crimson; cupped, large, full, and very finely shaped.
- Bob Davison**. Dazzling scarlet, shaded crimson; quite first-rate in every respect.
- Captain Christy**. Delicate flesh colour, deeper in the centre; very effective flowers; large; growth moderate; blooms well in autumn.
- Capitaine Jouen**. Bright, vivid crimson; very large and full; growth very vigorous.
- Charles Darwin**. Deep crimson; after the style of Camille de Rohan; sweet-scented; good flower; a good exhibition H.P.
- Charles Lamb**. Bright red, lovely clear colour; very beautiful in the bud.
- Charles Lefebvre**. Brilliant crimson, shaded purple in centre; flowers large, globular, and of grand form.
- Commandant Felix Faure** (H.P.). Rich lake, shaded with black and flushed with vermillion.
- Crown Prince**. Bright purple, centre shaded with lurid crimson; very large and double; very floriferous.
- Dr. Andry**. Bright red; very large, full, and of fine form; one of the best and most effective.
- Dr. Hogg**. Reddish-violet, the nearest approach to blue; pretty bell-shaped petals; very vigorous.
- Dr. Sewell**. Brilliant scarlet, shaded with purple, back of petals bright red; large, full, and finely-cupped; growth vigorous, free in flowering, and effective in appearance.
- Duchess of Bedford**. Flowers dazzling light scarlet-crimson, large, full, and of perfect globular shape; a vigorous grower, with fine foliage.
- Duke of Albany**. Vivid crimson, darker as the flower expands.
- Duke of Connaught**. Rich, bright, velvety crimson; exquisite shape.
- Duke of Edinburgh**. Brilliant scarlet-crimson, shading to maroon; flowers large and freely produced.
- Earl of Dufferin**. A splendid Rose of rich, dark, velvety crimson, shaded maroon; large; good shape; rather inclined to scald.
- Emperor de Maroc**. Rich velvety crimson, shaded maroon; a most distinct variety; growth vigorous.
- Frau Karl Druschki**. Snowy-white; extra fine in bud; a strong-growing variety, producing flowers of exceptionally handsome appearance, both on plant and when cut; very free.
- General Jacqueminot**. Rich velvety scarlet, changing to brilliant crimson; magnificent buds; very showy and good.
- Grand Mogul**. Producing flowers of a deep and brilliant crimson, shaded with scarlet and black; in dull weather and late in summer the flowers are darker, approaching to maroon.
- Heinrich Schultheis**. Delicate pinkish-rose.
- Helen Keller**. Bright rosy-cerise; petals large, shell-shaped; good substance; full and free.

- Her Majesty**. Very clear and bright satiny-pink flowers; exceedingly large and very full, the petals most symmetrically-arranged; of an unusually robust and rapid growth.
- Hugh Dickson** (H.P.). Colour brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet; good size and fine form; petals smooth, slightly cupped, and reflexed; very highly perfumed.
- Hugh Watson** (H.P.). Petals unusually large, smooth, and massive; buds long and pointed; growth vigorous; free-branching habit; very sweetly perfumed; colour crimson, shaded carmine.
- Jean Liabaud**. Velvety crimson, shaded with black; large, full, and of fine form.
- Jean Soupert**. Carmine crimson, shaded with fiery-scarlet and black, changing to rich purple; large, full, very free and sweet.
- John Bright**. Very rich glowing crimson, exceedingly bright; flowers large, full, and of fine globular form.
- John Hopper**. Rose, reverse of petals purplish-lilac; large, full, and good.
- John Stuart Mill**. Bright, clear red; beautiful form; fine, sheath-like petal; fine flower.
- Jubilee**. Large, pure-red, shaded crimson and maroon; very free.
- L. Ami Lourey**. Dark velvety crimson, shaded bright red.
- Lord Beaconsfield**. Deep rosy-crimson; flowers very large and double; exquisitely formed.
- Lord Macaulay**. Rich scarlet-crimson, sometimes maroon-crimson; flowers of large size and fine form; strong in growth and free in blooming.
- Lord Raglan**. Scarlet-crimson, edges violet-crimson; large and full.
- Louis Van Houtte**. Bright scarlet-crimson, shaded with amaranth and purple; large, full, and globular; fine shape; very sweet.
- Louis Ricard**. A large and showy Pæony-like flower; deep velvety crimson, shaded with vermillion and black; does not burn.
- Mabel Morrison**. White, sometimes very delicately flushed with pink; large, and of good form. A fixed sport from Madame la Baronne de Rothschild; identical with that variety except in colour.
- Madame la Baronne de Rothschild**. Clear flesh-pink; flowers large and of grand globular form; growth very vigorous; one of the most important and beautiful of the light Roses; a first-class exhibition Rose.
- Madame Victor Verdier**. Intense carmine; large and full; form cup.
- Marchioness of Downshire**. Satiny pink, shaded rose.
- Margaret Dixon**. White, sometimes shaded rose.
- Marie Baumann**. Bright carmine; very large, smooth, and of exquisite form; first-class.
- M. H. Walsh**. Rich, velvety crimson, suffused with scarlet; large, full flowers, of perfect form.
- Merrie England**. This beautiful rose is a striped sport from that grand old variety, Heinrich Schultheiss. It has proved very constant, and, so far, is the best striped Rose we have seen.
- Mrs. John Laing**. Soft pink; large, full, well-shaped, and very fragrant; a vigorous grower.
- Mrs F. W. Sandford**. A sport from Mrs. J. Laing; delicate pale blush, shading to white.
- Mrs. Harry Turner**. Dazzling crimson-scarlet, with rich maroon shading, very fiery and brilliant in colour; flowers large and full.
- Miss Marie Corelli**. Deep salmon-pink; free-flowering and hardy.
- Old English Cabbage**. Rosy-red; an old favourite on account of its perfume.
- Paul Dupuy**. Deep velvety crimson; good.
- Paul Neyron**. Dark rose colour; very large, but somewhat coarse; free-flowering and very effective; growth robust.
- Pierre Notting**. Blackish-red, shaded with violet; very large and full; form globular; habit good; a first-class Rose.
- Prefect Limbourg**. Dark velvety red, shaded with violet; large and full.
- Pride of Beigate**. Beautifully striped and splashed with white, of pale pink.
- Pride of Waltham**. Delicate flesh colour, richly shaded with bright rose.
- Prince Arthur**. Rich, deep crimson; large and abundant bloomer.
- Prince Camille de Rohan**. Crimson-maroon, shaded with blood-red; very rich and velvety; large and full; distinct and good.
- Princess Alice**. Rich, deep rose, with a fine satin-like gloss; large, cupped, and very double, with petals of great substance.
- Princess de Bearn**. Rich black-crimson; a fine dark Rose.
- Queen of Queens**. Pink, with blush edges, centre deeper; large and full; erect form; free-flowering.
- Rev. Allan Cheales**. Large, Pæony-shaped flowers; a novelty in the way of colour, being a pure lake, with reflex silvery-white backs of petals.
- Roger Lambelle** (White-Margined Rose). Petals crenated and surrounding each petal.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES—Continued.

- Silver Queen.** Silvery-bluish in colour, shaded in the centre with delicate rosy-pink; very distinct and lovely; the growth is vigorous.
- Souvenir de Charles Montault.** Fiery crimson; large flowers; fine.
- Souvenir de Spa.** Deep red, with scarlet reflex; large and globular; sweet.
- Souvenir de William Wood.** Dark blackish-maroon, shaded with scarlet; large, full, and very effective.
- Souvenir de Monsieur Boll.** Cerise-red; colour uniform throughout; very large, full, and of perfect form; very sweet; one of the best.
- Ulrich Brunner Fils.** Bright cerise-red; flowers very large; a seedling from Paul Neyron; of magnificent petal, and in all respects very fine.
- Victor Verdier.** Rosy-carmine, purplish edges; a large, showy, free-growing Rose; very effective.
- Victor Hugo.** Rich crimson-red, shaded purple; large.
- Xavier Olibo.** Dark velvety crimson, shaded amaranth.

STANDARD ROSES.

Our Stock of STANDARD ROSES is selected from popular varieties most suitable for the purpose, keeping in view a variety of color.

Prices from 2/- to 3/6 according to height (2 ft. to 3 ft.)

Selection of Sorts must be left to us.

Wichuriana Roses

Very useful for covering old buildings, fences, or tree stumps.
Strong growers.

- Alberic Barbier.** Flowers in clusters, semi-double or double, 2½ to 3½ inches in diameter; white, canary-yellow in the middle.
- Debutante.** Large clusters of soft, double pink flowers; very fragrant; foliage and habit of growth distinct and elegant. 1s. 6d.
- Dorothy Perkins.** A beautiful shell-pink; the flowers are borne in large clusters of small double blooms, and very sweetly scented; of strong climbing habit.
- Edmond Proust.** Coppery-yellow, centre shaded with carmine.
- Gardenia.** Bright yellow in bud, changing to cream as the flowers open; double.
- Lady Gay.** Seedling from Crimson Rambler, which it resembles in habit. Flowers of good size; delicate cherry-pink, fading to soft rose, borne on very large trusses; a magnificent variety.
- Manda's Triumph.** Large clusters of double white flowers, sweet scented.
- Pink Roamer.** Flowers 2 inches across; rich, bright pink.
- Rene Andre.** Flowers singly or in small clusters of three to four flowers; semi-double; buds saffron-yellow, tinted dark orange-red; petals of bright saffron-yellow, and orange-red at the base.
- South Orange Perfection.** A free grower, close to the ground; large numbers of pretty flowers; tipped with pink.
- Sweetheart.** Pale pink, changing to white as the flowers expand. 1s. 6d.
- Universal Favourite.** Large, double pink flowers, with dense green foliage.

POLYANTHA ROSES.

1s. each, 10s. dozen.

- Annie Marie de Montravel.** Pure white, about the size of a florin; very full and beautifully imbricated; produced in large branches; dwarf and bushy.
- Clara Pfitzer.** Light carmine, edged silvery-white; medium size; imbricated; very free-blooming; fragrant.
- Etoile d'Or.** In the way of Perle d'Or, but rather smaller; outer petals pale chrome, centre deep lemon, the expanded flowers nearly white.
- Eugene Lamesch.** Opening flowers ochre-yellow, changing to clear yellow, shaded with rose; of good shape; very fragrant.
- George Pernet.** Delicate salmon-rose; rather larger than Annie Marie de Montravel.

- Leonie Lamesch.** Bright coppery-red, shaded with deep red and yellow; very rich, and a new colour in this section; very sweet.
- Mad. N. Levavasseur.** Semi-double, rosy-crimson flowers, about 1 foot high; good; a fine decorative plant.
- Madame E. Nolte.** Chamolais-yellow, changing to white.
- Marie Pavie.** Rosy-white; full and well-formed; distinct.
- Mlle. Cecile Brunner.** Delicate salmon-pink, with deep salmon or coppery centre; small, very full, and pretty shape; very free, and delicately scented.
- Miniature.** Small, daisy-like flowers, produced in great profusion; white, tinted with rose; habit very dwarf and bushy.
- Perle d'Or.** Nankeen yellow, buds deep apricot; medium size, and very full; very constant and free-blooming; vigorous grower.
- Red Pet.** Brightest dark crimson; continuous bloomer.
- Souvenir d'Elise Chatselow.** Deep rose; vigorous.

Climbing Polyantha and Rambler Roses

1s. each, 10s. per dozen.

- Aglaia.** Yellow Rambler.
- Blush Rambler.** Beautiful soft blush, resembling Apple Blossom, sweetly-scented.
- Claire Jacquier.** Nankeen-yellow; pretty little flowers in large clusters.
- Climbing White Pet.** White.
- Crimson Rambler.**
- Euphrosyne.** Pink.
- Helene.** A delicate shade of rose-pink, shaded carmine.
- Perle des Neiges.** Large corymbs of double snow-white blossoms; likely to be a great acquisition.
- Tea Rambler.** The flowers are of a coppery-pink, changing as they expand to a soft salmon-pink.
- Thalia.** White.
- The Dawson.** Bears long, arch-like sprays of brilliant rosy-pink flowers.
- Wallflower (Rambler).** Rosy-like blooms; a most attractive and soft colour.

Banksian Roses (1s. each)

- Alba.** Pure white; very small and full; produced in bunches; very sweet; a strong climber.
- Fortunil.** White; large flower; very vigorous.
- Fortune's Yellow.** Bronzy-yellow; semi-double; moderate climber.
- Lutea.** Similar, but of buff-yellow.

Hybrid Noisette Roses

1s. each.

- Allister Stella Grey (Climber).** Clusters of small pale yellow flowers with orange centre. Splendid for buttonhole and other decorative work.
- Boule de Neige.** Pure white.
- Eliza Belle.** White, rose centre.

Moss Roses (1s. each)

- Blanch Moreau.** White.
- Marie de Blois.** Deep red.
- Mm. Lobb.** Deep rose.
- Pink Moss.**
- Red Moss.**
- White Bath.** Best for coastal districts.

Provence Rose (1s.)

- Cristata, or Crested Moss.** Bright rose; buds with a beautiful mossy crest.

Austrian Briars (1s. each)

- Gottfried Keller.** Hybrid Briar. Interior of flower apricot-yellow, centre golden-yellow, reverse of petals dark chrome; semi-double.
- Persian Yellow.** The richest yellow; large and double.
- Rose Lutea Punicea.** Flowers single, the upper surface of the petals intense dark scarlet, the reverse chrome-yellow; very effective.
- Soleil d'Or (Pernet-Ducher, 1900).** Colour varying from orange-yellow to reddish-gold, shaded with Nasturtium-red; conical-shaped buds, opening to large, full, globular flowers; perfectly hardy, and very free-flowering. A cross between Persian Yellow and a Hybrid Perpetual.

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where not otherwise priced.

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Allington Pippin. An early cropper, free from blight.
Allsopp's Early One of the best Apples grown; a great favourite.
Apple of Commerce. A magnificent new American Apple; large,
round fruit; splendid flavour.
Arkansas Black. Large, deep, black-crimson; nearly round; good
keeper, and very valuable.
Armored. A fine late Apple; good colour, sure cropper, and hardy.
Babbitt. Excellent cooking, hardy, very productive.
Beauty of Bath. Early dessert; medium size; round.
Belle de Pontoise. Very large; said to be a foot in circumfer-
ence; colour, bright red, mottled with brown, briskly flavoured.
Ben Davis. Medium to large; dessert; most suitable for market.
Bismarck. Large; cooking.
Black Ben Davis. Seedling of Ben Davis, but a decided improve-
ment, in that it is of a more solid red colour, a certain cropper.
Boston Busset. Medium; juicy; highly recommended for export.
Canda Reinette. Large; oblate flattened; rather irregular; juicy.
Calville Blanche. Pale yellow, tinged red; good keeper.
Carolina Red June. Medium, oval or conical; flesh, white.
Carrington. Early dessert, medium roundish; flesh white.
Champion. One of the best shipping varieties.
Cleopatra. Medium dessert Apple, occasionally blighty.
Climax. A chance seedling, raised in New Zealand.
Cox's Orange Pippin. Medium, rich flavour; suitable export.
Coffett Beauty. Deep plum, splashed red.
Duchess of Oldenburgh. Medium size, roundish oblate, flesh
whitish, very juicy; splendid cooking and fair dessert.
Early Harvest. Medium, roundish, bright straw colour when ripe.
Esopus Spitzenberg. Dessert Apple, for home use, but too
delicate for market; large.
Five Crown Pippin (London Pippin). Large, roundish, with
five distinct ridges round the eye; a grand all-round Apple.
Gannon Grove. Raised at Hurstville, N.S.W.; early cropper.
Golden Russet. Medium size, roundish oblate; dessert, recom-
mended for export.
Granny Smith. A very heavy bearer; recommended for export.
Gravenstein. Known also as Carpenter, Scotch Red Streak, and
Glória Mundi; large, roundish; cooking.
Hawthornden. Large roundish, and juicy; a cooking Apple.
Huntsman. Large yellow, distinct dots; very good.
Irish Peach. Medium size, oblong in shape; skin clear yellow,
handsomely striped with bright red; flesh yellowish white,
tender, good cropper.
Jenepson (Ralls). Medium, roundish oblong, pale red, striped light
yellow.
John Sharp. An improved Pomme de Nieve; very productive.
Jonathan. Medium size, roundish, tender and juicy; a profitable
dessert fruit.
Korobowka. Sturdy grower; one of the earliest Apples.
Ligne Tillisch. Fruit enormous size; considered the heaviest
cropper extant.
Lord Nelson. A large and good cooking Apple.
Marjorie Hay. A very early dessert Apple, raised from Irish
Peach; fruit large, conical, striped and mottled with lovely
red; flesh white, tender, juicy.
Minkler. Medium, good, long keeper.
Mo Pippin. Striped red on pale ground; keeps through winter.
Mobbs' Royal. Very large, juicy, sub-acid; cooking.
Munro's Favourite. Skin clear yellow, with a reddish brown
cheek and a little russet; cooking.
Pomme de Nieve. Dessert Apple; good for export; medium
size; flesh very white, juicy.
Prince Alfred. Large, firm, juicy, and rich; a grand export Apple.
Ribston Pippin. Dessert; a good export Apple; medium size.
Rome Beauty. Large Roundish, inclining to conical; skin greenish
yellow, mottled and shaded with light red and with streaks of
darker red.
Ruby Gem. Flesh snowy white, tender, crisp, juicy, and delicious;
medium.
Santa Clara King. Large, roundish, deep yellow, covered with
red on sunny side.
Scarlet Nonpareil. Medium, flesh yellowish white, very firm,
juicy, rich, and spicy.
Sharpe's Early. Early dessert, medium size, roundish.
Stayman Winesap. Sent from America as the very best and
most handsome long-keeping and shipping Apple.
Stewart's Seedling (Ballarat Seedling). Of largest size;
flesh white, very firm and solid; a fine cooking Apple.
Sturmer Pippin. Medium, flesh firm, crisp and very rich.
Trivett's Seedling. Medium size.
Twenty Ounce. Large, cooking; flesh rather coarse, sub-acid.
White Doctor. Large, roundish, greenish yellow; good cropper.
Winter Pearmain. Medium; roundish, inclined to conical; flesh
whitish, firm, crisp.
Winterstein. As its name implies, a late variety of Gravenstein
or Carpenter. Raised by Luther Burbank, who describes it as a
clean grower and heavy cropper; fruit, like Gravenstein, are
very highly coloured, and a perfect dessert variety.
York Imperial. Medium, yellow, shaded red.

DWARF APPLE TREES.

2s. per single tree; **21s.** per doz. Packing charges for long
distances, **1s.** doz.

These trees are very useful in filling up spaces where there is not
room for standards. Very productive, yielding finest samples of
fruit; easily gathered.

Alexander
5-Crown Pippin
Gravenstein
Irish Peach
Jonathan
Lord Nelson
Lord Suffield

Northern Spy
Prince Bismarck
Ribstone Pippin.
Rome Beauty
Scarlet Nonpareil
Twenty Ounce

CIDER APPLES.

We offer an assortment of Cider Apples. The varieties are from
specially imported stocks selected from the most profitable varieties
used where the making of cider is an important industry. **2s.** each.

APRICOTS.

ON Seedling Apricot and on Peach Stocks. The heavy clay lands
produce every year good crops
of the finest fruit when on Apricot stocks, and the trees are likely
on dense soil to last longer. However, for those districts where
the Peach stock is more favoured, we work on Peach stocks very
largely. **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per dozen.

Alsace. Large, roundish; very rich.
Blenheim (Shipley's). One of the best late Apricots; large.
Bobby Allen. A splendid second early Apricot; really the first
large Apricot to reach market.
Campbellfield's Seedling. Fruit very large, very rich and juicy.
Camden Park Superb. Very large, oval; flesh pale, very meaty,
fairly juicy, good flavour.
Cullin's Early. Large; flesh deep orange, very rich.
De Chancellor. Of excellent quality, orange yellow, high flavour.
Dundonald. A favourite variety; very large.
Elruge. This we consider, for flavour, size and productiveness, the
best in our collection.
Early Moorpark. A fine Apricot; very large, deep rich orange
in skin, and flesh very rich.
Hemskirke. One of our best Apricots, suitable both for canning
and market; fruit large.
Moorpark (Temple's). Fruit large, round; skin deep reddish
orange, with an abundance of rich juice.
Mansfield Seedling. Very large, rich, sugary and vinous.
Newcastle Early. A large fruit; heavy cropper.
Red Masculine. The earliest Apricot; fruit small, round.
Royal. A well-known variety; a heavy and constant cropper; ripe
third week in December.
River's Large Red. A prolific bearer, needs thinning; fruit
fairly large; flesh orange; very rich and vinous.
Warwick. Large, oval; a splendid mid-season fruit; its size and
appearance will always sell it.

BANANAS.

THIS is a tropical fruit, but Bananas will bear well in many parts
of the State, especially in the interior. A sheltered situation
must be chosen.

Cavendish. The well-known dwarf Banana, producing immense
bunches of large, delicious fruit, with a delicious flavour.
Price, **2s. 6d.**
Giant Sugar. Fruit small, but produced in immense bunches;
flavour particularly rich and delicious. Price, **2s. 6d.** each.
Plaintain. The hardiest of the tribe, ripening its fruit even in
this locality. Price **1s. 6d.** each.

CHERRIES.

WORKED on Seedling Mazzard Stock, avoiding the suckering so
troublesome where the common suckers are used. Warm, dry,
deep soil is necessary, with special regard to drainage. If these
conditions are observed, the Cherry is a most profitable fruit crop.
1s. 3d. each, **12s.** per dozen, where not otherwise priced.

Bedford Prolific. Large, brownish-black; flesh tender and rich.
Belle de Montreuil. Very large, round, marbled with red; flesh
firm, deep red; sugary, perfumed.
Belle de Orleans. Above medium size; flesh tender, very juicy
and sweet.
Bigarreau Black. Very large, heart-shaped; skin smooth and
even, jet black when ripe.
Bigarreau Gaucher. Fruit very large, nearly round; skin
brownish red; flesh reddish, firm, juicy and good.
Bigarreau Napoleon. Large size, regularly heart-shaped, more
pointed than Bigarreau; skin amber in the shade, dotted with
red, with a fine crimson cheek.
Bigarreau Twyford. Large, obtuse, heart-shaped; skin a bright
shining red, very smooth and glossy.
Black Republican (Lewelling). A hybrid of Napoleon and
Black Tartarian, having the solid flesh of the former, and the
colour and flavour of the latter.

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

CHERRIES—Continued.

- Black Tartarian.** Of large size, heart-shaped; skin glossy, purplish black; flesh purplish, half tender, very juicy, rich, and delicious; a superb fruit.
- California Advance.** A heavy cropper; a dark purple.
- Chapman.** From California, a seedling of Black Tartarian, larger and finer, a better bearer and much earlier.
- Claremont.** Early pale cherry, of large size; skin waxen white in the shade, clear, rich vermilion in the sun.
- Centennial.** A seedling from Napoleon Bigarrean.
- Early Lyons.** Very large and solid, ripening early.
- Early Purple Gean.** Medium to large, with rich flavour; the earliest variety.
- Florence.** Large, heart-shaped; flesh amber, very firm, with a rich, sweet flavour.
- May Duke.** Fruit medium to large size; skin rich, dark red when fully ripe.
- Ohio Beauty.** Large, obtuse, heart-shaped; skin light yellow, almost covered with fine red.
- Precoce de Boppard.** Sent from the Continent as the earliest Cherry known, ripening there in March; this being equivalent to September or October in this country, should see this Cherry ripe three weeks to a month before Early Purple Gean. Fruit dark glossy red, striped and spotted flesh; a good grower and constant cropper.
- St. Margaret.** Very large, roundish, heart-shaped; skin shining black; flesh purple, very juicy.
- Tilley's Seedling.** A variety raised in Goulburn district by W. Tilley, who speaks of it as one of the best dark Cherries, preceding Black Tartarian.
- Werder's Early Black.** Large, roundish, heart-shaped; skin black; most profitable for market culture.

CITRUS FRUITS.

CITRONS.

1s 6d. each; 15s. per dozen.

- Bengal.** Fruit large, round; a grand preserving variety.
- Knights.** Fruit large, oblong; skin rough; best for candied peel.

LEMONS.

On Orange and Lemon Seedlings. 1s. 6d. each; 15s. per dozen.

Common. A very hardy Lemon, bearing when the finer varieties do not.

Genoa. This is likely to prove a decided acquisition to our Citrus growers; fruit medium size, oval, with very thin rind, and a strong and pleasant acid flavour.

Lisbon. Too well known to need description.

Lisbon Variegata. Similar to Lisbon, but fruited foliage, variegated; a little coarser than Lisbon.

Lisbon Thornless. Fruit larger than Lisbon, a little coarser; tree spreading; a vigorous grower.

Messina. This is the Lemon which has been so largely in evidence in Sydney fruit markets; contains an extra amount of highly acid juice.

Sicily. A Lemon of splendid quality, almost destitute of rag, with an abundance of richly acid juice; of medium size; thin, smooth, very tough skin.

Villa Franca. A summer bearing Lemon; pulp very rich in acid; in Florida considered best for market.

LIMES.

1s. 6d. Single Tree, 15s. doz.; packing charges 1s. doz. for long distances.

- East Indian.** Large, very juicy, heavy cropper.
- Persian or Sweet.** Sweet and pleasant flavour.
- West Indian.** Small; best for lime-juice.

MANDARINS.

1s. 6d. each; 15s. per dozen.

- Beauty of Glen Retreat.** A Queensland variety raised by W. T. Parker, Esq.; the best Mandarin; an enormous cropper.
- Canton.** Fruit medium size, quite flat; skin pale yellow; a rich high flavour; very prolific.
- Emperor.** The largest Mandarin; skin almost red and loosely attached; flesh very juicy; profitable for market.
- Lisbon Thornless.** Fruit larger than Lisbon, a little coarser; a spreading, vigorous grower.
- Oonshiu.** From Japan. It has the reputation of being frost-proof; fruit large; skin very thin, separating from the pulp, which is very juicy, with a brisk high flavour; has no seeds.
- Parker's Special.** Larger than the Glen Retreat, and some weeks earlier; fruit roundish, flattened, remarkably solid; skin bright scarlet.
- Poorman's.** A useful variety for preserving or for marmalade; fruit large; a free bearer.
- Scarlet.** Fruit very large in size; skin almost scarlet; flesh juicy.
- Thorny.** The best flavoured of the Mandarins; fruit medium sized, quite flat; flesh very juicy.

PRESERVING VARIETIES.

- Cumquat.** Fruit small, round; skin deep yellow; only useful for preserving. 1s. 6d.

ORANGES.

Worked on Seedling Orange or Lemon Stocks.

1s. 6d. each; 15s. dozen.

- Bahia or Navel.** Fruit very large, round; skin thin; very juicy and rich; the very best of Oranges.
- Blood (Maltese).** Fruit medium size; skin deep red.
- Holdfast.** Of large size, roundish; skin pale yellow, very smooth.
- Homasassa.** Medium size; skin very smooth and thin; solid and heavy; sweet and juicy.
- Jaffa.** From California, and considered to be "unsurpassed by any other variety"; tree a strong and vigorous grower; very productive.
- Mediterranean Sweet.** Early, prolific, and continuous bearer; absolutely thornless; fruit a medium size.
- Parramatta.** Large, round; skin deep yellow; flesh very juicy; best for market.
- Siletta.** Large, roundish; skin pale yellow, very smooth and thin; an enormous bearer.
- St. Michael.** Large; skin deep yellow; smooth and thin; most profitable for market.
- Valencia, Late.** Fruit large, oblong, very firm and solid.
- Washington Navel.** Large, very even, of perfect shape and colour; vigorous grower; requires more room than most varieties.
- White Siletta.** One of the earliest to ripen; skin very fine and thin; pulp rich and juicy.

SHADDOCKS.

1s. 6d. each.

- Blood.** Fruit enormous size, very solid flesh, with a sweet juice.
- Common.** Fruit of large size.
- Manilla.** Fruit small, juice rich and sweet.

CUSTARD APPLE.

(Cherimoyer.)

THIS delicious fruit is well worth a trial in the warm inland districts, as, when established, it is much more hardy than is generally supposed. Price 1s. 3d. each.

Rough Fruited.

FIGS.

IN good soils the fig is inclined to grow too rankly and to drop its fruit before maturity. To check this, root-prune during early winter, cutting the roots with a sharp spade about as far from the stem as half the height of the tree. Price, 1s. 3d. each; 12s. per dozen.

Adam. Very large, long; skin pale brown; an enormous early Fig.

Black Genoa. Very large; skin dark purple, almost black when ripe; flesh deep red.

Blue Provence. Small, roundish, rich and juicy; heavy bearer.

Brown Ischia. Large, roundish, oblate; skin chestnut-coloured.

Brown Turkey. The best of Figs fruit large, oblong or pyriform; skin dark brown, with thick blue bloom.

Brunswick. Large; skin fine violet, brown in the sun, dotted with pale brown specks.

Castle Kennedy. Large, short and thick; very rich and sugary; early.

Green Ischia. Large roundish; skin covered with a pale brown tinge in the sun; flesh purple, rich and good.

Marseilles (White Genoa). Fruit above medium size, quite round; skin pale yellowish green; flesh white; a splendid Fig. for drying.

GRAPE VINES.

A WELL-DRAINED subsoil is essential to the successful growth of grape vines. We offer a very choice selection of the very best sorts. Price, 6d. each; 5s. per dozen; except where otherwise priced.

The sorts specified in the large type can be supplied on phylloxera-resisting stocks at 1s. each, 10s. per dozen. We supply at the cheaper rate in every case unless otherwise specified.

Almeria (or Daria). Bunches and berries large, light amber colour.

Barbarossa. Bunches long, tapering; berries large, round, purple.

BAXTER'S SHERRY (or Camden Sherry). A deep golden colour, heavy reddish bloom.

Black Champion. Bunches very large; ripens early.

BLACK HAMBERO. Bunches large; berries large, roundish, black

Black Damascus. Bunches and berries large; skin black; a fine late table Grape.

BLACK PRINCE. A superb Grape; bunches long; berries oval, rather thinly set; skin thick, deep black.

Black St. Peter (or Black Alicante). Berries very large, with a blue bloom.

BLACK MONUKKA. One of the few seedless Grapes; bunch and berry large; skin black, late. 1s. each.

BOWOOD MUSCAT. A seedling of Muscat of Alexandria; rich flavour; a larger berry and a better setter; white.

CHAMPION MUSCAT. Of recent introduction; berry very large, round, with a Muscat flavour; medium. 1s.

Chasselas Vibert. Bunches long, tapering; large amber berries.

CENTENNIAL. The grandest white Grape we have; berries enormous; unsurpassed for size and fine appearance. 1s.

CRYSTAL. Largely grown in Adelaide for market, reaching Sydney when grapes are all but over; pale amber.

Doradillo. Berry large, rich amber. 1s.

Ferdinand de Lesseps. Berries fairly large; pale yellow.

Golden Chasselas, or Royal Muscadine. Bunch and berry medium size; round; deep golden; early.

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

GRAPE VINES—Continued.

- GEOS COLMAN.** Large; skin tough; purplish-black; fine late Grape.
- Gordo Blanco (White Muscat).** An improvement on Muscat of Alexandria in that it sets the fruit much better.
- Golden Champion.** Large berries; deep golden.
- Golden Hambro.** Large oval berries; amber colour; rich flavour.
- Lady Downs.** Bunches long, rather loose; berries large, roundish oval; skin thick, reddish purple, becoming quite black if allowed to hang, with a heavy bloom; flesh firm, sweet and very rich.
- LADY'S FINGER.** Bunches and berries large, peculiarly pointed; deep yellow; very late.
- MADRESFIELD COURT BLACK MUSCAT.** Rich in Muscat; berries black, large and thickly set; late.
- Malaga.** Bunches large; skin deep black, very thick.
- MRS. PEARSON'S GOLDEN QUEEN.** A very handsome Grape; firm, juicy and rich. 1s.
- MRS. PRINCE'S BLACK MUSCAT.** A really splendid black Muscat; berries largest size, deep shining black; skin thin, very tough; very rich in Muscat flavour.
- MUSCAT HAMBRO (Snow's).** Berries very large, rather oval, sometimes almost round; skin deep purple; flesh very juicy, with a rich and distinct Muscat flavour.
- MUDGE BLACK SHERRY.** Late black; a fine Grape. 1s.
- Red Prince.** Berries very large, quite round, of a deep red colour; sets closely; not like Black Prince; flavours distinct but not rich; a noble Grape, but requires a warm situation and light soil. Price, 1s. each.
- RED HANNAFORT.** Considered the heaviest and best cropper yet introduced; Muscat flavour. 1s.
- SYRIAN.** A superb Grape; bunches produced up to 15 lbs. weight; white at first, but changing to tawny.
- Trebbiano.** In a cold viney in England it has produced bunches of a gigantic weight of 26 lbs.; very large; whitish; after the style of our Sherry.
- TRENTHAM BLACK.** Ripening with Black Hambro; bunches large; berries medium, jet black. Price, 1s. each.
- Waltham Cross.** Bunches and berries very large, round; pale amber, very rich; makes a good raisin; late.
- GRAPE VINES CANNOT BE SENT INTO QUEENSLAND FROM N.S.W. UNDER ANY CONDITIONS. Other fruits are admitted provided they are passed by the Government Experts, who examine all plants and trees on arrival in Queensland.

GUAVAS.

- A MOST excellent fruit, either for dessert or preserving. The purple variety is thoroughly hardy, and will stand pretty severe winters. Price, 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per doz.
- Parker's Hybrid.** An enormous fruit, twice the size of the ordinary yellow Guava.
- Purple.** The hardest variety; fruit small, borne in immense crops.
- Yellow.** Fruit as large as a hen egg, semi-transparent.

MEDLAR.

- THRIVES well in N.S.W., requires very trifling attention, and is not particular as to soil. The fruit must be gathered as soon as ripe, and stored inside till it becomes quite soft, when it is most delicious. Price, 1s. 6d. each.
- Dutch.** Very large.
- Monstrous.** The largest.
- Royal.** Large and of good flavour.

LOQUATS.

2s. each.

A MOST useful fruit, coming in before any other fruit is ripe. Many worthless seedlings are now grown, and the fruit is little more than seeds.

- Herd's Large.** When thinned and annually manured is the size of a hen's egg. 2s. each.
- One-Seeded.** Large size; with usually only one seed. 2s. each.
- Quick's Early.** A very early and most prolific variety. 2s. each.
- Mammoth.** Thick flesh, and a single, small seed. Grafted plants, 2s. each.

MULBERRIES.

SOME of the free-growing varieties are very suitable for planting for shelter for trees. Price 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per doz.

- Alba.** The Silk-worm Mulberry.
- Black English.** The best variety; very long lived. 1s. 6d., 2s., and 2s. 6d. each.
- Cape.** Useful for shelter, fruit useful for culinary purposes.
- Downing's Everbearing.** Fruit very large; an agreeable flavour.
- Hick's Fancy.** Fruit of large size; very juicy.

Messrs. Searl & Sons.

"Though a week on the way, the Roses, owing to your excellent packing, arrived in good order. Thanks for the gratis Rose.—R.E.W., Avondale, Hantsville."

NECTARINES.

- Price, 1s. 3d. each, 12s. per doz., except where otherwise priced.
- Albert Victor.** Fruit very large; skin yellowish-white, freestone.
- Cardinal.** Its earliness should make it a valuable variety for the orchardist.
- Goldmine.** Skin nearly all covered with bright bronzy-red; flesh beautiful cream-colour; juicy and sugary.
- Early Rivers.** The earliest Nectarine; flesh tender, juicy; a freestone.
- Elruge.** Skin greenish, dotted with red in the shade, with a rich red blush; freestone.
- Hunt's Tawny.** Skin yellowish, with a deep purple cheek in the sun; flesh orange, deep red at the stone; juicy; a freestone.
- Irrewarra.** Fruit medium, highly coloured; splendid; freestone.
- Judd's Seedling.** Very large, roundish; deep, purplish-red skin.
- Lady Carrington.** Clingstone; with a thick, juicy flesh.
- Lee's Seedling.** Raised in Victoria; thoroughly hardy.
- New Boy.** Large; brilliant crimson; flesh white, juicy.
- Newington.** A fine clingstone; flesh melting, rich, and very juicy.
- Oldham Hill.** Raised by Mr. J. Doust, of Camden.
- Precoce de Croncels.** Yellowish, with dark plum colour; freestone.
- Red Roman.** Large, rather pointed, firm and juicy; clingstone.
- Stanwick.** Large size; very juicy; high flavour.
- W. C. Frupp.** Dark yellow, with a bronzy-red cheek. A freestone. 1s. 6d.
- Victoria.** Skin greenish-yellow, crimson on the sunny side.

NUTS, FILBERTS, &c.

ALMONDS.

Price, 1s. 3d. each, 12s. doz.

- Brande's Jordan.** Bearing large, sweet nuts; of the Papershell class, and parting readily from the husk; easily prepared for market.
- Burbank Seedling.** It is reputed to be a hardy and heavy cropper, blooming very late in the spring, consequently escaping the damage so often caused to this crop by the late frost. Highly recommended. 1s. 6d.
- Golden State.** A heavy and regular bearer, with a soft shell. 1s. 6d.
- I.X.L.** A sturdy, upright grower, with large foliage; nuts large, with, as a rule, single kernels; shell soft.
- Large Papershell.** A variety of common Papershell, but much larger; shell very tender; kernel large, white, and sweet.
- Princess.** A fine Pearshell type of Nut. 1s. 6d.

CHESTNUTS.

Price, 1s. 6d. each.

- Japanese Giant Chestnut.** Fruit three times the size of Spanish, and coming into bearing at a very early age.
- Spanish.** The well-known Sweet Chestnut, bearing its fruit in burrs; a splendid shade tree; bears about the sixth year after planting.

FILBERTS.

Price, 1s. 6d. each.

- Frizzled.** Nut of medium size, oval, compressed; husk hairy, deeply cut; shell thick; kernel sweet and good.
- Red.** Remarkable for the crimson skin of its kernel; nut of medium size, ovate; shell thick.

WALNUTS.

- Juglans Cinerea.** The Butter Nut of America; nuts produced very freely; kernel has a peculiar oily flavour. 2s.
- Juglans Cordiformis.** Also of Japanese origin. The nut is flat or heart-shaped; shell very thin, smooth, not furrowed; kernel deliciously sweet. 2s.
- Juglans Nigra.** The American Black Walnut; perhaps a little quicker grower than Regia, and nuts not so large. 2s.
- Juglans Regia.** The English or Persian Walnut; a most handsome shade tree, and deserves planting on that account. 1s. 6d.
- Juglans Seiboldii.** A Japanese variety; very hardy, and a very handsome tree; bears while young; nuts produced in clusters. 2s.

FRUITING OLIVES.

- THE varieties we list are those cultivated in Europe as best suited for oil producing and pickling. 2s. each.
- Black Italian.** Best for pickling; large size, and good flavour.
- Blanquette.** Suitable for pickling and for oil.
- Bouquettier.** Large, good oil-producing.
- Large Fruited.** As the name implies, very large.
- Lucca.** Famous oil made from this variety.
- Picholine.** Very hardy, suitable for any soil; enormous cropper.
- Salome.** Fine variety, large fruit, good pickling.

PEACHES.

Price, 1s. 3d. each, 12s. per dozen.

EARLY VARIETIES.

- Admiral Dewey.** Comes in with Briggs' Red May; handsome, deep rich yellow, covered with purplish-crimson. 2s.
- Alexander's.** Large; juicy, rich, and vinous; freestone.
- Ameliaberta.** A large yellow-fleshed freestone, containing all the good qualities of Elberta and earliness of Amella.
- Akarana.** Ripens in February; fruit large, round, and highly-coloured.

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

PEACHES—Continued.

- Bell's November.** It is the first Peach of the season—in some time before Queensland Flat China, and nearly three weeks before Briggs'. **1s. 6d.**
- Briggs' Red May.** The standard of extra early Peaches; fruit not largest, juicy, and rich; freestone.
- Camden Superb (Devlin's Red).** Profitable market sort, medium size, globular; ripe by Christmas.
- Carmen.** A very hardy Peach, ripening with Early Rivers; pale yellow and red, with white flesh.
- Downing.** Large, very juicy, high flavour; a partial freestone.
- Early Rivers.** A handsome Peach; fruit large; skin waxy white, with clear carmine cheek; flesh whitish, very juicy.
- Early Newington.** Fruit large, round; flesh firm, juicy; a clingstone.
- Edward VII.** A remarkably early kind.
- Flat China.** This Peach is almost superseded by the American varieties in all but the districts near the coast, which are free from late frosts; fruit flat; flesh very juicy.
- Hales' Early.** Fruit medium size, roundish; flesh tender, very juicy, freestone.
- Higs' Early Canada.** Very large, tender, rich and melting.
- Lady Ingold.** The earliest yellow-fleshed Peach; ripening immediately after Hales' Early; large, very even; a freestone.
- Lovell.** Originated in California; perfectly round, yellow freestone, rich flavour, also dries well; ripe during February.
- Mahuta.** A seedling raised by Hay & Sons, Auckland, who describe it as a fruit of largest size and most handsome appearance, a perfect freestone, ripening during February and March; deep golden yellow flesh, somewhat resembling Foster.
- Ruby Red.** A seedling raised in the Parramatta district by Mr. Arthur Franks, who describes it as a greatly improved Camden Superb (Deolus Red). It is a clingstone, ripe early in January. It is wonderfully firm.
- Triumph.** Very large, handsome appearance, and rich flavour.

MIDSUMMER VARIETIES.

- Camden Excellent.** Fruit large; flesh tender and juicy.
- Early Crawford.** Very large; flesh yellow, very rich; a freestone.
- Early York.** Medium size, globular; skin almost white, with a lovely red cheek; fine high flavour; a freestone.
- Elberta.** Very large, globular; flesh yellow, very fine grained; freestone.
- George IV.** Large, round; flesh whitish-yellow, melting, rich flavour; freestone.
- Grand Admirable.** Large, firm, very juicy and good; clingstone.
- Kia-Ora.** A seedling from Elberta. Of superior flavour; a better cropper and hardier tree.
- Mountain Rose.** Large size; flesh whitish; freestone.
- Orange Free.** A freestone variety, much resembling its namesake Orange Cling, and ripening about same season; very highly recommended by American Pomologists.
- Powell's Beauty.** Yellow flesh, very large; good cropper.
- Royal George.** Large, round and even; flesh whitish, very tender and juicy; freestone.
- Royal George Cling.** Large, flesh whitish, firm; clingstone.
- Shanghai Seedling, or Red Shanghai.** A splendid form of the Shanghai.
- Shanghai.** Of the very largest size, frequently weighing 8 ounces, oblong; flesh whitish; very rich flavour; clingstone.
- Shanghai Freestone.** Seedling of old Shanghai raised some 3 years ago; it is a perfect freestone, as large as its parent.
- Wheatland.** A yellowish-fleshed Peach after the type of Elberta.

LATE VARIETIES.

- Bonanza.** Round and even; flesh white, melting, with a rich vinous flavour; freestone.
- Brandywine.** A splendid freestone, resembling Early Crawford.
- Camden Golden.** Golden colour, very rich and sugary, freestone.
- Cope's Perfection.** A deep yellow freestone, beautifully marbled with red, ripening at Easter.
- Comet.** Large, round, with a slight point; flesh deep yellow, a little red at the stone; freestone.
- Emma.** Fruit as large as Elberta; is marketable four to five weeks later, which should bring it on the market in February, when good freestone Peaches are not to be had.
- Globe.** Fruit large, quite round; tender and melting; freestone.
- Gold Dust.** Large, solid, yellow-fleshed cling.
- Hawkesbury Champion.** Very fine sort in appearance, of recent introduction, and highly commended.
- Lady Palmerston.** Fruit medium to large; flesh tender, very melting and rich; a freestone.
- Lord Palmerston (Pavie de Pomponne).** Fruit large, quite round; flesh white, tender and juicy; clingstone.
- McDevitt's Late Cling.** Its size is enormous, good even shape, and in colour is beyond anything we have seen.
- Nicholl's Orange.** Fruit of large size, quite round; flesh deep yellow, rather firm, juicy; clingstone.
- Osprey Improved.** Raised by D. Hay and Son, of New Zealand; a freestone, ripening end of February.
- Princess Royal.** Fruit very large; flesh greenish white, firm, but melting; clingstone.
- Red Italian.** Free, very large, round; flesh deep yellow, fine grained, luscious; freestone.
- Red Italian Cling.** A variety of old Yellow Italian; its colour is a deep rich red.
- Salway.** Fruit medium size, round; flesh fine yellow, firm, juicy; freestone.
- Sea Eagle.** Large, pale yellow, almost white; freestone.
- Wonderful.** Rather oblong; skin golden yellow, with a brilliant carmine cheek; freestone.
- Yellow Italian.** Oblong, pointed, one-sided; skin deep orange, with a thick red cheek; flesh deep yellow, firm, juicy.

PEARS.

WORKED on Seedling Pears. There is a growing demand for this fruit, and, although longer in coming into bearing than most trees, the high prices which are always obtained for good samples, and the great age to which the trees attain, combine to make them a profitable crop. A deep rich soil is essential for the finest fruits, and some shelter from prevailing winds. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per dozen.

EARLY VARIETIES

- Citron des Carmer (Madeline).** Fruit medium, oblate, tapering to the stalk; skin pale yellowish-green; flesh white, juicy.
- Clapp's Favourite.** Fruit very large, obtuse pyriform, strongly resembling Barlett in shape.
- Jargonelle (English).** Fruit large, pyriform; skin smooth, greenish yellow, brown in the sun; flesh yellowish white, rather cross-grained. Ripens December.
- Lawson (Comet).** Fruit largest, obtuse pyriform; skin bright yellow, very smooth, with a crimson cheek; flesh fine-grained, juicy, and very rich.
- Le Conte.** Of the same shape as the preceding; fruit very large; bell-shaped; skin remarkably smooth, of a rich creamy yellow; flesh fine-grained, juicy, with a musky aroma.
- Williams' Bon Chretien (Barlett).** This Pear is too well known to need description, and is largely planted for canning.

MIDSEASON VARIETIES.

- Beurre Bosc.** Fruit large, pyriform, tapering gradually; flesh white, melting, very buttery, with a rich flavour.
- Beurre de Capiamont.** Fruit medium size long turbinate; skin smooth clear yellow, with a light cinnamon red cheek; flesh fine-grained, buttery, melting sweet.
- Brockworth Park.** Fruit large, obtuse, pyriform, skin smooth, pale yellow; flesh white, buttery, melting, very juicy.
- Fertility.** Large fruit of brilliant colour and high flavour; a vigorous and healthy grower, and valuable for market.
- Flemish Beauty.** Fruit very large, obtuse pyriform; skin pale yellow, reddish brown in the sun; flesh mottled white, juicy.
- Garber's Hybrid.** Yellow as an orange, larger than Kelfer, better in quality and four weeks earlier.
- Le Lectia.** Fruit of large size, true pyriform; skin grass green mottled with dark green; very juicy.
- Louis Bonne of Jersey.** Fruit large, oblong pyriform, a little one-sided; flesh greenish-white, very juicy and melting.
- Marie Louise.** Fruit medium, oblong pyriform, a little one-sided; skin fine, deep yellow; flesh white; buttery and melting.

WINTER VARIETIES.

- Bailey's Bergamot.** Fruit medium size, in shape like Gansell's, but a month later, and more certain cropper.
- Beurre Easter.** Very large, somewhat square in shape; skin greenish yellow, with sometimes a brownish red cheek; flesh white, very fine grained, buttery, melting, and very rich.
- Catillas.** Very large, broadly turbinate; skin yellow, with a brownish-red cheek; flesh firm, and only fit for cooking.
- Conference.** Large pyriform; skin very smooth and shining, with occasionally a sprinkling of russet; flesh a most beautiful shade of salmon pink, very juicy and melting, with a high flavour.
- Elizabeth Cole.** Above medium; skin green, partly covered with yellow; flesh very tender, buttery, melting.
- L'Inconnue.** Skin light yellow, netted and patched with russet; flesh whitish, juicy, melting, very sweet.
- Madame Cole.** Medium size, obtuse pyriform; skin yellow, almost covered with brown russet; dessert Pear of highest excellence.
- P. Barry.** Very large, elongated pyriform; skin deep yellow, nearly covered with a rich golden-yellow; flesh whitish, fine, juicy.
- Uvedales St. Germain's (Large Baking.)** Valuable for its cooking qualities, and is a heavy and constant cropper. If carefully gathered will keep right through the winter.
- Vicar of Winkfield.** Large size, long pyriform; skin smooth, pale yellow, with occasionally a brown-red cheek; flesh greenish white, juicy, sometimes buttery.
- Winter Cole.** Raised from Winter Nells, which it rather resembles, but is even better than that variety; fruit medium size; flesh yellowish.
- Winter Nelis.** Medium size; flesh yellowish white, fine grained, buttery, and very melting, abounding with juice of a rich saccharine, aromatic flavour; a dessert fruit of highest quality.
- Fame.** A constant cropper; fruit is of largest size, fine russety brown; melting and rich.
- Wilder Early.** A delicious early Pear. Tree very hardy, reliable bearer, and not liable to blight.

PERSIMMONS.

- OWING to the losses in the imported plants, we are now raising the whole of our Persimmons here. These are a vast improvement on those from Japan, having a perfect mass of fibrous roots, and will transplant as well as an apple. Price, **1s. 3d.** each; **12s.** per doz.
- Among.** Fruit medium size, roundish; skin light orange; flesh brownish; an early variety.
- Dai Dai Maru.** Fruit of the largest size, square or four-sided, rather flattened; skin deep orange; flesh yellow, almost seedless.
- Haychi Ya.** Fruit very large, oblong, rather pointed, light red.
- Hayakume.** Fruit very large, round, covered at the end with heavy russet; skin vermilion; flesh brown, rich and luscious.
- Korukumo.** Fruit medium size, almost round; skin yellowish red; flesh orange, with very few seeds.
- Okamee.** A little-known variety, square shape, very large, rather flattened; skin reddish-orange, and almost seedless.
- Tanenashi.** This is a seedless variety, and is largely grown for market under that name.
- Yeddo-ichu.** Fruit medium size, round, rather pointed; skin light yellow, russety; flesh amber; a late variety.
- Yemon.** Fruit large, with distinct ribs; skin deep yellow, with little russet; flesh orange, with no seeds.

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

PLUMS.

WORKED on Seedling Myrobalan, also Peach Stocks. This most luscious fruit requires little attention and can endure more hardship as to soil and situation than most fruits. It, however, responds freely to care and attention, and owing to its constant and heavy bearing, is one of the most profitable fruit crops. On the non-suckering—(Myrobalan)—stock it forms a much hardier and longer-lived tree than when worked on the Peach stock. Price, 1s. 3d. each; 12s. per dozen.

EARLY VARIETIES.

- Evangeline Burdett.** Above medium size; skin thick, dark purple, with a heavy blue bloom; flesh yellowish; a freestone.
- Black Cluster.** A N.S. Wales seedling; heavy cropper, but not of first quality; skin almost black, with a thick blue bloom.
- Cherry, or Early South American.** Rather small, round; skin a fine lively red; flesh greenish yellow, very juicy, with a pleasant lively flavour.
- Clyman.** It first attracted attention from its extreme earliness, ripening four to six weeks in advance of any other. Of large size, round; skin dark purple, with a heavy blue bloom.
- Denniston's Superb.** A seedling of the Green Gage, nearly as rich in flavour, and a third larger; flesh very thick; freestone.
- Diamond.** A magnificent fruit of the very largest size, and handsome appearance; fruit oval; skin black, covered with a blue bloom; flesh deep yellow.
- Evans' Early.** Medium size, roundish oval; skin deep purple, with a violet bloom; flesh greenish, very juicy.
- Green Gage.** The highest flavoured of all dessert plums; fruit of medium size, round; skin yellowish green; flesh pale green.
- Lincoln.** Fruit very large, 6 inches in circumference, deep reddish purple; early; a heavy cropper.
- The Czar.** Large oval; skin quite black, with a heavy violet bloom; flesh yellow, tender, juicy, rich, of excellent flavour.
- Washington.** Fruit of the largest size, roundish oval; skin dull yellow, with pale crimson blush; flesh yellow, firm, very sweet and delicious; a freestone.

LATE VARIETIES.

- Coe's Golden Drop.** Large; skin light yellow; flesh yellow, firm, rich, sweet and delicious, and making a splendid prune when dried; a close clingstone.
- Coe's Late Red.** Of medium size, nearly round; skin light purplish red, with a thin blue bloom; flesh yellowish, rather firm, juicy, rich and vinous; a freestone.
- Duane's Purple.** Very large, oval or oblong, larger on one side than the other; skin reddish purple in the sun, pale red in the shade, a few golden specks beneath the skin, and covered with a lilac bloom.
- Grand Duke.** Large, almost oval, narrowing to the stem, with a neck; skin purplish black, with a heavy bloom; flesh deep yellow, firm, very rich and juicy.
- Jefferson.** Largest size, oval, slightly narrowing to the stalk; skin golden yellow, with a purplish red cheek, covered with a white thin bloom; flesh deep orange.
- Loutherboro.** Large, roundish oval; skin almost black, with a deep violet bloom; flesh yellowish, firm.
- Magnum Bonum (White Egg).** Very large, frequently six inches in circumference; oval, narrowing to both ends; skin of deep golden colour, with white dots; flesh yellow; clingstone.
- Magnum Bonum (Red).** Large, oval, a little swollen on one side; skin rather pale in shade, deep red in the sun; flesh greenish, rather firm, juicy; a freestone.
- Monarch.** Very large, roundish, oval; skin dark purplish blue; flesh yellowish, very firm, rich, juicy, with a high vinous flavour.
- Pond's Seedling.** Very large, oval, tapering to the stalk, with a distinct neck; skin yellowish, nearly covered with carmine, and a few brownish dots; flesh yellowish, a little coarse, but juicy and sugary. A beautiful plum.
- Reine Claude de Bavay.** Large, roundish, slightly depressed; skin greenish-yellow, with splashes of green; flesh yellow; freestone.
- Reine Victoria.** Very large, short, oval; skin rich bluish purple; flesh orange, very juicy, rich and excellent.
- Sultan.** Medium size, round; skin dark purplish red; flesh greenish yellow, firm, sweet; clingstone.

JAPANESE PLUMS.

THIS comparatively new type of Plum has been largely planted throughout Australia, and is becoming popular in localities unsuited for the profitable production of the European varieties. Like the majority of Japanese fruits, they are wonderfully prolific, very handsome in appearance, and although probably not equal to the European sorts in flavour, form an attraction for the table or fruiterer's window. Price, 1s. 3d. each; 12s. per dozen, except where otherwise marked.

- Abundance (Botan).** Fair to large size, always pointed; skin brilliant carmine all over; stone like a cherry; flesh thick, yellow, very juicy, of fair flavour; clingstone.
- Akarana.** A new early Plum recommended by Hay & Son of New Zealand; fruit much resembles Botan; luxuriant foliage, which should guard against sun scald, so prevalent in plums; large size, firm, and should be invaluable as an early variety to supersede the old Cherry.
- Apple (Hybrid Plum).** Having strong resemblance to Simoni. The tree is a fine, strong grower, with good foliage.
- Bartlett.** Fruit pale crimson, turning to deep crimson, flesh salmon-coloured, firm and juicy.
- Burbank.** Largest size, round; skin deep yellow in the shade, clear cherry red in the sun, with a hazy lilac bloom; clingstone.

Climax. Raised by Luther Burbank. The earliest Plum grown; delicious flavour; ripens before any other good Plums. Offering at 1s. 6d.

Combination. Raised by Burbank. Large, globular, very uniform in size, extremely sweet.

Chalco. The fruit flat like a Tomato, deep reddish purple, with very sweet, somewhat firm, yellow flesh.

Cyca Smoma. The upright bloom plum, and identical with the preceding, except in its habit of growth and season of ripening, which is first week in January, or nearly a month earlier.

First. Another new hybrid by Burbank. Fruit large, pale amber, faint flush on sunny side, transparent, moderately firm, juicy.

General Saigo. One of the best flavoured of the class; fruit large, roundish, sometimes a little pointed; flesh like the colour of an apricot, and with rather that flavour.

Gold. In appearance a marvel of beauty, the golden globes being borne all along the limbs, not in clusters, but singly; in colour clear, deep golden; flesh very firm, juicy, of fair flavour.

Hale (true). Large; bright orange, mottled with cherry-red; superb in quality; flesh yellow, soft and juicy; cling; very late.

Kelsey. Perhaps the best known of all this class; fruit very large, heart-shaped, with an elongated apex; skin fine clear yellow, covered with bright red in the sun; flesh deep yellow, a partial clingstone; ripens March.

King Cole. Fruit largest size, globular; skin clear rich carmine; flesh yellow, with a rich vinous flavour; a very handsome variety; ripening amongst the earliest.

Large Red. Oval; skin brilliant red; flesh yellowish.

October Purple. Fruit large, quite round, skin deep purple, almost black; flesh yellow, very thick, juicy, with a distinct and quite new flavour.

Ogon (Large Yellow). Large size, quite round; skin rich deep amber all over; flesh very yellow, firm almost transparent, with a splendid flavour; a clingstone, ripens January.

Prunus Simonil. A Chinese variety, and a truly magnificent fruit. Fruit very large, flat like China Peach; skin deep crimson; stone small, round; flesh yellow, firm, with a delicious flavour.

Satsuma (Blood). There are two varieties of Blood Plums. This, the true Satsuma, is, we think, the better fruit. Fruit medium size, round; flesh dark red.

Shiro. Medium to large, uniform in size, clear light yellow, with thin white bloom; firm and juicy; clingstone.

Sultan. Raised by Burbank. Of huge size, oval, deep purplish crimson; flesh firm, solid, sweet and dark crimson in colour.

Wickson. Of largest size, exceeding Kelsey growing beside it. On 1st February showing flushings of colour, and then quite saleable, but during third week it reaches perfection.

PRUNE PLUMS.

ON Seedling Myrobalan Stocks. This fruit presents great possibilities in Australia, as the value of prunes annually imported is enormous. The process of manufacture is very simple, very little plant being required; in fact, in California they are simply sun-dried, and in that form realise a higher price than those dried in evaporation. Price 1s. 3d. each, 12s. per doz., where not otherwise priced.

This list is specially recommended as giving the best varieties for drying for Prunes.

Bulgarian. Of largest size, roundish oblong; skin deep purple, with a thick heavy blue bloom; flesh yellowish, firm.

Felleberg or Italian Prune. Medium to large, long, oval; skin dark purple, covered with a dense blue bloom; a clingstone.

Giant. Its size is not its only good quality; it is equally as heavy a bearer as the Prune d'Agen; fruit uniform in size, with a honey-yellow flesh.

Golden Drop. Very large, roundish oval; skin thin, tough; of a beautiful golden colour; flesh yellow, very rich and sugary; of exquisite flavour; dries beautifully; splendid for canning; freestone.

Heron. Described as uniformly large; more oval than d'Agen, and almost the same colour; a thin skin. 3s. 6d.

Imperial. Described as uniformly large; more oval than d'Agen, and almost the same colour; a thin skin. 3s. 6d.

Oregon Silver. Very rich in saccharine contents, and dries with very little loss of weight, retaining its light yellow colour; a close clingstone.

Pacific. For marketing in the fresh state is quite without a rival, its size and appearance always placing it easily first.

Pearl. Another of Burbank's productions. A seedling of d'Agen; white, semi-transparent, with a heavy bloom; makes a splendid Prune, of attractive flavour and fragrance. 2s.

Pond's Seedling. Fruit large, with yellowish flesh; one of the best market Plums.

Robe de Sergeant. Very like Prune d'Agen in every way.

Silver. Described as Prune d'Agen, but three times its size.

Splendor. This is Burbank's best in the Prune line; can best be described as Prune d'Agen, but three times its size.

St. Catherine. Fruit pale yellow, medium size fruit, juicy, and of fine flavour.

Sugar. Fruit even in size, large; rich in sugar, hence its name. Stock limited. 1s. 6d.

Tragedy. A Californian variety. Fruit very large, oblong, pointed, skin thick, deep purple, with a heavy bloom; flesh yellow; rich in sugar; a freestone.

PASSION FRUIT.

Passiflora Granadilla. 1s. 6d. each.

Passiflora Edulis. The well-known Passion Fruit. 6d. each; 5s. per doz.

Tacsonia Mollissima (White Passion Fruit). 1s.

Magnum Bonum. Monstrous fruiter; beautiful luxuriant grower. 2s. 6d. each. New. Stock limited.

FRUIT TREES—Continued.

QUINCES.

A MOST hardy fruit tree, enduring the extremes of drought and flood, and still bearing heavy crops annually. If fairly treated, cut back every year, and the fruit thinned, will produce enormous crops of large, showy, marketable fruit. 1s. 3d. each, 12s. per doz., except where otherwise priced.

Apple-Shaped. Fruit large, roundish, like an apple. For stewing it is unrivalled; in colour a deep, fine gold.

Bourgeat. Very large; rich golden-yellow; smooth, velvety skin; beautiful, large foliage; quite distinct.

Champion. A splendid new American variety; fruit very large and handsome; flesh tender, with a very delicate flavour; a splendid keeper, and carries well.

Fuller. A regular bearer and strong grower; fruit ripens early; large size; bright lemon-yellow; high flavour.

Large Orange. Somewhat resembling Apple-Shaped, but uniformly larger, and with a slight neck.

Missouri Mammoth. Fruit enormous size, of very even outline, mild, pleasant flavour; and unsurpassed for cooking.

Pear-Shaped. Skin pale yellow; flesh very firm in texture, and not so bright in colour when cooked as some varieties.

Pineapple. The name comes from its flavour, which is suggestive of Pineapple.

Portugal. The largest of all Quinces. For stewing it is unrivalled, turning a deep, rich crimson oblong; skin much paler yellow than any other.

Reas Mammoth. Of similar appearance to the Orange Quince, but averaging one-third larger; fruit round, very smooth and handsome; a very early bearer; flesh tender, mild.

Van Deman. Raised by Burbank, and was awarded the Wilder Medal at meeting of the American Pomological Society. A seedling of Portugal.

Small or Berry Fruits.

CURRENTS.

9d. each, 7s. per doz., 40s. per 100.

RED AND WHITE CURRENTS.

Himalayan. Very large, black, round; foliage very handsome.

La Versailles. A very free-growing, productive variety of the finest flavour; fruit of the largest size; deep, dark red.

Red Imperial. A new variety of great merit; fruit large; bright, clear red; bunches early.

White Dutch. Of a fine yellowish-white colour; almost transparent; very productive.

White Imperial. Fruit as large as White Dutch; clearer.

White Transparent. Fruit very large; yellowish-white; very clear.

BLACK CURRENTS.

9d. each.

Black Naples. Berries nearly three-quarters of an inch in diameter.

Carter's Black Champion. The bunches are large, produced in clusters; berries very large, jet black, and richly flavoured.

ELÆAGNUS LONGIPES.

PERFECTLY hardy. The fruit is produced along the whole length of the branches, is oval in shape, about one-half inch long; of a deep orange-red colour. 1s. 6d. each.

BLACKBERRIES, &c.

Japanese Wineberry. Colour bright glossy scarlet; sweet, juicy, and of agreeable flavour. 1s. each, 10s. per doz.

Lawton. Medium, size, black, early; habit upright. 1s. each or 10s. per doz.

Mammoth. This is, without doubt, the very best thing in the way of Blackberries we have ever seen; ripens October, November, and right on to March, in clusters of magnificent dark red berries. 1s. 6d. each, 15s. per dozen.

The Logan Berry. The fruit is sometimes an inch and a quarter long, the shape of a blackberry, the color of a dark red raspberry, and a combination of the flavours of both. 1s. 6d. each or 15s. per doz.

Wilson's Early. Large, black; fruit soft and sweet. 1s. each or 10s. per doz.

GOOSEBERRIES.

(STANDARD SORTS.)

Price, 9d. each; 7s. per doz.; 35s. per 100.

RASPBERRIES.

A really useful fruit, and of easy cultivation. Price, 3s. per doz. 20s. per 100.

Antwerp Red. Large and fine flavour.

Antwerp White. Large, mild, sweet flavour.

Cuthbert (Queen of the Market). Sturdy grower.

Golden Queen. Abundant bearer.

Melba. A Victorian variety, highly recommended by growers in that State; large, brilliant red; of finest quality; ripens fairly early, and is a continuous cropper. This sort has been producing good crops when others have failed. 1s. 6d. per doz., 7s. 6d. per 100.

Northumberland Fillbasket. Deep red, good size, and flavour.

JAPANESE WINEBERRY.

1s. per single tree; 10s. per doz.

Packing charges for long distances, 1s. doz.

BELONGS to the Raspberry family; will stand frost and heat; fruit in clusters, and berries enclosed in a "burr," which opens when the fruit is ripe.

STRAWBERRIES.

1s. per doz., 5s. per 100, except where otherwise marked. Special quotations per 1000.

Annetta. A Queensland seedling. Fruit large, 10 to 16 to the quart; bright shining red; of delicious flavour; in shape somewhat square, without the Marguerite point. 1s. 6d. per doz., 10s. per 100.

Aurie. A Queensland variety coming on to Sydney market early in August. Constant cropper, and resists drought. Fruit about medium; beautiful glossy scarlet. 1s. 6d. per doz., 10s. 100.

British Queen. An old variety of undoubted merit.

Captain. The fruit is very large and handsome, of splendid flavour, and enormously prolific.

Crescent Seedling. Hardy, of splendid color, an enormous bearer; suitable for market and unequalled for home use.

Edith. A fine bearer; very hardy.

Federation. One of the largest Strawberries in cultivation; sure cropper, and very hardy; will stand the drought better than any other variety; colour very bright red; flesh white and of good flavour. 1s. 3d. per doz., 6s. per 100.

Glenfield Beauty. Fruit produced in bunches, rich flavour and colour; free grower; excellent. 1s. 3d. doz. 6s. per 100.

Governor-General. A N.S.W.-raised berry; fairly large, highly coloured, bearing well into winter. 1s. 3d. per doz., 6s. 100.

Jesmond. An established favorite, of great merit; excellent flavour.

Keen's Seedling. Good flavour; very hardy.

King Edward VII. Berries extra large; deep vermilion; produced in bunches well clear of the ground. A heavy and constant cropper, bearing from September to May. 1s. 6d. doz., 8s. 100.

My Favourite. An A1 variety; a good bearer, producing fine fruit; does well in dry districts where other sorts fail.

Mammoth. Somewhat similar to Marguerite, but of superior flavour.

Marshall. A magnificent berry, bearing large and regular crops right through from September to July; in fact, this can be safely termed the "king of winter strawberries"; berries are very large, deep crimson, borne in clusters clear of the soil. A great acquisition. 1s. 3d. per doz., 6s. per 100.

Noble (Laxton's). None will withstand our hot summer like Noble. Fruit of immense size, roundish, a little flattened; an enormous bearer; ripens very early.

Marguerite. Largely grown for market on account of its appearance, size, and prolific-bearing qualities; fruit large, elongated, shining red.

Pink Prolific. A new variety, which has a great reputation; listed for the first time by us this season. 1s. 3d. per doz., 6s. per 100.

Royal Sovereign. In color a bright glossy scarlet, coloring well to the point; flesh white, exceedingly firm, with a rich vinous flavour. 6s. per 100.

Sharpless. An American variety. Fruit very large, clear, bright red, with a shining surface; flesh very firm and solid, rich and vinous; a prolific bearer, and stands carriage well. 1s. 3d. per doz., 6s. per 100.

The Creswell. A magnificent berry, very suited to warm districts where it is a most prolific cropper. Fruit very large, of a bright glossy red colour; extra strong plants.

Trollope's Victoria. Fruit very large, nearly globular; skin light crimson; flesh light scarlet, very juicy, with rich and aromatic flavour; one of the best.

Uptut Mark. Of Victorian origin. Medium sized; bright red; in fruit from November to May; true winter-bearing. 1s. 3d. per doz., 6s. per 100.

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS.

Chinese Raisin (Hovenia Dulcis). 1s. 6d.

Eugenia Uniflora (Brazilian Cherry). 1s.

Eugenia Smithii (Brazilian Cherry). 1s.

Mango (Magnifica Indica). 3s.

Paw Paw Apple. 2s.

Pomegranate (Punica Granatum). 1s.

Service Tree. 1s.

Beautiful Floral Designs

WE have a large staff of lady adepts always busily engaged arranging beautiful floral designs for conveying congratulations or messages of sympathy, etc., to relatives and friends.

Our Window displays have to be kept constantly fresh and bright, but the trouble involved is more than counterbalanced by the abundantly evident interest the public take in viewing them. The flowers exhibited are

GROWN FROM SEARLS' SOVEREIGN SEEDS.

FLORAL MOTOR CARS. From 15s. to £3 3s.
GRANNY POSIES (or 1837 Bouquets). From 7s. 6d. upwards.
FLORAL HAMPERS. From 15s. to 30s.
LYRES. From 15s. to 63s.
HARPS. From 15s. to 63s.
CROOKS, FLORAL. Unmounted, "Our Own Make." 3s. 6d. each.
FLORAL CROOKS. Mounted with Bouquets and Long Streamers. All Heights. From 15s. upwards.
WREATHING, or Green Festooning, very strong.
FLORAL MUFFS. For Ladies. From 15s. to £2 2s. each.
HORSE SHOES. For Presentation Purposes. Trough-shaped Imitation Shoes. From 5s. upwards.
HORSE SHOES. For Gent's Coat Wear. From 1s. each upwards.

CUT PALM LEAVES, such as Burrawangs, Corypha (Cabbage Tree), Bangalow, etc., we can get at a few days' notice any time.
FOR THE SICK ROOM. A Posy of Flowers, an ornamental Pot and Palm, Fruit Dressed with Flowers, a loan of Palms.
MASONIC DESIGNS Prepared to Order by Skilled Artists.
PLATFORMS, MARQUEES, etc., Furnished with Palms and other Plants, either on loan or liberal terms of sale.
OUR FLORAL PACKING always ensures satisfaction to our patrons, and the continuous growth of this branch of our business convinces us that our methods of despatching our country orders is giving complete satisfaction.
POST or TELEGRAPH ORDERS executed immediately on receipt. Cash must accompany orders by post from new customers. When remitting always allow extra for special boxes. All letters, telegrams, etc., should be addressed SEARLS', SYDNEY.

THE LATEST DESIGNS IN BRIDAL, BALL AND SHOWER POSIES

Made of the Choicest Hot-house Flowers and Ferns, by Floral Experts. Price from 10/6 to 63/-

BRIDAL AND BALL POSIES.

Customers who desire less expensive articles of beautiful Flowers and Ferns can be supplied with Posies of Flowers to match dresses, etc.

Price, from 5/- to 42/-

BRIDESMAIDS' POSIES.

If it is desired that the flowers in these bouquets should be selected and arranged so as to harmonise with the dresses worn, particulars about the dresses should be sent to us as early as possible, as more time is consumed in their preparation.

Price, from 5/- to 42/-

BASKETS OF FLOWERS

Are presents that are always acceptable, and one that can be given on any occasion. We supply them arranged in the most graceful style with the choicest Flowers, Ferns and Coloured Foliage. Price, from 5/- to 63/- each

FAREWELL BOUQUETS, BASKETS, Etc.

Our country clients having friends leaving for Europe can have floral offerings delivered aboard the mail steamers at Sydney, Brisbane, Melbourne or Adelaide, with their cards attached, bidding them *bon voyage*, etc., which always constitutes a pleasing farewell memento.

PRESENTATION BOUQUETS.

Made up in artistic style and of the choicest flowers, at prices and in sizes suitable for any occasion.

LADIES' DRESS AND HAIR SPRAYS.

In the arrangement of these we use the very choicest flowers, such as Stephanotis, Gardenias, Orchids, Bouvardias, Tea Rosebuds, etc., and the very finest variety of Maiden Hair Ferns, to make them as light and graceful as possible.

Price, from 1/- to 5/- each



SEARL & SONS, 86 King St., Sydney.



Funeral Emblems

In the Choicest Natural Flowers.

We despatch Orders from Public Companies, Masonic and other Institutions, on the shortest notice,

To any part of the United Kingdom.

Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, and all Floral Emblems can be delivered by our London Agent to any part of the United Kingdom, our Cable Code arrangements meeting any emergency.

ANCHORS & CROSSES.—Our Extra Quality we make up of the very best Flowers and Ferns and can highly recommend them. Price, from 5/- to 63/- each.

WREATHS.—From 3/6 to 21/- each. These are generally kept in stock, and can be despatched immediately on receipt of telegram or letter. EXTRA QUALITY from 25/-

Please state expense you desire to incur. The Flowers used are of the very choicest quality, beautifully arranged with Maiden Hair and other graceful Ferns, and cannot fail to please.

WEDDING BELLS.

Composed of Cape Flowers, all sizes, from 10/6 to 42/- Very handsome and effective for Wedding Celebrations.



PAMPAS AND OTHER GRASSES.

We hold a stock of these in their respective seasons. They are most effective for general decorative work.

LADIES' FANS.

Artistically mounted with the most suitable Flowers and Ferns.

WHITE OR COLORED FLOWERS.

Made into any device, such as Stars, Maltese Crosses, etc., to order, at moderate prices and with the greatest artistic taste.

CUT FLOWERS AND FERNS.

Sent out loosely or arranged in Epergnes, for Table or Church Decoration, etc.

GENT'S COAT BOUQUETS.

6d. and 1/- each. Composed of Orchids, up to 1/6 each.



ROCK-WORK PLANTS.

THE making of Rockeries or Rock Gardens is becoming more general, and deservedly so, as it makes an attractive addition to the Flower Garden, and with a little taste, some beautiful effects can be made, and an unsightly nook or corner can be transformed into a most picturesque spot. We give a list of some of the principal plants required, and shall be pleased to afford any information desired. We can also supply many other varieties—names on application.

Crassula Coccinea
Iris, of Sorts
Chamærops
Cactus, of Sorts
Geraniums, of Sorts
Lotus Pelyorhinchus

Convolvulus Mauritanicus
Gentiana Acaulis
Mesembryanthemums, of Sorts
Sedum, of Sorts, including Variegated
Echeverias, of Sorts
Gazania, of Sorts

Ophiopogon, of Sort
Agaves
Yuccas
Tritomas
Etc., etc.

Full descriptions of above will be found under their various headings.



Church Aisle Decoration by Searl & Sons.

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